PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT, DATED SEPTEMBER 15, 2026

NEW ISSUE
BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

Rating:
MOODY'S: "Aa1"
See "BOND RATING" herein

Subject to compliance by the District with certain covenants, in the opinion of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois ("Bond Counsel"), under present law, interest on the Bonds is excludible from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and is not includible as an item of tax preference in computing the federal alternative minimum tax for individuals. Interest on the Bonds may affect the corporate alternative minimum tax for certain corporations. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present State of Illinois income taxes. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein for a more complete discussion.

Skokie School District 68

SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 68
Cook County, Illinois
(Skokie)
$12,305,000* General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026

Dated: Date of Delivery **Due: December 15, as further described on the inside cover page**

The General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026 (the "*Bonds*"), of School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois (the "*District*"), will be issued in fully registered form and will be registered initially only in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("*DTC*"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their interests in the Bonds purchased. Ownership by the beneficial owners of the Bonds will be evidenced by book-entry only. Payments of principal of and interest on the Bonds will be made by Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, as bond registrar and paying agent, to DTC, which in turn will remit such payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. As long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner as nominee of DTC, payments of principal of and interest on the Bonds will be made to such registered owner, and disbursement of such payments will be the responsibility of DTC and its participants. Individual purchases of the Bonds will be made in the principal amount of $5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

The Bonds will bear interest from their dated date at the rates per annum as shown on the inside cover page. Interest on the Bonds (computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) will be payable semi-annually on each June 15 and December 15, commencing June 15, 2027.

Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to (a) increase the working cash fund of the District and (b) pay costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE OF PROCEEDS" herein.

The Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, the Bonds are valid and legally binding upon the District and are payable from any funds of the District legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property in the District is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate, except that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, reorganization and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity, including the exercise of judicial discretion. The amount of said taxes that may be extended to pay the Bonds is limited as provided by law. See "THE BONDS—Security" herein.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the District and received by Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Chicago, Illinois, subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, and to the approval of legality by Bond Counsel, and certain other conditions. Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois, will also act as Disclosure Counsel to the District. It is expected that beneficial interests in the Bonds will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC on or about October 6, 2026.

RAYMOND JAMES®

The date of this Official Statement is September __, 2026.

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* Preliminary, subject to change.

School District Number 68
Cook County, Illinois
(Skokie)

$12,305,000* GENERAL OBLIGATION LIMITED TAX SCHOOL BONDS, SERIES 2026

MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS AND CUSIP NUMBERS*

MATURITY (DECEMBER 15)	AMOUNT	INTEREST RATE	YIELD	CUSIP NUMBER** (213741)
2027	$ 30,000	%	%	
2028	150,000	%	%	
2029	155,000	%	%	
2030	2,860,000	%	%	
2031	2,355,000	%	%	
2032	2,470,000	%	%	
2033	2,595,000	%	%	
2034	1,690,000	%	%	

* Preliminary, subject to change.

** CUSIP data herein is provided by the CUSIP Global Services (*"CGS"*). CGS is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by FactSet Research Systems Inc. No representations are made as to the correctness of the CUSIP numbers. These CUSIP numbers are subject to change after the issuance of the Bonds.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the District or Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Chicago, Illinois (the *"Underwriter"*), to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement in connection with the offering described herein and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as statements having been authorized by the District, the Underwriter or any other entity. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the Bonds, nor shall there be any offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy the Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the securities described in it and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purposes.

Unless otherwise indicated, the District is the source of all tables and statistical and financial information contained in this Official Statement. The information contained in this Official Statement concerning DTC has been obtained from DTC. The other information set forth herein has been furnished by the District or from other sources believed to be reliable. The information and opinions expressed herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District since the date of this Official Statement.

This Official Statement should be considered in its entirety and no one factor considered more or less important than any other by reason of its position in this Official Statement. Where statutes, reports or other documents are referred to herein, reference should be made to such statutes, reports or other documents for more complete information regarding the rights and obligations of parties thereto, facts and opinions contained therein and the subject matter thereof.

Any statements made in this Official Statement, including the Exhibits and Appendices, involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of such estimates will be realized. This Official Statement contains certain forward-looking statements and information that are based on the District's beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the District. Such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or expected.

The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the *"Rule"*), this document, as the same may be supplemented or corrected by the District from time-to-time, may be treated as an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds described herein and is "deemed final" by the District as of the date hereof (or of the date of any supplement or correction) except for the omission of certain information permitted to be omitted pursuant to the Rule.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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EXHIBITS

APPENDICES

SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 68
COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS
(SKOKIE)

9440 Kenton Avenue
Skokie, Illinois 60076

Board of Education

Annie Warshaw
President

Katrina Bell-Jordan	Jeffrey Sterbenc *Vice-President*	Shira Frost Roth
Jeremy Glickman	Emily Lonigro *Secretary*	Jill Scheer

Administration

Scott Grens
Superintendent

Kenya Austin
Assistant Superintendent of Business and Operations/CSBO

Professional Services

Underwriter
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.
Chicago, Illinois

Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel
Chapman and Cutler LLP
Chicago, Illinois

Bond Registrar and Paying Agent
Amalgamated Bank of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois

Auditor
Eccezion
McHenry, Illinois

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

School District Number 68
Cook County, Illinois
(Skokie)
$12,305,000* General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement is to set forth certain information concerning School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois (the *"District"*), in connection with the offering and sale of its General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026 (the *"Bonds"*).

This Official Statement contains "forward-looking statements" that are based upon the District's current expectations and its projections about future events. When used in this Official Statement, the words "project," "estimate," "intend," "expect," "scheduled," "pro-forma" and similar words identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and factors that are outside of the control of the District. Actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Neither the District nor any other party plans to issue any updates or revisions to these forward-looking statements based on future events.

THE BONDS

AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the School Code of the State of Illinois (the *"School Code"*), the Local Government Debt Reform Act of the State of Illinois (the *"Debt Reform Act"*), and all laws amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and a bond resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District (the *"Board"*) on the 17th day of September, 2026, as supplemented by a notification of sale (together, the *"Bond Resolution"*).

Proceeds of the Bonds will be used to (a) increase the working cash fund of the District and (b) pay costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE OF PROCEEDS" herein.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Bonds will be dated the date of issuance thereof, will be in fully registered form, without coupons, and will be in denominations of $5,000 or any integral multiple thereof under a book-entry only system operated by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (*"DTC"*). Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois (the *"Registrar"*).

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* Preliminary, subject to change.

The Bonds will mature as shown on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will be payable each June 15 and December 15, commencing June 15, 2027.

The Bonds will bear interest from their dated date, or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or provided for, computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. The principal of the Bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America upon presentation and surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of the Registrar. Interest on each Bond will be paid by check or draft of the Registrar payable upon presentation in lawful money of the United States of America to the person in whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on the record date, which is the 1st day of the month of the interest payment date (the *"Record Date"*).

REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER

The Registrar will maintain books (the *"Register"*) for the registration of ownership and transfer of the Bonds. Subject to the provisions of the Bonds as they relate to book-entry form, any Bond may be transferred upon the surrender thereof at the principal corporate trust office of the Registrar, together with an assignment duly executed by the registered owner or his or her attorney in such form as will be satisfactory to the Registrar. No service charge shall be made for any transfer or exchange of Bonds, but the District or the Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any transfer or exchange of Bonds [except in the case of the issuance of a Bond or Bonds for the unredeemed portion of a Bond surrendered for redemption].

The Registrar shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Bond during the period beginning at the close of business on the Record Date with respect to any interest payment date on such Bond and ending at the opening of business on such interest payment date[, nor to transfer or exchange any Bond after notice calling such Bond for redemption has been mailed, nor during a period of fifteen (15) days next preceding mailing of a notice of redemption of any Bonds].

REDEMPTION

Optional Redemption. The Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The Bonds due on December 15 of the years 20__ and 20__ are subject to mandatory redemption, in integral multiples of $5,000 selected by lot by the Registrar, at a redemption price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date, on December 15 of the years and in the principal amounts as follows:

FOR THE BONDS DUE DECEMBER 15, 20__

YEAR	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT
20__	$
20__	(stated maturity)

FOR THE BONDS DUE DECEMBER 15, 20__

YEAR	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT
20__	$
20__	(stated maturity)

On or prior to the 60th day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Registrar may, and if directed by the District shall, purchase Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date. Any such Bonds so purchased shall be cancelled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the mandatory redemption required on such next mandatory redemption date.

General. For purposes of any redemption of less than all of the outstanding Bonds of a single maturity, the particular Bonds or portions of Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by lot by the Registrar from the Bonds of such maturity by such method of lottery as the Registrar shall deem fair and appropriate (except when the Bonds are held in a book-entry system, in which case the selection of Bonds to be redeemed will be made in accordance with procedures established by DTC or any other book-entry depository); *provided* that such lottery shall provide for the selection for redemption of Bonds or portions thereof in principal amounts of $5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Unless waived by any holder of Bonds to be redeemed, notice of the call for any redemption will be given by the Registrar on behalf of the District by mailing the redemption notice by first-class mail at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to each registered owner of the Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the Register or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such registered owner to the Registrar.

Prior to any redemption date, the District will deposit with the Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the Bonds or portions of Bonds which are to be redeemed on that date.

Notice of redemption having been given as described above and in the Bond Resolution, and notwithstanding failure to receive such notice, the Bonds or portions of Bonds so to be redeemed will, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the redemption price therein specified, and from and after such date (unless the District shall default in the payment of the redemption price) such Bonds or portions of Bonds shall cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of such Bonds for redemption in accordance with said notice, such Bonds will be paid by the Registrar at the redemption price.

SECURITY

The Bonds, in the opinion of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Bond Counsel (*"Bond Counsel"*), are valid and legally binding upon the District and are payable from any funds of the District legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property in the District is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate, except that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity, including the exercise of judicial discretion. The amount of said taxes that will be extended to pay the Bonds is limited pursuant to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law of the State of Illinois, as amended (the *"Limitation Law"*).

The Debt Reform Act provides that the Bonds are payable from the debt service extension base of the District (the *"Base"*), which is an amount equal to that portion of the extension for the District for the 1994 levy year constituting an extension for payment of principal of and interest on bonds issued by the District without referendum, but not including alternate bonds issued under Section 15 of the Debt Reform Act or refunding obligations issued to refund or to continue to refund obligations of the District initially issued pursuant to referendum, increased each year, commencing with the 2009 levy year, by the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (as defined in the Limitation Law, the *"CPI"*) during the 12-month calendar year preceding the levy year. The Limitation Law further provides that the annual amount of taxes to be extended to pay the Bonds and all other limited bonds heretofore and hereafter issued by the District shall not exceed the Base.

The Bonds constitute one of three series of limited bonds of the District that are payable from the Base. Payments on the Bonds from the Base will be made on a parity with the payments on the District's outstanding Taxable General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2022, dated July 14, 2022 (the *"Series 2022 Bonds"*) and General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2025, dated March 14, 2025 (the *"Series 2025 Bonds"* and together with the Series 2022 Bonds, the *"Outstanding Limited Bonds"*). The District is authorized to issue from time to time additional limited bonds payable from the Base, as permitted by law, and to determine the lien priority of payments to be made from the Base to pay the District's limited bonds.

The amount of the Base for levy year 2026 has been determined to be $3,461,551.83, which is calculated from an original Base of $2,315,591.00 as increased annually by CPI as described above.

The following chart shows the Base of the District, the debt service payable on the Outstanding Limited Bonds of the District and the Bonds, and the available Base after the issuance of the Bonds.

DEBT SERVICE EXTENSION BASE AVAILABILITY AFTER ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS

LEVY YEAR	DEBT SERVICE ON OUTSTANDING LIMITED BONDS	PLUS: DEBT SERVICE ON THE BONDS(1)	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE ON LIMITED BONDS(1)	DEBT SERVICE EXTENSION BASE	UNUSED DEBT SERVICE EXTENSION BASE(1)
2026	$2,695,444.80	$ 763,172.92	$3,458,617.72	$3,461,551.83	$ 2,934.10
2027	2,695,750.00	763,750.00	3,459,500.00	3,461,551.83	2,051.83
2028	2,698,500.00	761,250.00	3,459,750.00	3,461,551.83	1,801.83
2029		3,458,500.00	3,458,500.00	3,461,551.83	3,051.83
2030		2,810,500.00	2,810,500.00	3,461,551.83	651,051.83
2031		2,807,750.00	2,807,750.00	3,461,551.83	653,801.83
2032		2,809,250.00	2,809,250.00	3,461,551.83	652,301.83
2033		1,774,500.00	1,774,500.00	3,461,551.83	1,687,051.83

(1) Preliminary, subject to change.

The Bond Resolution provides for the levy of ad valorem taxes, unlimited as to rate, upon all taxable property within the District in amounts to pay, as and when due, all principal of and interest on the Bonds. The Bond Resolution will be filed with the County Clerk of Cook County, Illinois (the *"County Clerk"*) and will serve as authorization to the County Clerk to extend and collect the property taxes as set forth in the Bond Resolution.

Reference is made to Appendix B for the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel.

USE OF PROCEEDS

THE PROJECT

A portion of the proceeds of the Bonds will be used to increase the District's Working Cash Fund. After proper abatement and transfer from the Working Cash Fund, such proceeds will be used to finance capital improvements at the Early Childhood Center, security and office improvements at the Educational Services Center, student loading zone improvements at Devonshire Elementary School and fire prevention and safety improvements at the District's buildings (the *"Project"*). The Project is part of the District's long-range facilities plan, which includes other projects to be paid from lawfully available funds of the District. The District expects to complete the Project within three years.

SOURCES AND USES

The sources and uses of funds resulting from the Bonds are shown below:

SOURCES:	
Principal Amount	$
[Net] Original Issue Premium	____________
Total Sources	$
USES:	
Deposit to Working Cash Fund	$
Costs of Issuance[1]	____________
Total Uses	$

(1) Includes underwriter's discount and other issuance costs.

RISK FACTORS

The purchase of the Bonds involves certain investment risks. Accordingly, each prospective purchaser of the Bonds should make an independent evaluation of the entirety of the information presented in this Official Statement and its appendices and exhibits in order to make an informed investment decision. Certain of the investment risks are described below. The following statements, however, should not be considered a complete description of all risks to be considered in the decision to purchase the Bonds, nor should the order of the presentation of such risks be construed to reflect the relative importance of the various risks. There can be no assurance that other risk factors are not material or will not become material in the future.

CONSTRUCTION RISKS

There are potential risks that could affect the ability of the District to timely complete the Project. While preliminary costs have been projected by the District's consulting architects, not all of the construction contracts have been let by the District. No assurance can be given that the cost of completing the Project will not exceed available funds.

Completion of the Project involves many risks common to construction projects such as shortages or delays in the availability of materials and labor, work stoppages, labor disputes, contractual disputes with contractors or suppliers, weather interferences, construction accidents, delays in obtaining legal approvals, unforeseen engineering, archeological or environmental problems and unanticipated cost increases, any of which could give rise to significant delays or cost overruns.

FINANCES OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

State funding sources constituted 6.63% of the District's General Fund revenue sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. While the finances of the State of Illinois (the *"State"*) have significantly improved in recent years, the State continues to deal with a severe underfunding of its pension systems, which, based on the comprehensive annual financial reports of the State's five retirement systems, have a combined unfunded pension liability of approximately $140 billion and a combined funded ratio of approximately 45%. Also, despite nine credit rating upgrades since June 2021, the State's long-term general obligation bonds carry the lowest ratings of all states.

FEDERAL REVENUES

Illinois school districts receive direct and indirect funding from various federal programs, such as Title I, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, and nutrition programs such as the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs. These programs are subject to the priorities and policies of the federal government, which may change significantly from one administration to another, and such programs may be modified through executive action or through legislation enacted by Congress. Under the current administration, the federal government has taken executive actions to reduce the size and scope of the U.S. Department of Education, to terminate or restrict certain programs and services for students with disabilities, low-income students, and students from diverse backgrounds, and to impose new conditions and requirements for federal funding. These actions may impact the availability and amount of federal revenues received by Illinois school districts, such as the District. A reduction or interruption in federal funding, or an increase in compliance costs, could adversely affect the District's financial condition and operations. The District makes no prediction as to the effect of these actions on the District's federal revenues, which constituted 5.67% of the District's General Fund revenue sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, or the District's ability to comply with federal laws and regulations in the future.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The financial health of the District is in part dependent on the strength of the local economy. Many factors affect the local economy, including rates of employment and economic growth and the level of residential and commercial development. It is not possible to predict to what extent any changes in economic conditions, demographic characteristics, population or commercial and industrial activity will occur and what impact such changes would have on the finances of the District.

CONCENTRATION OF TAXPAYERS

Based on the District's 2024 Equalized Assessed Valuation (*"EAV"*), which includes Incremental EAV (as hereinafter defined), the District's ten largest taxpayers own 27.49% of the total current EAV of taxable property in the District, and the largest taxpayer, Westfield Old Orchard Mall (*"Old Orchard Mall"*), owns 14.17% of the total current EAV of taxable property in the District. However, Old Orchard Mall has over 130 stores and restaurants, including multiple large department stores, creating diversification within the taxpayer. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DISTRICT—Ten Largest Taxpayers" herein for more information. If one or more of these taxpayers were to relocate from the District or cease operations, would be unable to pay its tax bills or was successful in challenging its assessed valuation, the timely receipt of tax dollars by the District could be affected. The District has the authority to levy deficiency taxes if debt service tax collections are inadequate. Notwithstanding, the value of the Bonds, the District's ability to repay the Bonds or the timing of repayment could be adversely affected.

Furthermore, if any of the largest taxpayers were to relocate or cease operations, the District could experience a significant reduction in EAV. Any reduction in EAV could limit the amount of taxes that the District can extend for operating purposes.

LOSS OR CHANGE OF BOND RATING

The Bonds have received a credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, New York, New York (*"Moody's"*). The rating can be changed or withdrawn at any time for reasons both under and outside the District's control. Any change, withdrawal or combination thereof could adversely affect the ability of investors to sell the Bonds or may affect the price at which they can be sold.

SECONDARY MARKET FOR THE BONDS

No assurance can be given that a secondary market will develop for the purchase and sale of the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. The hereinafter-defined Underwriter is not obligated to engage in secondary market trading or to repurchase any of the Bonds at the request of the owners thereof.

Prices of the Bonds as traded in the secondary market are subject to adjustment upward and downward in response to changes in the credit markets and other prevailing circumstances. No guarantee exists as to the future market value of the Bonds. Such market value could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

A failure by the District to comply with the Undertaking (as defined herein) for continuing disclosure (see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" herein) will not constitute an event of default on the Bonds. Any such failure must be reported in accordance with Rule 15c2-12 (the *"Rule"*) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the *"Commission"*) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the *"Exchange Act"*), and may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

SUITABILITY OF INVESTMENT

The interest rates borne by the Bonds are intended to compensate the investor for assuming the risk of investing in the Bonds. Furthermore, the tax-exempt feature of the Bonds is currently more valuable to high tax bracket investors than to investors that are in low tax brackets. As such, the value of the interest compensation to any particular investor will vary with individual tax rates and circumstances. Each prospective investor should carefully examine this Official Statement and its own financial condition to make a judgment as to its ability to bear the economic risk of such an investment, and whether or not the Bonds are an appropriate investment for such investor.

FUTURE CHANGES IN LAWS

Various state and federal laws, regulations and constitutional provisions apply to the District and to the Bonds. The District can give no assurance that there will not be a change in, interpretation of, or addition to such applicable laws, provisions and regulations which would have a material effect, either directly or indirectly, on the District, or the taxing authority of the District. For example, many elements of local government finance, including the issuance of debt and the levy of property taxes, are controlled by State government. Future actions of the State may affect the overall financial conditions of the District, the taxable value of property within the District, and the ability of the District to levy property taxes or collect revenues for its ongoing operations.

FACTORS RELATING TO TAX EXEMPTION

As discussed under "TAX EXEMPTION" herein, interest on the Bonds could become includible in gross income for purposes of federal income taxation, retroactive to the date the Bonds were issued, as a result of future acts or omissions of the District in violation of its covenants in the Bond Resolution. Should such an event of taxability occur, the Bonds are not subject to any special redemption.

There are or may be pending in the Congress of the United States (*"Congress"*) legislative proposals relating to the federal tax treatment of interest on the Bonds, including some that carry retroactive effective dates, that, if enacted, could affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to obligations issued prior to enactment. Finally, reduction or elimination of the tax-exempt status of obligations such as the Bonds could have an adverse effect on the District's ability to access the capital markets to finance future capital or operational needs by reducing market demand for such obligations or materially increasing borrowing costs of the District.

The tax-exempt bond office of the Internal Revenue Service (the *"Service"*) is conducting audits of tax-exempt bonds, both compliance checks and full audits, with increasing frequency to determine whether, in the view of the Service, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includible in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. It cannot be predicted whether the Service will commence any such audit. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the Service may treat the District as a taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such proceeding. The commencement of an audit with respect to any tax-exempt obligations of the District could adversely affect the market value and liquidity of the Bonds, regardless of the ultimate outcome.

CYBERSECURITY

Computer networks and data transmission and collection are vital to the efficient operation of the District. Despite the implementation of network security measures by the District, its information technology and infrastructure may be vulnerable to deliberate attacks by hackers, malware, ransomware or computer virus, or may otherwise be breached due to employee error, malfeasance or other disruptions. Any such breach could compromise networks and the information stored thereon could be disrupted, accessed, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen. Although the District does not believe that its information technology systems are at a materially greater risk of cybersecurity attacks than other similarly-situated governmental entities, any such disruption, access, disclosure or other loss of information could have an adverse effect on the District's operations and financial health. Further, as cybersecurity threats continue to evolve, the District may be required to expend significant additional resources to continue to modify and strengthen security measures, investigate and remediate any vulnerabilities, or invest in new technology designed to mitigate security risks.

BANKRUPTCY

The rights and remedies of the Bondholders may be limited by and are subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy laws, to other laws or equitable principles that may affect the enforcement of creditors' rights, to the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and to limitations on legal remedies against local governments. The various opinions of counsel to be delivered with respect to the Bonds will be similarly qualified.

THE DISTRICT

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The District was founded in 1898 and occupies the northwestern third of the Village of Skokie (the *"Village*") (99.43% of the District's 2024 EAV) and a small portion of the Village of Morton Grove (0.57% of the District's 2024 EAV) in Cook County (the *"County"*).

The Village is located 16 miles northwest of downtown Chicago and 12 miles east of O'Hare International Airport. The Village has a variety of transportation options including the Edens Expressway (I-94) spanning the community's western edge, seven Chicago Transit Authority and 10 Pace suburban bus lines, and the CTA's Skokie Swift rail line. The Village is also home to Old Orchard Mall, an open-air mall and one of the largest shopping centers/malls (by square footage) in Illinois. Old Orchard Mall is home to over 130 stores and restaurants, including multiple large department stores. There are three new very large luxury apartment and townhome developments in and near Old Orchard Mall. One opened in 2025 and is expected to positively impact the District's EAV in 2026, and the other two are expected to be completed in 2027.

The District serves approximately 1,700 pre-K-8th grade students in three elementary schools, one junior high school and one early childhood center. The District serves a notably diverse student population, and roughly 70 languages are spoken in District students' households. The District is governed by an elected seven-member Board and a full-time administrative staff.

District Administration

The day-to-day affairs of the District are conducted by a full-time staff including the following central administrative positions.

Official	Title	Year Started in Position
Scott Grens	Superintendent	2024
Kenya Austin	Assistant Superintendent of Business/CSBO	2024

The Board appoints the administration. The staff is chosen by the administration with the approval of the Board. In general, policy decisions are made by the Board while specific program decisions are made by the administration.

Board of Education

Official	Position	Term Expires
Annie Warshaw	President	April 2029
Jeffrey Sterbenc	Vice President	April 2027
Emily Lonigro	Secretary	April 2027
Katrina Bell-Jordan	Member	April 2027
Jeremy Glickman	Member	April 2029
Shira Frost Roth	Member	April 2029
Jill Scheer	Member	April 2029

Enrollment

Historical		Projected	
2022/2023	1,591	2027/2028	1,738
2023/2024	1,652	2028/2029	1,738
2024/2025	1,717	2029/2030	1,722
2025/2026	1,709	2030/2031	1,719
2026/2027	1,632[(1)]	2031/2032	1,703

Source: The District.

(1) Reflects enrollment as of the sixth day of the current school year. Student enrollment is ongoing, and the District expects enrollment to increase in the coming weeks.

EMPLOYEE UNION MEMBERSHIP AND RELATIONS

At the start of the 2026-2027 school year, the District had 316 full-time employees and 22 part-time employees. Of the total number of employees, approximately 187 are represented by a union. Employee-union relations are considered to be good. District personnel are organized as follows:

EMPLOYEE GROUP	CONTRACT EXPIRES	UNION AFFILIATION	NUMBER OF MEMBERS
Teachers	June 2030	IEA	187

POPULATION DATA

The estimated populations of the Village, the County and the State at the times of the last three U.S. Census surveys were as follows:

NAME OF ENTITY	2000	2010	2020	% CHANGE 2010/2020
The Village	63,348	64,784	67,824	+4.69%
The County	5,376,741	5,194,675	5,275,541	+1.56%
The State	12,419,293	12,830,632	12,812,508	-0.14%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census for 2000, 2010 and 2020, respectively.

EDUCATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS 25 YEARS AND OLDER

NAME OF ENTITY	HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES	BACHELOR'S DEGREE OR HIGHER
The Village	91.6%	53.8%
The County	88.6%	42.7%
The State	90.5%	37.8%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (2020-2024 American Community Survey).

Financial Information and Economic Characteristics of the District

Direct General Obligation Bonds (Principal Only)

Calendar Year	Series 2022 Bonds (December 15)	Series 2025 Bonds (December 15)	Plus: The Bonds[1] (December 15)	Total Outstanding Bonds[1]
2026	$2,025,000	$ 230,000		$ 2,255,000
2027	2,110,000	235,000	$ 30,000	2,375,000
2028		2,445,000	150,000	2,595,000
2029		2,570,000	155,000	2,725,000
2030			2,860,000	2,860,000
2031			2,355,000	2,355,000
2032			2,470,000	2,470,000
2033			2,595,000	2,595,000
2034			1,690,000	1,690,000
Total	$4,135,000	$5,480,000	$12,305,000	$21,920,000

(1) Preliminary, subject to change.

Direct General Obligation Bonds (Principal and Interest)

Levy Year	Debt Service on the Series 2022 Bonds	Debt Service on the Series 2025 Bonds	Plus: Debt Service on The Bonds[1]	Total Debt Service on Outstanding Bonds[1]
2025	$2,195,321.80	$ 504,000.00		$ 2,699,321.80
2026	2,197,944.80	497,500.00	$ 763,172.92	3,458,617.72
2027		2,695,750.00	763,750.00	3,459,500.00
2028		2,698,500.00	761,250.00	3,459,750.00
2029			3,458,500.00	3,458,500.00
2030			2,810,500.00	2,810,500.00
2031			2,807,750.00	2,807,750.00
2032			2,809,250.00	2,809,250.00
2033			1,774,500.00	1,774,500.00
Total	$4,393,266.60	$6,395,750.00	$15,948,672.92	$26,737,689.52

(1) Preliminary, subject to change.

OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS
(As of August 10, 2026)

TAXING BODY	OUTSTANDING BONDS(1)	APPLICABLE TO THE DISTRICT PERCENT	APPLICABLE TO THE DISTRICT AMOUNT
The County	$1,760,191,750	0.576%	$10,136,397
Forest Preserve District of Cook County	39,410,000	0.576%	226,950
Metro. Water Recl. Dist. of Greater Chicago	1,763,710,000	0.585%	10,325,653
Morton Grove-Niles Water Commission	0	0.246%	0
Village of Morton Grove	2,605,000	0.596%	15,516
The Village	175,245,000	37.370%	65,488,681
Glenview Park District	12,889,985	2.457%	316,660
Morton Grove Park District	1,127,680	0.607%	6,847
Skokie Park District	4,436,400	34.484%	1,529,850
Oakton Community College District No. 535	51,230,000	3.979%	2,038,500
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS			$90,085,053

Source: With respect to the applicable taxing bodies and the information used to calculate the percentage of overlapping EAV, the Cook County Clerk's Office. Information regarding the outstanding bonds of the overlapping taxing bodies was obtained from publicly available sources.

(1) Does not include alternate revenue bonds. Under the Debt Reform Act, alternate revenue bonds are not included in the computation of indebtedness of the overlapping taxing bodies unless the taxes levied to pay the principal of and interest on the alternate revenue bonds are extended for collection. The District provides no assurance that any of the taxes so levied have not been extended, nor can the District predict whether any of such taxes will be extended in the future.

Selected Financial Information

(After issuance of the Bonds)

2025 Estimated Full Value of Taxable Property:	$4,108,088,865
2025 EAV:	$1,369,362,955[1]
Population Estimate:	20,990
General Obligation Bonds:	$ 21,920,000[2]
Other Direct General Obligation Debt:	$ 852,685[3]
Total Direct General Obligation Debt:	$ 22,772,685[2]
Percentage to Full Value of Taxable Property:	0.55%[2]
Percentage to EAV:	1.66%[2]
Debt Limit (6.9% of EAV):	$ 94,486,044
Percentage of Debt Limit:	24.10%[2]
Per Capita:	$ 1,085[2]
General Obligation Bonds:	$ 21,920,000[2]
Overlapping General Obligation Bonds:	$ 90,085,053
General Obligation Bonds and Overlapping General Obligation Bonds:	$ 112,005,053[2]
Percentage to Full Value of Taxable Property:	2.73%[2]
Percentage to EAV:	8.18%[2]
Per Capita:	$ 5,336[2]

(1) Includes Incremental EAV in the amount of $6,633,398. See "Tax Increment Financing Districts Located Within the District" herein.
(2) Preliminary, subject to change.
(3) This amount consists of outstanding payments due pursuant to lease agreements.

Composition of EAV

	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025[1]
By Property Type					
Residential	$ 488,915,956	$ 631,400,747	$ 648,672,614	$ 647,986,625	
Commercial	531,456,195	529,388,103	557,444,727	538,872,788	
Industrial	14,028,080	15,641,612	16,134,512	15,934,817	
Total EAV[2]	$1,034,400,231	$1,176,430,462	$1,222,251,853	$1,202,794,230	$1,363,390,945

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
(1) A breakdown of the 2025 EAV by property type is not currently available.
(2) Does not include Incremental EAV.

TREND OF EAV

LEVY YEAR	EAV[1]	% CHANGE IN EAV FROM PREVIOUS YEAR
2021	$1,034,400,231	-4.86%[2]
2022	1,176,430,462	+13.73%[3]
2023	1,222,251,853	+3.89%
2024	1,202,794,230	-1.59%
2025	1,363,390,945	+13.35%[3]

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
(1) Does not include Incremental EAV.
(2) Based on the District's $1,087,282,749 2020 EAV.
(3) Reassessment year.

NEW PROPERTY

The following chart indicates the EAV of new property (as defined in the Limitation Law) within the District for each of the last five levy years.

LEVY YEAR	NEW PROPERTY
2021	$ 0
2022	15,290,461
2023	795,760
2024	260,998
2025	9,083,707

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS LOCATED WITHIN THE DISTRICT

A portion of the District's EAV is contained in tax increment financing (*"TIF"*) districts, as detailed below. When a TIF district is created within the boundaries of a taxing body, such as the District, the EAV of the portion of real property designated as a TIF district is frozen at the level of the tax year in which it was designated as such (the *"Base EAV"*). Any incremental increases in property tax revenue produced by the increase in EAV (the *"Incremental EAV"*) derived from the redevelopment project area during the life of the TIF district are not provided to the District until the TIF district expires. The District is not aware of any new TIF districts planned in the immediate future.

LOCATION/ NAME OF TIF	YEAR ESTABLISHED	BASE EAV	2024 EAV	INCREMENTAL EAV
Skokie – West Dempster TIF	2010	$10,134,288	$16,767,686	$ 6,633,398
			Total Incremental 2024 EAV	$ 6,633,398
			Incremental 2025 EAV[1]	5,972,010
			2025 Base EAV	1,363,390,945
			Enterprise Zone EAV	0
			Total 2025 EAV	$1,369,362,955

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
(1) A breakdown of the TIF district EAV is not currently available.

TAXES EXTENDED AND COLLECTED

TAX LEVY YEAR/ COLLECTION YEAR	TAXES EXTENDED	TAXES COLLECTED AND DISTRIBUTED	PERCENT COLLECTED
2020/21	$29,816,805	$30,044,822	100.76%
2021/22	30,584,526	30,608,861	100.08%
2022/23	32,608,743	32,912,323	100.93%
2023/24	33,756,204	33,336,058	98.76%
2024/25	35,499,497	34,717,161	97.80%
2025/26[1]	37,111,502	18,521,571	49.91%

Source: Cook County Treasurer's and County Clerk's Offices.
(1) Collections as of June 30, 2026.

SCHOOL DISTRICT TAX RATES BY PURPOSE

(Per $100 EAV)

PURPOSE	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	MAXIMUM RATE(1)
Educational Fund	$2.0240	$1.8589	$1.6957	$1.7602	$1.4795	No Limit
IMRF	0.0249	0.0175	0.0169	0.0183	0.0151	No Limit
Social Security	0.0523	0.0438	0.0421	0.0458	0.0378	No Limit
Liability Insurance	0.0199	0.0088	0.0084	0.0096	0.0302	No Limit
Transportation	0.0697	0.0613	0.0843	0.0958	0.1738	No Limit
Building	0.3485	0.3502	0.5056	0.5364	0.4889	$0.5500
Working Cash	0.0090	0.0079	0.0076	0.0083	0.0378	0.0500
Special Education	0.1494	0.1751	0.1917	0.2086	0.1889	0.4000
Bonds and Interest	0.2228	0.1959	0.1886	0.2356	0.2079	No Limit
Revenue Recapture(2)	0.0359	0.0523	0.0205	0.0329	0.0622	No Limit
Total	$2.9564	$2.7717	$2.7614	$2.9514	$2.7220	

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

(1) See "REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES—Property Tax Extension Limitation Law" herein for information on the operation of such maximum rates under the Limitation Law.

(2) See "REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES—Property Tax Extension Limitation Law" herein for information on the property tax refund revenue recapture provisions of the Limitation Law.

REPRESENTATIVE TOTAL TAX RATES

(Per $100 EAV)

TAXING AUTHORITY	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
The District	$2.9564	$2.7717	$2.7614	$2.9514	$2.7220
The County	0.4460	0.4310	0.3860	0.3905	0.3560
Consolidated Elections	0.0190	0.0000	0.0320	0.0000	0.0287
Forest Preserve Dist. of Cook County	0.0580	0.0810	0.0750	0.0686	0.0670
Niles Township	0.0590	0.0540	0.0560	0.0584	0.0530
The Village	0.6050	0.5010	0.4860	0.4869	0.4479
Village of Skokie Library Fund	0.5270	0.4430	0.4300	0.4325	0.4023
Niles Twp Comm. H.S Dist. Number 219	3.3500	3.0250	3.0690	3.2036	2.9213
Oakton Comm. Coll. Dist. No. 535	0.2520	0.2210	0.2270	0.2365	0.2027
Skokie Park District	0.4510	0.4070	0.4070	0.4347	0.3859
Metro. Water Recl. Dist. of Greater Chicago	0.3820	0.3740	0.3450	0.3404	0.3366
North Shore Mosq. Abatement Dist.	0.0090	0.0080	0.0080	0.0076	0.0069
TOTAL(1)	$9.1144	$8.3167	$8.2824	$8.6112	$7.9301

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

(1) The total of such rates is the property tax rate paid by a typical District resident living in the Village.

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS

TAXPAYER NAME	DESCRIPTION	2024 EAV	PERCENT OF DISTRICT'S TOTAL EAV
Old Orchard Mall	Shopping center	$171,315,750	14.17%
Imperial Realty	Office building	26,239,976	2.17%
The Shops at Orchard Place	Shopping center	25,967,746	2.15%
MHF DTS VI LLC	Hotel	18,108,096	1.50%
Millbrook Skokie LLC	Office building	17,722,396	1.47%
TMF Skokie JV LLC	Residential and commercial	17,506,288	1.45%
Federated Retail Holdings	Shopping center	17,173,763	1.42%
Gross Point Property Holdings	Rehabilitation center	15,641,167	1.29%
Northshore Hospitality	Medical clinic/office building	11,721,043	0.97%
Lifetime Fitness	Health club and fitness center	11,016,458	0.91%
		$332,412,683	27.49%

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office, except for taxpayer descriptions which are based on information publicly available to the District.
The above taxpayers represent 27.49% of the District's $1,209,427,628 2024 EAV (including Incremental EAV), which is the most recently available. Reasonable efforts have been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers listed may own multiple parcels and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations may not be included.

RETAILERS' OCCUPATION TAX AND SERVICE OCCUPATION TAX

The following table shows the distribution of the municipal portion of the Retailers' Occupation Tax and Service Occupation Tax collected by the Illinois Department of Revenue (the *"Department"*) from retailers within the Village. The table indicates the level of retail activity in the Village.

CALENDAR YEAR	STATE SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION(1)
2021	$15,947,246
2022	18,317,643
2023	19,064,922
2024	19,645,711
2025	22,504,715
2026(2)	5,304,824

Source: The Department.

(1) Tax distributions are based on records of the Department relating to the 1% municipal portion of the Retailers' Occupation Tax and Service Occupation Tax, collected on behalf of the Village, less a State administration fee. The municipal 1% sales tax includes tax receipts from the sale of food and drugs which are not taxed by the State.

(2) Through First Quarter 2026.

CORPORATE PERSONAL PROPERTY REPLACEMENT TAXES

Corporate Personal Property Replacement Taxes (*"CPPRT"*) are revenues received from a tax imposed on corporations, partnerships, trusts, S corporations and public utilities in the State. The purpose of the CPPRT is to replace revenues lost by units of local government (including the District) as a result of the abolishment of the corporate personal property tax (the *"Personal Property Tax"*) with the adoption of the Illinois Constitution of 1970. The State Revenue Sharing Act (the *"Sharing Act"*) was passed in 1979, implementing the CPPRT to replace the lost Personal Property Tax revenues and providing the mechanism for distributing collections of CPPRT to taxing districts (including the District) entitled to receive such tax revenues under the Sharing Act. The following table sets forth the amount of CPPRT received by the District over the last five years:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	CPPRT RECEIPTS
2022	2,789,916
2023	2,911,465
2024	1,754,389
2025	1,176,455
2026	1,242,941

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022-June 30, 2025 and the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026.

The Department estimates that the District will receive CPPRT revenues of approximately $1,515,447 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027.

LARGEST EMPLOYERS

Below is a listing of large employers within or near the District.

EMPLOYER	PRODUCT OR SERVICE	LOCATION	APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES
Northwestern University	Private research university	Evanston	5,200
Medline Industries, LP	Durable medical equipment and products	Northfield	5,000
DRiV Automotive, Inc.	Gaskets, packings, rubber products and seals	Skokie	1,300
John Crane	Braided packing materials and mechanical seals	Morton Grove	1,200
Avon Products	Cosmetics and toiletries	Morton Grove	1,200
Kraft Heinz Foods Co., Technology Center	Food products research, development and kitchen testing	Glenview	1,000
Wesco, Inc.	Distributor of network and security, electrical and electronic and utility power systems	Glenview	1,000
Woodward, Inc.	Aerospace electromechanical assemblies, actuators, motors, electronics and position sensors	Niles	1,000
College of American Pathologists	Pathologists' membership association	Northfield	750
ZS Associates	Marketing consultants	Evanston	700
Xylem	Centrifugal pumps, valves, controls and package systems for HVAC, plumbing and fire sprinkler applications	Morton Grove	650
Shure, Inc.	Microphones and audio electronics	Niles	600
Amazon.com Services, LLC	Warehouse fulfillment and logistics services	Skokie	600
Illinois Tool Works, Inc.	Engineered components, fasteners and industrial systems	Glenview	586
Specialty Print Communications	Direct mail and marketing services, web offset, sheet-fed, digital and variable data printing, electronic prepress and lettershop	Niles	510
Northwestern University, Kellogg School of Management	Private university, business and technology management graduate programs	Evanston	500
Georgia Nut Co.	Candy and snacks	Skokie	500

Source: 2026 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2026 Illinois Services Directory and the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

Unemployment Rates

Unemployment statistics are not compiled specifically for the District. The following table shows the trend in annual average unemployment rates for the Village, the County and the State.

	The Village	The County	The State
2021 – Average	5.6%	7.0%	6.1%
2022 – Average	4.0%	5.0%	4.6%
2023 – Average	3.7%	4.5%	4.5%
2024 – Average	4.7%	5.4%	5.0%
2025 – Average	4.2%	4.8%	4.6%
2026 – Average (6 mos.)	4.6%	5.4%	5.1%

Source: State of Illinois Department of Employment Security.

Housing Value and Income Statistics

The following table sets forth information regarding median home values and various income related statistics for the Village, the County and the State.

	The Village	The County	The State
Median Home Value	$387,200	$324,500	$263,300
Median Household Income	95,337	83,498	83,390
Median Family Income	122,733	104,836	106,018
Per Capita Income	46,534	49,329	46,406

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (2020-2024 American Community Survey).

Short-Term Borrowing

The District has not issued tax anticipation warrants or revenue anticipation notes during the last five years to meet its short-term current year cash flow requirements.

Future Debt

Except for the Bonds, the District does not currently anticipate issuing any debt in the next six months.

Default Record

The District has no record of default and has met its debt repayment obligations promptly.

WORKING CASH FUND

The District is authorized to issue (subject to the provisions of the Limitation Law) general obligation bonds to create, re-create or increase a Working Cash Fund. Such fund can also be created, re-created or increased by the levy of an annual tax not to exceed $0.05 per hundred dollars of EAV (the *"Working Cash Fund Tax"*). The purpose of the fund is to enable the District to have sufficient cash to meet demands for expenditures for corporate purposes. Moneys in the Working Cash Fund may be loaned, in whole or in part, as authorized and directed by the Board, to any fund or funds of the District in anticipation of ad valorem property taxes levied by the District for such fund or funds. The Working Cash Fund is reimbursed when the anticipated taxes or other moneys are received by the District.

Any time moneys are available in the Working Cash Fund, they must be transferred to such other funds of the District and used for any and all school purposes so as to avoid, whenever possible, the issuance of tax anticipation warrants or notes. Interest earned from the investment of the Working Cash Fund may be transferred from the Working Cash Fund to other funds of the District that are most in need of the interest. Moneys in the Working Cash Fund may not be appropriated by the Board in the annual budget.

The District also has the authority to abate amounts in the Working Cash Fund to any other fund of the District if the amount on deposit in such other fund after the abatement will not constitute an excess accumulation of money in that fund and as long as the District maintains an amount to the credit of the Working Cash Fund at least equal to 0.05% of the then current value, as equalized or assessed by the Department, of the taxable property in the District.

Finally, the District may abolish the Working Cash Fund and direct the transfer of any balance thereof to the educational fund at the close of the then current fiscal year. After such abolishment, all outstanding Working Cash Fund Taxes levied will be paid into the educational fund upon collection. Outstanding loans from the Working Cash Fund to other funds of the District at the time of abolishment will be paid or become payable to the educational fund at the close of the then current fiscal year. The outstanding balance in the Working Cash Fund at the time of abolishment, including all outstanding loans from the Working Cash Fund to other funds of the District and all outstanding Working Cash Fund Taxes levied, may be used and applied by the District for the purpose of reducing, by the balance in the Working Cash Fund at the close of the fiscal year, the amount of taxes that the Board otherwise would be authorized or required to levy for educational purposes for the fiscal year immediately succeeding the fiscal year in which the Working Cash Fund is abolished.

WORKING CASH FUND SUMMARY

FISCAL YEAR	END OF YEAR FUND BALANCE
2021	$18,935,483
2022	14,252,171
2023	20,819,126
2024	14,788,027
2025	9,334,340

Source: Compiled from the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021-2025.

REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES

SUMMARY OF PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES

A separate tax to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds will be levied on all taxable real property within the District. The information under this caption describes the current procedures for real property assessments, tax levies and collections in the County. There can be no assurance that the procedures described herein will not change.

REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT

The County Assessor (the *"Assessor"*) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within the County, including such property located within the boundaries of the District, except for certain railroad property, pollution control facilities and low sulfur dioxide emission coal-fueled devices, which are assessed directly by the Department. For triennial reassessment purposes, Cook County is divided into three Districts: west and south suburbs (the *"South Tri"*), north and northwest suburbs (the *"North Tri"*), and the City of Chicago (the *"City Tri"*). The District is located in the North Tri and was last reassessed for the 2025 tax levy year. The District will next be reassessed for the 2028 levy year.

Real property in the County is separated into classes for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of property, that value is multiplied by the appropriate classification percentage to arrive at the assessed valuation (the *"Assessed Valuation"*) for the parcel. Such classification percentages range from 10% for certain residential, commercial and industrial property to 25% for other industrial and commercial property.

Property is classified for assessment into six basic categories, each of which is assessed at various percentages of fair market value as follows: Class 1 - unimproved real estate (10%); Class 2 - residential (10%); Class 3 - rental-residential (16% in tax year 2009, 13% in tax year 2010, and 10% in tax year 2011 and subsequent years); Class 4 - not-for-profit (25%); Class 5a - commercial (25%); and Class 5b - industrial (25%).

In addition, property may be temporarily classified into one of eight additional assessment classification categories. Upon expiration of such classification, property so classified will revert to one of the basic six assessment classifications described above. The additional assessment classifications are as follows:

CLASS	DESCRIPTION OF QUALIFYING PROPERTY	ASSESSMENT PERCENTAGE	REVERTS TO CLASS
6b	Newly constructed industrial properties or substantially rehabilitated sections of existing industrial properties	10% for first 10 years and any 10-year renewal; if not renewed, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5b
C	Industrial property that has undergone environmental testing and remediation	10% for first 10 years, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5b
	Commercial property that has undergone environmental testing and remediation	10% for first 10 years, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5a
7a/7b	Newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated commercial properties in an area in need of commercial development	10% for first 10 years, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5a
7c	Newly constructed or rehabilitated commercial buildings and acquisition of abandoned property and rehabilitation of buildings thereon including the land upon which the buildings are situated and the land related to the rehabilitation	10% for first 3 years and any 3-year renewal; if not renewed, 15% in year 4, 20% in year 5	5a
8	Industrial properties in enterprise communities or zones in need of substantial revitalization	10% for first 10 years and any 10-year renewal; if not renewed, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5b
	Commercial properties in enterprise communities or zones in need of substantial revitalization	10% for first 10 years, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5a
9	New or substantially rehabilitated multi-family residential properties in target areas, empowerment or enterprise zones	10% for first 10 years and any 10-year renewal	As Applicable
S	Class 3 properties subject to Section 8 contracts renewed under the "Mark up to Market" option	10% for term of Section 8 contract renewal and any subsequent renewal	3
L	Substantially rehabilitated Class 3, 4 or 5b properties qualifying as "Landmark" or "Contributing" buildings	10% for first 10 years and any 10-year renewal; if not renewed, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	3, 4, or 5b
	Substantially rehabilitated Class 5a properties qualifying as "Landmark" or "Contributing" buildings	10% for first 10 years, 15% in year 11, 20% in year 12	5a

The Assessor has established procedures enabling taxpayers to contest their proposed Assessed Valuations. Once the Assessor certifies its final Assessed Valuations, a taxpayer can seek review of its assessment by appealing to the Cook County Board of Review (the *"Board of Review"*), which consists of three commissioners elected by the voters of the County. The Board of Review has the power to adjust the Assessed Valuations set by the Assessor.

Owners of residential property having six or fewer units are able to appeal decisions of the Board of Review to the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board (the *"PTAB"*), a statewide administrative body. The PTAB has the power to determine the Assessed Valuation of real property based on equity and the weight of the evidence. Taxpayers may appeal the decision of PTAB to either the Circuit Court of the County (the *"Circuit Court"*) or the Illinois Appellate Court under the Illinois Administrative Review Law.

As an alternative to seeking review of Assessed Valuations by PTAB, taxpayers who have first exhausted their remedies before the Board of Review may file an objection in the Circuit Court. The procedure under this alternative is similar to the judicial review procedure described in the immediately preceding paragraph, however, the standard of proof differs. In addition, in cases where the Assessor agrees that an assessment error has been made after tax bills have been issued, the Assessor can correct any factual error, and thus reduce the amount of taxes due, by issuing a Certificate of Error. Certificates of Error are not issued in cases where the only issue is the opinion of the valuation of the property.

EQUALIZATION

After the Assessor has established the Assessed Valuation for each parcel for a given year, and following any revisions by the Board of Review or PTAB, the Department is required by statute to review the Assessed Valuations. The Department establishes an equalization factor (the *"Equalization Factor"*), commonly called the "multiplier," for each county to make all valuations uniform among the 102 counties in the State. Under State law, the aggregate of the assessments within each county is equalized at 33-1/3% of the estimated fair cash value of real property located within the county prior to any applicable exemptions. One multiplier is applied to all property in the County, regardless of its assessment category, except for certain farmland property and wind energy assessable property, which are not subject to equalization. The following table sets forth the Equalization Factor for the County for the last ten tax levy years.

TAX LEVY YEAR	EQUALIZATION FACTOR
2016	2.8032
2017	2.9627
2018	2.9109
2019	2.9160
2020	3.2234
2021	3.0027
2022	2.9237
2023	3.0163
2024	3.0355
2025	3.0300

Once the Equalization Factor is established, the Assessed Valuation, as revised by the Board of Review or PTAB, is multiplied by the Equalization Factor to determine the EAV of that parcel. The EAV for each parcel is the final property valuation used for determination of tax liability. The aggregate EAV for all parcels in any taxing body's jurisdiction, plus the valuation of property assessed directly by the Department, constitute the total real estate tax base for the taxing body, which is used to calculate tax rates (the *"Assessment Base"*).

EXEMPTIONS

The Illinois Property Tax Code, as amended (the *"Property Tax Code"*), exempts certain property from taxation. Certain property is exempt from taxation on the basis of ownership and/or use, including, but not limited to, public parks, not-for-profit schools, public schools, churches, not-for-profit hospitals and public hospitals. In addition, the Property Tax Code provides a variety of homestead exemptions, which are discussed below.

An annual General Homestead Exemption provides that the EAV of certain property owned and used for residential purposes (*"Residential Property"*) may be reduced by the amount of any increase over the 1977 EAV, up to a maximum reduction of $10,000 for tax years 2017 and thereafter.

The Long-Time Occupant Homestead Exemption limits the increase in EAV of a taxpayer's homestead property to 10% per year if such taxpayer has owned the property for at least 10 years as of January 1 of the assessment year (or 5 years if purchased with certain government assistance) and has a household income of $100,000 or less (*"Qualified Homestead Property"*). If the taxpayer's annual income is $75,000 or less, the EAV of the Qualified Homestead Property may increase by no more than 7% per year. There is no exemption limit for Qualified Homestead Properties.

The Homestead Improvement Exemption applies to Residential Property that has been improved and to properties that have been rebuilt in the two years following a catastrophic event, as defined in the Property Tax Code. The exemption is limited to an annual maximum amount of $75,000 for up to four years, to the extent the Assessed Valuation is attributable solely to such improvements or rebuilding.

The Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption annually reduces the EAV on residences owned and occupied by senior citizens. The maximum exemption is $8,000 for tax years 2017 and thereafter.

The Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption freezes property tax assessments for homeowners who are 65 and older, reside in their property as their principal place of residence and receive a household income not in excess of $65,000 beginning in assessment year 2017. This exemption grants to qualifying senior citizens an exemption equal to the difference between (a) the current EAV of the residence and (b) the EAV of a senior citizen's residence for the year prior to the year in which he or she first qualifies and applies for the exemption, plus the EAV of improvements since such year. Beginning in tax year 2017, the amount of the exemption is equal to the greater of the amount calculated as described in the previous sentence (as more completely set forth in the Property Tax Code) or $2,000.

Purchasers of certain single family homes and residences of one to six units located in certain targeted areas (as defined in the applicable section of the Property Tax Code) can apply for the Community Stabilization Assessment Freeze Pilot Program. To be eligible the purchaser must meet certain requirements for rehabilitating the property, including expenditures of at least $5 per square foot, adjusted by CPI. Upon meeting the requirements, the assessed value of the improvements is reduced by (a) 90% in the first seven years, (b) 65% in the eighth year and (c) 35% in the ninth year. The benefit ceases in the tenth year. The program will be phased out by June 30, 2029.

The Natural Disaster Homestead Exemption (the *"Natural Disaster Exemption"*) applies to homestead properties containing a residential structure that has been rebuilt following a natural disaster. A natural disaster is an occurrence of widespread or severe damage or loss of property resulting from any catastrophic cause including but not limited to fire, flood, earthquake, wind, or storm. The Natural Disaster Exemption is equal to the equalized assessed value of the residence in the first taxable year for which the taxpayer applies for the exemption minus the base amount. To be eligible for the Natural Disaster Exemption, the residential structure must be rebuilt within two years after the date of the natural disaster, and the square footage of the rebuilt residential structure may not be more than 110% of the square footage of the original residential structure as it existed immediately prior to the natural disaster. The Natural Disaster Exemption remains at a constant amount until the taxable year in which the property is sold or transferred.

Several exemptions are available to veterans of the United States armed forces. The Veterans with Disabilities Exemption for Specially-Adapted Housing exempts up to $100,000 of the Assessed Valuation of property owned and used exclusively by veterans with a disability, their spouses or unmarried surviving spouses. Qualification for this exemption requires the veteran's disability to be of such a nature that the federal government has authorized payment for purchase of specially adapted housing under the U.S. Code as certified to annually by the Illinois Department of Veterans Affairs or for housing or adaptations donated by a charitable organization to such disabled veteran.

The Standard Homestead Exemption for Veterans with Disabilities provides an annual homestead exemption to veterans with a service-connected disability based on the percentage of such disability. If the veteran has a (a) service-connected disability of 30% or more but less than 50%, the annual exemption is $2,500, (b) service-connected disability of 50% or more but less than 70%, the annual exemption is $5,000, and (c) service-connected disability of 70% or more, the property is exempt from taxation.

The Returning Veterans' Homestead Exemption is available for property owned and occupied as the principal residence of a veteran in the assessment year, and the year following the assessment year, in which the veteran returns from an armed conflict while on active duty in the United States armed forces. This provision grants a one-time, two-year homestead exemption of $5,000.

Finally, the Homestead Exemption for Persons with Disabilities provides an annual homestead exemption in the amount of $2,000 for property that is owned and occupied by certain disabled persons who meet State-mandated guidelines.

Tax Levy

As part of the annual budgetary process of governmental units (the *"Units"*) with power to levy taxes in the County, the designated body for each Unit annually adopts proceedings to levy real estate taxes. The administration and collection of real estate taxes is statutorily assigned to the County Clerk and the County Treasurer. After the Units file their annual tax levies, the County Clerk computes the annual tax rate for each Unit. The County Clerk computes the Unit's maximum allowable levy by multiplying the maximum tax rate for that Unit by the prior year's EAV for all property currently in the District. The prior year's EAV includes the EAV of any new property, the current year value of any annexed property and any recovered tax increment value, minus any disconnected property for the current year under the Limitation Law. The tax rate for a Unit is computed by dividing the lesser of the maximum allowable levy or the actual levy by the current year's EAV.

PROPERTY TAX EXTENSION LIMITATION LAW

The Limitation Law is applied after the prior year EAV limitation. The Limitation Law limits the annual growth in the amount of property taxes to be extended for certain Illinois non-home rule units, including the District. The effect of the Limitation Law is to limit the amount of property taxes that can be extended for a taxing body. In addition, general obligation bonds, notes and installment contracts payable from ad valorem taxes, unlimited as to rate and amount, cannot be issued by the affected taxing bodies unless they are approved by referendum, are alternate bonds, are for fire prevention and safety, energy conservation and school security purposes or are for certain refunding purposes.

The use of prior year EAVs to limit the allowable tax levy may reduce tax rates for funds that are at or near their maximum rates in taxing Districts with rising EAVs. These reduced rates and all other rates for those funds subject to the Limitation Law are added together, which results in the aggregate preliminary rate. The aggregate preliminary rate is then compared to the limiting rate. If the limiting rate is more than the aggregate preliminary rate, there is no further reduction in rates due to the Limitation Law. If the limiting rate is less than the aggregate preliminary rate, the aggregate preliminary rate is further reduced to the limiting rate. In all cases, taxes are extended using current year EAV under Section 18-140 of the Property Tax Code.

The District has the authority to levy taxes for many different purposes. See "FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DISTRICT - School District Tax Rates by Purpose." The ceiling at any particular time on the rate at which these taxes may be extended for the District is either (a) unlimited (as provided by statute), (b) initially set by statute but permitted to be increased by referendum, (c) capped by statute, or (d) limited to the rate approved by referendum. The only ceiling on a particular tax rate is the ceiling set by statute, at which the rate is not permitted to be further increased by referendum or otherwise. Therefore, taxing Districts (such as the District) have flexibility to levy taxes for the purposes for which they most need the money. The total aggregate tax rate for the various purposes subject to the Limitation Law, however, will not be allowed to exceed the District's limiting rate computed in accordance with the provisions of the Limitation Law.

If the District's Adequacy Target (as defined under "STATE AID" herein) exceeds 110% for the school year that begins during the calendar year immediately preceding the levy year for which a tax reduction is sought, a petition signed by at least 10% of the registered voters in the District may be filed requiring a proposition to be submitted to the District's voters at the next consolidated election in April of odd-numbered years asking the voters whether the District must reduce its extension for educational purposes for the levy year in which the election is held to an amount that is less than the extension for educational purposes for the immediately preceding levy year. The reduced extension, however, may not be more than 10% lower than the amount extended for educational purposes in the previous levy year and may not cause the District's Adequacy Target to fall below 110% for the levy year for which the reduction is sought. If the voters approve the proposition, the County Clerk will extend a rate for educational purposes that is no greater than the limiting rate for educational purposes computed in accordance with the Limitation Law. If such proposition is submitted to the voters, it may not be submitted again at any of the next two consolidated elections.

In general, the annual growth permitted under the Limitation Law is the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the CPI during the calendar year preceding the levy year. Taxes can also be increased due to new construction, referendum approval of tax rate increases, mergers and consolidations. Local governments, including the District, can issue limited bonds (such as the Bonds) in lieu of general obligation bonds that have otherwise been authorized by applicable law. See "THE BONDS—Security" herein.

Beginning with levy year 2021, each tax-capped taxing district (such as the District) receives an automatic levy increase in the amount of any property tax refunds paid by such taxing district in the prior year as a result of the issuance of certificates of error, court orders issued in connection with valuation tax objection complaints and Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board (the *"PTAB"*) decisions. For levy year 2025, the additional amount added to the District's tax levy as a result of this change was $847,884.

Pursuant to Section 18-190.7 of the Property Tax Code, school districts that have a designation of "recognition" or "review" according to the Illinois State Board of Education's (*"ISBE"*) School District Financial Profile System, park districts, library districts and community college districts and for which taxes were not extended at the maximum amount permitted under the Limitation Law in a given levy year may be able to recapture all or a portion of such unrealized levy amount in a subsequent levy year. Section 18-190.7 directs county clerks, in calculating the limiting rate for a given taxing district, to use the greater of the taxing district's last preceding aggregate extension or the district's last preceding aggregate extension if the taxing district had utilized the maximum limiting rate permitted without referendum for each of the three immediately preceding levy years. The aggregate extension of a taxing district that includes any recapture for a particular levy year cannot exceed the taxing district's aggregate extension for the immediately preceding levy year by more than 5%. If a taxing district cannot recapture the entire unrealized levy amount in a single levy year, the taxing district may increase its aggregate extension in each succeeding levy year until the entire levy amount is recaptured.

Illinois legislators have introduced several proposals to further modify the Limitation Law, including freezing property taxes and extending tax caps to all taxing bodies in the State. The District cannot predict whether, or in what form, any change to the Limitation Law may be enacted into law, nor can the District predict the effect of any such change on the District's finances.

EXTENSIONS

The County Clerk then computes the total tax rate applicable to each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all of the Units having jurisdiction over the particular parcel. The County Clerk extends the tax by entering the tax (determined by multiplying the total tax rate by the EAV of that parcel for the current assessment year) in the books prepared for the County Collector (the *"Warrant Books"*) along with the tax rates, the Assessed Valuation and the EAV. The Warrant Books are the County Collector's authority for the collection of taxes and are used by the County Collector as the basis for issuing tax bills to all property owners.

COLLECTIONS

Property taxes are collected by the County Collector, who also serves as the County Treasurer, who remits to each Unit its share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become payable during the following year in two installments, the first due on March 1 and the second on the later of August 1 or 30 days after the mailing of the tax bills. A payment due is deemed to be paid on time if the payment is postmarked on the due date. Beginning with the first installment payable in 2010, the first installment is equal to 55% of the prior year's tax bill. However, if a Certificate of Error is approved by a court or certified on or before November 30 of the preceding year and before the estimated tax bills are prepared, then the first installment is instead based on the certain percentage of the *corrected* prior year's tax bill. The second installment covers the balance of the current year's tax bill, and is based on the then current tax year levy, Assessed Valuation and Equalization Factor, and reflects any changes from the prior year in those factors. The first installment penalty date has historically been the first business day in March. Due to delays in the second penalty installment date with respect to levy years 2021 and 2024, the subsequent first installment penalty date for levy years 2022 and 2025 was changed by legislation enacted by the General Assembly from, with respect to levy year 2022, March 1, 2023 to April 1, 2023, and, with respect to levy year 2025, March 1, 2026, to April 1, 2026. The District did not experience any cash flow issues due to such change with respect to levy years 2022 and 2025. The following table sets forth the second installment penalty date for the last ten tax levy years in the County.

TAX LEVY YEAR	SECOND INSTALLMENT PENALTY DATE
2016	August 1, 2017
2017	August 1, 2018
2018	August 1, 2019
2019	August 3, 2020
2020	August 2, 2021
2021	December 30, 2022
2022	December 1, 2023
2023	August 1, 2024
2024	December 15, 2025
2025	October 1, 2026

The distribution of the County's property tax bills has been delayed several times in recent years. As a result of ongoing efforts to modernize technology within various County property tax agencies, personnel shortages and turnover attributable to COVID-19 and the complicated nature of the reassessment of property taxes in the City of Chicago, the distribution of amounts related to the second installment for each of the 2021 and 2022 tax years (for amounts payable in calendars 2022 and 2023, respectively), were delayed. Due to further efforts to modernize the County's property tax system, the County's second installment property tax distributions were delayed again for tax year 2024 (collectible in calendar year 2025). The District did not experience any cash flow issues due to such delays.

It is possible that the changes to the assessment appeals process described above will cause delays similar to those experienced in past years in preparation and mailing of the second installment in future years. In the future, the County may provide for tax bills to be payable in four installments instead of two.

During the periods of peak collections, tax receipts are forwarded to each Unit on a weekly basis. Upon receipt of taxes from the County Collector, the District promptly credits the taxes received to the funds for which they were levied.

UNPAID TAXES AND ANNUAL TAX SALES

Taxes that are not paid when due, or that are not paid by mail and postmarked on or before the due date, are deemed delinquent and bear interest at the rate of 0.75% per month (or portion thereof) until paid. Unpaid property taxes, together with penalties, interest and costs, constitute a lien against the property subject to the tax. If taxes go unpaid for 13 months, the County Treasurer is required to sell the delinquent property taxes at the "Annual Tax Sale", which is a sale of tax liens, not properties. A public sale is held, at which time successful tax buyers pay the unpaid taxes plus penalties. Taxpayers can redeem their property by paying the amount paid at the sale, plus interest penalties and fees. If no redemption is made within the applicable redemption period, the tax buyer can secure a court-ordered deed to the home. Tax buyers can seek the deed to a home after 2-1/2 years, with the option of a six-month extension. If the property is abandoned, that time frame can be shortened to two years. Owners of vacant, commercial and industrial properties have six months to redeem their taxes before the tax buyer can seek ownership of the property.

If there is no sale of the tax lien on a parcel of property at the Annual Tax Sale, the taxes are forfeited and the property becomes eligible to be purchased at any time thereafter at an amount equal to all delinquent taxes and interest accrued to the date of purchase. Redemption periods and procedures are the same as applicable to the Annual Tax Sale.

When taxes remain unpaid for more than 20 years, Illinois law states that the property is "forfeited to the state." As a practical matter, this does not happen. Instead, the taxes are wiped out, as the property remains in its distressed condition barring a change in the owner's circumstances or it being sold.

SCAVENGER SALES

In the County, if a property's taxes go unpaid in at least three of the previous 20 years, the property is offered at a biennial "Scavenger Sale," which like the Annual Tax Sale, is a sale of unpaid taxes. The winning bidder is not required to pay any of the previous years' unpaid taxes. If the owner, however, does not redeem such back taxes, the winning bidder can seek deed to the property. To obtain the deed, the bidder must pay all unpaid taxes billed on the property between the last year covered by the Scavenger Sale and the date the bidder seeks the deed. Redemption periods vary from six months to two and a half years depending upon the type and occupancy of the property. As in the Annual Sale, bidders at the Scavenger Sale can seek the deed to a home after 2-1/2 years, with the option of a six-month extension. If the property is abandoned, that time frame can be shortened to two years. With a vacant, commercial or industrial property, the winning buyer can seek the deed after six months.

Public Act 103-0555 effective January 1, 2024, eliminates the County's mandatory Scavenger Sale and allows the County or local governments to take control of properties if they are not purchased in the Annual Tax Sale. The County, like all other Illinois counties, can cease selling tax liens and instead work to connect chronically-delinquent, forfeited tax liens to new development opportunities.

Recent federal court decisions have challenged the constitutionality of tax sale systems similar to the Illinois tax sale system in other states. In December 2025, a federal court determined that the County's tax sale system is likewise unconstitutional based on those earlier rulings. In response to these rulings, the State enacted Public Act 104-0553, effective July 10, 2026, which makes significant amendments to the Property Tax Code (as hereinafter defined), including: (i) requiring that properties subject to tax deed proceedings be sold at a judicial tax deed auction to the highest bidder, rather than directly to the tax purchaser; (ii) entitling former property owners to receive any surplus proceeds from such auctions that exceed the amount of the tax deed judgment; (iii) establishing a surplus equity fund to compensate former owners who sustained losses from tax deeds recorded in the two years prior to the effective date of the legislation or from outstanding tax certificates issued prior to the effective date; (iv) enhancing notice requirements to property owners regarding tax sales, redemption rights, and tax deed auctions, including multilingual notice requirements in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants; and (v) establishing a pilot program in the County under which the county may acquire tax certificates for up to 100 homestead properties with the lowest tax amounts. The District makes no prediction as to the effect of such rulings or legislation on the State's tax sale process or on the District's receipt of property tax revenues.

TRUTH IN TAXATION LAW

Legislation known as the Truth in Taxation Law (the *"Law"*) limits the aggregate amount of certain taxes which can be levied by, and extended for, a taxing district to 105% of the amount of taxes extended in the preceding year unless specified notice, hearing and certification requirements are met by the taxing body. The express purpose of the Law is to require published disclosure of, and hearing upon, an intention to adopt a levy in excess of the specified levels. The provisions of the Law do not apply to levies made to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds.

The District covenanted in the Bond Resolution that it will not take any action or fail to take any action which would adversely affect the ability of the District to levy and collect the taxes levied by the District for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds. The District also covenanted that it and its officers will comply with all present and future applicable laws to assure that such taxes will be levied, extended, collected and deposited as provided in the Bond Resolution.

SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL PROFILE

ISBE utilizes a system for assessing a school district's financial health referred to as the *"School District Financial Profile"* which replaced the Financial Watch List and Financial Assurance and Accountability System. This system identifies those school districts which are moving into financial distress.

The system uses five indicators which are individually scored, placed into a category of a four, three, two or one, with four being the best possible, and weighted in order to arrive at a composite district financial profile. The indicators and the weights assigned to those indicators are as follows: fund balance to revenue ratio (35%); expenditures to revenue ratio (35%); days cash on hand (10%); percent of short-term borrowing ability remaining (10%); and percent of long-term debt margin remaining (10%).

The scores of the weighted indicators are totaled to obtain a district's overall score. The highest score is 4.0 and the lowest score is 1.0. A district is then placed in one of four categories as follows:

- *Financial Recognition*. A school district with a score of 3.54-4.00 is assigned to this category, which is the best category of financial strength. These districts require minimal or no active monitoring by ISBE unless requested by the district.

- *Financial Review.* A school district with a score of 3.08-3.53 is assigned to this category, the next highest financial strength category. These districts receive a limited review by ISBE, but are monitored for potential downward trends. ISBE staff also review the next year's school budget for further negative trends.

- *Financial Early Warning.* A school district with a score of 2.62-3.07 is placed in this category. ISBE monitors these districts closely and offers proactive technical assistance, such as financial projections and cash flow analysis. These districts also are reviewed to determine whether they meet the criteria set forth in Article 1A-8 of the School Code to be certified in financial difficulty and possibly qualify for a Financial Oversight Panel.

- *Financial Watch.* A school district with a score of 1.00-2.61 is in this category, the highest risk category. ISBE monitors these districts very closely and offers technical assistance with, but not limited to, financial projections, cash flow analysis, budgeting, personnel inventories and enrollment projections. These districts are also assessed to determine if they qualify for a Financial Oversight Panel.

For each school district, ISBE calculates an original financial profile score (the *"Original Score"*) and an adjusted financial profile score (the *"Adjusted Score"*). The Original Score is calculated based solely on such school district's audited financial statements as of the close of the most recent fiscal year. The Adjusted Score is calculated based initially on a school district's audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year, with adjustments made to reflect the impact on the Original Score of timing differences between such school district's actual and expected receipt of State payments, as required by Section 1A-8 of the School Code. ISBE has implemented this statutory requirement by adding in payments expected to be received during the calculation year but not actually received until the following fiscal year, as well as by subtracting certain State payments received during the current fiscal year but attributable to a prior fiscal year. Such adjustments may have a varying effect on a school district's Adjusted Score based on the amount of time by which such State payments are delayed and the accounting basis adopted by such school district. Due to the manner in which such requirement has been implemented by ISBE, a school district's Adjusted Score may be different than it otherwise would have been in certain years based on the scheduled receipt of State payments.

The following table sets forth the District's Original Scores and Adjusted Scores, as well as the designation assigned to each score, for each of the last five fiscal years (as released by ISBE in the calendar year following the conclusion of each fiscal year):

Fiscal Year (June 30)	Original Score	Designation Based on Original Score	Adjusted Score	Designation Based on Adjusted Score
2020	3.65	Recognition	3.65	Recognition
2021	4.00	Recognition	4.00	Recognition
2022	3.65	Recognition	3.65	Recognition
2023	3.65	Recognition	3.65	Recognition
2024	4.00	Recognition	4.00	Recognition

The Auditor has calculated the District's Original Score for fiscal year 2025 to be 3.65, which places the District in the Financial Recognition category. Such calculation of the Original Score is preliminary and may be different from the official Original Score released by ISBE. The District expects that ISBE will release its official Original Score and its Adjusted Score in calendar year 2026.

State Aid

General

The State provides aid to local school districts on an annual basis as part of the State's appropriation process. Many school districts throughout the State rely on such state aid as a significant part of their budgets. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, 6.63% of the District's General Fund revenue came from State funding sources. See *Exhibit D* to this Official Statement for more information concerning the breakdown of the District's revenue sources.

GENERAL STATE AID—EVIDENCE-BASED FUNDING MODEL

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, general State funds (*"General State Aid"*) have, pursuant to Public Act 100-0465, been distributed to school districts under the "Evidence-Based Funding Model". The Evidence-Based Funding Model sets forth a school funding formula that ties individual district funding to evidence-based best practices that certain research shows enhance student achievement in the classroom. Under the funding formula, ISBE will calculate an adequacy target (the *"Adequacy Target"*) each year for each district based upon its unique student population, regional wage differences and best practices. Each district will be placed in one of four tiers depending on how close the sum of its local resources available to support education (based on certain State resources and its expected property tax collections, its "Local Capacity Target", and its Base Funding Minimum (as hereinafter defined) are to its Adequacy Target; Tier One and Tier Two for those districts that are the furthest away from their Adequacy Targets and Tier Three and Tier Four for those districts that are the closest to (or above) their Adequacy Targets. For each school year, all State funds appropriated for General State Aid in excess of the amount needed to fund the Base Funding Minimum for all school districts (*"New State Funds"*) will be distributed to districts based on tier placement. Of any New State Funds available, Tier One receives 50%, Tier Two receives 49%, Tier Three receives 0.9%, and Tier Four receives 0.1%. Tier Two includes all Tier One districts for the purpose of the allocation percentages for New State Funds.

On June 16, 2026, Governor Pritzker signed the State's $55.9 billion general funds budget (Public Act 104-0464) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027 (the *"Fiscal Year 2027 Budget"*). The Fiscal Year 2027 Budget increased mandated categorical state aid by approximately $68 million. The Fiscal Year 2027 Budget also appropriated General State Aid in an amount $350 million greater than the appropriation in the prior fiscal year budget. Such additional General State Aid will be distributed to districts pursuant to the Evidence-Based Funding Model.

The Evidence-Based Funding Model also provides that each school district will be allocated at least as much in General State Aid in future years as it received in the most recently completed school year (such amount being the district's *"Base Funding Minimum"*). The Base Funding Minimum for the District for school year 2017-2018 was $2,326,954 (the *"Initial Base Funding Minimum"*). Mandated Categorical State Aid (as hereinafter defined) received by the District in fiscal year 2017, other than Mandated Categorical State Aid related to transportation and extraordinary special education, was included in the Initial Base Funding Minimum. Any New State Funds received by a district in a year become part of its Base Funding Minimum in the following year.

The following table sets forth the amounts received by the District pursuant to the Evidenced-Based Funding Model in each of the last four fiscal years, and the amounts expected to be received in fiscal years ending June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2027.

Fiscal Year	Evidence-Based Funding
2022	$2,336,403
2023	2,338,399
2024	2,267,203
2025	2,341,829
2026 (projected)	2,343,778
2027 (projected)[1]	2,345,880

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, through June 30, 2025, for historical amounts and ISBE for the amount projected for fiscal years ending June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2027. The projected amount of Evidenced-Based Funding for fiscal years ending June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2027, consist of the Base Funding Minimum plus anticipated New State Funds for fiscal years ending June 30, 2026 and June 30, 2027.

(1) For fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the District has been placed in Tier Four.

Property Tax Relief Pool Funds

For the purpose of encouraging high tax rate school districts to reduce property taxes, the Evidence-Based Funding Model also established a property tax relief grant program (the *"Property Tax Relief Pool"*). School districts must apply for the grant and indicate an amount of intended property tax relief, which relief may not be greater than 1% of EAV for a unit district, 0.69% of EAV for an elementary school district or 0.31% of EAV for a high school district, reduced, in each case, based on the Local Capacity Target of the applicant. Property Tax Relief Pool grants will be allocated to school districts based on each district's percentage of the simple average operating tax rate of all school districts of the same type (unit, elementary or high), in order of priority from highest percentage to lowest, until the Property Tax Relief Pool is exhausted. A school district which receives a Property Tax Relief Pool grant is required to abate its property tax levy by the amount of intended property tax relief for the levy year in which the grant is to be received, and the succeeding levy year. The difference between the amount of the grant and the amount of the abatement is based on a statutory calculation which takes into account relative Local Capacity Targets. Pursuant to such calculation, a school district with a low Local Capacity Target will be required to abate less than a school district with a high Local Capacity Target, assuming the amount of Property Tax Relief Pool grants received by the school districts are the same. Property Tax Relief Pool grants received by a school district are included in future calculations of that district's Base Funding Minimum, unless that district does not abate its property tax levy by the amount of intended property tax relief as described above. In the Fiscal Year 2027 Budget, $50 million of General State Aid was allocated to the Property Tax Relief Pool.

Mandated Categorical State Aid

Illinois school districts are entitled to reimbursement from the State for expenditures incurred in providing programs and services legally required to be available to students under State law. Such reimbursements, referred to as *"Mandated Categorical State Aid,"* are made to the school district in the fiscal year following the expenditure, *provided* that the school district files the paperwork necessary to inform the State of such an entitlement. From time to time, Mandated

Categorical State Aid payments from the State have been delayed and have been prorated as part of the appropriation process, as described below.

Prior to fiscal year 2018, the School Code provided for Mandated Categorical State Aid with respect to mandatory school programs relating to: (a) special education, (b) transportation, (c) free and reduced breakfast and lunch, and (d) orphanage tuition. Beginning with fiscal year 2018, Mandated Categorical State Aid is no longer the source of funding for mandatory school programs relating to special education, other than private facility tuition and transportation. Mandated Categorical State Aid received by a district in fiscal year 2017 for special education programming no longer available for Mandated Categorical State Aid in fiscal year 2018 is included in the Base Funding Minimum for that district.

In addition, although school districts are entitled to reimbursement for expenditures made under these programs, these reimbursements are subject to the State's appropriation process. In the event that the State does not appropriate an amount sufficient to fund fully the Mandated Categorical State Aid owed to each school district, the total Mandated Categorical State Aid is proportionally reduced such that each school district receives the same percentage of its Mandated Categorical State Aid request with respect to a specific category of such aid as every other school district.

In past years, the State has not fully funded all Mandated Categorical State Aid payments. Therefore, pursuant to the procedures discussed above, proportionate reductions in Mandated Categorical State Aid payments to school districts have occurred. However, because these programs are "mandatory" under the School Code, each school district must provide these programs regardless of whether such school district is reimbursed by the State for the related expenditures. No assurance can be given that the State will make appropriations in the future sufficient to fund fully the Mandatory Categorical State Aid requirements. As such, the District's revenues may be impacted in the future by increases or decreases in the level of funding appropriated by the State for Mandated Categorical State Aid.

COMPETITIVE GRANT STATE AID

The State also provides funds to school districts for expenditures incurred in providing additional programs that are allowed, but not mandated by, the School Code. In contrast to Mandated Categorical State Aid, such *"Competitive Grant State Aid"* is not guaranteed to a school district that provides these programs. Instead, a school district applying for Competitive Grant State Aid must compete with other school districts for the limited amount appropriated each year by the State for such program.

Competitive Grant State Aid is allocated, after appropriation by the State, among certain school districts selected by the State. The level of funding is annually determined separately for each category of aid based on the State's budget. This process does not guarantee that any funding will be available for Competitive Grant State Aid programs, even if a school district received such funding in a prior year. Therefore, school districts may incur expenditures with respect to certain Competitive Grant State Aid programs without any guarantee that the State will appropriate the money necessary to reimburse such expenditures.

Payment for Mandated Categorical State Aid and Competitive Grant State Aid

The State makes payments to school districts for Mandated Categorical State Aid and Competitive Grant State Aid (together, *"Categorical State Aid"*) in accordance with a voucher system involving ISBE. ISBE vouchers payments to the State on a periodic basis. The time between vouchers varies depending on the type of Categorical State Aid in question. For example, with respect to the categories of Mandated Categorical State Aid related to extraordinary special education and transportation, ISBE vouchers the State for payments on a quarterly basis. With respect to Competitive Grant State Aid, a payment schedule is established as part of the application process, and ISBE vouchers the State for payment in accordance with this payment schedule.

Once ISBE has vouchered the State for payment, the State is required to make the Categorical State Aid payments to the school districts. As a general matter, the State is required to make such payments within 90 days after the end of the State's fiscal year.

See *Exhibit D* for a summary of the District's general fund revenue sources.

Federal COVID-19 Funds Distributed to the District

The COVID-19 pandemic, along with various governmental measures taken to protect public health in light of the pandemic, has had an adverse impact on global economies, including economic conditions in the United States. In response to the pandemic, federal legislation, particularly the (i) Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (commonly known as ESSER I), (ii) the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2021 (commonly known as ESSER II), and (iii) the American Rescue Plan of 2021 (commonly known as ESSER III), was enacted to provide funds to mitigate the economic downturn and health care crisis caused by COVID-19.

The amount of funds the District received from ESSER I was \$384,406. The District received additional funds in the amount of \$1,490,817 pursuant to ESSER II. Finally, the District received \$3,351,062 of ESSER III funds.

Retirement Plans

The District participates in two defined benefit pension plans: (i) the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (*"TRS"*), which provides retirement benefits to the District's teaching employees, and (ii) the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (the *"IMRF"* and, together with TRS, the *"Pension Plans"*), which provides retirement benefits to the District's non-teaching employees. The District makes certain contributions to the Pension Plans on behalf of its employees, as further described in this section. The operations of the Pension Plans, including the contributions to be made to the Pension Plans, the benefits provided by the Pension Plans, and the actuarial assumptions and methods employed in generating the liabilities and contributions of the Pension Plans, are governed by the Illinois Pension Code, as amended (the *"Pension Code"*).

The following summarizes certain provisions of the Pension Plans and the funded status of the Pension Plans, as more completely described in Note 9 to the Audit, as hereinafter defined, attached hereto as APPENDIX A.

BACKGROUND REGARDING PENSION PLANS

The Actuarial Valuation

The disclosures in the Audit related to the Pension Plans are based in part on the actuarial valuations of the Pension Plans. In the actuarial valuations, the actuary for each of the Pension Plans measures the financial position of the Pension Plan, determines the amount to be contributed to a Pension Plan pursuant to statutory requirements, and produces information mandated by the financial reporting standards (the *"GASB Standards"*) issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (*"GASB"*), as described below.

In producing an actuarial valuation, the actuary for the Pension Plan uses demographic data (including employee age, salary and service credits), economic assumptions (including estimated future salary and interest rates), and decrement assumptions (including employee turnover, mortality and retirement rates) and employs various actuarial methods to generate the information required to be included in such valuation.

GASB Standards

The GASB Standards provide standards for financial reporting and accounting related to pension plans.

The GASB Standards require calculation and disclosure of a "Net Pension Liability" or "Net Pension Asset," which is the difference between the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service calculated pursuant to the methods and assumptions set forth in the GASB Standards (referred to in such statements as the *"Total Pension Liability"*) and the fair market value of the pension plan's assets (referred to as the *"Fiduciary Net Position"*).

Furthermore, the GASB Standards employ a rate, referred to in such statements as the *"Discount Rate,"* which is used to discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present values. The Discount Rate is a blended rate comprised of (1) a long-term expected rate of return on a pension plan's investments (to the extent that such assets are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate meeting certain specifications set forth in the GASB Standards.

Finally, the GASB Standards require that the Net Pension Liability be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements of the pension system and that a proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability be recognized on the balance sheet of the employer, and that an expense be recognized on the income statement of the employer.

Pension Plans Remain Governed by the Pension Code

As described above, the GASB Standards establish requirements for financial reporting purposes. However, the Pension Plans are ultimately governed by the provisions of the Pension Code in all respects, including, but not limited to, the amounts to be contributed by the District to the Pension Plans in each year.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

The District participates in TRS, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the General Assembly of the State (the *"General Assembly"*) for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers outside the City of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer, which includes all school districts located outside of the City of Chicago, to provide services for which teacher licensure is required.

The Pension Code sets the benefit provisions of TRS, which can only be amended by the General Assembly. The State maintains primary responsibility for the funding of the plan, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

For information relating to the actuarial assumptions and methods used by TRS, including the Discount Rate and the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate, see Note 9 to the Audit.

Employer Funding of Teachers' Retirement System

Under the Pension Code, active members contribute 9.0% of creditable earnings to TRS. The State makes the balance of employer contributions to the State on behalf of the District, except for a small portion contributed by the teacher's employer, such as the District. For the most recent five fiscal years, the sum of the amounts contributed by the District to TRS were as follows:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	TRS CONTRIBUTION
2021	$109,260
2022	101,889
2023	159,882
2024	101,303
2025	110,957

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, through June 30, 2025.

For information regarding additional contributions the District may be required to make to TRS with respect to certain salary increases and other programs, see Note 9 to the Audit.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

The District also participates in the IMRF, which is a defined-benefit, agent multiple employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for units of local government and school districts in the State. The IMRF is established and administered under statutes adopted by the General Assembly. The Pension Code sets the benefit provisions of the IMRF, which can only be amended by the General Assembly.

Each employer participating in the IMRF, including the District, has an employer reserve account with the IMRF separate and distinct from all other participating employers (the *"IMRF Account"*) along with a unique employer contribution rate determined by the IMRF Board of Trustees (the *"IMRF Board"*), as described below. The employees of a participating employer receive benefits solely from such employer's IMRF Account. Participating employers are not responsible for funding the deficits of other participating employers.

The IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information which may be viewed at the IMRF's website.

See Note 9 to the Audit for additional information on the IMRF.

Contributions

Both employers and employees contribute to the IMRF. At present, employees contribute 4.50% of their salary to the IMRF, as established by statute. Employers are required to make all additional contributions necessary to fund the benefits provided by the IMRF to its employees. The annual rate at which an employer must contribute to the IMRF is established by the IMRF Board. The District's contribution rate for calendar year 2025 was 2.06% of covered payroll.

For the most recent five fiscal years, the District contributed the following amounts to IMRF:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	IMRF CONTRIBUTIONS
2021	$376,250
2022	198,895
2023	88,113
2024	60,200
2025	96,595

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, through June 30, 2025.

Measures of Financial Position

The following table presents the measures of the IMRF Account's financial position as of December 31 for the five most recent calendar years, which are presented pursuant to the GASB Standards.

Calendar Year Ended December 31	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	Discount Rate
2020	$29,471,794	$34,056,310	$(4,584,516)	115.56%	7.25%
2021	30,539,377	38,568,050	(8,028,673)	126.29%	7.25%
2022	31,231,369	31,470,473	(239,104)	100.77%	7.25%
2023	32,533,437	34,279,151	(1,745,714)	105.37%	7.25%
2024	33,443,318	35,500,914	(2,057,596)	106.15%	7.25%

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, through June 30, 2025.

See Note 9 to the Audit, for additional information on the IMRF.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the *"Retirees Health Plan"*). The Retirees Health Plan provides health insurance contributions for eligible retirees and their dependents through the District's group health insurance plan which covers both active and retired members. The District's annual other postemployment benefit (*"OPEB"*) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer. The District contributed $44,635 to the Retirees Health Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and the Retirees Health Plan had an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of $2,392,747 as of June 30, 2025. For more information regarding the District's OPEB obligations and the Retirees Health Plan, see Note 10 of the Audit.

TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE SECURITY FUND

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund (the *"THIS Fund"*), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of TRS.

The State maintains primary responsibility for funding, but contributions from participating employers and members are also required. For more information regarding the District's THIS Fund obligation, see Note 10 to the Audit.

BOND RATING

Moody's has assigned the Bonds a rating of "Aa1". This rating reflect only the views of Moody's. An explanation of the methodology for such rating may be obtained from Moody's. Certain information concerning the Bonds and the District not included in this Official Statement may have been furnished to Moody's by the District. There is no assurance that the rating will be maintained for any given period of time or that such rating will not be changed by Moody's if, in such rating agency's judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any downward change in or withdrawal of the rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds.

Except as may be required by the Undertaking described below under the heading "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE," the form of which is attached hereto as APPENDIX C, neither the District nor the Underwriter undertakes responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Bonds any proposed change in or withdrawal of the rating or to oppose any such revision or withdrawal.

TAX EXEMPTION

Federal tax law contains a number of requirements and restrictions which apply to the Bonds, including investment restrictions, periodic payments of arbitrage profits to the United States, requirements regarding the proper use of bond proceeds and the facilities financed therewith, and certain other matters. The District has covenanted to comply with all requirements that must be satisfied in order for the interest on the Bonds to be excludible from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with certain of such covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to become includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

Subject to the District's compliance with the above-referenced covenants, under present law, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the Bonds is excludible from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and is not includible as an item of tax preference in computing the federal alternative minimum tax for individuals under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the *"Code"*). Interest on the Bonds may affect the corporate alternative minimum tax for certain corporations.

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon certifications of the District with respect to certain material facts within the District's knowledge. Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of the law and the facts that it deems relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result.

Ownership of the Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, corporations subject to the branch profits tax, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, certain S corporations, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred (or continued) indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors as to applicability of any such collateral consequences.

The issue price for original issue discount (as further discussed below) and market discount purposes (the *"OID Issue Price"*) for each maturity of the Bonds is the price at which a substantial amount of such maturity of the Bonds is first sold to the public (excluding bond houses and brokers and similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). The OID Issue Price of a maturity of the Bonds may be different from the price set forth, or the price corresponding to the yield set forth, on the inside cover page hereof.

If the OID Issue Price of a maturity of the Bonds is less than the principal amount payable at maturity, the difference between the OID Issue Price of each such maturity, if any, of the Bonds (the *"OID Bonds"*) and the principal amount payable at maturity is original issue discount.

For an investor who purchases an OID Bond in the initial public offering at the OID Issue Price for such maturity and who holds such OID Bond to its stated maturity, subject to the condition that the District complies with the covenants discussed above, (a) the full amount of original issue discount with respect to such OID Bond constitutes interest which is excludible from the gross income of the owner thereof for federal income tax purposes; (b) such owner will not realize taxable capital gain or market discount upon payment of such OID Bond at its stated maturity; (c) such original issue discount is not includible as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals under the Code; and (d) the accretion of original issue discount in each year may result in certain collateral federal income tax consequences in each year even though a corresponding cash payment may not be received until a later year. Based upon the stated position of the Department under State income tax law, accreted original issue discount on such OID Bonds is subject to taxation as it accretes, even though there may not be a corresponding cash payment until a later year. Owners of OID Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of original issue discount on such OID Bonds.

Owners of Bonds who dispose of Bonds prior to the stated maturity (whether by sale, redemption or otherwise), purchase Bonds in the initial public offering, but at a price different from the OID Issue Price or purchase Bonds subsequent to the initial public offering should consult their own tax advisors.

If a Bond is purchased at any time for a price that is less than the Bond's stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of an OID Bond, its OID Issue Price plus accreted original issue discount (the *"Revised Issue Price"*), the purchaser will be treated as having purchased a Bond with market discount subject to the market discount rules of the Code (unless a statutory *de minimis* rule applies). Accrued market discount is treated as taxable ordinary income and is recognized when a Bond is disposed of (to the extent such accrued discount does not exceed gain realized) or, at the purchaser's election, as it accrues. Such treatment would apply to any purchaser who purchases an OID Bond for a price that is less than its Revised Issue Price. The applicability of the market discount rules may adversely affect the liquidity or secondary market price of such Bond. Purchasers should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential implications of market discount with respect to the Bonds.

An investor may purchase a Bond at a price in excess of its stated principal amount. Such excess is characterized for federal income tax purposes as "bond premium" and must be amortized by an investor on a constant yield basis over the remaining term of the Bond in a manner that takes into account potential call dates and call prices. An investor cannot deduct amortized bond premium relating to a tax-exempt bond. The amortized bond premium is treated as a reduction in the tax-exempt interest received. As bond premium is amortized, it reduces the investor's basis in the Bond. Investors who purchase a Bond at a premium should consult their own tax advisors regarding the amortization of bond premium and its effect on the Bond's basis for purposes of computing gain or loss in connection with the sale, exchange, redemption or early retirement of the Bond.

There are or may be pending in Congress legislative proposals, including some that carry retroactive effective dates, that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

The Service has an ongoing program of auditing tax-exempt obligations to determine whether, in the view of the Service, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includible in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. It cannot be predicted whether or not the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the Service may treat the District as a taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. The commencement of an audit could adversely affect the market value and liquidity of the Bonds until the audit is concluded, regardless of the ultimate outcome.

Payments of interest on, and proceeds of the sale, redemption or maturity of, tax-exempt obligations, including the Bonds, are in certain cases required to be reported to the Service. Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any Bond owner who fails to provide an accurate Form W-9 Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification, or a substantially identical form, or to any Bond owner who is notified by the Service of a failure to report any interest or dividends required to be shown on federal income tax returns. The reporting and backup withholding requirements do not affect the excludability of such interest from gross income for federal tax purposes.

Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present State income taxes. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other state and local tax consequences to certain taxpayers. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any such state and local taxes.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The District will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the *"Undertaking"*) for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to send certain information annually and to provide notice of certain events to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the *"MSRB"*) pursuant to the requirements of the Rule. No person, other than the District, has undertaken, or is otherwise expected, to provide continuing disclosure with respect to the Bonds. The information to be provided on an annual basis, the events which will be noticed on an occurrence basis and a statement of other terms of the Undertaking, including termination, amendment and remedies, are set forth in the form of the Undertaking, attached hereto as APPENDIX C.

The District failed to file audited financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, with the MSRB's Electronic Municipal Market Access System (*"EMMA"*) in such time as required by prior undertakings. Such audited financial statements have since been filed. A failure by the District to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute a default under the Bond Resolution and beneficial owners of the Bonds are limited to the remedies described in the Undertaking. The District must report any failure to comply with the Undertaking in accordance with the Rule. Any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer must consider such report before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 (the *"Audit"*), contained in Appendix A, including the independent auditor's report accompanying the Audit, have been prepared by Eccezion, McHenry, Illinois (the *"Auditor"*), and approved by formal action of the Board. The District has not requested the Auditor to update information contained in the Audit nor has the District requested that the Auditor consent to the use of the Audit in this Official Statement. Other than as expressly set forth in this Official Statement, the financial information contained in the Audit has not been updated since the date of the Audit. The inclusion of the Audit in this Official Statement in and of itself is not intended to demonstrate the fiscal condition of the District since the date of the Audit.

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants (*"Direct Participants"*) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (*"DTCC"*). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (*"Indirect Participants"*). DTC has an S&P Global Ratings rating of "AA+". The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Commission. More information about DTC can be found at **www.dtcc.com**.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (*"Beneficial Owner"*) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detailed information from the District or Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from DTC, and the District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

The District will have no responsibility or obligation to any Securities Depository, any Participants in the Book-Entry System or the Beneficial Owners with respect to (a) the accuracy of any records maintained by the Securities Depository or any Participant; (b) the payment by the Securities Depository or by any Participant of any amount due to any Beneficial Owner in respect of the principal amount or redemption price of, or interest on, any Bonds; (c) the delivery of any notice by the Securities Depository or any Participant; (d) the selection of the Beneficial Owners to receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of the Bonds; or (e) any other action taken by the Securities Depository or any Participant.

Certain Legal Matters

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinion of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois (*"Chapman and Cutler"*), Bond Counsel, who has been retained by, and acts as, Bond Counsel to the District. Chapman and Cutler has also been retained by the District to serve as Disclosure Counsel to the District with respect to the Bonds. Although as Disclosure Counsel to the District, Chapman and Cutler has assisted the District with certain disclosure matters, Chapman and Cutler has not undertaken to independently verify the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any of the statements contained in this Official Statement or other offering material related to the Bonds and does not guarantee the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such information. Chapman and Cutler's engagement as Disclosure Counsel was undertaken solely at the request and for the benefit of the District, to assist it in discharging its responsibility with respect to this Official Statement, and not for the benefit of any other person (including any person purchasing Bonds from the Underwriter), and did not include any obligation to establish or confirm factual matters, forecasts, projections, estimates or any other financial or economic information in connection therewith. Further, Chapman and Cutler makes no representation as to the suitability of the Bonds for investment by any investor.

No Litigation

No litigation is now pending or threatened restraining the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity or enforceability of the Bonds or any proceedings of the District taken with respect to the issuance or sale thereof. A certificate to this effect will be delivered by the District with the other customary closing papers when the Bonds are delivered.

Underwriting

Pursuant to the terms of a Bond Purchase Agreement (the *"Agreement"*) between the District and Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Chicago, Illinois (the *"Underwriter"*), the Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Bonds at an aggregate purchase price of $___________. The purchase price will produce an underwriting spread of ____% of principal amount if all Bonds are sold at the initial offering prices. The Agreement provides that the obligation of the Underwriter is subject to certain conditions precedent and that the Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the Bonds if any of the Bonds are purchased. The Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers (including dealers depositing such Bonds into investment trusts, accounts or funds) and others at prices different than the initial public offering price. After the initial public offering, the public offering price of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

AUTHORIZATION

This Official Statement has been approved by the District for distribution to prospective purchasers of the Bonds. The Board, acting through authorized officers, will provide to the Underwriter at the time of delivery of the Bonds, a certificate confirming that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, this Official Statement, together with any supplements thereto, as of the date hereof, and at the time of delivery of the Bonds, was true and correct in all material respects and did not at any time contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated where necessary to make the statements therein in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

/s/

Assistant Superintendent of Business and Operations/CSBO
School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois

September __, 2026

EXHIBIT A — COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021-2025

	ED[1]	O&M	DEBT SERVICE	TRANS	IMRF	CAP PROJECTS	WORKING CASH	TORT	FIRE	TOTAL
Beginning Balance[2]	$21,814,790	$3,069,169	$2,624,094	$2,751,948	$1,760,912	$328,287	$23,684,559	$745,947	$0	$56,779,706
Revenues	29,493,379	3,601,313	2,268,795	1,060,502	821,391	10,888	250,924	256,224	0	37,763,416
Expenditures	26,896,907	2,649,800	2,167,443	1,331,678	890,253	2,623,058	0	242,619	0	36,801,758
Net Transfers	2,000,000	250,000	0	0	0	2,750,000	(5,000,000)	0	0	0
Other Sources (Uses)	232,980	15,040	0	345,064	0	0	0	0	0	593,084
Ending Balance, 6/30/21	$26,644,242	$4,285,722	$2,725,446	$2,825,836	$1,692,050	$466,117	$18,935,483	$759,552	$0	$58,334,448
Beginning Balance	$26,644,242	$4,285,722	$2,725,446	$2,825,836	$1,692,050	$466,117	$18,935,483	$759,552	$0	$58,334,448
Revenues	29,626,076	3,194,455	2,001,485	821,026	648,450	(46,432)	(1,183,312)	166,400	0	35,228,148
Expenditures	29,421,560	2,766,809	2,480,368	1,382,062	762,858	4,171,829	0	158,602	0	41,144,088
Net Transfers	(310,310)	(1,000,000)	310,310	0	0	4,500,000	(3,500,000)	0	0	0
Other Sources (Uses)	752,514	0	0	159,367	0	0	0	0	0	911,881
Ending Balance, 6/30/22	$27,290,962	$3,713,368	$2,556,873	$2,424,167	$1,577,642	$747,856	$14,252,171	$767,350	$0	$53,330,389
Beginning Balance	$27,290,962	$3,713,368	$2,556,873	$2,424,167	$1,577,642	$747,856	$14,252,171	$767,350	$0	$53,330,389
Revenues	31,843,204	3,830,770	2,356,048	1,028,005	740,603	62,821	(573,165)	163,945	0	39,452,231
Expenditures	29,922,668	3,176,636	3,757,393	1,462,297	704,165	4,198,873	0	334,325	0	43,556,357
Net Transfers	0	(500,000)	0	0	0	4,000,000	(3,500,000)	0	0	0
Other Sources (Uses)	(307,858)	0	307,858	76,222	0	0	10,640,120	0	0	10,716,342
Ending Balance, 6/30/23	$28,903,640	$3,867,502	$1,463,386	$2,066,097	$1,614,080	$611,804	$20,819,126	$596,970	$0	$59,942,605
Beginning Balance	$28,903,640	$3,867,502	$1,463,386	$2,066,097	$1,614,080	$611,804	$20,819,126	$596,970	$0	$59,942,605
Revenues	32,698,843	5,238,552	2,321,226	1,367,917	772,130	57,341	1,468,901	139,313	0	44,064,223
Expenditures	31,825,188	3,051,175	2,473,300	2,441,588	720,167	11,320,526	0	325,360	0	52,157,304
Net Transfers	(1,229)	(1,000,000)	1,229	0	0	8,500,000	(7,500,000)	0	0	0
Other Sources (Uses)	(223,996)	0	309,081	516,101	0	0	0	0	0	601,186
Ending Balance, 6/30/24[3]	$29,552,070	$5,054,879	$1,621,622	$1,508,527	$1,666,043	$(2,151,381)	$14,788,027	$410,923	$0	$52,450,710
Beginning Balance	$29,552,070	$5,054,879	$1,621,622	$1,508,527	$1,666,043	$(2,151,381)	$14,788,027	$410,923	$0	$52,450,710
Revenues	30,751,580	6,178,478	2,519,533	1,732,509	811,768	58,720	1,441,641	141,724	0	43,635,953
Expenditures	35,485,747	3,098,073	2,550,541	2,659,445	766,829	13,195,590	0	385,280	0	58,141,505
Net Transfers	(316,586)	0	316,586	0	0	13,000,000	(13,000,000)	0	0	0
Other Sources (Uses)	1,169,945	0	0	0	0	0	6,104,672	0	0	7,274,617
Ending Balance, 6/30/25	$25,671,262	$8,135,284	$1,907,200	$581,591	$1,710,982	$(2,288,251)	$9,334,340	$167,367	$0	$45,219,775

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 - June 30, 2025.
(1) Excludes payments made by the State to TRS with respect to District employees, commonly referred to as "on-behalf" payments.
(2) Restated to include student activity funds pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.
(3) The District's fund balances have been spent down according to its capital improvement plan.

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EXHIBIT B — BUDGET VS ACTUAL, FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

	BUDGET	ACTUAL
REVENUES		
OPERATING FUNDS		
Educational	$31,904,850	$30,985,198
O&M	6,266,000	6,856,764
Transportation	1,495,500	2,441,163
IMRF	859,500	804,120
Working Cash	325,000	362,101
Tort	165,000	263,246
TOTAL OPERATING FUNDS	$41,015,850	$41,712,592
NON-OPERATING FUNDS		
Debt Service	$ 2,415,000	$ 2,881,741
Capital Projects	20,000	296,378
Fire Prevention & Safety	0	0
TOTAL NON-OPERATING FUNDS	2,435,000	3,178,119
TOTAL REVENUES	$43,450,850	$44,890,711
EXPENDITURES		
OPERATING FUNDS		
Educational	$36,894,658	$36,695,002
O&M	2,942,825	3,189,652
Transportation	1,774,825	2,589,590
IMRF	873,150	826,684
Working Cash	0	0
Tort	408,000	544,603
TOTAL OPERATING FUNDS	$42,893,458	$43,845,531
NON-OPERATING FUNDS		
Debt Service	2,250,000	2,724,560
Capital Projects	24,460,000	18,431,661
Fire Prevention & Safety	0	3,030
TOTAL NON-OPERATING FUNDS	$26,710,000	$21,159,251
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$69,603,458	$65,004,782

Source: The District, based on the District's Budget and unaudited financial information of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026.
(1) Excludes payments made by the State to TRS with respect to District employees, commonly referred to as "on-behalf" payments.

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EXHIBIT C — TENTATIVE BUDGET, FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2027

	ED[1]	O&M	DEBT SERVICE	TRANS	IMRF	CAP PROJECTS	WORKING CASH	TORT	FIRE	TOTAL
FUND BALANCE AS OF 7/1/26	$14,789,495	$5,243,329	$2,159,364	$0	$1,769,502	$7,582,674	$308,805	$0	$0	$31,853,169
ESTIMATED REVENUE	33,731,150	6,505,000	2,827,500	2,456,500	851,500	25,000	395,100	158,000	0	46,949,750
ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES	38,191,360	3,222,675	2,650,000	2,446,725	772,500	3,550,000	0	5,000	0	50,838,260
OTHER[2]	7,254,889	0	0	0	0	0	5,745,111	0	0	13,000,000
ESTIMATED FUND BALANCE 6/30/27	$17,584,174	$8,525,654	$2,336,864	$9,775	$1,848,502	$4,057,674	$6,449,016	$153,000	$0	$40,964,659

Source: Tentative Budget for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2027. The beginning fund balances were estimated by the District at the time the budget was adopted. Consequently, such balances may not match the ending fund balances set forth in the District's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2027.

(1) Excludes payments made by the State to TRS with respect to District employees, commonly referred to as "on-behalf" payments..

(2) Includes proceeds of the Bonds.

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EXHIBIT D — GENERAL FUND REVENUE SOURCES,
FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021-2025

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025
Local Sources	81.33%	78.72%	84.04%	84.76%	87.69%
State Sources	7.84%	7.70%	6.93%	6.94%	6.63%
Federal Sources	10.83%	13.58%	9.04%	8.29%	5.67%
TOTAL	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: The audited financial statements of the District for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021-June 30, 2025. For purposes of this Exhibit, the General Fund includes the Educational Fund and the Operations and Maintenance Fund. Excludes payments made by the State to TRS with respect to District employees, commonly referred to as “on-behalf” payments.

APPENDIX A

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

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SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education
Skokie School District No. 68
Skokie, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of

Skokie School District No. 68

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Skokie School District No. 68 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 16 to the financial statements, during the year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Skokie School District No. 68's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Skokie School District No. 68's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information, except for the average daily attendance figure included in the computation of operating expense per pupil and per capita tuition charges, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2025 on our consideration of Skokie School District No. 68's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Skokie School District No. 68's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eccezion

Eccezion
Strategic Business Solutions

McHenry, Illinois
December 9, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Education
Skokie School District No. 68
Skokie, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of

Skokie School District No. 68

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Skokie School District No. 68's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Skokie School District No. 68's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Skokie School District No. 68's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Skokie School District No. 68's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Skokie School District No. 68's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2025-001.

Skokie School District No. 68's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on Skokie School District No. 68's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Skokie School District No. 68's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eccezion

Eccezion
Strategic Business Solutions

McHenry, Illinois
December 9, 2025

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

As management of Skokie School District No. 68 (District), we offer readers of the District's statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, less its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Governmental activities include instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, transportation, food services, and certain other activities and expenses such as payments to other districts and governmental units, and interest and fees.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages listed in the table of contents.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Operations and Maintenance, Debt Services, Transportation, Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security, Capital Projects, and Tort Funds, all of which the District considers to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement, which is required supplementary information, has been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic fund financial statements and the required supplementary information can be found on the pages listed in the table of contents.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on the pages listed in the table of contents.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the District's progress in meeting its obligation to provide fully adequate educational services and extracurricular activities to all of its resident's students.

Supplemental financial information can be found on the pages listed in the table of contents.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by $78,827,503 at June 30, 2025. The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Skokie School District No. 68's Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	$ 66,562,118	$ 73,584,574
Capital Assets	61,896,846	52,115,018
Net Pension Asset	1,446,138	1,446,138
Total Assets	$ 129,905,102	$ 127,145,730
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB Expense/Revenue	$ 695,443	$ 639,358
Pension Expense/Revenue	1,222,852	2,243,084
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	$ 1,918,295	$ 2,882,442
Liabilities		
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	$ 13,767,541	$ 8,994,988
Net Pension Liability	1,407,886	1,337,917
Net OPEB Obligation	6,930,825	6,530,091
Other Liabilities	2,885,989	4,103,458
Total Liabilities	$ 24,992,241	$ 20,966,454
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	$ 17,918,417	$ 16,730,830
OPEB Expense/Revenue	9,969,256	12,129,543
Pension Expense/Revenue	115,980	182,834
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$ 28,003,653	$ 29,043,207
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	$ 58,078,132	$ 47,578,638
Restricted	11,764,267	6,330,334
Unrestricted	8,985,104	26,109,539
Total Net Position	$ 78,827,503	$ 80,018,511

One portion of the District’s net position (74%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, etc.); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these assets to provide educational services and extracurricular activities for the students of the local community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District’s investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Skokie School District No. 68's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	$ 751,768	$ 834,285
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,216,221	13,730,308
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	32,575,974	33,020,357
Other Taxes	1,176,455	1,754,389
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Activities	2,341,829	2,267,203
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	3,976,373	2,322,529
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	229,814	85,085
Miscellaneous	142,090	13,526
Total Revenues	$ 53,410,524	$ 54,027,682
Expenditures		
Instruction		
Regular Programs	$ 14,120,294	$ 12,757,106
Special Education Programs	3,046,606	2,848,849
Other Instructional Programs	2,225,963	1,908,402
Student Activity Fund	16,302	14,378
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	9,878,374
Support Services		
Pupils	2,052,646	1,732,914
Instructional Staff	1,080,254	1,137,337
General Administration	3,793,114	3,262,836
School Administration	1,363,402	1,251,175
Business	701,762	625,945
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	2,483,052	2,297,764
Operations and Maintenance	3,443,119	2,893,497
Transportation	2,339,697	1,897,236
Food Services	859,633	743,177
Central	1,500,031	1,270,212
Community Services	456,685	413,558
Intergovernmental Payments		
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	5,023,827	3,719,006
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	461,933	232,757
Depreciation - Unallocated	86,027	78,216
Total Expenditures	$ 54,601,532	$ 48,962,739
Change in Net Position	$ (1,191,008)	$ 5,064,943
Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year	80,018,511	74,953,568
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	$ 78,827,503	$ 80,018,511

The District's total revenues decreased $617,158 (-1%) compared to the prior year. The most significant factors of this decrease were decreases in Property Taxes and Operating Grants and Contributions, which were partially offset by an increase in Unrestricted Investment Earnings.

The District's total expenditures increased $5,638,793 (12%) compared to the prior year. The most significant factors of this increase were increases in Instruction – Regular Programs and Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported combined ending fund balances of $45,219,775, a decrease of $7,230,935 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 72% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. Of the remaining fund balance, 8% constitutes assigned fund balance, while the remainder of the fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for specific purposes or is nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2025, unassigned fund balance was $34,981,435. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 78% of total General Fund expenditures.

The General Fund's fund balance decreased by $9,334,495, which includes other financing sources (uses) of $6,041,969 during the year ended June 30, 2025. Revenues decreased compared to prior year due to decreases in property taxes, federal aid revenue, offset by increases in earnings on investments. Expenditures increased mainly due to increases in instruction – regular, capital outlay expenditures, as well as payments to other districts and governmental units.

The Operations and Maintenance Fund balance increased by $3,080,405. This increase is mainly due to an increase in property tax revenue and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures.

The Debt Services Fund balance increased by $285,578, which includes net transfers in of $316,586. This was caused by an increase in property taxes.

The Transportation Fund balance decreased by $926,936. While property taxes and state aid revenue increased compared to the prior year, transportation expenses increased as well, while there were no other financing sources in the current year.

The Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund balance increase by $44,939. This is primarily attributable to an increase in earnings on investments.

The Capital Projects Fund balance decreased by $136,870, which includes transfers in of $13,000,000. This decrease is mainly due to an increase in facilities acquisition and construction, and capital outlay expenditures.

The Tort Fund balance decreased by $243,556. There was a slight increase in insurance expenditures compared to the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by $9,216,382. This was primarily attributable to the District not budgeting for On-Behalf Retirement Contributions of $9,544,757. Actual earnings on investments were significantly higher than the budgeted amount.

Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by $9,174,325. This was primarily attributable to the District not budgeting for On-Behalf Retirement Contributions of $9,544,757. Expenditures for instruction – regular programs were less than budgeted, while payments to other districts, capital outlay and governmental units related to special education were higher than budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets – The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2025 amounts to $61,896,846 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment other than transportation, transportation equipment, and construction in progress.

Significant capital asset events during the year ended June 30, 2025 include:

- Purchase of new buses in the amount of $624,790
- Devonshire & Highland Elementary School renovations in the amount of $5,559,208
- Devonshire Elementary School roof replacement project in the amount of $1,002,871
- Construction in progress is due to the District having an ongoing 2025 Summer Interior Renovation Project, as well as, a new Early Learning Center being built.

The following table presents a summary of capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Skokie School District No. 68's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Land	$ 1,080,496	$ 1,080,496
Buildings	46,786,107	36,798,988
Improvements Other than Buildings	6,993,813	7,237,513
Equipment Other than Transportation	2,508,527	1,417,886
Transportation Equipment	1,221,735	951,982
Construction in Progress	3,306,168	4,628,153
Total	$ 61,896,846	$ 52,115,018

Further detail of the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-term debt – At June 30, 2025, the District had total debt outstanding of $13,315,078.

The following table presents a summary of outstanding debt for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

Skokie School District No. 68's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
General Obligation Bonds	$ 6,085,000	$ 7,965,000
Lease/Purchase Agreements	7,230,078	987,691
Total	$ 13,315,078	$ 8,952,691

Principal payments on all outstanding debt were $2,342,744 during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Further detail of the District's debt obligations can be found in Note 6 of this report.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Financial Reserves and Fund Balances: The district maintains a strong fund balance of $45.2 million, but recent years have seen a decline in district capital improvements. Ensuring sustainable reserve levels will be necessary for future financial stability.

Revenue Dependence on Local Property Taxes: Nearly 76% of the district's revenue comes from local sources, primarily property taxes. Any changes in these revenues will significantly impact district operations.

Increase in Tax Base: The district's tax base increased by $444 million (2.4%) from tax year 2023 to 2024, reaching a total Equalized Assessed Valuation (EAV) of $1,202,794,230.

New Property Growth: While new property provides some tax relief, growth has generally been stable. However, in 2023, new property additions totaled over $400 million.

Investment Revenue Growth: Investment earnings have significantly increased, adding over $3.9 million in revenue, which helps offset other rising costs.

Capital Improvement Projects: Ongoing and future capital projects, including renovations at Devonshire and Highland Elementary School, the new Early Childhood Center will be complete in the spring of 2026, and other facility upgrades, will require continued investment and long-term financial planning.

Technology and Digital Learning Investments: Continued funding for classroom technology, cybersecurity, and digital infrastructure ensures students and teachers have access to modern learning tools.

Future Sustainability Efforts: Potential investments in geo-thermal for Devonshire, Highland and the new Early Childhood Center as well as energy-efficient HVAC systems, solar energy projects, and environmentally responsible building materials to reduce operational costs and carbon footprint.

By leveraging its strong financial position, growing tax base, and recent school improvements, Skokie School District 68 is well-positioned for future success while proactively addressing challenges in enrollment, costs, and funding constraints.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District’s finances and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report or additional information is needed, please contact the District at: Skokie School District No. 68, 9440 Kenton Avenue, Skokie, IL 60076.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 46,953,549
Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of $354,995	18,121,074
Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of $0	134,122
Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of $0	565,185
Prepaid Items	176,730
Pension Asset - IMRF	2,057,596
Capital Assets:	
Land	1,080,496
Construction in Progress	3,306,168
Depreciable Buildings, Property, and Equipment, net of depreciation	57,510,182
Total Assets	$ 129,905,102
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB Expense/Revenue - IMRF	$ 269,524
OPEB Expense/Revenue - THIS	425,919
Pension Expense/Revenue - IMRF	1,050,812
Pension Expense/Revenue - TRS	172,040
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	$ 1,918,295
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	$ 2,767,648
Payroll Liabilities	44,820
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	
Long-Term Debt	2,847,393
Other Long-Term Liabilities	127,124
Total OPEB Obligation - IMRF	73,521
Due in More Than One Year	
Long-Term Debt	10,467,685
Other Long-Term Liabilities	325,339
Net Pension Liability - TRS	1,407,886
Total OPEB Obligation - IMRF	2,319,226
Net OPEB Obligation - THIS	4,611,599
Total Liabilities	$ 24,992,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	$ 17,918,417
OPEB Expense/Revenue - IMRF	473,741
OPEB Expense/Revenue - THIS	9,495,515
Pension Expense/Revenue - TRS	115,980
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$ 28,003,653
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	$ 58,078,132
Restricted for:	
Operations and Maintenance	6,003,059
Debt Service	1,218,549
Retirement	4,488,434
Activity Funds	24,167
Tort	30,058
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	8,985,104
Total Net Position	$ 78,827,503

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs				
Governmental Activities				
Instruction				
Regular Programs	$ 14,120,294	$ 96,238	$ 767,069	$ (13,256,987)
Special Education Programs	3,046,606	-	618,026	(2,428,580)
Other Instructional Programs	2,225,963	312,281	184	(1,913,498)
Student Activity Fund	16,302	9,770	-	(6,532)
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	9,544,757	-
Support Services				
Pupils	2,052,646	-	98,330	(1,954,316)
Instructional Staff	1,080,254	-	-	(1,080,254)
General Administration	3,793,114	-	-	(3,793,114)
School Administration	1,363,402	-	-	(1,363,402)
Business	701,762	-	-	(701,762)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	2,483,052	-	-	(2,483,052)
Operations and Maintenance	3,443,119	56,174	9,000	(3,377,945)
Transportation	2,339,697	60,250	460,238	(1,819,209)
Food Services	859,633	217,055	656,763	14,185
Central	1,500,031	-	-	(1,500,031)
Other Support Services	2,428	-	-	(2,428)
Community Services	456,685	-	-	(456,685)
Intergovernmental Payments				
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	5,023,827	-	61,854	(4,961,973)
Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	461,933	-	-	(461,933)
Depreciation - Unallocated	86,027	-	-	(86,027)
Total Governmental Activities	$ 54,601,532	$ 751,768	$ 12,216,221	$ (41,633,543)

General Revenues	
Taxes	
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	$ 30,155,481
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	2,420,493
Personal Property Replacement Taxes	1,176,455
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Activities	2,341,829
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	3,976,373
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Leases	229,814
Miscellaneous Income	142,090
Total General Revenues	$ 40,442,535
Change in Net Position	$ (1,191,008)
Net Position - July 1, 2024	80,018,511
Net Position - June 30, 2025	$ 78,827,503

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund	Debt Services Fund	Transportation Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Tort Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 34,438,861	$ 8,189,128	$ 1,903,492	$ 631,072	$ 1,709,773	$ 54,483	$ 26,740	$ 46,953,549
Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of $354,995	12,405,141	3,256,376	1,430,175	581,697	389,652	-	58,033	18,121,074
Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of $0	134,122	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,122
Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of $0	540,746	6,547	3,708	1,944	1,250	10,902	88	565,185
Prepaid Items	-	-	-	36,191	-	-	140,539	176,730
Total Assets	$ 47,518,870	$ 11,452,051	$ 3,337,375	$ 1,250,904	$ 2,100,675	$ 65,385	$ 225,400	$ 65,950,660
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenditures	$ 266,177	$ 60,391	$ -	$ 87,444	$ -	$ 2,353,636	$ -	$ 2,767,648
Payroll Liabilities	44,820	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,820
Total Liabilities	$ 310,997	$ 60,391	$ -	$ 87,444	$ -	$ 2,353,636	$ -	$ 2,812,468
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	$ 12,202,271	$ 3,256,376	$ 1,430,175	$ 581,869	$ 389,693	$ -	$ 58,033	$ 17,918,417
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$ 12,202,271	$ 3,256,376	$ 1,430,175	$ 581,869	$ 389,693	$ -	$ 58,033	$ 17,918,417
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid Expenditures	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 36,191	$ -	$ -	$ 140,539	$ 176,730
Restricted								
Operations and Maintenance	-	6,003,059	-	-	-	-	-	6,003,059
Debt Services	-	-	1,218,549	-	-	-	-	1,218,549
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund/Social Security	-	-	-	-	1,380,026	-	-	1,380,026
Tort	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,058	30,058
Activity Funds	24,167	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,167
Assigned								
Operations and Maintenance	-	2,132,225	-	-	-	-	-	2,132,225
Debt Services	-	-	688,651	-	-	-	-	688,651
Transportation	-	-	-	545,400	-	-	-	545,400
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund/Social Security	-	-	-	-	330,956	-	-	330,956
Unassigned	34,981,435	-	-	-	-	(2,288,251)	(3,230)	32,689,954
Total Fund Balance	$ 35,005,602	$ 8,135,284	$ 1,907,200	$ 581,591	$ 1,710,982	$ (2,288,251)	$ 167,367	$ 45,219,775
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	$ 47,518,870	$ 11,452,051	$ 3,337,375	$ 1,250,904	$ 2,100,675	$ 65,385	$ 225,400	$ 65,950,660

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		$ 45,219,775
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital Assets	$ 87,703,067	
Accumulated Depreciation on Capital Assets	(25,806,221)	
		61,896,846
Deferred charges and credits for debt issue discounts or premiums and other debt issue costs are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bond Premiums, net of related amortization	$ (413,069)	
		(413,069)
Deferred pension/OPEB costs in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflows - OPEB - IMRF	$ 269,524	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB - IMRF	(473,741)	
Deferred Outflows - THIS	425,919	
Deferred Inflows - THIS	(9,495,515)	
Deferred Outflows - IMRF	1,050,812	
Deferred Outflows- TRS	172,040	
Deferred Inflows - TRS	(115,980)	
		(8,166,941)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ (13,315,078)	
Net OPEB Obligation - THIS	(4,611,599)	
Total OPEB Obligation - IMRF	(2,392,747)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(39,394)	
Net Pension (Liability)/Asset - IMRF	2,057,596	
Net Pension Liability - TRS	(1,407,886)	
		(19,709,108)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		$ 78,827,503

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund	Debt Services Fund	Transportation Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Tort Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	$ 22,305,387	$ 6,008,298	$ 2,420,493	$ 1,037,792	$ 701,677	$ -	$ 102,327	$ 32,575,974
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,165,868	-	-	-	10,587	-	-	1,176,455
Tuition	21,821	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,821
Transportation Fees	-	-	-	60,250	-	-	-	60,250
Earnings on Investments	3,422,656	82,827	99,040	174,229	99,504	58,720	39,397	3,976,373
Food Service	217,055	-	-	-	-	-	-	217,055
District/School Activity Income	119,136	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,136
Textbooks	62,682	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,682
Other Local Sources	334,561	87,353	-	-	-	-	-	421,914
State Aid	2,449,297	-	-	460,238	-	-	-	2,909,535
Federal Aid	2,094,758	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,094,758
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,544,757
Total Revenues	$ 41,737,978	$ 6,178,478	$ 2,519,533	$ 1,732,509	$ 811,768	$ 58,720	$ 141,724	$ 53,180,710
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction								
Regular Programs	$ 14,447,205	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 203,321	$ -	$ -	$ 14,650,526
Special Education Programs	3,063,315	-	-	-	84,308	-	-	3,147,623
Other Instructional Programs	2,246,108	-	-	-	45,027	-	-	2,291,135
Student Activity Funds	16,302	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,302
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,544,757
Support Services								
Pupils	2,139,461	-	-	-	29,358	-	-	2,168,819
Instructional Staff	1,085,817	-	-	-	17,430	-	-	1,103,247
General Administration	1,567,417	-	-	-	40,534	-	385,280	1,993,231
School Administration	1,448,558	-	-	-	41,340	-	-	1,489,898
Business	645,146	71,118	-	-	12,996	-	-	729,260
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-	-	-	2,483,051	-	2,483,051
Operations and Maintenance	-	2,958,875	-	-	151,513	-	-	3,110,388
Transportation	-	-	-	1,853,916	69,535	-	-	1,923,451
Food Services	847,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	847,100
Central	1,342,751	-	-	-	40,961	-	-	1,383,712
Other Support Services	2,428	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,428
Community Services	413,679	-	-	-	30,506	-	-	444,185
Debt Service								
Principal	-	-	2,196,586	146,158	-	-	-	2,342,744
Interest and Fees	-	-	353,955	34,581	-	-	-	388,536
Capital Outlay	1,196,633	68,080	-	624,790	-	10,712,539	-	12,602,042
Intergovernmental Payments								
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	5,023,827	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,023,827
Total Expenditures	$ 45,030,504	$ 3,098,073	$ 2,550,541	$ 2,659,445	$ 766,829	$ 13,195,590	$ 385,280	$ 67,686,262
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (3,292,526)	$ 3,080,405	$ (31,008)	$ (926,936)	$ 44,939	$ (13,136,870)	$ (243,556)	$ (14,505,552)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund	Debt Services Fund	Transportation Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Tort Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Continued								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interfund Transfers	$ (13,316,586)	$ -	$ 316,586	$ -	$ -	$ 13,000,000	$ -	$ -
Principal on Long Term Debt	6,934,945	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,934,945
Premium on Bonds Sold	438,659	-	-	-	-	-	-	438,659
Other Uses	(98,987)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(98,987)
	$ (6,041,969)	$ -	$ 316,586	$ -	$ -	$ 13,000,000	$ -	$ 7,274,617
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	$ (9,334,495)	$ 3,080,405	$ 285,578	$ (926,936)	$ 44,939	$ (136,870)	$ (243,556)	$ (7,230,935)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2024	44,340,097	5,054,879	1,621,622	1,508,527	1,666,043	(2,151,381)	410,923	52,450,710
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2025	$ 35,005,602	$ 8,135,284	$ 1,907,200	$ 581,591	$ 1,710,982	$ (2,288,251)	$ 167,367	$ 45,219,775

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		$ (7,230,935)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation Expense	$ (2,820,213)	
Capital Outlays	12,602,041	
		9,781,828
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the undepreciated balance of the capital assets sold.		
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Leases	$ 229,814	
		229,814
Some expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Principal on Bonds Sold	$ (5,765,000)	
Premium on Bonds Sold	(438,659)	
Lease/Purchase Principal Issued	(1,169,945)	
Amortization of Bond Premiums	25,590	
Compensated Absences	2,903	
OPEB - THIS Expense	1,698,014	
OPEB - IMRF Expense	(119,712)	
Pension Expense - TRS Expense	(54,076)	
Pension Expense - IMRF Expense	(854,205)	
		(6,675,090)
Employer Pension and OPEB Contributions are expensed in the fund financial statements but treated as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability on the government-wide financial statements.		
OPEB - IMRF Contributions	$ 44,634	
OPEB - THIS Contributions	119,181	
Pension - IMRF Contributions	93,726	
Pension - TRS Contributions	103,090	
		360,631
Repayment of long-term debt requires the use of current financial resources of governmental funds and is therefore shown as an expenditure in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and is therefore not reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Repayment of Long-Term Debt		2,342,744
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		$ (1,191,008)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Skokie School District No. 68's (District) accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to local education agencies.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies used by the District are discussed below.

A. *Reporting Entity*

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB Statements, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the District. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (the primary entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. Using these criteria, the District has no component units. In addition, the District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by GASB pronouncements.

B. *Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements*

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund (reporting the District's major funds) financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize all of the primary activities of the District as governmental activities. The District does not have any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (regular programs, special education programs, payments to other districts and governmental units, etc.). Program revenues include charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues (property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.).

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. *Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements*

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth the minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of all governmental funds) for the determination of major funds. The District electively made all governmental funds major funds.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The District reports these major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Educational, Working Cash, and Special Education levies are included in this fund.

This fund also includes student activity funds held and controlled by the District, under the direction of district personnel, and administrative involvement of the board of education.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The Special Revenue Funds (Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, and Tort Fund) are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

<u>Debt Services Fund</u> – The Debt Services Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the periodic payment of principal, interest and related fees on general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

D. *Basis of Accounting*

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also received. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

E. *Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments*

State statutes require the District to use the treasury services of the Township School Treasurer and authorize the District's treasurer to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain highly rated commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, with certain restrictions.

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all District funds. Instead, the funds maintain their cash balances in common accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain of the funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. Such overdrafts in effect constitute cash borrowed from other District funds and are, therefore, interfund loans that have not been authorized by District Board action.

No District fund had a cash overdraft at June 30, 2025.

The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents are accounted for at cost, which approximates market.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. Gains or losses on the sale of investments are recognized as they are incurred. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy.

F. *Receivables*

All receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

G. *Prepaid Items*

Prepaid items are for payments made by the District in the current year for goods and services received in the subsequent fiscal year.

H. *Inventories*

No inventory accounts are maintained to reflect the values of resale or supply items on hand. Instead, the costs of such items are charged to expense when purchased. The value of the District's inventories is not deemed to be material.

I. *Interfund Activity*

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

J. *Capital Assets*

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of $2,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line half-year basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10 - 80 years
Improvements Other than Buildings	15 - 20 years
Equipment Other than Transportation	5 - 20 years
Transportation Equipment	5-8 years

K. *Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources*

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheet(s) and Statement(s) of Net Position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resource until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resource until that time.

L. *Compensated Absences*

The District accrues accumulated vacation and sick time when earned for time that will be paid and time more than likely than not to be used by the employee. Vacation and sick benefits are granted to employees in varying amounts depending on tenure with the District and the employee's contract.The accrual for governmental funds is reported in the fund financial statements as the liability is expected to be paid with current financial resources.

M. *Long-Term Obligations*

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. *Government-Wide Net Position*

Net position is divided into three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net Position – consists of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted Net Position – the remaining net position is reported in this category.

O. *Governmental Fund Balances*

Governmental fund balances are divided between non-spendable and spendable.

Non-spendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances are arranged in a hierarchy based on spending constraints.

- Restricted – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints are placed on the use by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of a resolution of the Board of Education. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes those constraints by way of resolution. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned – Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by an appointed body (e.g. a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District has delegated this authority to the Assistant Superintendent for Business.

  Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects or debt services fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the District itself.
- Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund also includes amounts levied and/or borrowed for working cash. This classification is also used to represent negative fund balances in special revenue, debt services, and capital projects funds.

The District permits funds to be expended in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

P. *Property Tax Calendar and Revenues*

Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2024 tax levy was passed by the Board on December 19, 2024. The 2023 tax levy was passed by the Board on December 21, 2023. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year they are for and are payable in two installments early in March and early in September of the following calendar year. The District receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these dates.

Q. *Lease Agreements*

The District recognizes a right-to-use liability and asset for various lease and subscription-based IT agreements right-to-use assets (right-to-use asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease or subscription-based IT agreement, the District initially measures the right-to-use liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the agreement term. Subsequently, the right-to-use liability is reduced by the principal portion payments made. The right-to-use asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the right-to-use liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease or subscription-based IT agreement. Key estimates and judgments related to leases or subscription-based IT agreements include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) the term, and (3) payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases or subscription-based IT agreements.

The term includes the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription-based IT agreement. Payments included in the measurement of the right-to-use liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease or subscription-based IT agreements and will remeasure the right-to-use asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the right-to-use liability. Right-to-use assets are reported with Capital Assets and right-to-use liabilities are reported with Long Term Liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

R. *Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer

As explained in Note 1, the Illinois Compiled Statues require the District to utilize the investment services of the Township School Treasurer (the Treasurer). As such, the Treasurer is the lawful custodian of these school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township Treasurer's Board of Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The investment policies are established by the Treasurer, as prescribed by the Illinois School Code and the Illinois Compiled Statues. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of property taxes, replacement taxes, and most state and federal aid, and disburses school funds upon lawful order to the School Board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below.

District cash and investments (other than the student activity and petty cash funds) are part of a common pool for all the school districts and cooperatives within the township. The Treasurer maintains records that segregate the cash and investment balances by district or cooperative. Income from investments is distributed based upon the District's percentage participation in the pool. Cash for all funds, including cash applicable to the Debt Services Fund and the Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The Treasurer's office operates as a nonrated, external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Treasurer's pool is determined by the District's proportionate share of the fair value of the investments held by the Treasurer's office.

The weighted-average maturity of all pooled marketable investments held by the Treasurer was 5.17 years at June 30, 2025. The Treasurer also holds money-market type investments and deposits with financial institutions, including certificates of deposit. As of the same date, the fair value of all investments held by the Treasurer's office was $438,927,021 and the fair value of the District's proportionate share of the cash and investments held by the Treasurer's office was $46,413,372 at June 30, 2025.

Interest Rate Risk

The District's investment policy, which is the same as the Treasurer's office, seeks to ensure preservation of capital in the District's overall portfolio. The highest return on investments is sought, consistent with the preservation of principal and prudent investment principles. The investment portfolio is required to provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they come due, considering maturity and marketability. The investment portfolio is also required to be diversified as to maturities and investments, as appropriate to the nature, purpose, and amount of funds. The District will also consider investments in local financial institutions, recognizing their contribution to the community's economic development.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

- Municipal Bonds (Level 2 inputs), and U.S. Government backed debt (Level 1 inputs) are valued using quoted market prices.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2025
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being depreciated				
Land	$ 1,080,496	$ -	$ -	$ 1,080,496
Construction in Progress	4,628,153	3,306,168	4,628,153	3,306,168
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	$ 5,708,649	$ 3,306,168	$ 4,628,153	$ 4,386,664
Other Capital Assets				
Buildings	$ 54,509,757	$ 11,567,288	$ -	$ 66,077,045
Improvements Other than Buildings	9,852,452	283,149	-	10,135,601
Equipment Other than Transportation	3,080,967	1,448,799	-	4,529,766
Transportation Equipment	2,352,711	624,790	403,510	2,573,991
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	$ 69,795,887	$ 13,924,026	$ 403,510	$ 83,316,403
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	$ 17,710,769	$ 1,580,169	$ -	$ 19,290,938
Improvements Other than Buildings	2,614,939	526,849	-	3,141,788
Equipment Other than Transportation	1,663,081	358,158	-	2,021,239
Transportation Equipment	1,400,729	355,037	403,510	1,352,256
Total Accumulated Depreciation	$ 23,389,518	$ 2,820,213	$ 403,510	$ 25,806,221
Other Capital Assets, Net	$ 46,406,369	$ 11,103,813	$ -	$ 57,510,182
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	$ 52,115,018	$ 14,409,981	$ 4,628,153	$ 61,896,846

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Regular Programs	$ 201,535
Special Education Programs	1,123
General Business	1,893,280
Operations and Maintenance	167,639
Transportation	340,479
Food Service	12,533
Central	117,597
Unallocated	86,027
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	$ 2,820,213

NOTE 5 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSET CALCULATION

Net investment in capital asset calculation as of June 30, 2025 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	$ 61,896,846
Less:	
Outstanding Principal on Capital Related Debt	(1,465,078)
Capital Related Accounts Payable	(2,353,636)
Investment in Capital Assets	$ 58,078,132

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Retirement	Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2025	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Long-Term Debt						
2019 Bus Purchase Agreement	$ 171,569	$ -	$ -	$ (171,569)	$ -	$ -
2021 Apple - Purchase Agreement	58,245	-	-	(58,245)	-	-
2021 Bus Purchase Agreement	177,825	-	42,331		135,494	135,494
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	54,493	-	12,467	-	42,026	12,796
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	36,809	-	9,992	-	26,817	10,254
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	51,637	-	11,317	-	40,320	11,736
2022 Working Cash Bond	7,965,000	-	1,880,000	-	6,085,000	1,950,000
2023 Bus Purchase Agreement	437,113	-	70,051	-	367,062	73,953
2024 Working Cash Bond	-	5,765,000	-	-	5,765,000	285,000
2024 Apple iPads	-	941,405	316,586	-	624,819	311,025
2024 Apple Computers	-	228,540	-	-	228,540	57,135
Total Long-Term Debt	$ 8,952,691	$ 6,934,945	$ 2,342,744	$ (229,814)	$ 13,315,078	$ 2,847,393
Other Long-Term Obligations						
Compensated Absences	$ 42,297	$ -	$ 2,903 *	$ -	$ 39,394	$ 39,394
Unamortized Bond Premiums	-	438,659	25,590	-	413,069	87,730
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	$ 42,297	$ 438,659	$ 28,493	$ -	$ 452,463	$ 127,124
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	$ 8,994,988	$ 7,373,604	$ 2,371,237	$ (229,814)	$ 13,767,541	$ 2,974,517

* - the additions and subtractions of compensated absences are netted together

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30, 2025:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Face Amount	Carrying Amount
2021 Bus Purchase Agreement	7/15/2025	3.33%	$ 345,064	$ 135,494
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	7/15/2026	2.64%	92,378	42,026
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	7/15/2026	2.64%	66,989	26,817
2022 Bus Purchase Agreement	7/25/2027	3.70%	76,222	40,320
2022 Working Cash Bond	12/15/2027	2.785%-4.168%	10,715,000	6,085,000
2023 Bus Purchase Agreement	7/31/2028	15.67%	516,101	367,062
2024 Working Cash Bond	8/1/2028	115.67%	5,765,000	5,765,000
2024 Apple iPads	8/2/2028	215.67%	941,405	624,819
2024 Apple Computers	8/3/2028	315.67%	228,540	228,540
Total			$ 18,746,699	$ 13,315,078

At June 30, 2025 the annual debt service requirements to service long-term debt are:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	$ 2,847,394	$ 523,382	$ 3,370,776
2027	2,761,965	418,769	3,180,734
2028	2,500,972	313,164	2,814,136
2029	2,634,747	197,013	2,831,760
2030	2,570,000	64,250	2,634,250
	$ 13,315,078	$ 1,516,578	$ 14,831,656

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
Bus Purchase Agreements	Transportation Fund
Working Cash Bonds	Debt Services Fund
iPad / Computer Purchase Agreements	Debt Services Fund

NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue recorded in these financial statements are from the 2024 tax levy. The unavailable revenue is approximately 50% of the 2024 tax levy. These taxes are considered unavailable as only a portion of the taxes (approximately 50%) are received before the end of the fiscal year and the District does not consider the remaining amounts to be available and does not budget for their use until the following fiscal year. The District has determined that a portion of the 2024 tax levy ($17,226,298) and a portion of the 2023 tax levy, plus back taxes, less uncollectible amounts ($15,349,676) are allocable for use in fiscal year 2025. Therefore, the percentage of each of these levies listed above are recorded in these financial statements as property taxes revenue. A summary of tax rates, assessed valuations, and extensions for tax years 2024, 2023, and 2022 is as follows:

COOK COUNTY						
TAX YEAR	2024		2023		2022	
ASSESSED VALUATION	$1,202,794,230		$1,222,251,853		$1,176,430,462	
	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension
Educational	1.7602	$ 21,171,656	1.6957	$ 20,725,534	1.8589	$ 21,868,664
Special Education	0.2086	2,508,921	0.1917	2,343,250	0.1751	2,060,000
Operations and Maintenance	0.5364	6,451,524	0.5056	6,180,000	0.3502	4,120,000
Debt Service	0.2356	2,833,458	0.1886	2,305,419	0.1959	2,305,109
Transportation	0.0958	1,152,457	0.0843	1,030,000	0.0613	721,000
Municipal Retirement	0.0183	220,568	0.0169	206,000	0.0175	206,000
Social Security	0.0458	551,409	0.0421	515,000	0.0438	515,000
Working Cash	0.0083	99,255	0.0076	92,700	0.0079	92,700
Tort Immunity	0.0096	114,975	0.0084	103,000	0.0088	103,000
Levy Adjustment	0.0329	395,274	0.0205	250,774	0.0523	614,996
	2.9515	$ 35,499,497	2.7614	$ 33,751,677	2.7717	$ 32,606,469

NOTE 8 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the following funds had expenditures that exceeded budgeted amounts:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Excess of Actual Over Budget
General	$ 35,856,179	$ 45,030,504	$ 9,174,325
Debt Services	2,345,000	2,550,541	205,541
Transportation	2,131,296	2,659,445	528,149
Tort	340,000	385,280	45,280

The General Fund had a large increase over the budget due to the District not budgeting for the on-behalf state retirement contributions of $9,544,757. The excess of actual over budget in the Debt Services Fund is due to higher than budgeted interest payments. Expenditures in the Transportation Fund exceeded the budget mainly due to payments made on bus leases, as well as purchased services expenditures. The excess of actual over budget in the Tort Immunity Fund is due to higher insurance expenditures.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

A. *Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois*

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trsil.org/financial/acfrs/fy2024; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years, or age 55 with twenty years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest consecutive years of creditable earnings within the last ten years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2% of final average salary up to a maximum of 75% with 34 years of service.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with ten years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with ten years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the highest four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3% increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or

½% of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout program that expire on June 30, 2026. Once program allows retiring Tier I members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier I and II members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs began in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions

The State of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On-Behalf Contributions to TRS. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2025, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of $9,397,061 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

2.2 Formula Contributions. Districts contribute 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025, were $102,203 and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2024 measurement date.

Federal and Special Trust Fund Contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018. Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District's pension contribution was 10.34% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2025, there was $84,663 paid from federal and special trust funds that require $8,754 of District contributions. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2024 measurement date.

Employer Retirement Cost Contributions. Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6% if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District paid $0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6% and $0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District follows below:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 1,407,886
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	117,387,623
Total	$ 118,795,509

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2024, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.00163965%, which was an increase of 0.00006527% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of $9,397,061 and revenue of $9,397,061 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 5,294	$ (3,655)	$ 1,639
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(12,087)	(12,087)
Changes of assumptions	19,399	(747)	18,652
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	45,144	(99,491)	(54,347)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	102,203	-	102,203
	$ 172,040	$ (115,980)	$ 56,060

$102,203 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ended June 30	
2026	$ (50,754)
2027	(6,249)
2028	(3,667)
2029	8,357
2030	6,170
	$ (46,143)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	varies by amount of service credit
Investment Rate of Return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

In the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table 2024 adjusted scale MP-2021. In the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were also based on the PubT-2010 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection scale table MP-2020.

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	37.0%	7.55%
Private Equity	15.0%	10.28%
Public Income	18.0%	5.81%
Private Credit	8.0%	9.20%
Real Assets	18.0%	7.01%
Diversifying Strategies	4.0%	5.18%
Total	100.0%	

Based on the 2024 Horizon Survey of Capital Market Assumptions and TRS's current target asset allocation provided by RVK, TRS investment consultant.

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2024, the discount rate used to measure total pension liability was 7.00%, which was the same as the June 30, 2023 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2024 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point-higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 1,738,781	$ 1,407,886	$ 1,133,592

TRS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2024 is available in the separately issued TRS *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.*

B. *Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund*

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired ***before*** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired ***on or after*** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All appointed employees of a participating employer who are employed in a position normally requiring 600 hours (1,000 hours for certain employees hired after 1981) or more of work in a year are required to participate. As of December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits		161
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits		268
Active plan members		138
	Total	567

Contributions

As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2024 and 2025 was 1.35% and 2.06%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District contributed $93,595 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

The components of the net pension (asset)/liability of the IMRF actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2024, and a measurement date as of that date, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	$ 33,443,318
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position	35,500,914
District's Net Pension Liability	(2,057,596)
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	106.15%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2024 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Assumptions:	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% - 13.75% including inflation
Interest Rate	7.25%
Projected Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2020-2022.

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021 were used. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021 were used. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021 were used.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Projected Return
Equities	33.50%	4.35%
International Equities	18.00%	5.40%
Fixed Income	24.50%	5.20%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.40%
Alternatives	12.50%	
Private Equity		6.25%
Hedge Funds		N/A
Commodities		4.85%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	3.60%
	100.0%	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2024. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 4.08%; and resulting single discount rate is 7.25%. The prior year single discount rate was 7.25% and increased 0.00% to the current year single discount rate.

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A)-(B)
Balances at December 31, 2023	$ 32,533,437	$ 34,279,151	$ (1,745,714)
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	$ 464,908	$ -	$ 464,908
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,298,151	-	2,298,151
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability	281,337	-	281,337
Contributions - Employer	-	71,583	(71,583)
Contributions - Employee	-	245,134	(245,134)
Net Investment Income	-	3,414,759	(3,414,759)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(2,134,515)	(2,134,515)	-
Other (Net Transfer)	-	(375,198)	375,198
Net Changes	$ 909,881	$ 1,221,763	$ (311,882)
Balances at December 31, 2024	$ 33,443,318	$ 35,500,914	$ (2,057,596)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Lower 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Higher 8.25%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	$ 1,459,059	$ (2,057,596)	$ (4,933,303)

Pension Expense/(Income) and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense/(income) of $854,205. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Expense in Future Periods	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 115,474	$ -	$ 115,474
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	874,588	-	874,588
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	$ 990,062	$ -	$ 990,062
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	60,750	-	60,750
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	$ 1,050,812	$ -	$ 1,050,812

$60,750 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2025	$ 529,120
2026	1,115,599
2027	(452,852)
2028	(201,805)
Total	$ 990,062

C. *Social Security*

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The District paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 10 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS

A. *Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS)*

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan.

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp). The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp). Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/HEALTHCARE-FAMILY-SERVICES-Teacher-Health-Ins-Sec-Fund.asp).

Benefits Provided

The State of Illinois offers comprehensive health plan options, all of which include prescription drug and behavioral health coverage. The State of Illinois offers TCHP, HMO, and OAP plans.

- Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) benefit recipients can choose any physician or hospital for medical services; however, benefit recipients receive enhanced benefits, resulting in lower out-of-pocket costs, when receiving services from a TCHP in-network provider. TCHP has a nationwide network and includes CVS/Caremark for prescription drug benefits and Magellan Behavioral Health for behavioral health services.
- Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO) benefit recipients are required to stay within the health plan provider network. No out-of-network services are available. Benefit recipients will need to select a primary care physician (PCP) from a network of participating providers. The PCP will direct all healthcare services and make referrals to specialists and hospitalization.
- Open Access Plan (OAP) benefit recipients will have three tiers of providers from which to choose to obtain services. The benefit level is determined by the tier in which the healthcare provider is contracted.
  - Tier I offers a managed care network which provides enhanced benefits and operates like an HMO.
  - Tier II offers an expanded network of providers and is a hybrid plan operating like an HMO and PPO.

– Tier III covers all providers which are not in the managed care networks of Tiers I or II (i.e., out-of-network providers). Using Tier III can offer benefit recipients flexibility in selecting healthcare providers but involves higher out-of-pocket costs. Furthermore, benefit recipients who use out-of-network providers will be responsible for any amount that is over and above the charges allowed by the plan for services (i.e., allowable charges), which could result in substantial out-of-pocket costs. Benefit recipients enrolled in an OAP can mix and match providers and tiers.

<u>Contributions</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.6) requires that all active contributors of the THIS make contributions to the plan at a rate of 0.90% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to 0.67% of each teacher's salary. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the employee contribution was 0.90% of salary and the employer contribution was 0.67% of each teacher's salary. The Department of Central Management Services determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THISF), an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of THIS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to THIS by the employer.

<u>On-Behalf Contributions to THIS.</u> The State of Illinois makes employer benefit contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2025, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of $158,030 in benefit contributions from the State of Illinois.

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs</u>

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state benefit support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 4,611,599
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated w ith the District	6,262,732
Total	$ 10,874,331

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 and rolled forward to June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2024, relative to the contributions of all participating THIS employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.058297%, which was a decrease of 0.000719% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized benefit income of $1,698,014 and on-behalf revenue/expense of $158,030 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 127,254	$ (1,943,687)	$ (1,816,433)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,205	(3,709)	(2,504)
Changes of assumptions	139,375	(6,626,463)	(6,487,088)
Changes in proportion and differences between employee contributions and proportionate share of contributions	38,658	(921,656)	(882,998)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	119,427	-	119,427
	$ 425,919	$ (9,495,515)	$ (9,069,596)

$119,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ending June 30	
2026	$ (1,855,967)
2027	(1,796,162)
2028	(1,773,087)
2029	(1,633,144)
2030	(1,260,931)
2031	(928,026)
2032	26,514
2033	29,978
2034	1,801
	$ (9,189,024)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	Depends on service and ranges from 8.50% at 1 year of service to 3.5% at 20 or more years of service.
Investment Rate of Return	2.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Costs	Trend for fiscal year 2025 based on actual premium increases. For non-medicare costs, trend rates start at 8.00% for plan year 2026 and decrease gradually to an ultimate rate of 4.25% in 2041. For MAPD costs, trend rates are based on actual premium increases for 2025, 15.00% in 2026 to 2030 and 7.00% in 2031, declining gradually to an ultimate rate of 4.25% in 2041.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the PubT-2010 Retiree Annuitant Mortality, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the PubNS-2010 Non-Safety Retiree Mortality Table. Mortality rate for pre-retirement were based on the PubT-2010 Employee Mortality Table. All tables reflect future improvements using Projection Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions that were used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool	100.0%	4.307%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present value using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since TRIP (Teachers' Retirement Insurance Program) is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that included only federally tax-exempt bonds as reported in Fidelity's index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" has been selected. The discount rates are 3.97% as of June 30, 2024, and 3.86% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, THIS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2024 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on THIS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

At June 30, 2024, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.97%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.97%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.97%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.97%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 2.97%	Current Discount Rate 3.97%	1% Increase 4.97%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 5,146,524	$ 4,611,599	$ 4,140,009

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher. The current healthcare trend rates Pre-Medicare are 6.00% in 2025, 8.00%

in 2026 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% in 2041. Post-Medicare per capital costs based on actual increases in 2025, 15.00% from 2026 to 2030, 7.00% in 2031 decreasing ratably to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% in 2041.

	1% Decrease (a)	Healthcare Cost Valuation Rate	1% Increase (b)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 3,970,568	$ 4,611,599	$ 5,374,356

(a) One percentage point decreases in healthcare trend rates are 5.00% in 2025, 7.00% in 2026, decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2041 for Pre-Medicare per capita costs. One percentage point decreases in healthcare trend rates based on actual increase in 2025, 14.00% from 2026 to 2030, 6.00% in 2031 decreasing ratably to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2041 for Post-Medicare per capita costs.

(b) One percentage point increases in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2025, 9.00% in 2026, decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2041 for Pre-Medicare per capita costs. One percentage point decreases in healthcare trend rates based on actual increase in 2025, 16.00% from 2026 to 2030, 8.00% in 2031 decreasing ratably to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2041 for Post-Medicare per capita costs.

B. *Retiree Insurance Plan*

Plan Overview

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 9, the District provides post-employment benefits other than pensions (“OPEB”) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the District’s governmental activities.

Benefits Provided

The District provides postemployment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the District’s retirement plans. All health care benefits are provided through the District’s insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees.

Medical Coverage

IMRF Employees and their eligible dependents can elect to continue medical coverage into retirement on the District plan. The District pays 50% of the single-only plan cost. Coverage cannot continue past Medicare Eligibility under the current contract. The District pays 20% of the single premium and 30% of the family premium for current retirees who retired under a prior contract. Coverage can continue past Medicare Eligibility on a retiree-pay-all basis.
For *Certified Employees and Administrators*, no retiree health care benefits are provided to active employees under the current contract. Current retirees who retired under a prior contract receive medical coverage on the District plan on a pay-all basis. Coverage can continue past Medicare Eligibility.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Eligibility

Employees of the District are eligible for retiree health benefits as listed below:

Regular Plan Tier 1 (Enrolled in IMRF Prior to January 1, 2011)
- At least 55 years old and at least 8 years of credited service (reduced pension)
- At least 60 years old and at least 8 years of credited service (full pension)

Regular Plan Tier 2 (Enrolled in IMRF On or After January 1, 2011)
- At least 62 years old and at least 10 years of credited service (reduced pension)
- At least 67 years old and at least 10 years of credited service (full pension)

Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1st, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active Employees	108
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Total	110

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount rate	4.20%
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Rate Increase	4.00%
Health Care Trend	
Initial Trend Rate	6.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.50%
FY the Ultimate Rate is reached	2040
Mortality	*Active Employees* PubG.H-2010(B) Mortality Table – General (below-median income) with future mortality improvement using Scale MP-2021 *Retirees* PubG.H-2010(B) Mortality Table – General (below-median income), Male adjusted 108% and Female adjusted 106.4% tables, with future mortality improvements made using scale MP-2021
Election at Retirement	90% of employees are assumed to elect coverage continuation at retirement
Coverage Status	Employees are assumed to continue in their current plan into retirement
Marital Status	40% of employees electing coverage are assumed to be married and to elect spousal coverage with males three years older than females. Actual spouse data was used for current retirees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Assumption changes reflect a change in the discount rate of (0.60%) from 4.21% for the beginning of the year values and 4.81% for the disclosure date.

There is no long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments because the District does not have a trust dedicated exclusively to the payment of OPEB benefits.

Discount Rate

The District does not have a dedicated trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. Per GASB 75, the discount rate should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale).

A rate of 4.81% is used, which is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High-Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2025.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase/(Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2024	$ 2,323,835	$ -	$ 2,323,835
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	$ 103,918	$ -	$ 103,918
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	96,894	-	96,894
Assumption Changes	(87,265)	-	(87,265)
Benefit Payments	(44,635)	-	(44,635)
Net Changes	$ 68,912	$ -	$ 68,912
Balances at June 30, 2025	$ 2,392,747	$ -	$ 2,392,747

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Plan's Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)		
1% Decrease	Valuation Rate	1% Increase
$ 2,555,028	$ 2,392,747	$ 2,240,910

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)		
1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Valuation Rate	1% Increase
$ 2,194,385	$ 2,392,747	$ 2,615,006

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of $119,712. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	$ 44,694	$ 86,414	$ (41,720)
Changes of Assumptions	224,830	387,327	(162,497)
Total	$ 269,524	$ 473,741	$ (204,217)

Changes in total OPEB liability related to the difference in actual and expected experience, or changes in assumptions regarding future events, are recognized in OPEB expense over the expected remaining service life of all employees (6.36 years, active and retired) in the postretirement plan.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as future OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	Net Inflows of Resources
2026	$ (32,508)
2027	(50,060)
2028	(59,747)
2029	(48,262)
2030	(4,908)
Thereafter	(8,732)
	$ (204,217)

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURE – NILES TOWNSHIP DISTRICT FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION (NTDSE)

The District is a member of Niles Township District for Special Education (NTDSE), a joint agreement that provides certain special education services to residents of many school districts. It is also a member of the risk management pools listed in Note 13. The District believes that, because it does not control the selection of the governing authority, and because of the control over employment of management personnel, operations, scope of public service, and special financing relationships exercised by the joint agreement governing boards, these should not be included as component units of the District.

A summary of financial condition (accrual basis) of NTDSE at June 30, 2024 (most recent information available) is as follows:

Assets	$ 29,860,515
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,108,196
	$ 31,968,711
Liabilities	$ 6,042,336
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,833,471
Net Position	20,092,904
	$ 31,968,711
Revenues	$ 29,150,972
Expenses	26,697,214
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	$ 2,453,758

Complete financial statements for NTDSE can be obtained from the Administrative Offices at 8701 Menard Ave, Morton Grove, IL 60053.

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

From	To	Balance
Working Cash Fund	Capital Projects Fund	$ 13,000,000
General Fund	Debt Services Fund	316,586

The interfund transfer from the Working Cash Fund to the Capital Projects Fund was due to abolishment of the Working Cash Fund. The interfund transfer to the Debt Services Fund was to cover payments made on purchase agreements.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District purchases coverage against such risks and participates in the following public entity risk pools: The Educational Benefit Cooperative for health benefit claims and The Accident Fund for worker's compensation claims. The District pays annual premiums to the pools for insurance coverage. The arrangements with the pools provide that the pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain levels established by the pools.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including torts and professional liability insurance. During the year ended June 30, 2025, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage, there were no significant adjustments in premiums based on actual experience and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

NOTE 14 - LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

The Illinois School Code limits the amount of indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available total equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the District. The District's legal debt limitation is as follows:

2024 EAV	$ 1,202,794,230
Rate	6.9%
Debt Margin	$ 82,992,802
Current Debt	13,315,078
Remaining Debt Margin	$ 69,677,724

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any litigation which might have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position.

NOTE 16 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Implementation of the GASB 101 standard resulted in recognizing a change in the compensated absences liability due to new recognition and measurements of various employee leave policies outlined in the employee handbook. There have been no changes to the previously issued audited financial statements which would be required on a retrospective basis.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION
LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025*	6/30/2024*	6/30/2023*	6/30/2022*	6/30/2021*	6/30/2020*	6/30/2019*	6/30/2018*	6/30/2017*	6/30/2016*
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	$ 464,908	$ 446,394	$ 427,809	$ 386,385	$ 436,653	$ 420,684	$ 396,920	$ 424,164	$ 433,140	$ 440,262
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,298,151	2,207,501	2,157,780	2,078,825	2,130,535	2,081,636	2,031,828	2,051,738	2,001,498	1,905,904
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	281,337	680,975	87,996	585,461	(935,863)	123,272	465,868	251,477	118,557	715,521
Changes of Assumptions	-	(20,252)		-	(354,897)	-	714,929	(1,002,105)	(58,723)	28,739
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,134,515)	(2,012,550)	(1,981,593)	(1,983,088)	(1,946,005)	(1,972,197)	(2,028,287)	(1,925,969)	(1,856,964)	(1,692,732)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	$ 909,881	$ 1,302,068	$ 691,992	$ 1,067,583	$ (669,577)	$ 653,395	$ 1,581,258	$ (200,695)	$ 637,508	$ 1,397,694
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	32,533,437	31,231,369	30,539,377	29,471,794	30,141,371	29,487,976	27,906,718	28,107,413	27,469,905	26,072,211
Total Pension Liability - Ending	$ 33,443,318	$ 32,533,437	$ 31,231,369	$ 30,539,377	$ 29,471,794	$ 30,141,371	$ 29,487,976	$ 27,906,718	$ 28,107,413	$ 27,469,905
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - Employer	$ 71,583	$ 45,338	$ 134,581	$ 265,701	$ 535,766	$ 3,873,939	$ 498,121	$ 471,173	$ 469,501	$ 493,233
Contributions - Member	245,134	233,917	216,858	186,820	189,899	187,398	183,283	178,097	179,214	184,969
Net Investment Income	3,414,759	3,511,389	(5,117,843)	5,927,517	4,657,967	4,801,880	(1,680,807)	4,553,795	1,627,689	118,884
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,134,515)	(2,012,550)	(1,981,593)	(1,983,088)	(1,946,005)	(1,972,197)	(2,028,287)	(1,925,969)	(1,856,964)	(1,692,732)
Other (Net Transfers)	(375,198)	1,030,584	(349,580)	114,790	(968,826)	27,453	536,034	(707,740)	120,981	662,483
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	$ 1,221,763	$ 2,808,678	$ (7,097,577)	$ 4,511,740	$ 2,468,801	$ 6,918,473	$ (2,491,656)	$ 2,569,356	$ 540,421	$ (233,163)
Plan Net Position - Beginning	34,279,151	31,470,473	38,568,050	34,056,310	31,587,509	24,669,036	27,160,692	24,591,336	24,050,915	24,284,078
Plan Net Position - Ending	$ 35,500,914	$ 34,279,151	$ 31,470,473	$ 38,568,050	$ 34,056,310	$ 31,587,509	$ 24,669,036	$ 27,160,692	$ 24,591,336	$ 24,050,915
District's Net Pension Liability	$ (2,057,596)	$ (1,745,714)	$ (239,104)	$ (8,028,673)	$ (4,584,516)	$ (1,446,138)	$ 4,818,940	$ 746,026	$ 3,516,077	$ 3,418,990
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	106.15%	105.37%	100.77%	126.29%	115.56%	104.80%	83.66%	97.33%	87.49%	87.55%
Covered Payroll	$ 5,292,774	$ 5,094,243	$ 4,593,186	$ 4,151,577	$ 4,123,887	$ 4,127,575	$ 4,072,948	$ 3,957,700	$ 3,969,672	$ 4,110,407
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-38.88%	-34.27%	-5.21%	-193.39%	-111.17%	-35.04%	118.32%	18.85%	88.57%	83.18%

* This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the December 31 year end prior to the fiscal year end listed above.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025*	6/30/2024*	6/30/2023*	6/30/2022*	6/30/2021*	6/30/2020*	6/30/2019*	6/30/2018*	6/30/2017*	6/30/2016*
Actuarially-Determined Contribution	$ 71,583	$ 45,338	$ 134,581	$ 265,701	$ 536,105	$ 412,345	$ 498,122	$ 463,447	$ 461,276	$ 469,820
Contributions in Relation to Actuarially-Determined Contribution	71,583	45,339	134,580	265,701	535,766	3,873,939	498,121	471,173	469,501	493,233
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	$ -	$ (1)	$ 1	$ -	$ 339	$ (3,461,594)	$ 1	$ (7,726)	$ (8,225)	$ (23,413)
Covered Payroll	$ 5,382,027	$ 5,286,035	$ 4,864,815	$ 4,406,992	$ 3,983,761	$ 4,127,575	$ 4,060,781	$ 4,008,861	$ 3,969,672	$ 4,110,407
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.33%	0.86%	2.77%	6.03%	13.45%	93.86%	12.27%	11.75%	11.83%	12.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Method and Assumptions Used on the Calculation of the 2024 Contribution Rate *

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 19-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 2.75%

Price Inflation: 2.25%, approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary Increases: 2.75% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017 to 2019.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025 *	6/30/2024 *	6/30/2023 *	6/30/2022 *	6/30/2021 *	6/30/2020 *	6/30/2019 *	6/30/2018 *	6/30/2017 *	6/30/2016 *
Employer's proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00163965%	0.00157438%	0.00160408%	0.00176388%	0.00182810%	0.00196848%	0.00212074%	0.20463100%	0.00242464%	0.00281153%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	$ 1,407,886	$ 1,337,917	$ 1,344,863	$ 1,376,025	$ 1,576,097	$ 1,596,598	$ 1,653,007	$ 1,563,343	$ 1,913,915	$ 1,841,834
State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the employer	117,387,623	115,462,949	116,657,980	115,325,545	123,448,143	113,628,135	113,237,992	108,928,381	113,033,809	91,318,395
Total	$ 118,795,509	$ 116,800,866	$ 118,002,843	$ 116,701,570	$ 125,024,240	$ 115,224,733	$ 114,890,999	$ 110,491,724	$ 114,947,724	$ 93,160,229
Employer's Covered Payroll	$ 17,404,703	$ 16,782,335	$ 16,384,138	$ 15,819,978	$ 15,365,165	$ 15,369,529	$ 15,352,709	$ 15,191,249	$ 14,230,442	$ 14,148,715
Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	8.09%	7.97%	8.21%	8.70%	10.26%	10.39%	10.77%	10.29%	13.45%	13.02%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	45.40%	43.90%	42.80%	45.10%	37.80%	40.00%	40.00%	39.30%	36.40%	41.50%

* - The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end

Changes of Assumptions:

For the 2024 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0%, including an inflation rate of 2.50% and a real return of 4.50%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. These actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study dated Aug. 16, 2024.

For the 2023-2022 and 2020-2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0%, including an inflation rate of 2.25% and a real return of 4.50%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. The assumptions used for the 2020-2018 and 2017-2016 measurement years were based on an experience study dated September 18, 2018 and August 13, 2015 respectively.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5%, including an inflation rate of 3.0% and a real return of 4.5%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025*	6/30/2024*	6/30/2023*	6/30/2022*	6/30/2021*	6/30/2020*	6/30/2019*	6/30/2018*	6/30/2017*	6/30/2016*
Statutorily-required contribution	$ 102,203	$ 116,612	$ 95,850	$ 95,028	$ 91,756	$ 89,118	$ 88,109	$ 88,109	$ 85,387	$ 98,516
Contributions in relation to statutorily-required contribution	102,190	116,612	95,850	95,028	91,756	89,118	88,115	88,121	85,387	98,547
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	$ 13	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ (6)	$ (12)	$ -	$ (31)
Employer's Covered Payroll	$ 17,824,989	$ 17,404,703	$ 16,782,335	$ 16,384,138	$ 15,819,978	$ 15,365,165	$ 15,555,238	$ 15,191,249	$ 14,230,442	$ 14,148,715
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	0.57%	0.67%	0.57%	0.58%	0.58%	0.58%	0.57%	0.58%	0.60%	0.70%

* - This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the prior June 30 year end.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE SECURITY FUND OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025 *	6/30/2024 *	6/30/2023 *	6/30/2022 *	6/30/2021 *	6/30/2020 *	6/30/2019 *	6/30/2018 *
Employer's proportion of the Total OPEB Liability	0.0582967%	0.0590156%	0.0594778%	0.0609440%	0.0607260%	0.0625230%	0.0640860%	0.0640000%
Employer's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability	$ 4,611,599	$ 4,206,256	$ 4,071,066	$ 13,441,471	$ 16,235,534	$ 17,304,748	$ 16,884,012	$ 16,607,631
State's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability associated with the employer	6,262,732	5,688,192	5,538,289	18,224,680	21,994,670	23,432,871	22,671,592	21,810,068
Total	$ 10,874,331	$ 9,894,448	$ 9,609,355	$ 31,666,151	$ 38,230,204	$ 40,737,619	$ 39,555,604	$ 38,417,699
Employer's Covered Payroll	$ 17,404,703	$ 16,782,335	$ 16,384,138	$ 15,819,978	$ 15,365,165	$ 15,369,694	$ 15,352,709	$ 15,191,249
Employer's proportionate share of the Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	26.50%	25.06%	24.85%	84.97%	105.66%	112.59%	109.97%	109.32%
OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	7.43%	6.21%	5.24%	1.40%	0.70%	0.25%	-0.07%	-0.17%

* - The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes of Assumptions:

For the 2024 measurement year, the discount rate was changed from 3.86% to 3.97%.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE SECURITY FUND OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025 *	6/30/2024 *	6/30/2023 *	6/30/2022 *	6/30/2021 *	6/30/2020 *	6/30/2019 *	6/30/2018 *
Statutorily-Required Contribution	$ 119,427	$ 116,612	$ 109,985	$ 145,535	$ 141,327	$ 141,377	$ 133,961	$ 133,683
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily-Required Contribution	119,181	114,734	109,985	145,544	141,360	141,400	133,683	133,683
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	$ 246	$ 1,878	$ -	$ (9)	$ (33)	$ (23)	$ 278	$ -
Employer's Covered Payroll	$ 17,824,989	$ 17,404,703	$ 16,782,335	$ 16,384,138	$ 15,819,978	$ 15,365,165	$ 15,555,238	$ 15,191,249
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	0.67%	0.66%	0.66%	0.89%	0.89%	0.92%	0.86%	0.88%

* - This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the prior June 30 year end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB
LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
JUNE 30, 2025

	6/30/2025	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY								
Service Cost	$ 103,918	$ 110,353	$ 89,857	$ 129,250	$ 154,890	$ 154,774	$ 88,404	$ 87,418
Interest	96,894	82,802	77,563	50,262	55,424	51,607	53,780	64,934
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	65,190	-	(165,147)	-	(36,234)	-	(81,107)
Benefit Payments	(44,635)	(60,250)	(46,951)	-	(108,947)	(110,857)	(126,063)	(111,516)
Changes in Assumptions	(87,265)	90,727	(5,347)	(400,057)	66,117	192,470	21,892	(334,859)
Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	(18,813)	(593)	8,124
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	$ 68,912	$ 288,822	$ 115,122	$ (385,692)	$ 167,484	$ 232,947	$ 37,420	$ (367,006)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	2,323,835	2,035,013	1,919,891	2,305,583	2,138,099	1,905,152	1,867,732	2,234,738
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	$ 2,392,747	$ 2,323,835	$ 2,035,013	$ 1,919,891	$ 2,305,583	$ 2,138,099	$ 1,905,152	$ 1,867,732
OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	* $ 4,201,998	$ 4,201,998	$ 3,557,051	$ 3,557,051	$ 3,855,077 *	$ 3,855,077	$ 3,687,604 *	$ 3,687,604
Employer's Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Valuation Payroll	56.94%	55.30%	57.21%	53.97%	59.81%	55.46%	51.66%	50.65%

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

There is no actuarially-determined contribution (ADC) or employer contribution in relation to the ADC as the total OPEB liabilities are currently an unfunded obligation.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period.

The following are the discount rates used in each period:	4.81%	4.21%	4.13%	4.09%	2.66%	2.79%	2.98%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years

* - Covered-Employee Payroll is the same as the prior year due to the valuation being a rollforward instead of a new valuation.

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 23,935,200	$ 22,305,387
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,400,000	1,165,868
Tuition	55,000	21,821
Earnings on Investments	1,175,000	3,422,656
Food Service	175,100	217,055
District/School Activity Income	26,000	119,136
Textbooks	80,000	62,682
Other Local Sources	535,000	334,561
State Aid		
General State Aid	2,340,000	2,341,829
Special Education	95,000	61,854
State Free Lunch and Breakfast	5,000	6,866
Early Childhood - Block Grant	-	37,330
Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources	254,996	1,418
Federal Aid		
Food Service	610,000	649,897
Title I	650,000	579,758
Title IV	38,500	33,353
Federal Special Education	606,000	618,026
Emergency Immigrant Assistance	15,000	184
Title III - English Language Acquisition	55,000	45,922
Title II - Teacher Quality	70,800	69,288
Medicaid Matching Funds - Administrative Outreach	-	60,688
Medicaid Matching Funds - Fee-for-Service Program	-	37,642
Other Federal Aid	400,000	-
State Retirement Contributions	-	9,544,757
Total Revenues	$ 32,521,596	$ 41,737,978
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction		
Regular Programs		
Salaries	$ 11,568,094	$ 11,605,542
Employee Benefits	1,704,000	1,708,410
Purchased Services	207,415	217,901
Supplies and Materials	494,364	247,668
Other Objects	1,200	1,381
Non-Capitalized Equipment	1,066,039	666,303
	$ 15,041,112	$ 14,447,205
Special Education Programs		
Salaries	$ 3,059,315	$ 2,578,163
Employee Benefits	369,050	367,712
Purchased Services	55,100	60,978
Supplies and Materials	41,382	43,897
Other Objects	600	1,554
Non-Capitalized Equipment	3,000	11,011
	$ 3,528,447	$ 3,063,315
Remedial and Supplemental Programs K-12		
Salaries	$ 65,000	$ 155,205
Employee Benefits	21,810	30,832
Purchased Services	88,551	93,021
Supplies and Materials	148,086	125,489
Non-Capitalized Equipment	24,460	162,753
	$ 347,907	$ 567,300

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Instruction (Continued)		
Summer School Programs		
Salaries	$ 42,655	$ 48,188
Employee Benefits	54,600	531
Supplies and Materials	1,500	-
	$ 98,755	$ 48,719
Gifted Programs		
Salaries	$ 308,202	$ 290,185
Employee Benefits	73,830	15,820
Supplies and Materials	2,499	1,311
	$ 384,531	$ 307,316
Bilingual Programs		
Salaries	$ 1,045,014	$ 748,623
Employee Benefits	113,969	135,464
Purchased Services	70,000	54,388
Supplies and Materials	22,500	8,064
	$ 1,251,483	$ 946,539
Private Tuition - Other Objects		
Special Education Programs K-12	$ 350,000	$ 376,234
	$ 350,000	$ 376,234
Student Activity Fund		
Other Objects	$ -	$ 16,302
	$ -	$ 16,302
State Retirement Contributions	$ -	$ 9,544,757
Total Instruction	$ 21,002,235	$ 29,317,687
Support Services		
Pupils		
Attendance and Social Work Services		
Salaries	$ 684,862	$ 658,822
Employee Benefits	94,850	105,342
Purchased Services	1,000	-
Supplies and Materials	2,120	1,342
	$ 782,832	$ 765,506
Health Services		
Salaries	$ 191,000	$ 110,102
Employee Benefits	58,990	30,284
Purchased Services	50,500	94,967
Supplies and Materials	7,500	10,136
Other Objects	120	-
	$ 308,110	$ 245,489
Psychological Services		
Salaries	$ 376,690	$ 350,626
Employee Benefits	54,940	64,255
Purchased Services	3,500	39,125
Supplies and Materials	2,544	4,972
	$ 437,674	$ 458,978
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services		
Salaries	$ 468,020	$ 407,940
Employee Benefits	76,915	65,400
Purchased Services	-	192,349
Supplies and Materials	-	3,499
Other Objects	-	300
	$ 544,935	$ 669,488
Total Support Services - Pupils	$ 2,073,551	$ 2,139,461

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Support Services (Continued)		
Instructional Staff		
Improvement of Instruction Services		
Salaries	$ 75,000	$ 81,312
Employee Benefits	10,000	1,191
Purchased Services	296,482	276,904
Supplies and Materials	10,000	10,611
	$ 391,482	$ 370,018
Educational Media Services		
Salaries	$ 514,663	$ 529,356
Employee Benefits	89,455	73,983
Supplies and Materials	44,616	24,601
	$ 648,734	$ 627,940
Assessment and Testing		
Purchased Services	$ 88,624	$ 87,859
Supplies and Materials	5,000	-
	$ 93,624	$ 87,859
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	$ 1,133,840	$ 1,085,817
General Administration		
Board of Education Services		
Purchased Services	$ 121,500	$ 30,235
Supplies and Materials	5,500	2,418
Other Objects	12,000	11,115
	$ 139,000	$ 43,768
Executive Administration Services		
Salaries	$ 988,625	$ 945,784
Employee Benefits	244,341	187,076
Purchased Services	98,100	93,032
Supplies and Materials	12,500	26,451
Other Objects	-	12,916
Non-Capitalized Equipment	7,500	20,196
Termination Benefits	25,811	26,772
	$ 1,376,877	$ 1,312,227
Special Area Administration Services		
Salaries	$ 148,450	$ 148,447
Employee Benefits	60,253	60,560
	$ 208,703	$ 209,007
Tort Immunity Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 15,000	$ 2,415
Supplies and Materials	5,000	-
	$ 20,000	$ 2,415
Total Support Services - General Administration	$ 1,744,580	$ 1,567,417
School Administration		
Office of the Principal Services		
Salaries	$ 1,164,023	$ 1,117,610
Employee Benefits	320,900	307,139
Purchased Services	4,259	6,846
Supplies and Materials	11,000	16,639
Other Objects	2,600	179
Non-Capitalized Equipment	282,640	145
Total Support Services - School Administration	$ 1,785,422	$ 1,448,558

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Support Services (Continued)		
Business		
Direction of Business Support Services		
Salaries	$ 108,000	$ 134,716
Employee Benefits	28,501	40,363
Purchased Services	1,000	3,268
Other Objects	1,000	9,694
	$ 147,001	$ 195,905
Fiscal Services		
Salaries	$ 157,000	$ 148,468
Employee Benefits	35,400	27,089
Purchased Services	234,000	223,063
	$ 426,400	$ 398,620
Internal Services		
Salaries	$ 47,500	$ 35,754
Employee Benefits	7,880	608
Purchased Services	3,700	9,674
Supplies and Materials	5,200	4,585
	$ 64,280	$ 50,621
Total Support Services - Business	$ 637,681	$ 645,146
Food Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 70	$ -
Purchased Services	903,500	847,100
Total Support Services - Food Services	$ 903,570	$ 847,100
Central		
Information Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 420	$ -
	$ 420	$ -
Staff Services		
Purchased Services	$ 2,500	$ 5,271
Supplies and Materials	26,141	333
	$ 28,641	$ 5,854
Data Processing Services		
Salaries	$ 451,023	$ 442,512
Employee Benefits	73,402	82,201
Purchased Services	708,565	767,115
Supplies and Materials	50,000	42,927
Other Objects	500	410
Non-Capitalized Equipment	12,500	1,732
	$ 1,295,990	$ 1,336,897
Total Support Services - Central	$ 1,325,051	$ 1,342,751
Other Support Services		
Supplies and Materials	$ -	$ 2,428
Total Other Support Services	$ -	$ 2,428
Total Support Services	$ 9,603,695	$ 9,078,678
Community Services		
Salaries	$ 333,257	$ 268,202
Employee Benefits	44,695	37,133
Purchased Services	88,065	80,068
Supplies and Materials	32,519	27,997
Other Objects	-	279
Non-Capitalized Equipment	11,938	-
Total Community Services	$ 510,474	$ 413,679

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Intergovernmental Payments		
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)		
Payments for Special Education Programs		
Purchased Services	$ 899,755	$ 1,006,657
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)	$ 899,755	$ 1,006,657
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units-Tuition (In-State)		
Payments for Special Education Programs		
Other Objects	$ 3,545,520	$ 4,017,170
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units-Tuition (In-State)	$ 3,545,520	$ 4,017,170
Total Intergovernmental Payments	$ 4,445,275	$ 5,023,827
Capital Outlay		
Instruction		
Regular Programs	$ 19,000	$ 1,183,280
Special Education Programs	15,000	5,263
Support Services		
Food Services	40,000	-
Central	20,500	8,090
Total Capital Outlay	$ 94,500	$ 1,196,633
Provision for Contingencies	$ 200,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 35,856,179	$ 45,030,504
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (3,334,583)	$ (3,292,526)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers	$ (13,000,000)	$ (13,316,586)
Principal on Bonds Sold	-	6,934,945
Premium on Bonds Sold	-	438,659
Bond Issuance Costs	-	(98,987)
	$ (13,000,000)	$ (6,041,969)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (16,334,583)	$ (9,334,495)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		44,340,097
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 35,005,602

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 4,655,000	$ 6,008,298
Earnings on Investments	80,000	82,827
Other Local Sources	127,000	87,353
Total Revenues	$ 4,862,000	$ 6,178,478
EXPENDITURES		
Support Services		
Business		
Direction of Business Support Services		
Salaries	$ 54,000	$ 54,567
Employee Benefits	13,951	16,551
Total Support Services - Business	$ 67,951	$ 71,118
Operations and Maintenance		
Salaries	$ 1,598,159	$ 1,639,460
Employee Benefits	200,447	174,044
Purchased Services	354,400	419,823
Supplies and Materials	680,100	600,998
Other Objects	400	296
Non-Capitalized Equipment	-	102,498
Termination Benefits	23,000	21,756
Total Support Services - Operations and Maintenance	$ 2,856,506	$ 2,958,875
Total Support Services	$ 2,924,457	$ 3,029,993
Capital Outlay		
Support Services		
Operations and Maintenance	$ 255,000	$ 68,080
Total Capital Outlay	$ 255,000	$ 68,080
Provision for Contingencies	$ 50,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 3,229,457	$ 3,098,073
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ 1,632,543	$ 3,080,405
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ 1,632,543	$ 3,080,405
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		5,054,879
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 8,135,284

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TRANSPORTATION FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 753,000	$ 1,037,792
Transportation Fees	50,000	60,250
Earnings on Investments	45,000	174,229
State Aid		
Transportation	330,000	460,238
Total Revenues	$ 1,178,000	$ 1,732,509
EXPENDITURES		
Support Services		
Transportation		
Salaries	$ 772,524	$ 775,749
Employee Benefits	116,332	83,838
Purchased Services	548,150	976,747
Supplies and Materials	39,500	17,507
Other Objects	-	75
Total Support Services - Transportation	$ 1,476,506	$ 1,853,916
Total Support Services	$ 1,476,506	$ 1,853,916
Debt Services		
Interest		
Interest on Long-Term Debt		
Other Objects	$ -	$ 34,581
Payments of Principal on Long-Term Debt		
Other Objects	-	146,158
Total Debt Services	$ -	$ 180,739
Capital Outlay		
Support Services		
Transportation	$ 624,790	$ 624,790
Total Capital Outlay	$ 624,790	$ 624,790
Provision for Contingencies	$ 30,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 2,131,296	$ 2,659,445
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (953,296)	$ (926,936)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (953,296)	$ (926,936)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		1,508,527
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 581,591

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 210,500	$ 200,743
FICA/Medicare Only Purposes Levies	520,500	500,934
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	35,000	10,587
Earnings on Investments	30,000	99,504
Total Revenues	$ 796,000	$ 811,768
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction		
Regular Programs		
Employee Benefits	$ 215,000	$ 203,321
Special Education Programs		
Employee Benefits	90,000	84,308
Remedial and Supplemental Programs - K-12		
Employee Benefits	13,500	13,202
Summer School Programs		
Employee Benefits	1,250	1,887
Gifted Programs		
Employee Benefits	7,000	4,178
Bilingual Programs		
Employee Benefits	16,500	14,540
Total Instruction	$ 343,250	$ 332,656
Support Services		
Pupils		
Attendance and Social Work Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 9,000	$ 9,059
Health Services		
Employee Benefits	18,500	10,055
Psychological Services		
Employee Benefits	4,200	4,732
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services		
Employee Benefits	5,500	5,512
Total Supports Services - Pupils	$ 37,200	$ 29,358
Instructional Staff		
Improvement of Instruction Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 1,750	$ 1,255
Educational Media Services		
Employee Benefits	19,750	16,175
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	$ 21,500	$ 17,430
General Administration		
Executive Administration Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 74,500	$ 37,997
Special Area Administrative Services		
Employee Benefits	2,500	2,537
Total Support Services - General Administration	$ 77,000	$ 40,534
School Administration		
Office of the Principal Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 59,500	$ 41,340
Total Support Services - School Administration	$ 59,500	$ 41,340

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES DISBURSED (Continued)		
Support Services (Continued)		
Business		
Direction of Business Support Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 2,500	$ 5,204
Fiscal Services		
Employee Benefits	21,250	12,816
Internal Services		
Employee Benefits	3,500	(5,024)
Total Support Services - Business	$ 27,250	$ 12,996
Operations and Maintenance		
Employee Benefits	$ 170,000	$ 151,513
Total Support Services - Operations and Maintenance	$ 170,000	$ 151,513
Transportation		
Employee Benefits	$ 84,000	$ 69,535
Total Support Services - Transportation	$ 84,000	$ 69,535
Food Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 750	$ -
Total Support Services - Food Services	$ 750	$ -
Central		
Information Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 1,000	$ -
Data Processing Services		
Employee Benefits	51,500	40,961
Total Support Services - Central	$ 52,500	$ 40,961
Total Support Services	$ 529,700	$ 403,667
Community Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 50,050	$ 30,506
Total Community Services	$ 50,050	$ 30,506
Provision for Contingencies	$ 20,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 943,000	$ 766,829
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (147,000)	$ 44,939
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (147,000)	$ 44,939
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		1,666,043
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 1,710,982

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TORT FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 167,500	$ 102,327
Earnings on Investments	11,000	39,397
Total Revenues	$ 178,500	$ 141,724
EXPENDITURES		
Support Services		
General Administration		
Claims paid from Self Insurance Fund		
Purchased Services	$ -	$ 122,423
	$ -	$ 122,423
Risk Management and Claims Services Payments		
Purchased Services	$ 340,000	$ 262,857
	$ 340,000	$ 262,857
Total Support Services - General Administration	$ 340,000	$ 385,280
Total Support Services	$ 340,000	$ 385,280
Total Expenditures	$ 340,000	$ 385,280
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (161,500)	$ (243,556)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (161,500)	$ (243,556)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		410,923
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 167,367

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NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The District follows procedures mandated by Illinois State law and District Board policy to establish the budgetary data reflected in its financial statements. The budget was passed on September 19, 2024. The modified accrual basis budgeted amounts in this report are the result of full compliance with the following procedures:

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to July 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on that date. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.

4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

5. The Board of Education may make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund as set forth in the budget.

6. The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the following funds presented as Required Supplementary Information had expenditures that exceeded the budget:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Excess of Actual Over Budget
General	$ 35,856,179	$ 45,030,504	$ 9,174,325
Debt Services	2,345,000	2,550,541	205,541
Transportation	2,131,296	2,659,445	528,149
Tort	340,000	385,280	45,280

SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
GENERAL FUND
JUNE 30, 2025

	Educational Fund	Working Cash Fund	Total General Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 25,128,307	$ 9,310,554	$ 34,438,861
Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of $241,751	12,355,043	50,098	12,405,141
Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of $0	134,122	-	134,122
Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of $0	516,960	23,786	540,746
Total Assets	$ 38,134,432	$ 9,384,438	$ 47,518,870
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenditures	$ 266,177	$ -	$ 266,177
Payroll Liabilities	44,820	-	44,820
Total Liabilities	$ 310,997	$ -	$ 310,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	$ 12,152,173	$ 50,098	$ 12,202,271
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$ 12,152,173	$ 50,098	$ 12,202,271
FUND BALANCE			
Reserved			
Student Activity Funds	$ 24,167	$ -	$ 24,167
Unassigned	25,647,095	9,334,340	34,981,435
Total Fund Balance	$ 25,671,262	$ 9,334,340	$ 35,005,602
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	$ 38,134,432	$ 9,384,438	$ 47,518,870

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GENERAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Educational Fund	Working Cash Fund	Total General Fund
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	$ 22,215,094	$ 90,293	$ 22,305,387
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,165,868	-	1,165,868
Tuition	21,821	-	21,821
Earnings on Investments	2,071,308	1,351,348	3,422,656
Food Service	217,055	-	217,055
District/School Activity Income	119,136	-	119,136
Textbooks	62,682	-	62,682
Other Local Sources	334,561	-	334,561
State Aid	2,449,297	-	2,449,297
Federal Aid	2,094,758	-	2,094,758
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	9,544,757
	$ 40,296,337	$ 1,441,641	$ 41,737,978
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
Instruction			
Regular Programs	$ 14,447,205	$ -	$ 14,447,205
Special Education Programs	3,063,315	-	3,063,315
Other Instructional Programs	2,246,108	-	2,246,108
Student Activity Fund	16,302	-	16,302
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	9,544,757
Support Services			
Pupils	2,139,461	-	2,139,461
Instructional Staff	1,085,817	-	1,085,817
General Administration	1,567,417	-	1,567,417
School Administration	1,448,558	-	1,448,558
Business	645,146	-	645,146
Food Services	847,100	-	847,100
Central	1,342,751	-	1,342,751
Other Support Services	2,428	-	2,428
Community Services	413,679	-	413,679
Debt Service			
Capital Outlay	1,196,633	-	1,196,633
Intergovernmental Payments			
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	5,023,827	-	5,023,827
	$ 45,030,504	$ -	$ 45,030,504
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (4,734,167)	$ 1,441,641	$ (3,292,526)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund Transfers	$ (316,586)	$ (13,000,000)	$ (13,316,586)
Principal on Bonds Sold	1,169,945	5,765,000	6,934,945
Premium on Bonds Sold	-	438,659	438,659
Other Uses	-	(98,987)	(98,987)
	$ 853,359	$ (6,895,328)	$ (6,041,969)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	$ (3,880,808)	$ (5,453,687)	$ (9,334,495)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2024	29,552,070	14,788,027	44,340,097
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2025	$ 25,671,262	$ 9,334,340	$ 35,005,602

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - EDUCATIONAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 23,845,000	$ 22,215,094
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,400,000	1,165,868
Tuition	55,000	21,821
Earnings on Investments	700,000	2,071,308
Food Service	175,100	217,055
District/School Activity Income	26,000	119,136
Textbooks	80,000	62,682
Other Local Sources	535,000	334,561
State Aid		
General State Aid	2,340,000	2,341,829
Special Education	95,000	61,854
State Free Lunch and Breakfast	5,000	6,866
Early Childhood - Block Grant	-	37,330
Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources	254,996	1,418
Federal Aid		
Food Service	610,000	649,897
Title I	650,000	579,758
Title IV	38,500	33,353
Federal Special Education	606,000	618,026
Emergency Immigrant Assistance	15,000	184
Title III - English Language Acquisition	55,000	45,922
Title II - Teacher Quality	70,800	69,288
Medicaid Matching Funds - Administrative Outreach	-	60,688
Medicaid Matching Funds - Fee-for-Service Program	-	37,642
Other Federal Aid	400,000	-
State Retirement Contributions	-	9,544,757
Total Revenues	$ 31,956,396	$ 40,296,337
EXPENDITURES		
Instruction		
Regular Programs		
Salaries	$ 11,568,094	$ 11,605,542
Employee Benefits	1,704,000	1,708,410
Purchased Services	207,415	217,901
Supplies and Materials	494,364	247,668
Other Objects	1,200	1,381
Non-Capitalized Equipment	1,066,039	666,303
	$ 15,041,112	$ 14,447,205
Special Education Programs		
Salaries	$ 3,059,315	$ 2,578,163
Employee Benefits	369,050	367,712
Purchased Services	55,100	60,978
Supplies and Materials	41,382	43,897
Other Objects	600	1,554
Non-Capitalized Equipment	3,000	11,011
	$ 3,528,447	$ 3,063,315
Remedial and Supplemental Programs K-12		
Salaries	$ 65,000	$ 155,205
Employee Benefits	21,810	30,832
Purchased Services	88,551	93,021
Supplies and Materials	148,086	125,489
Non-Capitalized Equipment	24,460	162,753
	$ 347,907	$ 567,300

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - EDUCATIONAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Instruction (Continued)		
Summer School Programs		
Salaries	$ 42,655	$ 48,188
Employee Benefits	54,600	531
Supplies and Materials	1,500	-
	$ 98,755	$ 48,719
Gifted Programs		
Salaries	$ 308,202	$ 290,185
Employee Benefits	73,830	15,820
Supplies and Materials	2,499	1,311
	$ 384,531	$ 307,316
Bilingual Programs		
Salaries	$ 1,045,014	$ 748,623
Employee Benefits	113,969	135,464
Purchased Services	70,000	54,388
Supplies and Materials	22,500	8,064
	$ 1,251,483	$ 946,539
Private Tuition - Other Objects		
Special Education Programs K-12	$ 350,000	$ 376,234
	$ 350,000	$ 376,234
Student Activity Fund		
Other Objects	$ -	$ 16,302
	$ -	$ 16,302
State Retirement Contributions	$ -	$ 9,544,757
Total Instruction	$ 21,002,235	$ 29,317,687
Support Services		
Pupils		
Attendance and Social Work Services		
Salaries	$ 684,862	$ 658,822
Employee Benefits	94,850	105,342
Purchased Services	1,000	-
Supplies and Materials	2,120	1,342
	$ 782,832	$ 765,506
Health Services		
Salaries	$ 191,000	$ 110,102
Employee Benefits	58,990	30,284
Purchased Services	50,500	94,967
Supplies and Materials	7,500	10,136
Other Objects	120	-
	$ 308,110	$ 245,489
Psychological Services		
Salaries	$ 376,690	$ 350,626
Employee Benefits	54,940	64,255
Purchased Services	3,500	39,125
Supplies and Materials	2,544	4,972
	$ 437,674	$ 458,978
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services		
Salaries	$ 468,020	$ 407,940
Employee Benefits	76,915	65,400
Purchased Services	-	192,349
Supplies and Materials	-	3,499
Other Objects	-	300
	$ 544,935	$ 669,488
Total Support Services - Pupils	$ 2,073,551	$ 2,139,461

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - EDUCATIONAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Support Services (Continued)		
Instructional Staff		
Improvement of Instruction Services		
Salaries	$ 75,000	$ 81,312
Employee Benefits	10,000	1,191
Purchased Services	296,482	276,904
Supplies and Materials	10,000	10,611
	$ 391,482	$ 370,018
Educational Media Services		
Salaries	$ 514,663	$ 529,356
Employee Benefits	89,455	73,983
Supplies and Materials	44,616	24,601
	$ 648,734	$ 627,940
Assessment and Testing		
Purchased Services	$ 88,624	$ 87,859
Supplies and Materials	5,000	-
	$ 93,624	$ 87,859
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	$ 1,133,840	$ 1,085,817
General Administration		
Board of Education Services		
Purchased Services	$ 121,500	$ 30,235
Supplies and Materials	5,500	2,418
Other Objects	12,000	11,115
	$ 139,000	$ 43,768
Executive Administration Services		
Salaries	$ 988,625	$ 945,784
Employee Benefits	244,341	187,076
Purchased Services	98,100	93,032
Supplies and Materials	12,500	26,451
Other Objects	-	12,916
Non-Capitalized Equipment	7,500	20,196
Termination Benefits	25,811	26,772
	$ 1,376,877	$ 1,312,227
Special Area Administration Services		
Salaries	$ 148,450	$ 148,447
Employee Benefits	60,253	60,560
	$ 208,703	$ 209,007
Tort Immunity Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 15,000	$ 2,415
Supplies and Materials	5,000	-
	$ 20,000	$ 2,415
Total Support Services - General Administration	$ 1,744,580	$ 1,567,417
School Administration		
Office of the Principal Services		
Salaries	$ 1,164,023	$ 1,117,610
Employee Benefits	320,900	307,139
Purchased Services	4,259	6,846
Supplies and Materials	11,000	16,639
Other Objects	2,600	179
Non-Capitalized Equipment	282,640	145
Total Support Services - School Administration	$ 1,785,422	$ 1,448,558

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - EDUCATIONAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Support Services (Continued)		
Business		
Direction of Business Support Services		
Salaries	$ 108,000	$ 134,716
Employee Benefits	28,501	40,363
Purchased Services	1,000	3,268
Other Objects	1,000	9,694
Termination Benefits	8,500	7,864
	$ 147,001	$ 195,905
Fiscal Services		
Salaries	$ 157,000	$ 148,468
Employee Benefits	35,400	27,089
Purchased Services	234,000	223,063
	$ 426,400	$ 398,620
Internal Services		
Salaries	$ 47,500	$ 35,754
Employee Benefits	7,880	608
Purchased Services	3,700	9,674
Supplies and Materials	5,200	4,585
	$ 64,280	$ 50,621
Total Support Services - Business	$ 637,681	$ 645,146
Food Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 70	$ -
Purchased Services	903,500	847,100
Total Support Services - Food Services	$ 903,570	$ 847,100
Central		
Information Services		
Employee Benefits	$ 420	$ -
	$ 420	$ -
Staff Services		
Purchased Services	$ 2,500	$ 5,271
Supplies and Materials	26,141	333
Other Objects	-	250
	$ 28,641	$ 5,854
Data Processing Services		
Salaries	$ 451,023	$ 442,512
Employee Benefits	73,402	82,201
Purchased Services	708,565	767,115
Supplies and Materials	50,000	42,927
Other Objects	500	410
Non-Capitalized Equipment	12,500	1,732
	$ 1,295,990	$ 1,336,897
Total Support Services - Central	$ 1,325,051	$ 1,342,751
Other Support Services		
Supplies and Materials	$ -	$ 2,428
Total Other Support Services	$ -	$ 2,428
Total Support Services	$ 9,603,695	$ 9,078,678
Community Services		
Salaries	$ 333,257	$ 268,202
Employee Benefits	44,695	37,133
Purchased Services	88,065	80,068
Supplies and Materials	32,519	27,997
Other Objects	-	279
Non-Capitalized Equipment	11,938	-
Total Community Services	$ 510,474	$ 413,679

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - EDUCATIONAL FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Intergovernmental Payments		
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)		
Payments for Special Education Programs		
Purchased Services	$ 899,755	$ 1,006,657
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)	$ 899,755	$ 1,006,657
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units-Tuition (In-State)		
Payments for Regular Programs		
Other Objects	$ 3,545,520	$ 4,017,170
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units-Tuition (In-State)	$ 3,545,520	$ 4,017,170
Total Intergovernmental Payments	$ 4,445,275	$ 5,023,827
Capital Outlay		
Instruction		
Regular Programs	$ 19,000	$ 1,183,280
Special Education Programs	15,000	5,263
Support Services		
Food Services	40,000	-
Central	20,500	8,090
Total Capital Outlay	$ 94,500	$ 1,196,633
Provision for Contingencies	$ 200,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 35,856,179	$ 45,030,504
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (3,899,783)	$ (4,734,167)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers	$ -	$ (316,586)
Principal on Bonds Sold	-	1,169,945
	$ -	$ 853,359
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (3,899,783)	$ (3,880,808)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		29,552,070
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 25,671,262

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - WORKING CASH FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 90,200	$ 90,293
Earnings on Investments	475,000	1,351,348
Total Revenues	$ 565,200	$ 1,441,641
EXPENDITURES	$ -	$ -
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ 565,200	$ 1,441,641
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers	$ (13,000,000)	$ (13,000,000)
Principal on Bonds Sold	-	5,765,000
Premium on Bonds Sold	-	438,659
Bond Issuance Costs	-	(98,987)
	$ (13,000,000)	$ (6,895,328)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (12,434,800)	$ (5,453,687)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		14,788,027
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 9,334,340

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SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICES FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Property Taxes	$ 2,350,000	$ 2,420,493
Earnings on Investments	40,000	99,040
Total Revenues	$ 2,390,000	$ 2,519,533
EXPENDITURES		
Debt Services		
Interest		
Other Interest on Long-Term Debt		
Other Objects	$ 95,000	$ 353,955
Total Debt Services - Interest	$ 95,000	$ 353,955
Debt Services - Payment of Principal on Long-Term Debt		
Other Objects	$ 2,250,000	$ 2,196,586
Total Debt Services - Payment of Principal on Long-Term Debt	$ 2,250,000	$ 2,196,586
Total Debt Services	$ 2,345,000	$ 2,550,541
Total Expenditures	$ 2,345,000	$ 2,550,541
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ 45,000	$ (31,008)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers	-	316,586
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ 45,000	$ 285,578
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		1,621,622
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ 1,907,200

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SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts
REVENUES		
Earnings on Investments	$ 35,000	$ 58,720
Total Revenues	$ 35,000	$ 58,720
EXPENDITURES		
Support Services		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		
Purchased Services	$ 1,275,000	$ 2,466,684
Total Support Services - Facilities Acquisition and Construction	$ 1,275,000	$ 2,483,051
Total Support Services	$ 1,275,000	$ 2,483,051
Capital Outlay		
Support Services		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	$ 12,000,000	$ 10,712,539
Total Capital Outlay	$ 12,000,000	$ 10,712,539
Provision for Contingencies	$ 50,000	$ -
Total Expenditures	$ 13,325,000	$ 13,195,590
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ (13,290,000)	$ (13,136,870)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interfund Transfers	13,000,000	13,000,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ (290,000)	$ (136,870)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2024		(2,151,381)
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2025		$ (2,288,251)

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
COMPUTATION OF OPERATING EXPENSE PER PUPIL
AND PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE
FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

OPERATING EXPENSE PER PUPIL

EXPENDITURES:			
ED	Total Expenditures	$	35,469,445
O&M	Total Expenditures		3,098,073
DS	Total Expenditures		2,550,541
TR	Total Expenditures		2,659,445
MR/SS	Total Expenditures		766,829
TORT	Total Expenditures		385,280
	Total Expenditures	$	**44,929,613**
LESS RECEIPTS/REVENUES OR DISBURSEMENTS/EXPENDITURES NOT APPLICABLE TO THE REGULAR K-12 PROGRAM:			
ED	Summer School Programs	$	48,719
ED	Special Education Programs K-12 - Private Tuition		376,234
ED	Community Services		413,679
ED	Total Payments to Other Govt Units		5,023,827
ED	Capital Outlay		1,196,633
ED	Non-Capitalized Equipment		862,140
O&M	Capital Outlay		68,080
O&M	Non-Capitalized Equipment		102,498
DS	Debt Service - Payments of Principal on Long-Term Debt		2,196,586
TR	Debt Service - Payments of Principal on Long-Term Debt		146,158
TR	Capital Outlay		624,790
MR/SS	Pre-K Programs		788
MR/SS	Special Education Programs - Pre-K		10,432
MR/SS	Summer School Programs		1,887
MR/SS	Community Services		30,506
	Total Deductions for OEPP Computation (Sum of Lines 18 - 95)	$	**11,102,957**
	Total Operating Expenses Regular K-12 (Line 14 minus Line 96)		33,826,656
	9 Month ADA from Average Daily Attendance - Student Information System (SIS) in IWAS-preliminary ADA 2023-2024		1,577.45
	Estimated OEPP (Line 97 divided by Line 98)	$	**21,443.88**

PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE

LESS OFFSETTING RECEIPTS/REVENUES:			
TR	Regular -Transp Fees from Pupils or Parents (In State)	$	59,464
TR	Regular - Transp Fees from Co-curricular Activities (In State)		786
ED	Total Food Service		217,055
ED-O&M	Total District/School Activity Income (without Student Activity Funds)		109,366
ED	Rentals - Regular Textbooks		62,682
ED-O&M	Rentals		36,607
ED-O&M-DS-TR-MR/SS	Payment from Other Districts		212,650
ED-O&M-TR	Total Special Education		61,854
ED	State Free Lunch & Breakfast		6,866
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Transportation		460,238
ED-O&M-DS-TR-MR/SS-Tort	Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources		1,418
ED-MR/SS	Total Food Service		649,897
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Title I		579,758
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Title IV		33,353
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Fed - Spec Education - IDEA - Flow Through		601,931
ED-TR-MR/SS	Title III - Immigrant Education Program (IEP)		184
ED-TR-MR/SS	Title III - Language Inst Program - Limited Eng (LIPLEP)		45,922
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Title II - Teacher Quality		69,288
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Medicaid Matching Funds - Administrative Outreach		60,688
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Medicaid Matching Funds - Fee-for-Service Program		37,642
ED-TR-MR/SS	**Special Education Contributions from EBF Funds ****		593,292
ED-MR/SS	**English Learning (Bilingual) Contributions from EBF Funds ****		73,158
	Total Deductions for PCTC Computation (Line 104 through Line 194)	$	**3,974,099**
	Net Operating Expense for Tuition Computation (Line 97 minus Line 196)		29,852,557
	Total Depreciation Allowance (from page 36, Line 18, Col I)		2,918,314
	Total Allowance for PCTC Computation (Line 197 plus Line 198)		32,770,871
	9 Month ADA from Average Daily Attendance - Student Information System (SIS) in IWAS-preliminary ADA 2023-2024		1,577.45
	Total Estimated PCTC (Line 199 divided by Line 200) *	$	**20,774.59**

Unaudited

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 68
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
AND RECONCILIATION TO CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES - ALL FUNDS
FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund	Operations and Maintenance Fund	Debt Services Fund	Transportation Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Tort Fund	Total
Revenues								
Property Taxes	$ 22,305,387	$ 6,008,298	$ 2,420,493	$ 1,037,792	$ 701,677	$ -	$ 102,327	$ 32,575,974
Other Local Sources	5,343,779	170,180	99,040	234,479	110,091	58,720	39,397	6,055,686
State Sources	2,449,297	-	-	460,238	-	-	-	2,909,535
Federal Sources	2,094,758	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,094,758
State Retirement Contributions	9,544,757	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,544,757
Total Revenues	$ 41,737,978	$ 6,178,478	$ 2,519,533	$ 1,732,509	$ 811,768	$ 58,720	$ 141,724	$ 53,180,710
Expenditures	$ 45,030,504	$ 3,098,073	$ 2,550,541	$ 2,659,445	$ 766,829	$ 13,195,590	$ 385,280	$ 67,686,262
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	$ (3,292,526)	$ 3,080,405	$ (31,008)	$ (926,936)	$ 44,939	$ (13,136,870)	$ (243,556)	$ (14,505,552)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(6,041,969)	-	316,586	-	-	13,000,000	-	7,274,617
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	$ (9,334,495)	$ 3,080,405	$ 285,578	$ (926,936)	$ 44,939	$ (136,870)	$ (243,556)	$ (7,230,935)
Modified Accrual Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	44,340,097	5,054,879	1,621,622	1,508,527	1,666,043	(2,151,381)	410,923	52,450,710
Modified Accrual Fund Balance, End of Year	$ 35,005,602	$ 8,135,284	$ 1,907,200	$ 581,591	$ 1,710,982	$ (2,288,251)	$ 167,367	$ 45,219,775
Add:								
Accounts Payable	$ 266,177	$ 60,391	$ -	$ 87,444	$ -	$ 2,353,636	$ -	$ 2,767,648
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	12,202,271	3,256,376	1,430,175	581,869	389,693	-	58,033	17,918,417
Subtract:								
Property Tax Receivable	12,405,141	3,256,376	1,430,175	581,697	389,652	-	58,033	18,121,074
Market Value Adjustment	(3,934,337)	(942,123)	(195,527)	(58,515)	(185,458)	(3,739)	(2,677)	(5,322,376)
Intergovernmental Receivable	134,122	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,122
Other Accounts Receivable	540,746	6,547	3,708	1,944	1,250	10,902	88	565,185
Prepaid Items	-	-	-	36,191	-	-	140,539	176,730
Cash Basis Fund Balance, End of Year	$ 38,031,147	$ 9,131,251	$ 2,099,019	$ 689,587	$ 1,895,231	$ 58,222	$ 29,417	$ 51,933,874

Unaudited

ANNUAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education
Skokie School District No. 68
Skokie, Illinois

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited

Skokie School District No. 68's

compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Skokie School District No. 68's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. Skokie School District No. 68's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Skokie School District No. 68 complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2025-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters. *Government Auditing Standards* require the auditor to perform limited procedures on Skokie School District No. 68's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Skokie School District No. 68's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The 2024 comparative information shown in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was subjected to auditing procedures by us in our report dated February 14, 2025, which expressed an unmodified opinion that such information was fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2024 financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eccezion

Eccezion
Strategic Business Solutions

McHenry, Illinois
December 9, 2025

SKOKIE SD 68
05-016-0680-02
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ending June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title and Major Program Designation	AL Number[2] (A)	ISBE Project # (1st 8 digits) or Contract #[3] (B)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (C)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (D)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (E)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 Pass through to Subrecipients	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (F)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 Pass through to Subrecipients	Obligations/ Encumb. (G)	Final Status (E)+(F)+(G) (H)	Budget (I)
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER											
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Pass Through Department of Defense:											
Food Donation Program (Non-Cash) Commodities (M)	10.555	25-4299-00		46,684			46,684			46,684	N/A
Passed Through Illinois State Board of Education:											
Food Donation Program (Non-Cash) Commodities (M)	10.555	25-4299-00		15,729			15,729			15,729	N/A
National School Lunch Program * (M)	10.555	24-4210-00	391,788	72,282	391,788		72,282			464,070	N/A
National School Lunch Program * (M)	10.555	25-4210-00		437,012			437,012			437,012	N/A
COVID -19 ARP National School Lunch Program * (M)	10.555	24-4210-SC	45,042	2,574	45,042		2,574			47,616	N/A
Subtotal AL 10.555			436,830	574,281	436,830		574,281			1,011,111	
School Breakfast Program * (M)	10.553	24-4220-00	106,562	18,495	106,562		18,495			125,057	N/A
School Breakfast Program * (M)	10.553	25-4220-00		119,533			119,533			119,533	N/A
Subtotal AL 10.553			106,562	138,028	106,562		138,028			244,590	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			543,392	712,309	543,392		712,309			1,255,701	
Total AL "10"			543,392	712,309	543,392		712,309			1,255,701	
US Department of Education											
Passed Through Illinois State Board of Education:											
Title I - Low Income	84.010	25-4300-00		579,758			579,758			579,758	711,144
Subtotal AL 84.010				579,758			579,758			579,758	

SKOKIE SD 68

05-016-0680-02

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ending June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title and Major Program Designation	AL Number[2] (A)	ISBE Project # (1st 8 digits) or Contract #[3] (B)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (C)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (D)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (E)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 Pass through to Subrecipients	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (F)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 Pass through to Subrecipients	Obligations/ Encumb. (G)	Final Status (E)+(F)+(G) (H)	Budget (I)
Title II - Teacher Quality	84.367	25-4932-00		69,288			69,288			69,288	85,621
Subtotal AL 84.367				69,288			69,288			69,288	
Title III - LIPLEP +	84.365	25-4909-00		45,922			45,922			45,922	51,570
Title III - Immigrant Education Program (IEP) +	84.365	24-4905-00	11,116	184	11,116		184			11,300	11,300
Title III - Immigrant Education Program (IEP) +	84.365	25-4905-00		0			522			522	11,896
Subtotal AL 84.365			11,116	46,106	11,116		46,628			57,744	
Title IVA	84.424	25-4400-00		33,353			33,353			33,353	48,013
Subtotal AL 84.424				33,353			33,353			33,353	
SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER											
Special Education - IDEA Flow Through	84.027	25-4620-00		601,931			601,931			601,931	601,931
Subtotal AL 84.027				601,931			601,931			601,931	
Special Education - Preschool	84.173	25-4600-00		16,095			16,095			16,095	16,095
Subtotal AL 84.173				16,095			16,095			16,095	
Total Special Education Cluster				618,026			618,026			618,026	
Total AL "84"			11,116	1,346,531	11,116		1,347,053			1,358,169	

SKOKIE SD 68
05-016-0680-02
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ending June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title and Major Program Designation	AL Number[2] (A)	ISBE Project # (1st 8 digits) or Contract #[3] (B)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (C)	Receipts/Revenues Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (D)	Expenditure/Disbursements[4] Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 (E)	Year 7/1/23-6/30/24 Pass through to Subrecipients	Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 (F)	Year 7/1/24-6/30/25 Pass through to Subrecipients	Obligations/ Encumb. (G)	Final Status (E)+(F)+(G) (H)	Budget (I)
MEDICAID CLUSTER											
US Department of Health and Human Services											
Passed Through Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services											
Medicaid Administrative Outreach	93.778	25-4991-00		63,217			63,217			63,217	N/A
Subtotal AL 93.778				63,217			63,217			63,217	
Total Medicaid Cluster				63,217			63,217			63,217	
Total AL "93"				63,217			63,217			63,217	
Total Federal Assistance			554,508	2,122,057	554,508		2,122,579			2,677,087	
+ 8/30 Year End											
* 9/30 Year End											

• **(M)** Program was audited as a major program as defined by §200.518.

***Include the total amount provided to subrecipients from each Federal program. §200.510 (b)(4).**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

[1] To meet state or other requirements, auditees may decide to include certain nonfederal awards (for example, state awards) in this schedule. If such nonfederal data are presented, they should be segregated and clearly designated as nonfederal. The title of the schedule should also be modified to indicate that nonfederal awards are included.

[2] When the Assistance Listing (AL) number is not available, the auditee should indicate that the AL number is not available and include in the schedule the program's name and, if applicable, other identifying number.

[3] When awards are received as a subrecipient, the name of the pass-through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity must be included in the schedule. §200.510 (b)(2)

[4] The Uniform Guidance requires that the value of federal awards expended in the form of non-cash assistance, the amount of insurance in effect during the year, and loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end be included in the schedule and suggests to include the amounts in the SEFA notes.

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Skokie School District No. 68 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of the Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may offer from amounts presented in, and used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect rate as allowed for all grants except Child Nutrition Cluster under the Uniform Guidance. The District has also elected not to use the 15% de minimis indirect rate as allowed for Child Nutrition Cluster under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not provide federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2025.

NOTE 5 - FEDERAL LOANS

There were no federal loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

NOTE 6 - DONATED PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) (UNAUDITED)

The District was not a recipient of federally donated PPE.

1) Summary of auditor's results:

   a) The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Skokie School District No. 68 were prepared in accordance with GAAP.

   b) No significant deficiencies are reported during the audit of the financial statements. No material weaknesses are reported.

   c) No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Skokie School District No. 68, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.

   d) No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported during the audit of the financial statements. No material weaknesses in internal control over major federal award programs are reported.

   e) The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Skokie School District No. 68 expresses as unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.

   f) Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this schedule.

   g) The program tested as a major program was the Child Nutrition Cluster (AL #10.555 and 10.553).

   h) The threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was $750,000.

   i) Skokie School District No. 68 was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

2) There were no findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported.

3) The findings related to federal awards which are required to be reported are detailed in findings number 2025-001.

SKOKIE SD 68
05-016-0680-02
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ending June 30, 2025

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

1. FINDING NUMBER:[11] **2025 - NONE** **2. THIS FINDING IS:** ☐ New ☐ **Repeat from Prior Year?**
Year originally reported? ____

3. Criteria or specific requirement

4. Condition

5. Context[12]

6. Effect

7. Cause

8. Recommendation

9. Management's response[13]

[11] A suggested format for assigning reference numbers is to use the digits of the fiscal year being audited followed by a numeric sequence of findings. For example, findings identified and reported in the audit of fiscal year **2025** would be assigned a reference number of **2025-001, 2025-002**, etc. The sheet is formatted so that only the number need be entered (1, 2, etc.).

[12] Provide sufficient information for judging the prevalence and consequences of the finding, such as relation to universe of costs and/or number of items examined and quantification of audit findings in dollars.

[13] See §200.521 *Management decision* for additional guidance on reporting management's response.

SKOKIE SD 68
05-016-0680-02
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ending June 30, 2025

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

1. FINDING NUMBER:[14] **2025 - 001** **2. THIS FINDING IS:** ☐ New ☒ Repeat from Prior year?
Year originally reported? 2022

3. Federal Program Name and Year: Title I - Low Income

4. Project No.: **25-4300-00** **5. AL No.:** **84.010**

6. Passed Through:
7. Federal Agency:
ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION & U.S DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

8. Criteria or specific requirement (including statutory, regulatory, or other citation)
Management is responsible for filing grant reports by the applicable due date.

9. Condition[15]
Expenditure reports were submitted to ISBE after the due date.

10. Questioned Costs[16]
N/A

11. Context[17]
Grant reports were submitted late.

12. Effect
Reports were submitted to ISBE after the required due dates.

13. Cause
Due to processing delay, grant reports were not submitted to ISBE by the due date.

14. Recommendation
Management should develop a process to ensure all grant reports are filed by the required due dates.

15. Management's response[18]
Management will establish and reinforce procedures to ensure all grant reports are submitted by the required due date.

[14] See footnote 11.
[15] Include facts that support the deficiency identified on the audit finding (§200.516 (b)(3)).
[16] Identify questioned costs as required by §200.516 (a)(3 - 4).
[17] See footnote 12.
[18] To the extent practical, indicate when management does not agree with the finding, questioned cost, or both.

Skokie School District 68

Our mission is to develop children who are confident and creative learners. We provide a rigorous curriculum and a supportive school environment that promotes high achievement, encourages personal growth, and meets the

SKOKIE SCHOOL DISTRICT 68
9440 North Kenton Avenue
Skokie, Illinois 60076-1338
Telephone: 847/676-9000
Fax: 847/676-9232
boardmembers@skokie68.org
Internet: www.skokie68.org

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Year Ending June 30, 2025

Finding Number	Condition	Current Status
2024-001	Expenditure reports were submitted to ISBE after the due date.	This remains an issue in fiscal year 2025.
2024-002	A student was receiving free/reduced meals without the District having an application on file.	This was not an issue in fiscal year 2025.

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Year Ending June 30, 2025

<u>Corrective Action Plan</u>

Finding No.: 2025-001

Condition:
Expenditure reports were submitted to ISBE after the due date.

Plan:
Management will establish and reinforce procedures to ensure all grant reports are submitted by the required due date.

Anticipated Date of Completion: 6/30/2026

Name of Contact Person: Kenya Austin, Asst. Superintendent of Business/CSBO

Management Response: N/A

District 68 strives to be a learning community that inspires our students to reach their fullest academic and human potential, encourages continuous improvement, and contributes positively to our diverse, multicultural society.

APPENDIX B

PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

[LETTERHEAD OF CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP]

[TO BE DATED CLOSING DATE]

School District Number 68
Cook County, Illinois

We hereby certify that we have examined certified copy of the proceedings (the *"Proceedings"*) of the Board of Education of School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois (the *"District"*), passed preliminary to the issue by the District of its fully registered General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026 (the *"Bonds"*), to the amount of $__________, dated ____________, 2026, due serially on December 15 of the years and in the amounts and bearing interest as follows:

2027	$	%
2028		%
2029		%
2030		%
2031		%
2032		%
2033		%
2034		%

and we are of the opinion that the Proceedings show lawful authority for said issue under the laws of the State of Illinois now in force.

We further certify that we have examined the form of bond prescribed for said issue and find the same in due form of law, and in our opinion said issue, to the amount named, is valid and legally binding upon the District, is payable from any funds of the District legally available for such purpose, and all taxable property in the District is subject to the levy of taxes to pay the same without limitation as to rate, except that the rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, reorganization and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity, including the exercise of judicial discretion. The amount of said taxes that may be extended to pay the Bonds is limited as provided by the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law of the State of Illinois, as amended (the *"Law"*). The Law provides that the annual amount of said taxes to be extended to pay the Bonds and all other limited bonds (as defined in the Local Government Debt Reform Act of the State of Illinois, as amended) heretofore and hereafter issued by the District shall not exceed the debt service extension base (as defined in the Law) of the District, as more fully described in the Proceedings.

It is our opinion that, subject to the District's compliance with certain covenants, under present law, interest on the Bonds is excludible from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and is not includible as an item of tax preference in computing the alternative minimum tax for individuals under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Interest on the Bonds may affect the corporate alternative minimum tax for certain corporations. Failure to comply with certain of such District covenants could cause interest on the Bonds to be includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other federal tax consequences to certain taxpayers, and we express no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of any information furnished to any person in connection with any offer or sale of the Bonds.

In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon certifications of the District with respect to certain material facts within the District's knowledge. Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

APPENDIX C

PROPOSED FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE UNDERTAKING FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION UNDER SECTION (b)(5) OF RULE 15c2-12

This Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (this *"Agreement"*) is executed and delivered by School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois (the *"District"*), in connection with the issuance of $__________ General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026 (the *"Bonds"*). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Education of the District on the 17th day of September, 2026 (as supplemented by a notification of sale, the *"Resolution"*).

In consideration of the issuance of the Bonds by the District and the purchase of such Bonds by the beneficial owners thereof, the District covenants and agrees as follows:

1. PURPOSE OF THIS AGREEMENT. This Agreement is executed and delivered by the District as of the date set forth below, for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the requirements of the Rule (as defined below). The District represents that it will be the only obligated person with respect to the Bonds at the time the Bonds are delivered to the Participating Underwriters and that no other person is expected to become so committed at any time after issuance of the Bonds.

2. DEFINITIONS. The terms set forth below shall have the following meanings in this Agreement, unless the context clearly otherwise requires.

Annual Financial Information means information of the type contained under the following headings and subheadings of, and in the following exhibits to, the Official Statement:

THE BONDS—Debt Service Extension Base Availability after Issuance of the Bonds
FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DISTRICT
—Direct General Obligation Bonds (Principal Only)
—Direct General Obligation Bonds (Principal and Interest)
—Selected Financial Information (only as it relates to direct debt)
—Composition of EAV
—Trend of EAV
—Taxes Extended and Collected
—School District Tax Rates by Purpose
WORKING CASH FUND—Working Cash Fund Summary
Exhibit A—Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Exhibit C—Budget
Exhibit D—General Fund Revenue Sources

Annual Financial Information Disclosure means the dissemination of disclosure concerning Annual Financial Information and the dissemination of the Audited Financial Statements as set forth in Section 4.

Audited Financial Statements means the audited financial statements of the District prepared pursuant to the principles and as described in *Exhibit I*.

Commission means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Dissemination Agent means any agent designated as such in writing by the District and which has filed with the District a written acceptance of such designation, and such agent's successors and assigns.

EMMA means the MSRB through its Electronic Municipal Market Access system for municipal securities disclosure or through any other electronic format or system prescribed by the MSRB for purposes of the Rule.

Exchange Act means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Financial Obligation of the District means a (a) debt obligation; (b) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (c) guarantee of a debt obligation or any such derivative instrument; provided that "financial obligation" shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement (as defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

MSRB means the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

Official Statement means the Final Official Statement, dated _________, 2026, and relating to the Bonds.

Participating Underwriter means each broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer acting as an underwriter in the primary offering of the Bonds.

Reportable Event means the occurrence of any of the Events with respect to the Bonds set forth in *Exhibit II*.

Reportable Events Disclosure means dissemination of a notice of a Reportable Event as set forth in Section 5.

Rule means Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Commission under the Exchange Act, as the same may be amended from time to time.

State means the State of Illinois.

Undertaking means the obligations of the District pursuant to Sections 4 and 5.

3. CUSIP NUMBERS. The CUSIP Numbers of the Bonds are set forth in *Exhibit III*. All filings required under this Agreement will be filed on EMMA under these CUSIP Numbers. If the Bonds are refunded after the date hereof, the District will also make all filings required under this Agreement under any new CUSIP Numbers assigned to the Bonds as a result of such refunding, to the extent the District remains legally liable for the payment of such Bonds; provided, however, that the District will not be required to make such filings under new CUSIP Numbers unless the District has been notified in writing by the Participating Underwriter or the District's financial advisor that new CUSIP Numbers have been assigned to the Bonds. The District will not make any filings pursuant to this Agreement under new CUSIP Numbers assigned to any of the Bonds after the date hereof for any reason other than a refunding, as described in the previous sentence, including, but not limited to, new CUSIP Numbers assigned to the Bonds as a result of a holder of the Bonds obtaining a bond insurance policy or other credit enhancement with respect to some or all of the outstanding Bonds in the secondary market.

4. ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION DISCLOSURE. Subject to Section 8 of this Agreement, the District hereby covenants that it will disseminate its Annual Financial Information and its Audited Financial Statements (in the form and by the dates set forth in *Exhibit I*) to EMMA in such manner and format and accompanied by identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB or the Commission at the time of delivery of such information and by such time so that such entities receive the information by the dates specified. MSRB Rule G-32 requires all EMMA filings to be in word-searchable PDF format. This requirement extends to all documents to be filed with EMMA, including financial statements and other externally prepared reports.

If any part of the Annual Financial Information can no longer be generated because the operations to which it is related have been materially changed or discontinued, the District will disseminate a statement to such effect as part of its Annual Financial Information for the year in which such event first occurs.

If any amendment or waiver is made to this Agreement, the Annual Financial Information for the year in which such amendment or waiver is made (or in any notice or supplement provided to EMMA) shall contain a narrative description of the reasons for such amendment or waiver and its impact on the type of information being provided.

5. REPORTABLE EVENTS DISCLOSURE. Subject to Section 8 of this Agreement, the District hereby covenants that it will disseminate in a timely manner (not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the Reportable Event) Reportable Events Disclosure to EMMA in such manner and format and accompanied by identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB or the Commission at the time of delivery of such information. References to "material" in *Exhibit II* refer to materiality as it is interpreted under the Exchange Act. MSRB Rule G-32 requires all EMMA filings to be in word-searchable PDF format. This requirement extends to all documents to be filed with EMMA, including financial statements and other externally prepared reports. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of optional or unscheduled redemption of any Bonds or defeasance of any Bonds need not be given under this Agreement any earlier than the notice (if any) of such redemption or defeasance is given to the Bondholders pursuant to the Resolution.

6. CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE OF THE DISTRICT TO PROVIDE INFORMATION. The District shall give notice in a timely manner to EMMA of any failure to provide Annual Financial Information Disclosure when the same is due hereunder.

In the event of a failure of the District to comply with any provision of this Agreement, the beneficial owner of any Bond may seek mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the District to comply with its obligations under this Agreement. A default under this Agreement shall not be deemed a default under the Resolution, and the sole remedy under this Agreement in the event of any failure of the District to comply with this Agreement shall be an action to compel performance.

7. AMENDMENTS; WAIVER. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the District by resolution authorizing such amendment or waiver, may amend this Agreement, and any provision of this Agreement may be waived, if:

(a) (i) The amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, including without limitation, pursuant to a "no-action" letter issued by the Commission, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, or status of the District, or type of business conducted; or

(ii) This Agreement, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(b) The amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, as determined by parties unaffiliated with the District (such as Bond Counsel).

In the event that the Commission or the MSRB or other regulatory authority shall approve or require Annual Financial Information Disclosure or Reportable Events Disclosure to be made to a central post office, governmental agency or similar entity other than EMMA or in lieu of EMMA, the District shall, if required, make such dissemination to such central post office, governmental agency or similar entity without the necessity of amending this Agreement.

8. TERMINATION OF UNDERTAKING. The Undertaking of the District shall be terminated hereunder if the District shall no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to repayment of the Bonds under the Resolution.

9. FUTURE CHANGES TO THE RULE. As set forth in Section 1 of this Agreement, the District has executed and delivered this Agreement solely and only to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the requirements of the Rule. Therefore, notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event the Commission, the MSRB or other regulatory authority shall approve or require changes to the requirements of the Rule, the District shall be permitted, but shall not be required, to unilaterally modify the covenants in this Agreement, without complying with the requirements of Section 7 of this Agreement, in order to

comply with, or conform to, such changes. In the event of any such modification of this Agreement, the District shall file a copy of this Agreement, as revised, on EMMA in a timely manner.

10. DISSEMINATION AGENT. The District may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Agreement, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent.

11. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the District from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information Disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event, in addition to that which is required by this Agreement. If the District chooses to include any information from any document or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Agreement, the District shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future disclosure or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event.

12. BENEFICIARIES. This Agreement has been executed in order to assist the Participating Underwriters in complying with the Rule; however, this Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the District, the Dissemination Agent, if any, and the beneficial owners of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

13. RECORDKEEPING. The District shall maintain records of all Annual Financial Information Disclosure and Reportable Events Disclosure, including the content of such disclosure, the names of the entities with whom such disclosure was filed and the date of filing such disclosure.

14. ASSIGNMENT. The District shall not transfer its obligations under the Resolution unless the transferee agrees to assume all obligations of the District under this Agreement or to execute an Undertaking under the Rule.

15. GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 68, COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS

By: ____________________________________
President, Board of Education

Date: ________________, 2026

EXHIBIT I

ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND TIMING AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All or a portion of the Annual Financial Information and the Audited Financial Statements as set forth below may be included by reference to other documents which have been submitted to EMMA or filed with the Commission. If the information included by reference is contained in a Final Official Statement, the Final Official Statement must be available on EMMA; the Final Official Statement need not be available from the Commission. The District shall clearly identify each such item of information included by reference.

Annual Financial Information exclusive of Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to EMMA by 270 days after the last day of the District's fiscal year (currently June 30), beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026. Audited Financial Statements as described below should be filed at the same time as the Annual Financial Information. If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, Audited Financial Statements will be submitted to EMMA within 30 days after availability to the District.

Audited Financial Statements will be prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

If any change is made to the Annual Financial Information as permitted by Section 4 of the Agreement, the District will disseminate a notice of such change as required by Section 4.

EXHIBIT II
EVENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS FOR WHICH REPORTABLE EVENTS DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED

1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies
2. Non-payment related defaults, if material
3. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties
4. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties
5. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform
6. Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security, or other material events affecting the tax status of the security
7. Modifications to the rights of security holders, if material
8. Bond calls, if material, and tender offers
9. Defeasances
10. Release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material
11. Rating changes
12. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District*
13. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material
14. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material
15. Incurrence of a Financial Obligation, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation, any of which affect security holders, if material
16. Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation, any of which reflect financial difficulties

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* This event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the District in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District.

EXHIBIT III
CUSIP NUMBERS

YEAR OF MATURITY	CUSIP NUMBER (213741)
2027	
2028	
2029	
2030	
2031	
2032	
2033	
2034	

School District Number 68, Cook County, Illinois (Skokie) • General Obligation Limited Tax School Bonds, Series 2026

Skokie
School District 68

Mixed Sources
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