

NEW ISSUE—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

NO RATING

In the opinion of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants and requirements described herein, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds described herein is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is exempt from State of California personal income tax. See the caption "TAX EXEMPTION" with respect to tax consequences relating to the Bonds, including with respect to the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain large corporations.



\$7,490,000*

**COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR
SPECIAL TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025**

Dated: Delivery Date**Due: September 1, as shown on inside cover page**

The Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the "Bonds") are being issued by Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar (the "District") to: (i) finance certain public improvements benefitting the development within the District, including public improvements to be owned by the City, water and sewer facilities to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District and school facilities to be owned and operated by the Lake Elsinore Unified School District; (ii) fund a reserve account for the Bonds; and (iii) pay costs of issuance for the Bonds. The Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended (Section 53311 et seq. of the Government Code of the State of California) (the "Act"), and pursuant to that certain Bond Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2025 (the "Indenture"), by and between the District and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

The Bonds are secured by a pledge of and lien upon Net Taxes (as defined herein) derived from a certain annual Special Tax (as defined herein) to be levied on taxable parcels within the District and from certain other funds pledged under the Indenture, all as further described herein. The Special Tax is to be levied according to the rate and method of apportionment approved by the City Council of the City and the qualified electors within the District. See the caption "SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes" and Appendix A — "RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX."

The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form and when issued will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). Individual purchases of the Bonds may be made in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof and will be in book-entry form only. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their beneficial ownership of the Bonds but will receive credit balances on the books of their respective nominees. The Bonds will not be transferable or exchangeable except for transfer to another nominee of DTC or as otherwise described herein. Interest on the Bonds will be payable on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2025. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by the Trustee to DTC for subsequent disbursement to DTC Participants, who will remit such payments to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE CITY, THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF IS PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. EXCEPT FOR THE NET TAXES, NO OTHER REVENUES OR TAXES ARE PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. THE BONDS ARE NOT GENERAL OR SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE CITY OR GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT BUT ARE LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT PAYABLE SOLELY FROM NET TAXES AND OTHER AMOUNTS HELD UNDER THE INDENTURE AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED HEREIN.

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption, special mandatory redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity as set forth herein. See the caption "THE BONDS — Redemption."

Investment in the Bonds involves risks that are not appropriate for certain investors. Certain events could affect the ability of the District to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. See the caption "SPECIAL RISK FACTORS" for a discussion of certain risk factors that should be considered, in addition to the other matters set forth herein, in evaluating the investment quality of the Bonds.

THIS COVER PAGE CONTAINS CERTAIN INFORMATION FOR GENERAL REFERENCE ONLY. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO BE A SUMMARY OF THE SECURITY OR TERMS OF THIS ISSUE. INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO READ THE ENTIRE OFFICIAL STATEMENT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION ESSENTIAL TO THE MAKING OF AN INFORMED INVESTMENT DECISION.

**MATURITY SCHEDULE
(See Inside Cover Page)**

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and accepted by the Underwriter, subject to approval as to their legality by Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Newport Beach, California, Bond Counsel, and subject to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the City and the District by Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP, Riverside, California, City Attorney, and for the District by Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Disclosure Counsel, for the Underwriter by Kutak Rock LLP, Irvine, California, and for the Trustee by its counsel. It is anticipated that the Bonds in book-entry form will be available for delivery on or about April 3, 2025.

RAYMOND JAMES®

Dated _____, 2025

* Preliminary, subject to change.

\$ _____
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR
SPECIAL TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025

MATURITY SCHEDULE

BASE CUSIP®† _____

\$ _____ Serial Bonds

<i>Maturity Date (September 1)</i>	<i>Principal Amount</i>	<i>Interest Rate</i>	<i>Yield</i>	<i>Price</i>	<i>CUSIP No.†</i>
---	------------------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------	---------------------	--------------------------

\$ _____ % Term Bonds due September 1, 20__ Yield: _____ % Price: _____ CUSIP No.† _____

\$ _____ % Term Bonds due September 1, 20__ Yield: _____ % Price: _____ CUSIP No.† _____

† CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP Global Services (CGS) is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by FactSet Research Systems Inc. Copyright© 2025 CUSIP Global Services. All rights reserved. CUSIP® data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CGS database. CUSIP® numbers are provided for convenience of reference only. None of the District, the City, the Underwriter or their agents or counsel assume responsibility for the accuracy of such numbers.

**CITY OF WILDOMAR
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA**

CITY COUNCIL

Ashlee DePhillippo, *Mayor*
Carlos Marquez, *Mayor Pro-Tem*
Dustin Nigg, *Councilmember*
Joseph Morabito, *Councilmember*
Bridgette Moore, *Councilmember*

CITY ADMINISTRATORS

Dan York, *City Manager*
Heidi Schrader, *Administrative Services Director*
Adam Jantz, *Finance Manager*

CITY ATTORNEY

Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP
Riverside, California

BOND AND DISCLOSURE COUNSEL

Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP
Newport Beach, California

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

CSG Advisors Incorporated
San Francisco, California

SPECIAL TAX CONSULTANT

Spicer Consulting Group, LLC
Murrieta, California

APPRAISER

Stephen G. White, MAI
Fullerton, California

TRUSTEE

Wilmington Trust, National Association
Costa Mesa, California

Except where otherwise indicated, all information contained in this Official Statement has been provided by the City and the District. No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized by the City, the District, the Trustee or the Underwriter to give any information or to make any representations in connection with the offer or sale of the Bonds other than those contained herein and, if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the City, the District, the Trustee or the Underwriter. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the Bonds by a person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such an offer, solicitation or sale.

This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract with the purchasers or Owners of the Bonds. Statements contained in this Official Statement which involve estimates, forecasts or matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so described herein, are intended solely as such and are not to be construed as representations of fact.

The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement:

The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as a part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the City, the District or any other parties described herein since the date hereof. All summaries of the Indenture or other documents are made subject to the provisions of such documents respectively and do not purport to be complete statements of any or all of such provisions. Reference is hereby made to such documents on file with the City for further information in connection therewith.

THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, IN RELIANCE UPON AN EXEMPTION CONTAINED IN SUCH ACT. THE BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED OR QUALIFIED UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE.

Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Such statements are generally identifiable by the terminology used such as a “plan,” “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “budget,” or similar words. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to certain statements contained in the information under the captions “THE DISTRICT” and “PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT.”

THE ACHIEVEMENT OF CERTAIN RESULTS OR OTHER EXPECTATIONS CONTAINED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE KNOWN AND UNKNOWN RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND OTHER FACTORS WHICH MAY CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS DESCRIBED TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ANY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THE DISTRICT DOES NOT PLAN TO ISSUE ANY UPDATES OR REVISIONS TO THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS SET FORTH IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. IN EVALUATING SUCH STATEMENTS, POTENTIAL INVESTORS SHOULD SPECIFICALLY CONSIDER THE VARIOUS FACTORS WHICH COULD CAUSE ACTUAL EVENTS OR RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE INDICATED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

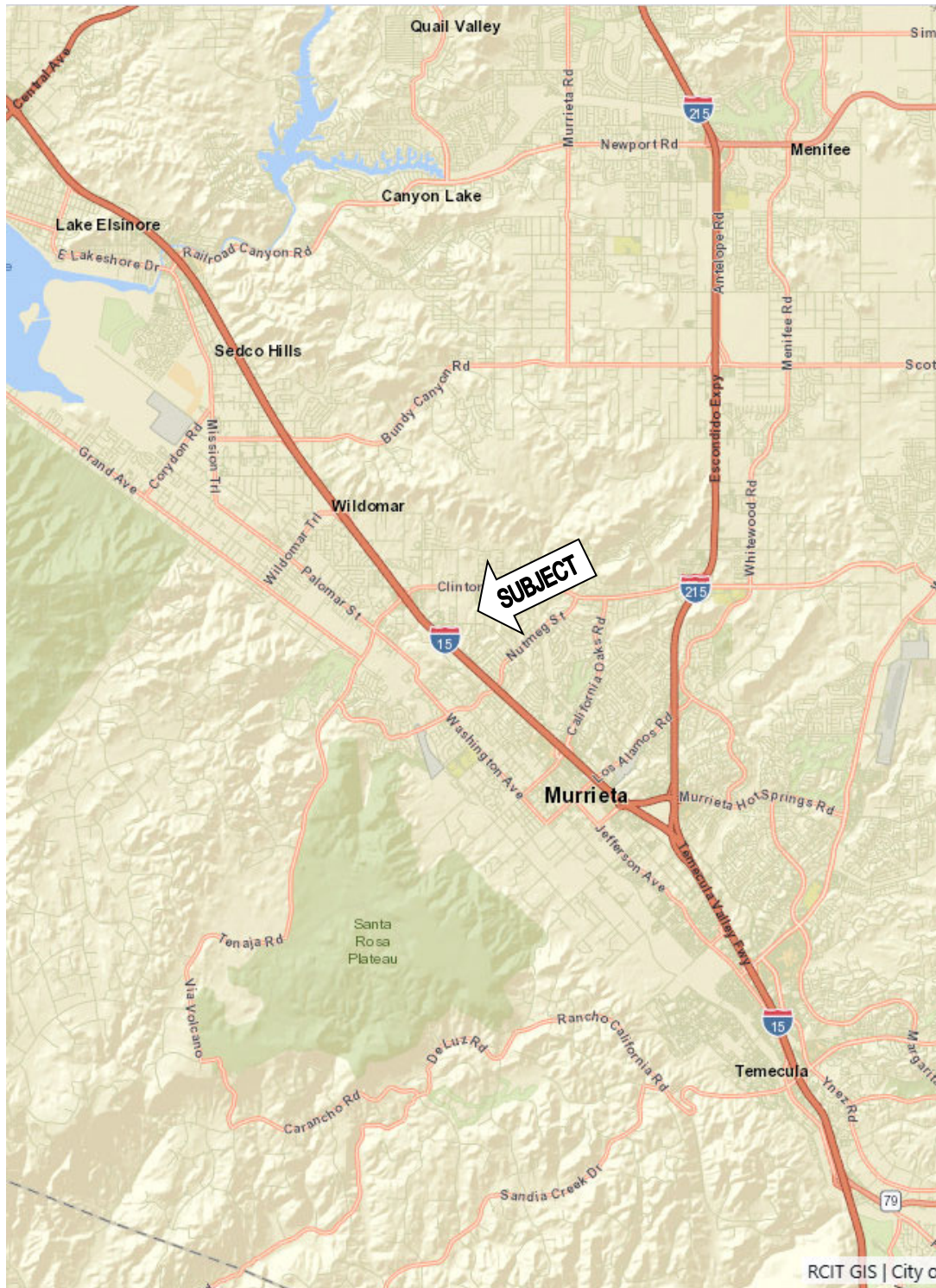
The City maintains a website. However, the information presented on such website is not part of this Official Statement and should not be relied upon in making an investment decision with respect to the Bonds.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION	1
The District	1
Sources of Payment for the Bonds	2
Appraisal Report	3
Description of the Bonds	3
Tax Exemption	4
Professionals Involved in the Offering	4
Continuing Disclosure	4
Parity Bonds for Refunding Purposes Only	5
Bond Owners' Risks	5
Other Information	5
FINANCING PLAN	5
Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds	5
THE BONDS	6
General Provisions	6
Debt Service Schedule	7
Redemption	7
Registration, Transfer and Exchange	11
SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS	11
Limited Obligations	11
Special Taxes	12
Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund	18
No Teeter Plan	18
Parity Bonds for Refunding Purposes Only	18
THE DISTRICT	18
General Description of the District	18
Authorized Uses of Bond Proceeds	19
Appraisal Report	19
Estimated Appraised Value-to-Lien Ratios	20
Direct and Overlapping Debt	23
Delinquency History	24
PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT	25
General	25
Lennar Homes	26
SPECIAL RISK FACTORS	27
Risks of Real Estate Secured Investments Generally	28
Insufficiency of Special Tax Revenues	28
Impact of Economic Conditions on the Development in the District	29
Increasing Mortgage Interest Rates	30
Concentration of Ownership	30
Property Insurance	30
Property Values	30
Natural Disasters	31
Hazardous Substances	31
Enforcement Delays – Bankruptcy	32
Special Tax Delinquencies	32
FDIC/Federal Government Interests in Parcels	33

Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness.....	34
Payment of Special Taxes is not a Personal Obligation of the Property Owners	34
No Acceleration Provision.....	34
Limited Obligations	34
Proposition 218.....	35
Ballot Initiatives.....	35
Litigation with Respect to Community Facilities Districts.....	36
Loss of Tax Exemption.....	37
No Ratings – Limited Secondary Market	37
Limitations on Remedies	37
Potential Early Redemption of Bonds from Prepayments or Community Facilities District Bond Proceeds	37
Cybersecurity.....	38
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE.....	38
TAX EXEMPTION	38
LEGAL OPINION	40
ABSENCE OF LITIGATION	40
NO RATING	40
UNDERWRITING	40
FINANCIAL INTERESTS.....	41
MUNICIPAL ADVISOR	41
MISCELLANEOUS	41
APPENDIX A RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX.....	A-1
APPENDIX B CERTAIN ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION	B-1
APPENDIX C FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL	C-1
APPENDIX D APPRAISAL REPORT.....	D-1
APPENDIX E SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE	E-1
APPENDIX F FORM OF DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE	F-1
APPENDIX G BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM.....	G-1

LOCATION MAP



COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR



\$7,490,000*
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR
SPECIAL TAX BONDS, SERIES 2025

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Official Statement, which includes the cover page, the table of contents and the attached appendices (collectively, the “Official Statement”), is to provide certain information concerning the issuance by Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar (the “District”) of its Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025 in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,490,000* (the “Bonds”). The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to: (i) finance certain public improvements benefiting the development within the District, including public improvements to be owned by the City of Wildomar (the “City”), water and sewer facilities to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District and school facilities to be owned and operated by the Lake Elsinore Unified School District; (ii) fund a reserve account for the Bonds; and (iii) pay costs of issuance for the Bonds.

The Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended (Section 53311 *et seq.* of the Government Code of the State of California) (the “Act”), a resolution adopted on March 12, 2025, by the City Council of the City, acting as the legislative body of the District, and a Bond Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2025 (the “Indenture”), by and between the District and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”). The Bonds are secured under the Indenture by a pledge of and lien upon Net Taxes (as such term is defined herein) and all moneys in the Special Tax Fund as described in the Indenture.

This Introduction is not a summary of this Official Statement. It is only a brief description of and guide to, and is qualified by, more complete and detailed information contained in the entire Official Statement and the documents summarized or described herein. A full review should be made of the entire Official Statement. The sale and delivery of Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement. All capitalized terms used in this Official Statement and not defined have the meanings set forth in Appendix E.

The District

General. The City is located in the western portion of the County of Riverside (the “County”), California (the “State”). The District contains approximately 10.75 net taxable acres and is located on the southwest corner of Elizabeth Lane and Bunny Trail in the City.

The property within the District is being developed by Lennar Homes of California, LLC, a California limited liability company (“Lennar Homes”) into 136 single-family townhomes (with two to four units per building) in a project being marketed as “Horizon Place.” As of January 6, 2025 (the date of value of the Appraisal Report (as defined below)), Lennar Homes had completed and conveyed 110 homes within the District to individual homeowners. As of such date Lennar Homes owned three model homes, 16 homes under construction and near-finished and vacant lots for seven homes. Lennar Homes has obtained building permits for all 136 planned homes in the District.

Development in the District has progressed since the date of value of the Appraisal Report. As of March 1, 2025, Lennar Homes had closed a total of 126 homes within the District to individual homeowners and owned three model homes and seven homes under construction (one of which was in escrow). Lennar Homes expects to complete and convey all remaining homes to be constructed in the District to individual homeowners by mid-2025.

* Preliminary, subject to change.

The backbone infrastructure (sewer, water, storm drains, utilities, and arterial roads) necessary to develop the property within the District has been completed. Remaining improvements include finishing of minor in-tract improvements for the remaining homes to be constructed and final off-site surface paving and striping improvements. See the captions “THE DISTRICT” and “PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT” for further information with respect to the District, Lennar Homes and development within the District.

Formation Proceedings. The District was formed on June 8, 2022 pursuant to the Act. The Act was enacted to provide an alternative method of financing certain public capital facilities and services, especially in developing areas of the State. Any local agency (as defined in the Act) may establish a community facilities district to provide for and finance the cost of eligible public facilities and services. Generally, the legislative body of the local agency which forms a community facilities district acts on behalf of such district as its legislative body. Subject to approval by two-thirds of the votes cast at an election and compliance with the other provisions of the Act, a legislative body of a local agency may issue bonds for a community facilities district and may levy and collect a special tax within such district to repay such indebtedness.

Pursuant to the Act, on April 13, 2022, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 2022-12 (the “Resolution of Intention”), stating its intention to form the District and to authorize the levy of a special tax on the taxable property within the District, and Resolution No. 2022-13, stating its intention to incur bonded indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 for the purpose of financing the purchase, construction, expansion or rehabilitation of certain public facilities to serve the area within the District.

Subsequent to a noticed public hearing on June 8, 2022, the City Council adopted Resolution Nos. 2022-32 and 2022-33 (collectively the “Resolution of Formation”). The Resolution of Formation: (i) established the District; (ii) authorized the levy of a special tax within the District; (iii) determined the necessity to incur bonded indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 within the District; and (iv) called an election within the District on the proposition of incurring bonded indebtedness, levying the special tax and setting an appropriations limit.

On June 8, 2022, an election was held within the District in which the property owner within the District approved the proposition authorizing the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000. A Notice of Special Tax Lien for the District was recorded in the office of the County Recorder on June 20, 2022, as Document No. 2022-0276676. On July 13, 2022, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 221 (the “Ordinance”) which authorizes the levy of a special tax pursuant to the Rate and Method of Apportionment approved at the June 8, 2022 election (the “Rate and Method”), a copy of which is attached hereto as Appendix A.

Sources of Payment for the Bonds

Special Taxes. As used in this Official Statement, the term “Special Tax” means the annual Special Tax which has been authorized pursuant to the Act and the Rate and Method to be levied upon taxable property within the District. See the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes” and Appendix A — “RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX.” See the caption “THE DISTRICT.”

Under the Indenture, the District has pledged to repay the Bonds and any Parity Bonds (as defined herein) from the Special Tax revenues remaining after the payment of certain annual Administrative Expenses of the District (the “Net Taxes”) and from other amounts in the Special Tax Fund established under the Indenture. The Special Taxes are the primary source of security for the repayment of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds. In the event that the Special Taxes are not paid when due, the only sources of funds available to pay the debt service on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are amounts held by the Trustee in the Special Tax Fund, including amounts held in the Reserve Account therein, to the limited extent described in the Indenture. See the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund.”

Foreclosure Proceeds. The District will covenant in the Indenture for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds that it will: (i) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against parcels with delinquent Special Taxes in excess of \$7,500 by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which such Special Taxes were due; and (ii) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against all parcels with delinquent Special Taxes by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which it receives Special Taxes in an amount which is less than 95% of the total Special Tax levied; and (iii) diligently pursue such foreclosure proceedings until the delinquent Special Taxes are paid; provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the District may elect to defer foreclosure proceedings on any parcel so long as the amount in the Reserve Account is at least equal to the Reserve Requirement. See the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.*” There is no assurance that the property within the District can be sold for the appraised or assessed values described herein, or for a price sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds in the event of a default in payment of Special Taxes by the current or future landowners within the District. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Property Values.”

EXCEPT FOR THE NET TAXES, NO OTHER TAXES ARE PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. THE BONDS ARE NOT GENERAL OR SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE CITY OR GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT, BUT ARE LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT PAYABLE SOLELY FROM NET TAXES AND AMOUNTS HELD UNDER THE INDENTURE, AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED HEREIN.

Appraisal Report

An appraisal of the taxable land and existing improvements within the District was prepared by Stephen G. White, MAI, Fullerton, California (the “Appraiser”). The appraisal report is dated January 21, 2025 and entitled “Appraisal Report Covering Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar” (the “Appraisal Report”). The Appraisal Report provides an estimate of the approximate market value of the “as-is” condition of the property in the District subject to the levy of Special Taxes, assuming that development of the property as currently planned will consist of 136 residential units. Based on the extraordinary assumptions, assumptions and limiting conditions in the Appraisal Report, the Appraiser concluded that the market value of all of the taxable parcels within the District subject to the Special Tax was \$54,520,000 as of January 6, 2025 (the “Date of Value”).

The Appraisal Report is based upon a variety of assumptions and limiting conditions that are described in Appendix D. The District makes no representation as to the accuracy of the Appraisal Report. See “THE DISTRICT — Appraisal Report” and “— Estimated Appraised Value-to-Lien Ratios.” There is no assurance that property within the District can be sold for the prices set forth in the Appraisal Report or that any parcel can be sold for a price sufficient to pay the Special Tax for that parcel in the event of a default in payment of Special Taxes by a property owner. See “THE DISTRICT” and “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Property Values” herein and Appendix D.

Description of the Bonds

The Bonds will be issued and delivered as fully registered Bonds, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), and will be available to actual purchasers of the Bonds (the “Beneficial Owners”) in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, under the book-entry system maintained by DTC, only through brokers and dealers who are or act through DTC Participants as described herein. Beneficial Owners will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of the Bonds. In the event that the book-entry only system described herein is no longer used with respect to the Bonds, the Bonds will be registered and transferred in accordance with the Indenture. See Appendix G — “BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM.”

Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds is payable by the Trustee to DTC. Disbursement of such payments to DTC Participants is the responsibility of DTC and disbursement of such payments to the

Beneficial Owners is the responsibility of DTC Participants. See Appendix G — “BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM.”

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption, special mandatory redemption and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity as described herein. See the caption “THE BONDS — Redemption.” For a more complete description of the Bonds and the basic documentation pursuant to which they are being sold and delivered, see the caption “THE BONDS” and Appendix E — “SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE.”

Tax Exemption

In the opinion of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants and requirements described herein, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds described herein is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is exempt from State of California personal income tax. See the caption “TAX EXEMPTION” with respect to tax consequences relating to the Bonds, including with respect to the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain large corporations.

Set forth in Appendix C is the form of opinion of Bond Counsel expected to be delivered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. For a more complete discussion of such opinion and certain tax consequences incident to the ownership of the Bonds, see the caption “TAX EXEMPTION.”

Professionals Involved in the Offering

Wilmington Trust, National Association, Costa Mesa, California, will act as Trustee under the Indenture. Raymond James & Associates, Inc. (the “Underwriter”) is the Underwriter of the Bonds. Certain proceedings in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Bonds are subject to the approval of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Newport Beach, California, Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel to the District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the City and the District by Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP, Riverside, California, City Attorney, for the Underwriter by Kutak Rock LLP, Irvine, California, and for the Trustee by its counsel. Other professional services have been performed by Spicer Consulting Group, LLC, Murrieta, California, as Special Tax Consultant (the “Special Tax Consultant”), CSG Advisors Incorporated, San Francisco, California, as Municipal Advisor, and by Stephen G. White, MAI, Fullerton, California, as Appraiser.

For information concerning circumstances in which certain of the above-mentioned professionals, advisors, counsel and consultants may have a financial or other interest in the offering of the Bonds, see the caption “FINANCIAL INTERESTS.”

Continuing Disclosure

Pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Certificate to be executed by the District (the “District Continuing Disclosure Certificate”), the District will agree to provide, or cause to be provided, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board’s Electronic Municipal Market Access system (“EMMA”), maintained on the Internet at <http://emma.msrb.org>, certain annual financial information and operating data and notices of certain enumerated events. These covenants are being made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with subsection (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Rule 15c2-12”). See “CONTINUING DISCLOSURE,” Appendix F — “FORM OF DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE.”

Parity Bonds for Refunding Purposes Only

The District will covenant in the Indenture not to issue additional indebtedness secured by the Net Taxes on a parity with the Bonds (“Parity Bonds”) other than for refunding all or a portion of the Bonds or Parity Bonds. See the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Parity Bonds for Refunding Purposes Only.” Other taxes and/or special assessments with liens equal in priority to the continuing lien of the Special Taxes may also be levied in the future on the property within the District, which could adversely affect the willingness of the landowners to pay the Special Taxes when due. See the captions “THE DISTRICT — Direct and Overlapping Debt” and “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness.”

Bond Owners’ Risks

Certain events could affect the ability of the District to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds when due. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS” for a discussion of certain factors which should be considered, in addition to other matters set forth herein, in evaluating an investment in the Bonds. The purchase of the Bonds involves risks, and the Bonds may not be appropriate investments for some types of investors.

Other Information

This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change.

Brief descriptions of the Bonds and the Indenture are included in this Official Statement. Such descriptions and information do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references herein to the Indenture, the Bonds and the Constitution and laws of the State, as well as the proceedings of the City Council, acting as the legislative body of the District, are qualified in their entirety by references to such documents, laws and proceedings, and with respect to the Bonds, by reference to the Indenture. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Official Statement have the meanings set forth in Appendix E.

Copies of the Indenture and other documents and information are available for inspection and copies may be obtained from the City, 23873 Clinton Keith Road, Suite 110, Wildomar California 92595, Attention: City Clerk.

FINANCING PLAN

Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds

The following table sets forth the expected sources and uses of Bond proceeds and certain Special Taxes collected in Fiscal Year 2024-25.

Sources of Funds	
Principal Amount of Bonds	\$
Plus Original Issue Premium	
Special Taxes	
Total Sources	<u><u>\$</u></u>
Uses of Funds:	
Acquisition and Construction Fund	\$
Reserve Account	
Cost of Issuance ⁽¹⁾	
Total Uses	<u><u>\$</u></u>

⁽¹⁾ To pay costs of issuance of the Bonds, including legal fees, underwriter’s discount, printing costs, Appraiser, Special Tax Consultant and Trustee fees.

THE BONDS

General Provisions

The Bonds will be dated their date of delivery and will bear interest at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page hereof, payable semiannually on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2025 (each, an “Interest Payment Date”), and will mature in the amounts and on the dates set forth on the inside cover page of this Official Statement. Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Interest on any Bond will be payable from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of authentication of such Bond, unless: (i) such date of authentication is an Interest Payment Date, in which event interest will be payable from such date of authentication; (ii) the date of authentication is after the fifteenth day of the month preceding an Interest Payment Date, regardless of whether such day is a Business Day (each, a “Record Date”) but prior to the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, in which event interest will be payable from the Interest Payment Date immediately succeeding the date of authentication; or (iii) the date of authentication is prior to the close of business on the first Record Date occurring after the issuance of such Bond, in which event interest will be payable from the dated date of such Bond, as applicable; provided, however, that if at the time of authentication of such Bond, interest is in default, interest on such Bond will be payable from the last Interest Payment Date to which the interest has been paid or made available for payment or, if no interest has been paid or made available for payment on such Bond, interest on such Bond will be payable from its dated date.

Interest on any Bond will be paid to the person whose name appears as its owner in the registration books held by the Trustee on the close of business on the Record Date. Principal of, premium, if any, due upon redemption is payable upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds at the principal corporate trust office of the Trustee in Costa Mesa, California.

The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC. DTC will act as securities depository of the Bonds. Ownership interests in the Bonds may be purchased in book-entry form only in denominations of \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof. So long as DTC is the securities depository all payments of principal and interest on the Bonds will be made to DTC and will be paid to the Beneficial Owners in accordance with DTC’s procedures and the procedures of DTC’s Participants. See APPENDIX G — “BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM.”

In the event the Bonds are not held in book-entry form, interest will be paid by check of the Trustee mailed by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the Bondowner at its address on the registration books kept by the Trustee. Pursuant to a written request prior to the Record Date of a Bondowner of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Bonds or of any issue of Parity Bonds, payment will be made by wire transfer in immediately available funds to a designated account in the United States.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

Debt Service Schedule

The following table presents the annual debt service on the Bonds (including sinking fund redemptions), assuming that there are no optional or special mandatory redemptions. See the caption “—Redemption” below.

<i>Year Ending September 1</i>	<i>Principal</i>	<i>Interest</i>	<i>Total Debt Service</i>
------------------------------------	------------------	-----------------	---------------------------

Total

Redemption

Optional Redemption. The Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the District from any source of funds on any Interest Payment Date on or after September 1, 20__, in whole or in part, from such maturities as are selected by the District and by lot within a maturity, at the following redemption prices, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption:

Redemption Date

Redemption Price

In the event that the District elects to redeem Bonds as provided above, the District will give written notice to the Trustee of its election to so redeem, the redemption date and the principal amount of the Bonds of each maturity to be redeemed. The notice to the Trustee will be given at least 45 but no more than 60 calendar days prior to the redemption date, or by such later date as is acceptable to the Trustee.

Mandatory Sinking Fund Redemption. The Bonds maturing on September 1, 20__ (the “20__ Term Bonds”) will be called before maturity and redeemed, from the Sinking Fund Payments that have been deposited into the Redemption Account established under the Indenture, on September 1, 20__, and on each September 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in accordance with the schedule of Sinking Fund Payments set forth below. The 20__ Term Bonds so called for redemption will be selected by the Trustee by lot and will be redeemed at a redemption price for each redeemed 20__ Term Bond equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium, as follows:

Term Bonds Maturing September 1, 20__

***Sinking Fund Redemption Date
(September 1)***

Sinking Fund Payments

\$

*

* Maturity.

The Bonds maturing on September 1, 20__ (the “20__ Term Bonds”) will be called before maturity and redeemed, from the Sinking Fund Payments that have been deposited into the Redemption Account established under the Indenture, on September 1, 20__, and on each September 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in accordance with the schedule of Sinking Fund Payments set forth below. The 20__ Term Bonds so called for redemption will be selected by the Trustee by lot and will be redeemed at a redemption price for each redeemed 20__ Term Bond equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, without premium, as follows:

Term Bonds Maturing September 1, 20__

***Sinking Fund Redemption Date
(September 1)***

Sinking Fund Payments

\$

*

If the District purchases Term Bonds during the Fiscal Year immediately preceding one of the sinking fund redemption dates specified above, the District will notify the Trustee at least 45 days prior to the redemption

date as to the principal amount purchased, and the amount purchased will be credited at the time of purchase to the next Sinking Fund Payment for the Term Bond so purchased, to the extent of the full principal amount of the purchase. All Term Bonds purchased will be cancelled pursuant to the Indenture.

In the event of a partial optional redemption or special mandatory redemption of the Term Bonds, each of the remaining Sinking Fund Payments for such Term Bonds will be reduced, as nearly as practicable, on a pro rata basis.

Special Mandatory Redemption from Special Tax Prepayments. The Bonds are subject to special mandatory redemption as a whole or in part on a pro rata basis among maturities and by lot within a maturity, on any Interest Payment Date on or after September 1, 2025, and will be redeemed by the Trustee, from any amounts paid by the District to the Trustee and designated by the District as a prepayment of Special Taxes for one or more parcels in the District made in accordance with the Rate and Method (the “Prepayments”) deposited to the Redemption Account pursuant to the Indenture, plus amounts transferred from the Reserve Account pursuant to the Indenture, at the following redemption prices, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount to be redeemed, together with accrued interest to the redemption date:

Redemption Date

Redemption Price

Prepayments and amounts released from the Reserve Account in connection with Prepayments will be allocated to the payment at maturity and redemption of Bonds and any Parity Bonds as nearly as practicable on a proportionate basis based on the outstanding principal amount of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds and such amounts shall be applied to redeem Bonds and Parity Bonds as nearly as practicable on a pro rata basis among maturities in increments of \$5,000; provided, however, that, for Prepayments of less than \$50,000, the District may specify in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative that Prepayments be applied to one or more maturities of the Bonds or Parity Bonds so long as there is delivered to the Trustee a Certificate of the Independent Financial Consultant that, following such application of the Prepayments, the maximum Special Taxes that may be levied in each Fiscal Year on Taxable Property is not less than 110% of Annual Debt Service in the Bond Year that begins in such Fiscal Year.

See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Potential Early Redemption of Bonds from Prepayments or Community Facilities District Bond Proceeds” for a discussion of the potential for a lower than expected yield on the Bonds as a result of a special mandatory redemption from prepayment of Special Taxes or proceeds of bonds of other community facilities districts.

Notice of Redemption. So long as the Bonds are held in book-entry form, notice of redemption will be sent by the Trustee to DTC and not to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds under the DTC book-entry only system. Neither the District nor the Trustee is responsible for notifying the Beneficial Owners, who are to be notified in accordance with the procedures in effect for the DTC book-entry system. See Appendix G — “BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM.”

The Trustee will give notice, in the name of the District, of the redemption of Bonds. Such notice of redemption will: (i) specify the CUSIP numbers (if any), the bond numbers and the maturity date or dates of the Bonds selected for redemption, except that where all of the Bonds are subject to redemption, or all of the Bonds of one maturity are to be redeemed, the bond numbers of such issue need not be specified; (ii) state the date fixed for redemption and surrender of the Bonds to be redeemed; (iii) state the redemption price; (iv) state the place or places where the Bonds are to be redeemed; (v) in the case of Bonds to be redeemed only in part, state the portion of such Bond which is to be redeemed; (vi) state the date of issue of the Bonds as originally issued; (vii) state the rate of interest borne by each Bond being redeemed; and (viii) state any other descriptive

information needed to identify accurately the Bonds being redeemed as specified by the Trustee. Such notice will further state that on the date fixed for redemption, there will become due and payable on each Bond, or portion thereof called for redemption, the principal thereof, together with any premium, and interest accrued to the redemption date, and that from and after such date, interest thereon will cease to accrue and be payable. At least 30 days but no more than 45 days prior to the redemption date, the Trustee will mail a copy of such notice of redemption, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the respective Owners thereof at their addresses appearing on the Bond Register, and to the original purchaser of any Bonds; provided, however, so long as the Bonds are registered in the name of the Nominee, such notice shall be given in such manner as complies with the requirements of the Depository. The actual receipt by the Owner of any Bond of notice of such redemption is not a condition precedent to redemption, and neither the failure to receive nor any defect in such notice will affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of such Bonds, or the cessation of interest on the redemption date. A certificate by the Trustee that notice of such redemption has been given as provided in the Indenture will be conclusive as against all parties and the Owner is not entitled to show that he or she failed to receive notice of such redemption.

In addition to the foregoing notice, further notice will be given by the Trustee as set out below, but no defect in said further notice nor any failure to give all or any portion of such further notice will in any manner defeat the effectiveness of a call for redemption if notice thereof is given as above prescribed.

Each further notice of redemption will be sent not later than the date that notice of redemption is given to the Owners pursuant to the Indenture by first class mail or facsimile to the Depository and to any other registered securities depositories then in the business of holding substantial amounts of obligations of types comprising the Bonds as determined by the Trustee and to one or more of the national information services that the Trustee determines are in the business of disseminating notice of redemption of obligations such as the Bonds.

Upon the payment of the redemption price of any Bonds being redeemed, each check or other transfer of funds issued for such purpose will to the extent practicable bear the CUSIP number identifying, by issue and maturity, the Bonds being redeemed with the proceeds of such check or other transfer.

With respect to any notice of optional redemption of Bonds, such notice may state that such redemption is conditional upon the receipt by the Trustee on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Bonds to be redeemed and that, if the District determines that such moneys will not be received on or prior to the redemption date, said notice will be of no force and effect and the Trustee will not be required to redeem such Bonds. In the event that such notice of redemption contains such a condition and the District determines that such moneys are not so received, the redemption will not be made, and the Trustee will within a reasonable time thereafter give notice, in the manner in which the notice of redemption was given, that such moneys were not so received.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption. If less than all of the Bonds Outstanding are to be redeemed, the portion of any Bond of a denomination of more than \$5,000 to be redeemed will be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof. In selecting portions of such Bonds for redemption, the Trustee will treat such Bonds, as applicable, as representing that number of Bonds of \$5,000 denominations which is obtained by dividing the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed in part by \$5,000. The procedure for the selection of Parity Bonds for redemption may be modified as set forth in the Supplemental Indenture for such Parity Bonds. The Trustee will promptly notify the District in writing of the Bonds, or portions thereof, selected for redemption.

Partial Redemption of Bonds. Upon surrender of any Bond to be redeemed in part only, the District will execute and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver to the Owner, at the expense of the District, a new Bond or Bonds of authorized denominations equal in aggregate principal amount to the unredeemed portion of the Bonds surrendered, with the same interest rate and the same maturity.

Effect of Notice and Availability of Redemption Money. Notice of redemption having been duly given, as provided in the Indenture, and the amount necessary for the redemption having been made available for that purpose and being available therefor on the date fixed for such redemption: (i) the Bonds, or portions thereof, designated for redemption will, on the date fixed for redemption, become due and payable at the redemption price thereof as provided in the Indenture, anything in the Indenture or in the Bonds to the contrary notwithstanding; (ii) upon presentation and surrender thereof at the office of the Trustee, the redemption price of such Bonds will be paid to the Owners thereof; (iii) as of the redemption date the Bonds, or portions thereof so designated for redemption will be deemed to be no longer Outstanding and such Bonds, or portions thereof, will cease to bear further interest; and (iv) as of the date fixed for redemption no Owner of any of the Bonds, or portions thereof so designated for redemption will be entitled to any of the benefits of the Indenture, or to any other rights, except with respect to payment of the redemption price and interest accrued to the redemption date from the amounts so made available.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

Registration. The Trustee will keep sufficient books for the registration and transfer of the Bonds. The ownership of the Bonds will be established by the Bond registration books held by the Trustee.

Transfer or Exchange. Subject to the limitations set forth in the following paragraph, the registration of any Bond may, in accordance with its terms, be transferred upon the Bond Register by the person in whose name it is registered, in person or by his or her duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of such Bond for cancellation at the office of the Trustee, accompanied by delivery of written instrument of transfer in a form acceptable to the Trustee and duly executed by the Owner or his or her duly authorized attorney.

Bonds may be exchanged at the office of the Trustee for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds for other authorized denominations of the same maturity and issue. The Trustee may not collect from the Owner any charge for any new Bond issued upon any exchange or transfer, but will require the Owner requesting such exchange or transfer to pay any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer. Whenever any Bonds are surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, the District will execute and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver a new Bond or Bonds, as applicable, of the same issue and maturity, for a like aggregate principal amount; provided that the Trustee is not required to register transfers or make exchanges of: (i) Bonds for a period of 15 days next preceding any selection of the Bonds to be redeemed; or (ii) any Bonds chosen for redemption.

SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS

Limited Obligations

The Bonds are special, limited obligations of the District payable only from amounts pledged under the Indenture and from no other sources.

The Special Taxes are the primary source of repayment of the Bonds. Under the Indenture, the District has pledged to repay the Bonds from the Net Taxes (which are Special Tax revenues remaining after the payment of the annual Administrative Expenses in an amount not to exceed the Administrative Expenses Cap (as defined in the Indenture)) and from amounts held in the Special Tax Fund. Special Tax revenues include the proceeds of the annual Special Tax levy received by the District, including any scheduled payments and Prepayments thereof, and the net proceeds of the redemption of delinquent Special Taxes or sale of property sold as a result of foreclosure of the lien of delinquent Special Taxes to the amount of said lien, and penalties and interest thereon; provided that any delinquent Special Tax sold to an independent third-party or to the City for 100% of the delinquent amount will no longer be pledged under the Indenture to the payment of the Bonds or Parity Bonds.

In the event that the Special Tax revenues are not received when due, the only sources of funds available to pay the debt service on the Bonds are amounts held by the Trustee in the Special Tax Fund, including amounts held in the Reserve Account therein, for the exclusive benefit of the Owners of the Bonds.

NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE CITY, THE COUNTY, THE STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF IS PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. EXCEPT FOR THE NET TAXES, NO OTHER TAXES ARE PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE BONDS. THE BONDS ARE NOT GENERAL OR SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE CITY BUT ARE LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF THE DISTRICT PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE NET TAXES AND OTHER AMOUNTS PLEDGED UNDER THE INDENTURE AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED HEREIN.

Special Taxes

Authorization and Pledge. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the City established the District on June 8, 2022 for the purpose of financing of various public improvements required in connection with the proposed development within the District. At a special election held on June 8, 2022, the qualified elector within the District authorized the District to incur indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 for the District and the levy of the Special Taxes on property within the District to repay such bonds and to finance the Facilities (as defined below). The qualified elector within the District also voted to approve the Rate and Method which authorized the Special Tax to be levied to repay indebtedness of the District, including the Bonds.

The Bonds will be repaid only from annual Net Taxes derived from the levy and collection of Special Taxes pursuant to the Rate and Method. The Rate and Method permits the prepayment of Special Taxes for an Assessor's Parcel (as defined in the Rate and Method), and any such Prepayments will be applied to redeem Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any. The Net Taxes collected from the annual Special Tax levy and the proceeds of any Prepayment have been pledged under the Indenture to the repayment of the Bonds and Parity Bonds.

The Special Taxes levied in any Fiscal Year may not exceed the maximum rates authorized pursuant to the Rate and Method. See “— *Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax*” and Appendix A — “RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX.” There is no assurance that the Net Taxes will, in all circumstances, be adequate to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds when due. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Insufficiency of Special Tax Revenues.”

Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax. The Rate and Method applicable to the District is contained in Appendix A — “RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX.” The meaning of the defined terms used in this section are as set forth in Appendix A.

In general, the Rate and Method imposes a different Maximum Special Tax on Taxable Property within the District depending upon whether such Taxable Property is classified as: (i) “Developed Property” (in general, all Assessor's Parcels which are included in a Final Map recorded prior to the January 1 preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied and for which a building permit for new construction has been issued before May 1 preceding such Fiscal Year), (ii) “Approved Property” (in general, parcels of Taxable Property included in a Final Map recorded prior to the January 1 preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied but for which no building permit was issued before May 1 preceding such Fiscal Year), (iii) “Undeveloped Property” (in general, Taxable Property that is not “Developed Property,” “Approved Property” or “Provisional Undeveloped Property”) or (iv) “Provisional Undeveloped Property” (in general, Taxable Property that would otherwise be classified as Exempt Property but cannot be classified as Exempt Property because to do so would reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property below the required minimum Acreage set forth in the Rate and Method). Different Maximum Special Tax rates are also applicable to Developed Property depending upon: (a) its status as either “Residential Property” or “Non-Residential Property,” (b) in the case of Residential Property, its status as “Single Family Residential Property” or “Multifamily Property” or (c) in the case of Single Family Residential Property, the Building Square Footage of the structure.

Pursuant to the Rate and Method, the District is required to determine the “Special Tax Requirement” for each Fiscal Year. The Special Tax Requirement for the District is the amount required in any Fiscal Year to pay: (i) the debt service or the periodic costs on all outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds due in the calendar year that commences in such Fiscal Year, (ii) Administrative Expenses, (iii) the costs associated with the release of funds from an escrow account, (iv) any amount required to replenish any reserve funds established in association with the Bonds and Parity Bonds, (v) an amount up to any anticipated shortfall (based on the prior year’s delinquency rate) due to Special Tax delinquencies, and (vi) for the collection or accumulation of funds for the acquisition or construction of facilities authorized by the District or the payment of debt service on Bonds and Parity Bonds anticipated to be issued, provided that the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the levy of Special Tax on Approved Property or Undeveloped Property, and less (vii) any amounts available to pay debt service or other periodic costs on the Bonds and Parity Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

The Special Tax Requirement for the District is to be satisfied first by levying the Special Tax Proportionately on each Assessor’s Parcel of Developed Property at up to 100% of the applicable Assigned Special Tax. If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement, the Special Tax will be levied Proportionately on each Assessor’s Parcel of Approved Property at up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor’s Parcel. If additional moneys are still needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement, the Special Tax will be levied Proportionately on each Assessor’s Parcel of Undeveloped Property up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor’s Parcel. If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement, the Special Tax on each Assessor’s Parcel of Developed Property for which the Maximum Special Tax is the Backup Special Tax will be increased Proportionately from the Assigned Special Tax up to 100% of the Backup Special Tax. Finally, if additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement, the Special Tax will be levied Proportionately on each Assessor’s Parcel of Provisional Undeveloped Property at up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor’s Parcel. Notwithstanding the above, under no circumstances will the Special Tax levied against any Assessor’s Parcel of Residential Property as a result of a delinquency in the payment of the Special Tax applicable to any other Assessor’s Parcel be increased by more than 10% above the amount that would have been levied in that Fiscal Year had there never been any such delinquency or default.

Within the District, all 136 parcels will be classified as Developed Property for the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy. There is no Approved Property or Undeveloped Property within the District.

For Fiscal Year 2025-26, the Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property that is classified as Single Family Residential Property range from \$3,144.36 per taxable unit with a Building Square Footage of less than 1,400 square feet to \$3,501.99 per taxable unit with a Building Square Footage of greater than 1,600 square feet. For Fiscal Year 2025-26, the Assigned Special Tax rate for Approved Property, Non-Residential Property which is Developed Property and Provisional Undeveloped Property is \$47,376.57 per acre.

On each July 1 the Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property and for Approved Property shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

Annual Debt Service for the Bonds has been structured so that Developed Property at buildout levied at the Assigned Special Tax rates, assuming no delinquencies, will generate in each Fiscal Year not less than the Administrative Expenses Cap plus 110% of debt service payable with respect to the Bonds in the calendar year that begins in that Fiscal Year, assuming that Special Taxes are levied and collected on such Developed Property pursuant to the Rate and Method.

Table 1 below sets forth the Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property, the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy and the percent of such levy based on land use category. In Fiscal Year 2024-25, the District levied Special Taxes on 113 parcels of Developed Property in the amount of \$366,113.56.

TABLE 1
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
ASSIGNED SPECIAL TAX RATES FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025-26

<i>Land Use Type</i>	<i>Residential Floor Area (sq. ft.)</i>	<i>Assigned Special Tax Rates Fiscal Year 2025-26⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Special Tax Levy Rates Fiscal Year 2025-26</i>	<i>Percent of Maximum/ Assigned Rate</i>	<i>No. of Units</i>	<i>Aggregate Estimated Special Taxes Fiscal Year 2025-26 ⁽²⁾</i>	<i>Percent of Total</i>
Residential Property	< 1,400	\$ 3,144.36	\$ 0.00	0.0%	0	\$ 0.00	0.0%
Residential Property	1,400-1,600	3,175.13	2,879.50	90.7	80	230,360.30	56.4
Residential Property	> 1,600	3,501.99	3,175.92	90.7	56	177,851.70	43.6
Multifamily Property	N/A	47,376.57	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.0
Non-Residential Property	N/A	47,376.57	0.00	0.0	0	0.00	0.0
Total					136	\$ 408,212.00	100.0%

⁽¹⁾ With respect to Residential Property, reflects the Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property.

⁽²⁾ Includes the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Administrative Expenses Cap of \$31,212. The Administrative Expenses Cap escalates at 2% per Fiscal Year.

Source: Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

Backup Special Tax Rates. The Backup Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel within a Final Map classified as Single Family Residential Property for Fiscal Year 2025-26 shall be \$3,664.35 per Residential Unit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if all or any portion of the applicable Final Maps and/or condominium plan contained within the boundaries of the District is subsequently changed or modified, then the Backup Special Tax for Single Family Residential Property or Approved Property in such Final Map or condominium plan area that is changed or modified shall be recalculated as follows: (1) determine the total Backup Special Taxes anticipated to apply to the changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area prior to the change or modification; (2) the result of step 1 shall be divided by the total number of Residential Units constructed and/or anticipated to be constructed within such changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area, as reasonably determined by the CFD Administrator. The result of step (2) is the Backup Special Tax per Residential Unit which shall be applicable to Assessor's Parcels of Single Family Residential Property or Approved Property in such changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Backup Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property for which a certificate of occupancy has been granted may not be revised.

On each July 1, the Backup Special Tax rate shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

Prepayment of Special Taxes. The Special Tax obligation may be fully prepaid and permanently satisfied for (i) Assessor's Parcels of Developed Property, (ii) Assessor's Parcels of Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which a Building Permit has been issued, (iii) Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which a Building Permit has not been issued and (iv) Assessor's Parcels of Provisional Undeveloped Property that are not Exempt Property. The Special Tax obligation may be partially prepaid for Developed Property, Approved Property, Undeveloped Property or Provisional Undeveloped Property.

The Prepayment amount is calculated based on the sum of the Bond Redemption Amount, the Redemption Premium, the Future Facilities Amount, the Defeasance Amount, the Administrative Fees and Expenses and less a credit for the resulting reduction in the Reserve Requirement for the Bonds (if any), all as specified in Section F of the Rate and Method attached as Appendix A. Prepayments of Special Taxes will be applied to effect an extraordinary redemption of Bonds and Parity Bonds. See "THE BONDS — Redemption — Special Mandatory Redemption from Special Tax Prepayments."

Estimated Debt Service Coverage. All 136 taxable parcels within the District will be classified as Developed Property for the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy. Annual Debt Service for the Bonds in each Fiscal Year has been structured so that Special Taxes levied on 136 parcels of Developed Property at the Assigned Special Tax rates, assuming no delinquencies, will generate in each Fiscal Year not less than 110% of debt service payable with respect to the Bonds in the calendar year that begins in that Fiscal Year, plus the Administrative Expenses Cap. Actual collections of the Special Tax will depend on the amount of Special Tax delinquencies. The Assigned Special Tax rates for Developed Property shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, the Special Tax Consultant will certify that the Maximum Special Tax that may be levied in each Fiscal Year on Assessor's Parcels within the District classified as Taxable Property will be at least equal to the sum of: (i) 110% of Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Bonds; plus (ii) the Administrative Expenses Cap.

Limitation on Special Tax Levy and Potential Impact on Coverage. Pursuant to Section 53321(d) of the Government Code, the special tax levied against any Assessor's Parcel for which an occupancy permit for private residential use has been issued will not be increased as a consequence of delinquency or default by the owner of any other Assessor's parcel within the District by more than 10% above the amount that would have been levied in that fiscal year had there never been any such delinquencies or defaults. As a result, in the event the Special Tax is levied at less than the Assigned Special Tax rate, it is possible that the District may not be able to increase the tax levy to the Assigned Special Tax in all years.

Levy, Collection and Application of Special Taxes. The Special Taxes are levied and collected by the Treasurer-Tax Collector of the County in the same manner and at the same time as *ad valorem* property taxes, although it is possible that the District could elect to provide handbills to property owners within the District.

The District will covenant in the Indenture that each year it will levy Special Taxes up to the maximum rates permitted under the Rate and Method in an amount sufficient, together with other amounts on deposit in the Special Tax Fund, to pay the principal of and interest on any Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, to replenish the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement and to pay Administrative Expenses.

The District will make certain covenants in the Indenture which are intended to ensure that the current maximum Special Tax rates and method of collection of the Special Taxes are not altered in a manner that would impair the District's ability to collect sufficient Special Taxes to pay debt service on the Bonds, Parity Bonds and Administrative Expenses when due.

First, the District will covenant in the Indenture that it will take no actions that would discontinue or cause the discontinuance of the Special Tax levy or the District's authority to levy the Special Tax for so long as the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are Outstanding.

Second, the District will covenant in the Indenture, to the maximum extent that the law permits it to do so, not to initiate proceedings to reduce the maximum Special Tax rates for the District, unless, in connection therewith, the District receives a certificate from one or more Independent Financial Consultants which, when taken together, certify that: (i) such changes do not reduce the maximum Special Taxes that may be levied in each year on property within the District to an amount which is less than the Administrative Expenses Cap plus 110% of the Annual Debt Service due in each corresponding future Bond Year with respect to the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as of the date of such proposed reduction; and (ii) the District is not delinquent in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds.

Third, the District will covenant in the Indenture that, in the event that any initiative is adopted by the qualified electors within the District which purports to reduce the maximum Special Tax below the levels specified in the preceding paragraph or to limit the power of the District to levy the Special Taxes for the purposes set forth in the Indenture, it will commence and pursue legal action in order to preserve its ability to comply with

such covenants. The District can provide no assurance that any such legal action will be successful. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Proposition 218.”

Fourth, the District will covenant in the Indenture that it will not adopt any policy pursuant to the Act permitting the tender of Bonds or Parity Bonds in full payment or partial payment of any Special Taxes unless the District has first received a certificate from an Independent Financial Consultant that the acceptance of such a tender will not result in the District having insufficient Net Taxes to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds when due.

See Appendix E under the caption “COVENANTS AND WARRANTY.”

Although the Special Taxes constitute liens on taxed parcels within the District, they do not constitute a personal indebtedness of the owners of property within the District. Moreover, other liens for taxes and assessments already exist on the property located within the District and others could come into existence in the future in certain situations without the consent or knowledge of the City or the landowners in the District. See the captions “THE DISTRICT — Direct and Overlapping Debt” and “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness.” There is no assurance that property owners will be financially able to pay the annual Special Taxes or that they will pay such taxes even if financially able to do so, all as more fully described under the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS.”

Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales. The net proceeds received following a judicial foreclosure sale of property within the District resulting from a property owner’s failure to pay the Special Taxes when due are included within the Net Taxes pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds under the Indenture.

Pursuant to Section 53356.1 of the Act, in the event of any delinquency in the payment of any Special Tax or receipt by the District of Special Taxes in an amount which is less than the Special Taxes levied, the City Council, as the legislative body of the District, may order that Special Taxes be collected by a Superior Court action to foreclose the lien within specified time limits. In such an action, the real property subject to the unpaid amount may be sold at a judicial foreclosure sale. Under the Act, the commencement of judicial foreclosure following the nonpayment of a Special Tax is not mandatory. However, the District will covenant in the Indenture for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds that it will: (i) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against parcels with delinquent Special Taxes in excess of \$7,500 by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which such Special Taxes were due; and (ii) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against all parcels with delinquent Special Taxes by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which it receives Special Taxes in an amount which is less than 95% of the total Special Tax levied; and (iii) diligently pursue such foreclosure proceedings until the delinquent Special Taxes are paid; provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the District may elect to defer foreclosure proceedings on any parcel so long as the amount in the Reserve Account is at least equal to the Reserve Requirement.

The District will covenant in the Indenture that it will deposit the net proceeds of any foreclosure in the Special Tax Fund and will apply such proceeds remaining after the payment of Administrative Expenses to make current payments of principal and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds, to bring the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account up to the Reserve Requirement and to pay any delinquent installments of principal or interest due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds. See APPENDIX E — “SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE — COVENANTS AND WARRANTY — Covenants” herein.

If foreclosure is necessary and other funds (including amounts in the Reserve Account) have been exhausted, debt service payments on the Bonds could be delayed unless the foreclosure proceedings produce sufficient net foreclosure sale proceeds. Judicial foreclosure actions are subject to the normal delays associated with court cases and may be further slowed by bankruptcy actions, involvement by agencies of the federal government and other factors beyond the control of the City and the District. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Enforcement Delays – Bankruptcy.” Moreover, no assurances can be given that the real property

subject to foreclosure and sale at a judicial foreclosure sale will be sold or, if sold, that the net proceeds of such sale will be sufficient to pay any delinquent Special Tax installment. See the caption “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Property Values.” Although the Act authorizes the District to cause such an action to be commenced and diligently pursued to completion, the Act does not impose on the District or the City any obligation to purchase or acquire any lot or parcel of property sold at a foreclosure sale if there is no other purchaser at such sale. The Act provides that, in the case of a delinquency, the Special Tax will have the same lien priority as is provided for *ad valorem* taxes.

Collection of Special Taxes and Flow of Funds. The Special Taxes will be levied and collected by the Treasurer-Tax Collector of the County in the same manner and at the same time as *ad valorem* property taxes, although it is possible that the District could elect to provide handbills to property owners within the District. When the County apportions Special Taxes to the District each Fiscal Year, the District will deposit an amount not to exceed the Administrative Expenses Cap into the Administrative Expense Fund (however, amounts in excess of the Administrative Expenses Cap may be transferred to the Administrative Expense Fund to the extent necessary to collect delinquent Special Taxes) and the District will transmit the balance of the Special Taxes to the Trustee for deposit in the Special Tax Fund established by the Indenture.

Except for Prepayments, which will be deposited to the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund, and the amount deposited into the Administrative Expense Fund as described above, the Trustee will, on each date on which the Special Taxes are received from the District, deposit the Special Taxes in the Special Tax Fund to be held in trust for the Owners. The Trustee will transfer the Special Taxes on deposit in the Special Tax Fund on the dates, in the amounts and in the following order of priority, to:

- First: To the Interest Account, an amount such that the balance in the Interest Account one Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date is equal to the installment of interest due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds on said Interest Payment Date and any installment of interest due on a previous Interest Payment Date which remains unpaid. Moneys in the Interest Account will be used for the payment of interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds as the same become due.
- Second: To the Principal Account, an amount such that the balance in the Principal Account one Business Day prior to September 1 of each year, commencing September 1, 2025, is equal the principal payment due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds maturing on such September 1 and any principal payment due on a previous September 1 which remains unpaid. Moneys in the Principal Account shall be used for the payment of the principal of such Bonds and any Parity Bonds as the same become due at maturity.
- Third: To the Redemption Account, the amount needed to make the balance in the Redemption Account one Business Day prior to each September 1 on which a Sinking Fund Payment is due equal to the Sinking Fund Payment due on any Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds on such September 1; provided, however, that, if amounts in the Special Tax Fund are inadequate to make the foregoing transfers, then any deficiency will be made up by an immediate transfer, from the Reserve Account, if funded, pursuant to the Indenture; and thereafter, to pay the principal and premium, if any, due in connection with an optional redemption of Bonds or Parity Bonds.
- Fourth: To the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund to the extent necessary to replenish the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement.
- Fifth: To the District, upon the request of the District, for deposit in the Administrative Expense Fund the amount of any Administrative Expenses for the current Bond Year in excess of the Administrative Expenses Cap as directed by the City.

- Sixth: To the Rebate Fund established by the Indenture to the extent directed by the City pursuant to the Indenture.
- Seventh: To the Surplus Fund established by the Indenture such remaining amounts in the Special Tax Fund after making the foregoing transfers on September 1.

Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund

In order to secure further the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds, the District is required, upon delivery of the Bonds, to deposit in the Reserve Account and thereafter to maintain in the Reserve Account an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement. The term “Reserve Requirement” is defined in the Indenture to mean, that amount as of any date of calculation, equal to the lesser of: (i) 10% of the initial principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; (ii) Maximum Annual Debt Service on the then Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; and (iii) 125% of average Annual Debt Service on the then Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; provided, however, that the Reserve Requirement shall not exceed \$ _____ except in connection with the issuance of Parity Bonds. The Reserve Requirement may be satisfied in whole or in part by cash, a Reserve Policy (as defined in the Indenture), or a combination thereof. On the date of issuance of the Bonds, the Reserve Requirement will be satisfied from a deposit of \$ _____ into the Reserve Account from proceeds of the Bonds.

Subject to the limits on the maximum annual Special Tax levy set forth in the Rate and Method and in the Indenture, the District will covenant in the Indenture to levy Special Taxes in an amount sufficient, in light of the other intended uses of the Special Tax proceeds, to maintain the balance in the Reserve Account at the Reserve Requirement. Amounts in the Reserve Account are to be applied: (i) to pay debt service on the Bonds, or any Parity Bonds, including Sinking Fund Payments, to the extent that other monies are not available therefor; (ii) to redeem Bonds or Parity Bonds in the event of prepayment of Special Taxes, to optionally redeem Bonds or Parity Bonds or in connection with a partial defeasance of Bonds or Parity Bonds, in accordance with the Indenture; and (iii) to pay any rebate requirements. See Appendix E under the caption “CREATION OF FUNDS AND APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS — Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund.”

No Teeter Plan

Although the Riverside County Board of Supervisors has adopted the Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies and Collections and of Tax Sale Proceeds (the “Teeter Plan”) which allows each entity levying secured property taxes in the County to draw on the amount of property taxes levied rather than the amount actually collected, as provided for in Section 4701 et seq. of the California Revenue and Taxation Code, the District is not included in the County Teeter Plan. Consequently, the District may not draw on the County Tax Loss Reserve Fund in the event of delinquencies in Special Tax payments within the District.

Parity Bonds for Refunding Purposes Only

The District will covenant in the Indenture not to issue Parity Bonds except as provided in the Indenture and only for the purposes of refunding all or a portion of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds. See Appendix E under the caption “DEFEASANCE AND PARITY BONDS.”

THE DISTRICT

General Description of the District

The City is located in the western portion of the County. The District contains approximately 10.75 net taxable acres and is located on the southwest corner of Elizabeth Lane and Bunny Trail in the City.

The property within the District is being developed by Lennar Homes into 136 single-family townhomes (with two to four units per building) in a project being marketed as “Horizon Place.” As of January 6, 2025 (the date of value of the Appraisal Report), Lennar Homes had completed and conveyed 110 homes within the District to individual homeowners. As of such date Lennar Homes owned three model homes, 16 homes under construction and near-finished and vacant lots for seven homes. Lennar Homes has obtained building permits for all 136 planned homes in the District.

Development in the District has progressed since the date of value of the Appraisal Report. As of March 1, 2025, Lennar Homes had closed a total of 126 homes within the District to individual homeowners and owned three model homes and seven homes under construction (one of which was in escrow). Lennar Homes expects to complete and convey all remaining homes to be constructed in the District to individual homeowners by mid-2025.

The backbone infrastructure (sewer, water, storm drains, utilities, and arterial roads) necessary to develop the property within the District has been completed. Remaining improvements include finishing of minor in-tract improvements for the remaining homes to be constructed and final off-site surface paving and striping improvements.

Water and sewer service to the property within the District is currently supplied by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District. Electricity is currently supplied by Southern California Edison and gas by Southern California Gas Company. Public education instruction is provided by the Lake Elsinore Unified School District.

The property within the District is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Study Zone however, there is an unnamed fault of the Elsinore Fault Zone within the District. The Elsinore/Temecula fault is located approximately one mile to the southwest. Additionally, the District is not located in a flood plain area. Based on maps adopted by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection of the State of California, the District is located in an area designated as a very high fire hazard severity zone. The property in the District may be subject to unpredictable seismic activity, fires, flood, or other natural disasters. See “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Natural Disasters.”

A map showing the location of the District and an aerial photograph thereof appear following the Table of Contents.

Authorized Uses of Bond Proceeds

Proceeds of the Bonds are authorized to be used to pay for the costs of construction of City facilities, including, but not limited to, certain storm drain and street improvements and other public facilities as well as the costs of certain water and sewer system improvements to be owned and operated by the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District and school facilities to be owned and operated by the Lake Elsinore Unified School District. See the caption “FINANCING PLAN.”

Appraisal Report

The estimated assessed value of the property within the District, as shown on the County’s assessment roll for Fiscal Year 2024-25 is approximately \$5,952,311, which as a result of timing of the County’s determination of the assessed values for Fiscal Year 2024-25, does not reflect the development activity and home closings that have taken place since such value was determined.

A property’s assessed value is not necessarily indicative of its market value. In order to provide information with respect to the value of the taxable property within the District, the City engaged the Appraiser to prepare the Appraisal Report. The Appraiser has an “MAI” designation from the Appraisal Institute and has prepared numerous appraisals for the sale of land-secured municipal bonds. The Appraiser was selected by the City and has no material relationships with the City or the owners of the land within the District other than the

relationship represented by the engagement to prepare the Appraisal Report. The City instructed the Appraiser to prepare its analysis and report in conformity with City-approved guidelines and the Appraisal Standards for Land Secured Financings published in 1994 and revised in 2004 by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. A copy of the Appraisal Report is included as Appendix D — “APPRAISAL REPORT” to this Official Statement.

Subject to the assumptions and limiting conditions set forth in the Appraisal Report, the Appraiser concluded that, as of January 6, 2025, the market value of the Taxable Property within the District was \$54,520,000. Reference is made to Appendix D for a complete list of the extraordinary assumptions, assumptions and limiting conditions and a full discussion of the appraisal methodology and the basis for the Appraiser’s opinions.

The Appraisal Report indicates the Appraiser’s opinion as to the market value of the property referred to therein as of the date and under the conditions specified therein. The Appraiser’s opinion reflects conditions prevailing in the applicable market as of the Date of Value. The Appraiser’s opinion does not predict the future value of the subject property, and there can be no assurance that market conditions will not change in the future. In the event that any of the extraordinary assumptions, assumptions and limiting conditions are not actually realized, the value of the property within the District may be less than the amount reported in the Appraisal Report. The City, the Underwriter and the District make no representation as to the accuracy of the Appraisal Report. There is no assurance that the property within the District can be sold for the prices set forth in the Appraisal Report or that any parcel can be sold for a price sufficient to pay the Special Tax for that parcel in the event of a default in payment of Special Taxes by the landowner. See “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Property Values” and Appendix D — “APPRAISAL REPORT.”

Estimated Appraised Value-to-Lien Ratios

The aggregate appraised value of property within the District is \$54,520,000. Dividing the aggregate estimate of value by the principal amount of the Bonds results in value to lien ratio of 7.28-to-1* for the District. There is currently no other direct or overlapping special tax or assessment debt on the property within the District. Including the overlapping general obligation debt in the District and the Bonds, the estimated appraised value to lien ratio for the District is approximately 7.25-to-1*. See “SPECIAL RISK FACTORS — Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness.”

Table 2 below sets forth the appraised value-to-lien ratio of the Taxable Property within the District based on the appraised values set forth in the Appraisal Report, the principal amount of the Bonds and overlapping general obligation debt and is based on ownership status as of the January 6, 2025, Date of Value of the Appraisal Report. Based on ownership status as of the Date of Value (and assuming no additional transfers of property), individual homeowners and Lennar Homes are expected to be responsible for approximately 80.79% and 19.21%, respectively, of the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy.

Table 3 below sets forth the estimated appraised value-to-lien ratios for Taxable Property within the District by various ranges based upon the principal amount of the Bonds and overlapping general obligation debt. Other than the Bonds, there is currently no overlapping land-secured special tax and assessment debt on the property

* Preliminary, subject to change.

TABLE 2
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
ESTIMATED APPRAISED VALUE-TO-LIEN RATIOS

<i>Property Owner⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>No. of Parcels</i>	<i>Appraised Property Value⁽²⁾</i>	<i>% of Appraised Value</i>	<i>Maximum Special Tax⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Percentage of Maximum Special Tax</i>	<i>Estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy⁽⁴⁾</i>	<i>% of Estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy</i>	<i>CFD 2022-2 Bonds^{(5)*}</i>	<i>All Other Overlapping Debt Issued⁽⁶⁾</i>	<i>Appraised Value-to- Lien Ratio*</i>
Developed - Individually Owned	110	\$ 48,400,000	88.77%	\$403,079	80.88%	\$ 329,788	80.79%	\$ 6,051,050	\$25,179	7.97:1
Developed - Lennar Homes Owned	26	6,120,000	11.23	95,273	19.12	78,424	19.21	1,438,950	5,988	4.24:1
Total	136	\$ 54,520,000	100.00%	\$498,352	100.00%	\$ 408,212	100.00%	\$ 7,490,000	\$31,167	7.25:1

* Preliminary, subject to change.

(1) Property ownership status as of January 6, 2025. Development in the District has progressed since January 6, 2025. See “PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT” below.

(2) Based on the appraised value set forth in the Appraisal Report as of January 6, 2025.

(3) Based on the greater of the Assigned Special Tax rate or the Backup Special Tax rate on Developed Property depending on the Land Use Category (as defined in the Rate and Method). See “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax.”

(4) Estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy based on all 136 parcels of Taxable Property taxed as Developed Property and an Administrative Expense Cap for Fiscal Year 2025-26 of \$31,212. The estimated levy on Developed Property shown is equal to 90.7% of the Assigned Special Tax rates on Developed Property. See “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax.”

(5) Allocated based on the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy.

(6) Includes overlapping debt set forth in Table 4 below.

Source: County of Riverside Assessor’s Office; Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

TABLE 3
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
VALUE-TO-LIEN STRATIFICATION*

<i>Value-to-Lien Category</i>	<i>No. of Parcels Taxable Property</i>	<i>% of Taxable Property</i>	<i>Appraised Value⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>% of Appraised Value</i>	<i>Estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy</i>	<i>Percent Share of Estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy</i>	<i>CFD 2022-2 Bonds ⁽²⁾</i>	<i>Percent Share of 2022-2 Bonds</i>	<i>All Other Overlapping Debt⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Aggregate Value-to-Lien</i>
Less than 3.00:1 ⁽³⁾	7	5.15%	\$ 990,000	1.82%	\$ 21,046	5.16%	\$ 386,155	5.16%	\$ 1,607	2.55:1
3.01:1 to 5.00:1	16	11.76	4,080,000	7.48	48,443	11.87	888,855	11.87	3,699	4.57:1
5.01:1 to 7.00:1	3	2.21	1,050,000	1.93	8,935	2.19	163,941	2.19	682	6.38:1
Greater than 7.00:1 ⁽³⁾	<u>110</u>	<u>80.88</u>	<u>48,400,000</u>	<u>88.77</u>	<u>329,788</u>	<u>80.79</u>	<u>6,051,050</u>	<u>80.79</u>	<u>25,179</u>	<u>7.97:1</u>
Totals	136	100.00%	\$ 54,520,000	100.00%	\$408,212	100.00%	\$ 7,490,000	100.00%	\$31,167	7.25:1

* Preliminary, subject to change.

(1) Based on the appraised value set forth in the Appraisal Report as of January 6, 2025, the Date of Value.

(2) Allocated based on the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy.

(3) Includes overlapping debt set forth in Table 4 below.

(4) The minimum value to lien in the District is 2.42:1*. The maximum value to lien in the Greater than 7.00:1 category is 8.29:1*.

Source: County of Riverside Assessor's Office; Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

Direct and Overlapping Debt

The District is included within the boundaries of overlapping local agencies providing governmental services. Some of these local agencies have outstanding bonds, and/or the authority to issue bonds, payable from taxes or assessments. The existing and authorized overlapping indebtedness payable from taxes and assessments that may be levied upon the property within the District as of January 6, 2025 is shown in Table 4 below. In addition to current debt, new community facilities districts and/or special assessment districts could be formed in the future encompassing all or a portion of the property within the District; and such districts or the agencies that formed them could issue more bonds and levy additional special taxes or assessments.

TABLE 4
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

I. Appraisal Value ⁽¹⁾						\$54,520,000
II. Land Secured Bond Indebtedness						
<i>Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Issued</i>	<i>Outstanding</i>	<i>% Applicable</i>	<i>Parcels in CFD No. 2022-2 ⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Amount Applicable</i>
CITY OF WILDOMAR CFD NO. 2022-2, SERIES 2025 ⁽²⁾	CFD	\$7,490,000	\$7,490,000	100.000%	136	\$ 7,490,000*
TOTAL LAND SECURED BONDED DEBT						\$ 7,490,000*
<i>Authorized but Unissued Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Authorized</i>	<i>Unissued</i>	<i>% Applicable</i>	<i>Parcels in CFD No. 2022-2 ⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Amount Applicable</i>
CITY OF WILDOMAR CFD NO. 2022-2, SERIES 2025 ⁽²⁾	CFD	\$10,000,000	\$0	100.000%	136	\$ 0
TOTAL OUTSTANDING AND UNISSUED LAND SECURED INDEBTEDNESS						\$ 7,490,000*
III. General Obligation Bond Indebtedness						
<i>Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Issued</i>	<i>Outstanding</i>	<i>% Applicable</i>	<i>Parcels in CFD No. 2022-2 ⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Amount Applicable</i>
METROPOLITAN WATER DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$850,000,000	\$18,210,000	0.004%	136	\$ 719
MT. SAN JACINTO JR. COLLEGE DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$295,000,000	\$237,330,000	0.004%	136	10,427
LAKE ELSINORE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$68,915,000	\$61,520,000	0.033%	136	20,020
TOTAL OUTSTANDING GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT ⁽²⁾						\$ 31,167
<i>Authorized but Unissued Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Authorized</i>	<i>Unissued</i>	<i>% Applicable</i>	<i>Parcels in CFD No. 2022-2 ⁽³⁾</i>	<i>Amount Applicable</i>
METROPOLITAN WATER DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$850,000,000	\$0	0.004%	136	\$ 0
MT. SAN JACINTO JR. COLLEGE DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$295,000,000	\$0	0.004%	136	0
LAKE ELSINORE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE	GO	\$105,000,000	\$36,085,000	0.033%	136	11,743
TOTAL UNISSUED GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS ⁽²⁾						\$ 11,743
TOTAL OUTSTANDING AND UNISSUED GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS						\$ 42,910
TOTAL OF ALL OUTSTANDING DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT						\$ 7,521,167*
TOTAL OF ALL OUTSTANDING DIRECT AND UNISSUED DIRECT OVERLAPPING INDEBTEDNESS						\$ 7,532,910*
IV. Ratios to Appraisal Value						
Outstanding Land Secured Bonded Debt			7.28:1*			
Total Outstanding Bonded Debt			7.25:1*			

* Preliminary, subject to change.

(1) Based on the appraised value set forth in the Appraisal Report as of January 6, 2025, the Date of Value.

(2) Parity Bonds may be issued for refunding purposes only.

Source: County of Riverside Assessor's Office; Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

Table 5 below describes the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 effective tax burden for Lennar Homes' development in the District based on base sales prices as provided by Lennar Homes, the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy and Fiscal Year 2024-25 actual levies for all other overlapping taxing jurisdictions. Based on the foregoing and the projected debt service on the Bonds, the Administrative Expenses Cap of \$31,212 (which amount shall escalate at 2.00% per Fiscal Year), in Fiscal Year 2025-26, the projected effective tax rates to be levied on Developed Property in the District will range from approximately 1.84% to 1.85%.

**TABLE 5
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
ESTIMATED FISCAL YEAR 2025-26 TAX OBLIGATION
FOR A SAMPLE OF DEVELOPED PROPERTY**

Plan Type CFD Tax Category	HORIZON PLACE		
	1 1,400 to 1,600 S.F.	2 1,400 to 1,600 S.F.	3 Greater than 1,600 S.F.
Home Size Class SF ⁽¹⁾	1,463	1,506	1,776
Home Price ⁽²⁾	\$467,990	\$476,990	\$509,990
<i>Ad Valorem Property Taxes:</i>			
Ad-Valorem Tax Rate (1.00%)	\$ 4,680	\$ 4,770	\$ 5,100
Lake Elsinore Unified School (0.01900%)	290	296	316
Mt. San Jacinto Jr. College (0.00268%)	13	13	14
Metro Water West (0.00700%)	33	33	36
<i>Total General Property Taxes</i>	\$ 5,015	\$ 5,112	\$ 5,466
<i>Assessment, Special Taxes & Parcel Charges:</i>			
Flood Control Stormwater / Cleanwater / Santa Ana	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 4
MWD Standby charge	9	9	9
CFD No. 2022-1 - Maintenance Services Tax A	254	254	254
CFD No. 2022-1 - Safety Services Tax B	498	498	498
CFD No. 2022-2 - Facilities Special Tax ⁽³⁾	2,880	2,880	3,176
<i>Total Assessments & Special Taxes</i>	\$ 3,645	\$ 3,645	\$ 3,941
<i>Projected Total Property Tax</i>	\$ 8,660	\$ 8,757	\$ 9,407
<i>Projected Effective Tax Rate</i>	1.85%	1.84%	1.84%

(1) Reflects the average home size of each plan type within the District.

(2) Based on the base sales prices as provided by Lennar Homes.

(3) Reflects the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy and includes the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Administrative Expenses Cap of \$31,212.

Source: County of Riverside Assessor's Office; Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

Delinquency History

The first installment of the Special Tax levy becomes delinquent on December 10 and the second installment becomes delinquent on April 10 of each year. Fiscal Year 2023-24 was the first year of the Special Tax levy. Table 6 below sets forth the Special Tax levy, collections and delinquency rates in the District as of January 6, 2025.

TABLE 6
CITY OF WILDOMAR
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
SPECIAL TAX LEVIES, DELINQUENCIES AND DELINQUENCY RATES

<i>Fiscal Year</i>	<i>Amount Levied</i>	<i>Parcels Levied</i>	<i>Delinquencies as of January 22, 2025</i>		
			<i>Parcels Delinquent</i>	<i>Amount Delinquent</i>	<i>Percent Delinquent</i>
2023-24	\$133,204	42	0	\$0	0.00%
2024-25 ⁽¹⁾	366,113	113	1	1,556	0.23

⁽¹⁾ Delinquency information shown is for the first installment of Fiscal Year 2024-25.
Source: County of Riverside Assessor's Office; Spicer Consulting Group, LLC.

PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT

The information about the property in the District under this caption has been provided by representatives of Lennar Homes, and has not been independently confirmed or verified by the Underwriter, the City or the District. The Underwriter, the City, and the District make no representation as to the accuracy or adequacy of the information contained in this caption. There may be material adverse changes in this information after the date of this Official Statement. Neither the Bonds nor the Net Taxes securing the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are personal obligations of Lennar Homes or any affiliate thereof or any other property owner and, in the event that any property owner defaults in the payment of its Special Taxes, the District may proceed with judicial foreclosure but has no direct recourse to the assets of any property owner or any affiliate thereof. See the caption "SPECIAL RISK FACTORS."

Notwithstanding the belief of Lennar Homes that it will have sufficient funds to complete its planned development in the District, no assurance can be given that amounts necessary to fund the remaining planned development by Lennar Homes in the District will be available when needed. None of Lennar Homes, or any other entity or person is under any legal obligation of any kind to expend funds for the development of the property as planned by Lennar Homes in the District. Any contributions by Lennar Homes or any other entity or person to fund the costs of its development are entirely voluntary. If and to the extent the aforementioned sources are inadequate to pay the costs to complete the planned development by Lennar Homes within the District, the remaining portions of such development may not be completed. Lennar Homes has no legal obligation to Bondholders to make any such funds available for construction or development, or the payment of ad valorem property taxes or the Special Taxes. See the caption "SPECIAL RISK FACTORS."

General

The District contains approximately 10.75 net taxable acres. The District is located on the southwest corner of Elizabeth Lane and Bunny Trail in the City. The property within the District is being developed by Lennar Homes into 136 single-family townhomes (with two to four units per building) in a project being marketed as "Horizon Place." As of January 6, 2025 (the date of value of the Appraisal Report), Lennar Homes had completed and conveyed 110 homes within the District to individual homeowners. As of such date Lennar Homes owned three model homes, 16 homes under construction and near-finished and vacant lots for seven homes. Lennar Homes has obtained building permits for all 136 planned homes in the District.

Development in the District has progressed since the date of value of the Appraisal Report. As of March 1, 2025, Lennar Homes had closed a total of 126 homes within the District to individual homeowners and owned three model homes and seven homes under construction (one of which was in escrow). Lennar Homes expects to complete and convey all remaining homes to be constructed in the District to individual homeowners by mid-2025.

The backbone infrastructure (sewer, water, storm drains, utilities, and arterial roads) necessary to develop the property within the District has been completed. Remaining improvements include finishing of minor in-tract improvements for the remaining homes to be constructed and final off-site surface paving and striping improvements. Within the Horizon Place project, Lennar Homes has completed amenities consisting of a clubhouse, a pool, barbeque area and related facilities.

The table below shows the planned product mix of homes in the District as of March 1, 2025.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
(As of March 1, 2025)

<i>Plan</i>	<i>Total Units Planned</i>	<i>Estimated Home Square Footage</i>	<i>Closings</i>	<i>Owned by Lennar Homes</i>		
				<i>Completed Homes/Homes Under Construction⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Finished Lots</i>	<i>Base Home Prices⁽²⁾</i>
1	39	1,378	37	2	0	\$467,990
2	41	1,418	37	4	0	476,990
3	<u>56</u>	1,692	<u>52</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	477,990
Total	136		126	10	0	

(1) Completed Homes/Homes Under Construction consist of three model homes (one in each Plan) and seven homes under construction.

(2) Base home prices shown exclude lot premiums, options and extras and any incentives or price reductions. Base sales prices are subject to change.

No assurance can be given that Lennar Homes' home construction and sales will be carried out on the schedule and according to the plans outlined herein, or that the home construction and sale plans or base prices set forth above will not change after the date of this Official Statement. Additionally, homes sold may not result in closed escrows as sales contracts are subject to cancellation. In changing market conditions, builders will often revise the product lines and prices and the rate of sales can fluctuate. Lennar Homes continuously evaluates its product lines and prices in light of the then current market conditions. See "SPECIAL RISK FACTORS" herein for a discussion of risk factors.

Lennar Homes

General. As previously defined in this Official Statement, "Lennar Homes" refers to Lennar Homes of California, LLC, a California limited liability company. Lennar Homes is based in Irvine, California, and has been in the business of developing residential real estate communities in California since 1996. Lennar Homes is wholly-owned by U.S. Home, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("U.S. Home"). U.S. Home is wholly-owned by Lennar Corporation, which is based in Miami, Florida ("Lennar Corporation"). Founded in 1954, Lennar Corporation completed its initial public offering in 1971 and listed its common stock on the New York Stock Exchange in 1972. Lennar Corporation's Class A and Class B common stock are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbols "LEN" and "LEN.B." respectively. Lennar Corporation is one of the largest homebuilders in the United States based on home sales revenues and net earnings, and operates under a number of brand names, including Lennar Homes and U.S. Home. Lennar Corporation primarily develops residential communities both within the Lennar Corporation family of builders and through consolidated and unconsolidated partnerships in which Lennar Corporation maintains an interest.

Lennar Corporation is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and, in accordance therewith, files reports, proxy statements, and other information, including financial statements, with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Such filings, particularly Lennar Corporation's annual report on Form 10-K and its most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, may be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W.,

Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Such filings can also be accessed over the internet at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

The foregoing website addresses and references to filings with the SEC are given for reference and convenience only, and the information on such websites and on file with the SEC does not form a part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference herein. No representation is made in this Official Statement as to the accuracy or adequacy of the information contained on such websites. Lennar Corporation and Lennar Homes are not obligated to advance funds for construction or development or to pay ad valorem property taxes or the Special Taxes and investors should not rely on the information and financial statements contained on such websites in evaluating whether to buy, hold or sell the Bonds.

Financing Plan. To date, Lennar Homes has financed its land acquisition and various site development costs related to its property in the District through internally generated funds. As of March 1, 2025, Lennar Homes has expended approximately \$55.5 million on land acquisition and development and homebuilding costs in the District. Lennar Homes expects to incur approximately \$2.5 million on remaining land development, homebuilding, marketing, and sales costs for its project in the District. Lennar Homes expects to use home sales revenues and internal funding to complete its development within the District, and believes that it will have sufficient funds available to complete its planned development as described in this Official Statement.

Although Lennar Homes expects to have sufficient funds available to complete its development in the District as described in this Official Statement, there can be no assurance that amounts necessary to finance the development costs will be available from Lennar Homes, Lennar Corporation or any other source when needed. None of Lennar Homes or Lennar Corporation, nor any of their subsidiaries or related entities, are under any legal obligation of any kind to expend funds for the development of and construction of homes on its property in the District. Any contributions by Lennar Homes or Lennar Corporation to fund the costs of such development are entirely voluntary.

If and to the extent that internal funding, including but not limited to home sales revenues, are inadequate to pay the costs to complete the planned development by Lennar Homes within the District and other financing is not put into place, there could be a shortfall in the funds required to complete the planned development by Lennar Homes in the District.

Except as described in this Official Statement and except for those consents, permits, authorizations, certifications and approvals of governmental entities required in the ordinary course of development, Lennar Homes has no actual knowledge of any impediment to construction or obtaining land use entitlements which could be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on its ability to complete the planned development of its property within the District as described in the Official Statement. *Although the information in this Official Statement reflects the current development expectations of Lennar Homes, no assurance can be given that home construction and sales will be carried out on the schedule and according to the plans described herein, or that the home construction and sale plans or base prices set forth herein will not change after the date of this Official Statement. Lennar Homes reserves the right to change its development at any time without notice. Additionally, homes under contract to be sold may not result in closed escrows as sales contracts are subject to cancellation. See "SPECIAL RISK FACTORS – Concentration of Property Ownership."*

SPECIAL RISK FACTORS

The Bonds have not been rated by any rating agency, and the purchase of the Bonds involves significant risks that are not appropriate for certain investors. The following is a discussion of certain risk factors which should be considered, in addition to other matters set forth herein, in evaluating the investment quality of the Bonds. This discussion does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and does not purport to be a complete statement of all factors which may be considered as risks in evaluating the credit quality of the Bonds. The occurrence of one or more of the events discussed herein could adversely affect the ability or willingness of property owners in the District to pay their Special Taxes when due. Such failures to pay Special Taxes could

result in the inability of the District to make full and punctual payments of debt service on the Bonds. In addition, the occurrence of one or more of the events discussed herein could adversely affect the value of the property in the District. See “— Property Values” below.

Risks of Real Estate Secured Investments Generally

The Bond Owners will be subject to the risks generally incident to an investment secured by real estate, including, without limitation: (i) adverse changes in local market conditions, such as changes in the market value of real property in the vicinity of the District, the supply of or demand for competitive properties in such area, and the market value of residential property or buildings and/or sites in the event of sale or foreclosure; (ii) changes in real estate tax rates and other operating expenses, governmental rules (including, without limitation, zoning laws and laws relating to endangered species and hazardous materials) and fiscal policies; (iii) natural disasters (including, without limitation, earthquakes, wildfires and floods), which may result in uninsured losses; (iv) adverse changes in local market conditions; and (v) increased delinquencies due to rising mortgage costs and other factors.

No assurance can be given that the property owners within the District will pay Special Taxes in the future or that they will be able to pay such Special Taxes on a timely basis. See the caption “— Enforcement Delays — Bankruptcy” for a discussion of certain limitations on the District’s ability to pursue judicial proceedings with respect to delinquent parcels.

Insufficiency of Special Tax Revenues

As discussed below, the Special Taxes may not produce revenues sufficient to pay the debt service on the Bonds either due to nonpayment of the amounts levied or because acreage within the District becomes exempt from taxation due to the transfer of title to a public agency.

In order to pay debt service on the Bonds, it is generally necessary that the Special Taxes be paid in a timely manner. Should the Special Taxes not be paid on time, the District has established a Reserve Account under the Indenture to be maintained in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement to pay debt service on the Bonds to the extent other funds are not available. See “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund.” The District will covenant in the Indenture to maintain in the Reserve Account an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement, subject, however, to the availability of Net Taxes in amounts sufficient to do so and to the limitation that the District may not levy the Special Tax in any Fiscal Year at a rate in excess of the maximum amounts permitted under the Rate and Method. See Appendix A and Appendix E hereto. As a result, if a significant number of Special Tax delinquencies occurs within the District, the District could be unable to replenish the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement due to the limitations on the amount of the Special Tax that may be levied. If such defaults were to continue in successive years, the Reserve Account could be depleted and a default on the Bonds could occur.

The Act provides that, if any property within the District not otherwise exempt from the Special Tax is acquired by a public entity through a negotiated transaction, or by gift or devise, the Special Tax will continue to be levied on and enforceable against the public entity that acquired the property. In addition, the Act provides that, if property subject to the Special Tax is acquired by a public entity through eminent domain proceedings, the obligation to pay the Special Tax with respect to that property is to be treated as if it were a special assessment and be paid from the eminent domain award. The constitutionality and operation of these provisions of the Act have not been tested in the courts, but it is doubtful that they would be upheld as to, for example, property owned by the federal government. If for any reason property within the District becomes exempt from taxation by reason of ownership by a non-taxable entity such as the federal government or another public agency, subject to the limitation of the Maximum Special Tax, the Special Tax will be reallocated to the remaining taxable parcels within the District. This would result in the owners of such property paying a greater amount of the Special Tax and could have an adverse impact upon their willingness and/or ability to pay the Special Tax. Moreover, if a substantial portion of additional land within the District became exempt from the Special Tax because of public

ownership, or otherwise, the Maximum Special Tax which could be levied upon the remaining acreage might not be sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due and a default will occur with respect to the payment of such principal and interest.

The District will covenant in the Indenture that, under certain circumstances, it will institute foreclosure proceedings to sell any property with delinquent Special Taxes in order to obtain funds to pay debt service on the Bonds. If foreclosure proceedings were ever instituted, any mortgage or deed of trust holder could, but would not be required to, advance the amount of the delinquent Special Tax to protect its security interest. See “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales*” for provisions which apply in the event of such foreclosure and which the District is required to follow in the event of delinquencies in the payment of the Special Tax.

In the event that sales or foreclosures of property are necessary, there could be a delay in payments to Owners of the Bonds (if the Reserve Account has been depleted) pending such sales or the prosecution of such foreclosure proceedings and receipt by the City on behalf of the District of the proceeds of sale. The District may adjust the future Special Tax levied on taxable parcels in the District, subject to limitations described above under the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax,” to provide an amount required to pay interest on and principal of the Bonds, and the amount, if any, necessary to replenish the Reserve Account to an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement, and to pay all current expenses. There is, however, no assurance that the total amount of the Special Tax that could be levied and collected against taxable parcels in the District will be at all times sufficient to pay the amounts required to be paid by the Indenture, even if the Special Tax is levied at the Maximum Special Tax rates. See “— Enforcement Delays — Bankruptcy.”

No assurance can be given that the real property subject to sale or foreclosure will be sold, or if sold, that the proceeds of sale will be sufficient to pay any delinquent installments of the Special Tax. The Act does not require the City to purchase or otherwise acquire any lot or parcel of property to be sold at foreclosure if there is no other purchaser at such sale. The Act and the Indenture do specify that the Special Tax will have the same lien priority as for *ad valorem* property taxes in the case of delinquency. Section 53356.6 of the Act requires that property sold pursuant to foreclosure under the Act be sold for not less than the amount of judgment in the foreclosure action, plus post judgment interest and authorized costs, unless the consent of the owners of 75% of the Outstanding Bonds is obtained.

Prior to July 1, 1983, the right of redemption from foreclosure sales was limited to a period of one year from the date of sale. Under legislation effective July 1, 1983, the statutory right of redemption from such foreclosure sales has been repealed. However, a period of 20 days must elapse after the date on which the notice of levy of the interest in real property was served on the judgment debtor before the sale of such lot or parcel can be made. Furthermore, if the purchaser at the sale is the judgment creditor (e.g., the District), an action may be commenced by the delinquent property owner within 90 days after the date of sale to set aside such sale. The constitutionality of the aforementioned legislation, which repeals the one year redemption period, has not been tested and there can be no assurance that, if tested, such legislation will be upheld. (Section 701.680 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State.)

Impact of Economic Conditions on the Development in the District

Certain events and factors which negatively affect the regional, State and national economies could have an adverse effect on the pace at which the Lennar Homes can complete the remaining infrastructure and future homes, and demand by, and the ability of individuals to purchase homes within the District. Such events and factors could include rising inflation and interest rates, persistent supply chain issues and global market instability caused by geopolitical events. Any adverse impact of the foregoing and other economic factors on the project in the District and the real estate market in general cannot be predicted.

Increasing Mortgage Interest Rates

Increases in mortgage interest rates could have a negative impact on the estimated absorption rates of the planned for-sale residential units in the District described herein. With respect to entry-level households, increased mortgage interest rates may adversely impact the affordability of homes and may increase mortgage payment levels for owning a lower-priced home relative to renting a residence, thereby making purchasing less attractive. With respect to move-up households, higher mortgage interest rates may impact the desire of current homeowners to move from their present home due to the fact that their present home likely has a relatively low mortgage interest rate. In addition, in such instances, a new home would likely have a higher interest rate on a new mortgage loan as well as a higher purchase price and property taxes. Such considerations may decrease the desire for move-up households to purchase a new home. The foregoing factors could reduce demand for and/or the ability to achieve the sales prices of the planned for-sale homes within the District as described herein.

Concentration of Ownership

Based on ownership status as of January 6, 2025 (and assuming no additional transfers of property), individual homeowners and Lennar Homes are expected to be responsible for approximately 80.79% and 19.21%, respectively, of the estimated Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax levy.

The timely payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds depends upon the willingness and ability of the current and future property owners in the District to pay the Special Taxes prior to delinquency. General and local economic conditions and governmental requirements or restrictions may affect the willingness of the current property owners, or any successor property owners, to pay the Special Taxes, and there is no assurance that the current property owners, or any successor property owners, will pay such Special Taxes even if financially able to do so. Due to the concentration of ownership of the property within the District, a failure by Lennar Homes or any successor property owner thereto to pay the Special Taxes may result in a default in the payment of debt service on the Bonds. See “PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND THE DEVELOPMENT.”

Property Insurance

In recent years, homeowners in many areas in the State have experienced significant increases in premiums for property and homeowners’ insurance policies as well as difficulty in obtaining such insurance from commercial insurance companies. The increases have been driven by, among other factors, the risk of wildfire damage to property in the State. Such increases in the overall cost of homeownership could have a material adverse effect on the rate of absorption of the remaining units in the District and on a homeowner’s willingness and/or ability to pay the Special Taxes.

In addition, no assurances can be made that adequate homeowners’ insurance coverage will be available in the future from reputable insurance companies, with premiums comparable to historical rates, or at all. The inability to obtain adequate insurance coverage could impact the ability of the homeowners’ in the District to reconstruct their homes in the event of damage.

Property Values

The value of the property within the District is a critical factor in determining the investment quality of the Bonds. If a property owner is delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes, the District’s only remedy is to commence foreclosure proceedings against the delinquent parcel in an attempt to obtain funds to pay the Special Taxes. Reductions in property values due to a downturn in the economy, physical events such as earthquakes, fires or floods, stricter land use regulations, delays in development or other events will adversely impact the security underlying the Special Taxes. See “THE DISTRICT — Appraisal Report” and Appendix D — “APPRAISAL REPORT.”

The Appraiser has estimated, on the basis of certain assumptions and limiting conditions contained in the Appraisal Report, that as of the Date of Value, the market value of the land and improvements within the District was approximately \$54,520,000. See “THE DISTRICT — Appraisal Report.” The Appraisal Report indicates the Appraiser’s opinion as to the market value of the properties referred to therein as of the date and under the conditions specified therein. The Appraiser’s opinion reflects conditions prevailing in the applicable market as of the Date of Value. The Appraiser’s opinion does not predict the future value of the subject property, and there can be no assurance that market conditions will not change adversely in the future.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should not assume that the taxable land within the District could be sold for the appraised amount or for the assessed values at a foreclosure sale for delinquent Special Taxes. In arriving at the estimate of market value of the property in the District, the Appraiser assumes that any sale will be unaffected by undue stimulus and will occur following a reasonable marketing period, which is not always present in a foreclosure sale. See Appendix D for a description of other assumptions made by the Appraiser and for the definitions and limiting conditions used by the Appraiser. Any event which causes one of the Appraiser’s assumptions to be untrue could result in a reduction of the value of the taxable land and improvements within the District from the market value estimated by the Appraiser.

No assurance can be given that any bid will be received for a parcel with delinquent Special Taxes offered for sale at foreclosure or, if a bid is received, that such bid will be sufficient to pay all delinquent Special Taxes. See “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.*”

Natural Disasters

The District, like all California communities, may be subject to unpredictable seismic activity, fires, flood, or other natural disasters. Southern California is a seismically active area. Seismic activity represents a potential risk for damage to buildings, roads, bridges and property within the District. In addition, land susceptible to seismic activity may be subject to liquefaction during the occurrence of such event. The property within the District is not located in an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Study Zone, however, there is an unnamed fault of the Elsinore Fault Zone within the District. The Elsinore/Temecula fault is located approximately one mile to the southwest. Additionally, the District is not located in a flood plain area.

In recent years, wildfires have caused extensive damage throughout the State, including within the County. Certain of these fires have burned thousands of acres and destroyed hundreds and in some cases thousands of homes. In some instances entire neighborhoods have been destroyed. Several fires in recent years damaged or destroyed property in areas that were not previously considered to be at risk from such events. Based on maps adopted by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection of the State of California, the District is located in an area designated as a very high fire hazard severity zone. There is a risk of residential property within the District being destroyed by wildfires and no assurance can be given as to the severity or frequency of wildfires within the vicinity of the District. Additionally, property located adjacent to burn areas can be subject to mudslides and flooding, which can cause significant damage and destruction to property.

In the event of a severe earthquake, fire, flood or other natural disaster, there may be significant damage to both property and infrastructure in the District. As a result, a substantial portion of the property owners may be unable or unwilling to pay the Special Taxes when due. In addition, the value of land in the District could be diminished in the aftermath of such a natural disaster, reducing the resulting proceeds of foreclosure sales in the event of delinquencies in the payment of the Special Taxes.

Hazardous Substances

While government taxes, assessments and charges are a common claim against the value of a parcel, other less common claims may also be relevant. One of the most serious in terms of the potential reduction in the value of a parcel is a claim with regard to a hazardous substance. In general, the owners and operators of a

parcel may be required by law to remedy conditions relating to releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances. The federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, sometimes referred to as “CERCLA” or the “Super Fund Act,” is the most well-known and widely applicable of these laws, but California laws with regard to hazardous substances are also stringent and similar in effect. Under many of these laws, the owner (or operator) is obligated to remedy a hazardous substance condition of a parcel whether or not the owner (or operator) had anything to do with creating or handling the hazardous substance. The effect, therefore, should any of the parcels within the District be affected by a hazardous substance, is to reduce the marketability and value by the costs of remedying the condition.

The District is not aware of the presence of any federally or state classified hazardous substances in violation of any environmental laws, located on the property within the District. However, it is possible that such materials do currently exist and that the District is not aware of them.

It is possible that property in the District may be liable for hazardous substances in the future as a result of the existence, currently, of a substance presently classified as hazardous but which has not been released or the release of which is not presently threatened, or the existence, currently, on the property of a substance not presently classified as hazardous but which may in the future be so classified. Additionally, such liabilities may arise not simply from the existence of a hazardous substance but from the method of handling such substance. All of these possibilities could have the effect of reducing the value of the applicable property.

Enforcement Delays – Bankruptcy

In the event of a delinquency in the payment of the Special Taxes, the District is required to commence enforcement proceedings under the circumstances described under the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.*” However, prosecution of such proceedings could be delayed due to crowded local court calendars or by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws generally affecting creditors’ rights (such as the Soldiers’ and Sailors’ Relief Act of 1940) and by the laws of the State relating to judicial and non-judicial foreclosure. Although bankruptcy proceedings would not cause the liens of the Special Taxes to become extinguished, bankruptcy of a person or entity with an interest in the applicable property could result in a delay in the enforcement proceedings because federal bankruptcy laws provide for an automatic stay of foreclosure and tax sale proceedings. Any such delay could increase the likelihood of delay or default in payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The various legal opinions to be delivered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, including Bond Counsel’s approving legal opinion, are qualified as to the enforceability of the Bonds and the Indenture by reference to bankruptcy, reorganization, moratorium, insolvency and other laws affecting the rights of creditors generally or against public entities such as the District.

Special Tax Delinquencies

Under provisions of the Act, the Special Taxes, from which funds necessary for the payment of principal of, and interest on, the Bonds are derived, will be billed to the properties within the District on the regular ad valorem property tax bills sent to owners of such properties by the County Tax Collector. The Act currently provides that such Special Tax installments are due and payable, and bear the same penalties and interest for non-payment, as do ad valorem property tax installments.

See APPENDIX E — “SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE — COVENANTS AND WARRANTY — Covenants” for a discussion of the provisions which apply, and procedures which the District is obligated to follow under the Indenture, in the event of delinquencies in the payment of Special Taxes. See “— FDIC/Federal Government Interests in Parcels” for a discussion of the policy of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation regarding the payment of special taxes and assessment and limitations on the District’s ability to foreclosure on the lien of the Special Taxes in certain circumstances.

FDIC/Federal Government Interests in Parcels

The ability of the District to collect interest and penalties specified by the Act and to foreclose the lien of delinquent Special Taxes may be limited in certain respects with regard to parcels in which the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the “FDIC”), or other federal government entities such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, has or obtains an interest.

In the case of the FDIC, in the event that any financial institution making a loan which is secured by parcels is taken over by the FDIC and the applicable Special Tax is not paid, the remedies available to the District may be constrained. The FDIC’s policy statement regarding the payment of state and local real property taxes (the “Policy Statement”) provides that taxes other than *ad valorem* taxes which are secured by a valid lien in effect before the FDIC acquired an interest in a property will be paid unless the FDIC determines that abandonment of its interests is appropriate. The Policy Statement provides that the FDIC generally will not pay installments of non-*ad valorem* taxes which are levied after the time the FDIC acquires its fee interest, nor will the FDIC recognize the validity of any lien to secure payment except in certain cases where the Resolution Trust Corporation had an interest in property on or prior to December 31, 1995. Moreover, the Policy Statement provides that, with respect to parcels on which the FDIC holds a mortgage lien, the FDIC will not permit its lien to be foreclosed out by a taxing authority without its specific consent, nor will the FDIC pay or recognize liens for any penalties, fines or similar claims imposed for the nonpayment of taxes.

The FDIC has taken a position similar to that expressed in the Policy Statement in legal proceedings brought against Orange County in United States Bankruptcy Court and in Federal District Court. The Bankruptcy Court issued a ruling in favor of the FDIC on certain of such claims. Orange County appealed that ruling, and the FDIC cross-appealed. On August 28, 2001, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals issued a ruling favorable to the FDIC except with respect to the payment of pre-receivership liens based upon delinquent property tax.

The District is unable to predict what effect the application of the Policy Statement would have in the event of a delinquency with respect to parcels in which the FDIC has or obtains an interest, although prohibiting the lien of the FDIC to be foreclosed out at a judicial foreclosure sale would prevent or delay the foreclosure sale.

In the case of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, in the event a parcel of taxable property is owned by a federal government entity or federal government sponsored entity, such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, or a private deed of trust secured by a parcel of taxable property is owned by a federal government entity or federal government sponsored entity, such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, the ability to foreclose on the parcel or to collect delinquent Special Taxes may be limited. Federal courts have held that, based on the supremacy clause of the United States Constitution “this Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.” In the absence of Congressional intent to the contrary, a state or local agency cannot foreclose to collect delinquent taxes or assessments if foreclosure would impair the federal government interest. This means that, unless Congress has otherwise provided, if a federal government entity owns a parcel of taxable property but does not pay taxes and assessments levied on the parcel (including Special Taxes), the applicable state and local governments cannot foreclose on the parcel to collect the delinquent taxes and assessments.

Moreover, unless Congress has otherwise provided, if the federal government has a mortgage interest in the parcel and the District wishes to foreclose on the parcel as a result of delinquent Special Taxes, the property cannot be sold at a foreclosure sale unless it can be sold for an amount sufficient to pay delinquent taxes and assessments on a parity with the Special Taxes and preserve the federal government’s mortgage interest. For a discussion of risks associated with taxable parcels within the District becoming owned by the federal

government, federal government entities or federal government sponsored entities, see “—Insufficiency of Special Tax Revenues.”

The District’s remedies may also be limited in the case of delinquent Special Taxes with respect to parcels in which other federal agencies (such as the Internal Revenue Service and the Drug Enforcement Administration) have or obtain an interest.

Direct and Overlapping Indebtedness

The ability of an owner of property within the District to pay the applicable Special Taxes could be affected by the existence of other taxes and assessments imposed upon taxable parcels. See “THE DISTRICT — Direct and Overlapping Debt” herein. The City and other public agencies whose boundaries overlap those of the District could impose additional taxes or assessment liens on the property within the District in order to finance public improvements or services to be located or provided inside of or outside of such area. The lien created on the property within the District through the levy of such additional taxes may be on a parity with the lien of the Special Taxes applicable to the property within the District.

The imposition of additional liens on a parity with the Special Taxes may reduce the ability or willingness of property owners to pay the Special Taxes and increase the possibility that foreclosure proceeds will not be adequate to pay delinquent Special Taxes. The District will covenant in the Indenture not to issue Parity Bonds other than for refunding all of a portion of the Bonds or Parity Bonds.

Payment of Special Taxes is not a Personal Obligation of the Property Owners

An owner of a taxable parcel is not personally obligated to pay Special Taxes. Rather, Special Taxes are an obligation which is secured only by a lien against the taxable parcel. If the value of a taxable parcel is not sufficient, taking into account other liens imposed by public agencies, to secure fully Special Taxes, the District has no recourse against the property owner.

No Acceleration Provision

Neither the Bonds nor the Indenture contain a provision allowing for the acceleration of the Bonds in the event of a payment default or other default under the terms of the Bonds or the Indenture.

Limited Obligations

The Bonds and interest thereon are not payable from the general funds of the City. Except with respect to the Net Taxes, neither the credit nor the taxing power of the District or the City is pledged for the payment of the Bonds or the interest thereon, and, except as provided in the Indenture, no Owner of the Bonds may compel the exercise of any taxing power by the District or the City or force the forfeiture of any City or District property. The principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are not a debt of the City or a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien or encumbrance upon any of the City’s or the District’s property or upon any of the City’s or the District’s income, receipts or revenues, except the Net Taxes and other amounts pledged under the Indenture.

The District’s legal obligations with respect to any delinquent Special Taxes are limited to: (i) payments from the Reserve Account to the extent of funds on deposit therein; and (ii) the institution of judicial foreclosure proceedings under certain circumstances with respect to any parcels for which Special Taxes are delinquent. See the caption “SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THE BONDS — Special Taxes — *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.*” The Bonds cannot be accelerated in the event of any default.

The obligation to pay Special Taxes does not constitute a personal obligation of the current or subsequent owners of the respective parcels which are subject to such liens. See the caption “— Payment of

Special Taxes is Not a Personal Obligation of the Property Owners.” Enforcement of Special Tax payment obligations by the District is limited to judicial foreclosure in the Superior Court of California, County of Riverside. There is no assurance that any current or subsequent owner of a parcel subject to a Special Tax lien will be able to pay the amounts due or that such owner will choose to pay such amounts even though financially able to do so.

Failure by owners of the parcels to pay Special Tax installments when due, delay in foreclosure proceedings, or the inability of the District to sell parcels that have been subject to foreclosure proceedings for amounts sufficient to cover the delinquent installments of Special Taxes levied against such parcels may result in the inability of the District to make full or timely payments of debt service on the Bonds, which may in turn result in the depletion of the Reserve Account. See the caption “— Enforcement Delays — Bankruptcy.”

Proposition 218

An initiative measure entitled “The Right to Vote on Taxes Act” (“Proposition 218”) was approved by the voters at the November 5, 1996 statewide general election. Among other things, Proposition 218 added a new Article XIII C to the California Constitution which states that “. . . the initiative power shall not be prohibited or otherwise limited in matters of reducing or repealing any local tax, assessment, fee or charge.” The Act provides for a procedure which includes notice, hearing, protest and voting requirements to alter the rate and method of apportionment of an existing special tax. However, the Act prohibits a legislative body from adopting any resolution to reduce the rate of any special tax or terminate the levy of any special tax pledged to repay any debt incurred pursuant to the Act unless such legislative body determines that the reduction or termination of the special tax would not interfere with the timely retirement of that debt. While the application of Proposition 218 in this context has not yet been interpreted by the courts and the matter is not completely free from doubt, it is not likely that Proposition 218 has conferred on the voters the power to effect a repeal or reduction of the Special Tax if the result thereof would be to impair the security of the Bonds.

It may be possible, however, for voters or the City Council, acting as the legislative body of the District, to reduce the Special Taxes in a manner which does not interfere with the timely repayment of the Bonds, but which does reduce the maximum amount of Special Taxes that may be levied in any year below the existing levels. Therefore, no assurance can be given with respect to the future levy of Special Taxes in amounts greater than the amount necessary for the timely retirement of the Bonds. Nevertheless, to the maximum extent that the law permits it to do so, the District will covenant that it will not initiate proceedings under the Act to reduce the maximum Special Tax rates for the District, unless, in connection therewith, (i) such changes do not reduce the maximum Special Taxes that may be levied in each year on property within the District to an amount which is less than the Administrative Expenses Cap plus 110% of the Annual Debt Service due in each corresponding future Bond Year with respect to the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as of the date of such proposed reduction; and (ii) the District is not delinquent in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds. The District also will covenant that, in the event an initiative is adopted which purports to reduce or otherwise alter the Rate and Method, it will commence and pursue legal action in order to preserve its ability to comply with the foregoing covenant. However, no assurance can be given as to the enforceability of the foregoing covenants.

Ballot Initiatives

Under the California Constitution, the power of initiative is reserved to the voters for the purpose of enacting statutes and constitutional amendments. Articles XIII A, XIII B, XIII C, and XIII D of the California Constitution were adopted pursuant to measures qualified for the ballot pursuant to the State’s constitutional initiative process, including through Proposition 13 in 1978, Proposition 218 in 1996 and Proposition 26 in 2010. From time to time, other initiative measures could be adopted by California voters. The adoption of any such initiative might place limitations on the ability of the State, the City, or other local agencies to increase revenues or to increase appropriations. In addition, such initiatives may include provisions which apply retroactively.

Litigation with Respect to Community Facilities Districts

Shapiro. The California Court of Appeal, Fourth Appellate District, Division One, issued its opinion in *City of San Diego v. Melvin Shapiro* (2014) 228 Cal.App.4th 756 (the “San Diego Decision”). The case involved a Convention Center Facilities District (the “CCFD”) established by the City of San Diego (“San Diego”). The CCFD is a financing district much like a community facilities district established under the provisions of the Act. The CCFD is comprised of all of the real property in San Diego. However, the special tax to be levied within the CCFD was to be levied only on hotel properties located within the CCFD.

The election authorizing the special tax was limited to owners of hotel properties and lessees of real property owned by a governmental entity on which a hotel is located. Thus, the election was not a registered voter election. Such approach to determining who would constitute the qualified electors of the CCFD was modeled after Section 53326(c) of the Act, which generally provides that, if a special tax will not be apportioned in any tax year on residential property, the legislative body may provide that the vote shall be by the landowners of the proposed district whose property would be subject to the special tax. The Court held that the CCFD special tax election was invalid under the California Constitution because Article XIII A, Section 4 thereof and Article XIII C, Section 2 thereof require that the electors in such an election be the registered voters within the district.

Horizon. The Sacramento County Superior Court issued a ruling in *Horizon Capital Investments, LLC v. City of Sacramento et al.* (Case No. 34-2017-80002661), which was a case involving an election to approve the levy of a special tax within a community facilities district (“CFD”) formed under the Act.

In 2017, the City of Sacramento initiated proceedings to form a CFD to finance certain costs to operate and maintain a streetcar line. As permitted by the Act, the proposed district included non-contiguous parcels of non-residential property. Because there were fewer than 12 registered voters residing within the territory of the proposed CFD, the City Council submitted the special tax proposed to be levied within the proposed CFD to the owners of land within the proposed CFD, as required by the Act. The proposed special tax received the requisite two-thirds vote in the landowner election.

Petitioners Horizon Capital Investments, LLC et al. filed a writ of mandate and complaint for reverse validation and declaratory relief. Petitioners argued, and the superior court agreed in its final ruling, that under section 4(a) of article XIII A of the California Constitution (which provides that “Cities, Counties and special districts, by a two-thirds vote of the qualified electors of such district [sic], may impose special taxes on such district...”) the phrase “qualified electors” means the registered voters of the entire City of Sacramento and not just the owners of the property within the boundaries of the proposed CFD. Citing the San Diego Decision, the tentative ruling states that the phrase “qualified electors of the district” refers to the registered voters of the entity imposing the special tax, which in this case was the City of Sacramento. Because the vote within the proposed CFD was by landowners only and not by all registered voters in the City of Sacramento, the final ruling states that the special tax is invalid.

The superior court’s final ruling is not binding upon other courts within the State and does not directly apply to the District, the Special Taxes, or the Bonds. The City of Sacramento did not appeal the superior court’s ruling.

The Special Tax Election in the District. With respect to the San Diego Decision, the facts of such case show that there were thousands of registered voters within the CCFD (*viz.*, all of the registered voters in San Diego). The elections held in the District had less than 12 registered voters at the time of the election to authorize the Special Taxes. In the San Diego Decision, the court expressly stated that it was not addressing the validity of landowner voting to impose special taxes pursuant to the Act in situations where there are fewer than 12 registered voters. Thus, by its terms, the court’s holding in the San Diego Decision does not apply to the Special Tax election in the District. Moreover, Section 53341 of the Act provides that any “action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void or annul the levy of a special tax...shall be commenced within 30 days after the

special tax is approved by the voters.” Similarly, Section 53359 of the Act provides that any action to determine the validity of bonds issued pursuant to the Act be brought within 30 days of the voters approving the issuance of such bonds. The petitioners in *Horizon* filed the writ of mandate within 30 days of the landowner election. Voters in the District approved the Special Tax to be levied in accordance with the Rate and Method on June 8, 2022.

Loss of Tax Exemption

As discussed under the heading “TAX MATTERS,” interest on the Bonds could cease to be excluded from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation, retroactive to the date the Bonds were issued, as a result of future acts or omissions of the District or the City. In addition, it is possible that future changes in applicable federal tax laws could cause interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income taxation or could otherwise reduce the equivalent taxable yield of such interest and thereby reduce the value of the Bonds.

No Ratings – Limited Secondary Market

The District has not applied to have the Bonds rated by any nationally recognized bond rating company, and it does not expect to do so in the future.

There can be no guarantee that there will be a secondary market for the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. Although the District has committed to provide certain financial and operating information, there can be no assurance that such information will be available to Bond owners on a timely basis. The failure to provide the required annual financial information does not give rise to monetary damages but merely an action for specific performance. Occasionally, because of general market conditions, lack of current information, the absence of a credit rating for the Bonds or because of adverse history or economic prospects connected with a particular issue, secondary marketing practices in connection with a particular issue are suspended or terminated. Additionally, prices of issues for which a market is being made will depend upon then prevailing circumstances. Such prices could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

Limitations on Remedies

Remedies available to the Owners of the Bonds may be limited by a variety of factors and may be inadequate to assure the timely payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds or to preserve the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds.

Bond Counsel has limited its opinion as to the enforceability of the Bonds and of the Indenture to the extent that enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency reorganization, fraudulent conveyance or transfer, moratorium or other similar laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditor’s rights, by equitable principles and by the exercise of judicial discretion and by limitations on remedies against public agencies in the State of California. The lack of availability of certain remedies or the limitation of remedies may entail risks of delay, limitation or modification of the rights of the Owners.

Potential Early Redemption of Bonds from Prepayments or Community Facilities District Bond Proceeds

Property owners within the District are permitted to prepay their Special Taxes at any time. Such prepayments could also be made from the proceeds of bonds issued by or on behalf of an overlapping community facilities district. Such prepayments will result in a redemption of the Bonds on the Interest Payment Date for which timely notice may be given under the Indenture following the receipt of the prepayment. The resulting redemption of Bonds that were purchased at a price greater than par could reduce the otherwise expected yield

on such Bonds. See the caption “THE BONDS — Redemption — *Special Mandatory Redemption from Special Tax Prepayments.*”

Cybersecurity

The City, like many other public and private entities, rely on computer and other digital networks and systems to conduct their operations. The City is potentially subject to multiple cyber threats, including without limitation hacking, viruses, ransomware, malware and other attacks. No assurance can be given that the efforts of the City to manage cyber threats and attacks will be successful in all cases, or that any such attack will not materially impact the operations or finances of the City, or the administration of the Bonds. The City is also reliant on other entities and service providers in connection with the administration of the Bonds, including without limitation the County tax collector for the levy and collection of Special Taxes and the Trustee. No assurance can be given that the City and these other entities will not be affected by cyber threats and attacks in a manner that may affect the Bond owners.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

Pursuant to a Continuing Disclosure Certificate, dated as of April 1, 2025 (the “Disclosure Certificate”), to be executed and delivered by the District at the time of issuance of the Bonds, the District will covenant for the benefit of the holders and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the District by March 31 following the end of the District’s Fiscal Year (currently its Fiscal Year ends on June 30) (the “Annual Report”), commencing with the report for the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025, and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain enumerated events. The Annual Report and the notices of enumerated events will be filed by the District with EMMA. The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Annual Report and the notice of enumerated events is set forth in Appendix F — “FORM OF DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE.” These covenants have been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with subsection (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12.

Neither the City nor the District has had any continuing disclosure undertakings outstanding during the previous five-year period.

The City has retained Spicer Consulting Group, LLC to serve as Dissemination Agent for the continuing disclosure undertaking related to the Bonds, and has adopted policies and procedures with respect to its continuing disclosure practices.

TAX EXEMPTION

In the opinion of Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Newport Beach, California, Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, and assuming the accuracy of certain representations and compliance with certain covenants and requirements described herein, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals. However, it should be noted that, with respect to applicable corporations as defined in Section 59(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), generally certain corporations with more than \$1,000,000,000 of average annual adjusted financial statement income, interest (and original issue discount) with respect to the Bonds might be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed by Section 55 of the Code on such corporations. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is exempt from State of California personal income tax.

The excess of the stated redemption price at maturity of a Bond over the issue price of a Bond (the first price at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of a maturity is to be sold to the public) constitutes original issue discount. Original issue discount accrues under a constant yield method, and original issue discount will

accrue to a Beneficial Owner before receipt of cash attributable to such excludable income. The amount of original issue discount deemed received by the Beneficial Owner will increase the Beneficial Owner's basis in the applicable Bond.

Bond Counsel's opinion as to the exclusion from gross income of interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is based upon certain representations of fact and certifications made by the District, the City and others and is subject to the condition that the District, the City and others making such representations comply with all requirements of the Code that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds to assure that interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds will not become includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements of the Code might cause the interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The District and the City will covenant to comply with all such requirements.

The amount by which a Beneficial Owner's original basis for determining loss on sale or exchange in the applicable Bond (generally, the purchase price) exceeds the amount payable on maturity (or on an earlier call date) constitutes amortizable Bond premium, which must be amortized under Section 171 of the Code; such amortizable Bond premium reduces the Beneficial Owner's basis in the applicable Bond (and the amount of tax-exempt interest received), and is not deductible for federal income tax purposes. The basis reduction as a result of the amortization of Bond premium may result in a Beneficial Owner realizing a taxable gain when a Bond is sold by the Beneficial Owner for an amount equal to or less (under certain circumstances) than the original cost of the Bond to the Beneficial Owner. Purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the treatment, computation and collateral consequences of amortizable Bond premium.

The Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") has initiated an expanded program for the auditing of tax-exempt bond issues, including both random and targeted audits. It is possible that the Bonds will be selected for audit by the IRS. It is also possible that the market value of the Bonds might be affected as a result of such an audit of the Bonds (or by an audit of other similar bonds). No assurance can be given that in the course of an audit, as a result of an audit, or otherwise, Congress or the IRS might not change the Code (or interpretation thereof) subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds to the extent that it adversely affects the exclusion from gross income of interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds or their market value.

SUBSEQUENT TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS THERE MIGHT BE FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL STATUTORY CHANGES (OR JUDICIAL OR REGULATORY CHANGES TO OR INTERPRETATIONS OF FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAW) THAT AFFECT THE FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL TAX TREATMENT OF THE BONDS INCLUDING THE IMPOSITION OF ADDITIONAL FEDERAL INCOME OR STATE TAXES BEING IMPOSED ON OWNERS OF TAX-EXEMPT STATE OR LOCAL OBLIGATIONS, SUCH AS THE BONDS. THESE CHANGES COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE MARKET VALUE OR LIQUIDITY OF THE BONDS. NO ASSURANCE CAN BE GIVEN THAT SUBSEQUENT TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS STATUTORY CHANGES WILL NOT BE INTRODUCED OR ENACTED OR JUDICIAL OR REGULATORY INTERPRETATIONS WILL NOT OCCUR HAVING THE EFFECTS DESCRIBED ABOVE. BEFORE PURCHASING ANY OF THE BONDS, ALL POTENTIAL PURCHASERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS REGARDING POSSIBLE STATUTORY CHANGES OR JUDICIAL OR REGULATORY CHANGES OR INTERPRETATIONS, AND THEIR COLLATERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES RELATING TO THE BONDS.

Bond Counsel's opinions may be affected by actions taken (or not taken) or events occurring (or not occurring) after the date of issuance of the Bonds. Bond Counsel has not undertaken to determine, or to inform any person, whether any such actions or events are taken or do occur. The Indenture and the Tax Certificate relating to the Bonds permit certain actions to be taken or to be omitted if a favorable opinion of Bond Counsel is provided with respect thereto. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect on the exclusion from gross income of interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes with respect to any Bond if any such action is taken or omitted based upon the advice of counsel other than Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP.

Although Bond Counsel will render an opinion that interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes provided that the District and the City continue to comply with certain requirements of the Code, the ownership of the Bonds and the accrual or receipt of interest (and original issue discount) with respect to the Bonds may otherwise affect the tax liability of certain persons. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such tax consequences. Accordingly, before purchasing any of the Bonds, all potential purchasers should consult their tax advisors with respect to collateral tax consequences relating to the Bonds.

Should interest on the Bonds (including any original issue discount) become includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes, the Bonds are not subject to early redemption and will remain outstanding until maturity or until redeemed in accordance with the Indenture.

A copy of the proposed form of opinion of Bond Counsel is attached hereto as Appendix C.

LEGAL OPINION

The legal opinion of Bond Counsel approving the validity of the Bonds, in substantially the form set forth as Appendix C hereto, will be made available to purchasers of the Bonds at the time of original delivery of the Bonds. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the City and the District by Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP, Riverside, California, City Attorney, and for the District by Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Disclosure Counsel, for the Underwriter by Kutak Rock LLP, Irvine, California, and for the Trustee by its counsel. Bond Counsel undertakes no responsibility to the purchasers of the Bonds for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of this Official Statement.

ABSENCE OF LITIGATION

There is no action, suit, proceeding or investigation at law or in equity before or by any court, public board or body now pending against and notice of which has been received by the City or the District or, to the best knowledge of their respective officers, threatened in writing, seeking to restrain or enjoin the execution or delivery of the Bonds or contesting or affecting the validity of the Bonds or any proceedings of the City or the District taken with respect to the execution and delivery thereof or the pledge or application of the Special Taxes for the payment of the Bonds or the use of the Bond proceeds..

NO RATING

The District has not made, and does not contemplate making, an application to any rating organization for the assignment of a rating on the Bonds.

UNDERWRITING

The Bonds are being purchased by Raymond James & Associates, Inc. (the "Underwriter"). The Underwriter has agreed to purchase the Bonds at a price of \$_____ (being the \$_____ aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, less an Underwriter's discount of \$_____ and plus original issue premium of \$_____). The Bond Purchase Agreement relating to the Bonds provides that the Underwriter will purchase all of the Bonds if any are purchased, the obligation to make such purchase being subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Purchase Agreement, the approval of certain legal matters by counsel and certain other conditions. The Underwriter's compensation is contingent upon the successful issuance of the Bonds.

Under certain circumstances, the Underwriter may offer and sell the Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower or yields higher than those stated on the page immediately following the cover page of this Official Statement. The offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

FINANCIAL INTERESTS

The fees being paid to the Underwriter and its counsel, Bond Counsel, Disclosure Counsel and the Trustee are contingent upon the issuance and delivery of the Bonds. From time to time, Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, represents the Underwriter on matters unrelated to the Bonds.

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

The District has retained CSG Advisors Incorporated, San Francisco, California, as Municipal Advisor for the sale of the Bonds. The Municipal Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification or to assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in this Official Statement.

CSG Advisors Incorporated, is an independent advisory firm and is not engaged in the business of underwriting, trading or distributing municipal or other public securities.

MISCELLANEOUS

So far as any statements made in this Official Statement involve matters of opinion, assumptions, projections, anticipated events or estimates, whether or not expressly stated, they are set forth as such and not as presentations of fact, and actual results may differ substantially from those set forth therein. Neither this Official Statement nor any statement that may have been made verbally or in writing is to be construed as a contract with the Owners of the Bonds.

The summaries of certain provisions of the Bonds, statutes and other documents or agreements referred to in this Official Statement do not purport to be complete, and reference is made to each of them for a complete statement of their provisions. Copies are available for review by making requests to the City.

The execution and delivery of this Official Statement by the City Manager of the City has been duly authorized by the City Council of the City acting in its capacity as the legislative body of the District.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2
(HORIZON PLACE) OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR

By: _____
City Manager of the City of Wildomar

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX A

RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAX COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE) OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR

A Special Tax (all capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein are defined in Section A, “Definitions”, below) shall be applicable to each Assessor’s Parcel of Taxable Property located within the boundaries of the City of Wildomar Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar (“CFD No. 2022-2”). The amount of Special Tax to be levied in each Fiscal Year on an Assessor’s Parcel shall be determined by the City Council of the City of Wildomar, acting in its capacity as the legislative body of CFD No. 2022-2, by applying the appropriate Special Tax for Developed Property, Approved Property, Undeveloped Property, and Provisional Undeveloped Property that is not Exempt Property as set forth below. All of the real property, unless exempted by law or by the provisions hereof in Section F, shall be taxed for the purposes, to the extent and in the manner herein provided.

A. DEFINITIONS

The terms hereinafter set forth have the following meanings:

“Accessory Dwelling Unit” means a residential unit of limited size including a smaller second unit that shares an Assessor’s Parcel as a Single Family Residential Property with a stand-alone Residential Unit.

“Acre” or “Acreage” means the land area of an Assessor’s Parcel as shown on an Assessor’s Parcel Map, or if the land area is not shown on an Assessor’s Parcel Map, the land area shown on the applicable final map, parcel map, condominium plan, or other recorded parcel map or instrument. The square footage of an Assessor’s Parcel is equal to the Acreage multiplied by 43,560.

“Act” means the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, being Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 53311) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California.

“Administrative Expenses” means the following actual or reasonably estimated costs directly related to the administration of CFD No. 2022-2: the costs of computing the Special Taxes and preparing the Special Tax collection schedules (whether by the City or designee thereof or both); the costs of collecting the Special Taxes (whether by the City or otherwise); the costs of remitting Special Taxes to the Trustee; the costs of the Trustee (including legal counsel) in the discharge of the duties required of it under the Indenture; the costs to the City, CFD No. 2022-2 or any designee thereof of complying with arbitrage rebate requirements; the costs to the City, CFD No. 2022-2 or any designee thereof of complying with continuing disclosure requirements of the City, CFD No. 2022-2 and any major property owner associated with applicable federal and state securities laws and the Act; the costs associated with preparing Special Tax disclosure statements and responding to public inquiries regarding the Special Taxes; the costs of the City, CFD No. 2022-2 or any designee thereof related to an appeal of the Special Tax; the costs associated with the release of funds from an escrow account; and the City’s annual administration fees and third party expenses. Administrative Expenses shall also include amounts estimated by the CFD Administrator or advanced by the City or CFD No. 2022-2 for any other administrative purposes of CFD No. 2022-2, including attorney’s fees and other costs related to commencing and pursuing to completion any foreclosure of delinquent Special Taxes.

“Approved Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Taxable Property: (i) that are included in a Final Map that was recorded prior to the January 1st preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied, (ii) that have an assigned Assessor’s Parcel Number from the County shown on an Assessor’s Parcel Map for the individual lot included on the Final Map, and (iii) that have not been issued a building permit on or before May 1st preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied.

“Assessor’s Parcel” means a lot or parcel of land designated on an Assessor’s Parcel Map with an assigned Assessor’s Parcel Number.

“Assessor’s Parcel Map” means an official map of the Assessor of the County designating parcels by Assessor’s Parcel Number.

“Assessor’s Parcel Number” means that number assigned to an Assessor’s Parcel by the County for purposes of identification.

“Assigned Special Tax” means the Special Tax of that name described in Section D below.

“Backup Special Tax” means the Special Tax of that name described in Section D below.

“Bonds” means any obligation to repay a sum of money, including obligations in the form of bonds, certificates of participation, long-term leases, loans from government agencies, or loans from banks, other financial institutions, private businesses, or individuals, or long-term contracts, or any refunding thereof, to which the Special Tax of CFD No. 2022-2 has been pledged.

“Building Permit” means the first legal document issued by the City giving official permission for new construction. For purposes of this definition, “Building Permit” may or may not include expired or cancelled building permits, or any subsequent building permit document(s) authorizing new construction on an Assessor’s Parcel that are issued or changed by the City after the first original issuance, as determined by the CFD Administrator, provided that following such determination the Maximum Special Tax that may be levied on all Assessor’s Parcels of Taxable Property will be at least 1.1 times annual debt service on all outstanding Bonds plus the estimated annual Administrative Expenses.

“Building Square Footage” or **“BSF”** means the square footage of assessable internal living space, exclusive of garages or other structures not used as living space, as determined by reference to the Building Permit for such Assessor’s Parcel.

“Calendar Year” means the period commencing January 1 of any year and ending the following December 31.

“CFD” or **“CFD No. 2022-2”** means Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar established by the City under the Act.

“CFD Administrator” means an official of the City, or designee thereof, responsible for determining the Special Tax Requirement, and providing for the levy and collection of the Special Taxes.

“City” means the City of Wildomar, State of California.

“City Council” means the City Council of the City of Wildomar, acting as the legislative body of CFD No. 2022-2.

“Condominium Plan” means a condominium plan pursuant to California Civil Code, Section 6624.

“County” means the County of Riverside, State of California.

“Developed Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels that: (i) are included in a Final Map that was recorded prior to the January 1st preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied, (ii) have an Assessor’s Parcel Number from the County shown on an Assessor’s Parcel Map for the individual lot included on the Final Map, and (iii) for which a Building Permit for new construction was issued on or before May 1st preceding the Fiscal Year in which the Special Tax is being levied.

“Exempt Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels designated as being exempt from Special Taxes as provided for in Section F.

“Final Map” means a subdivision of property by recordation of a final map, parcel map, or lot line adjustment, pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act (California Government Code Section 66410 et seq.) or recordation of a Condominium Plan pursuant to California Civil Code Section 6624 that creates individual lots for which Building Permits may be issued without further subdivision.

“Fiscal Year” means the period commencing on July 1st of any year and ending the following June 30th.

“Indenture” means the indenture, fiscal agent agreement, resolution or other instrument pursuant to which Bonds are issued, as modified, amended and/or supplemented from time to time, and any instrument replacing or supplementing the same.

“Land Use Category” means any of the categories listed in Table 1 of Section D.

“Maximum Special Tax” means for each Assessor’s Parcel, the maximum Special Tax, determined in accordance with Section D below, that can be levied by CFD No. 2022-2 on such Assessor’s Parcel.

“Multifamily Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which a Building Permit has been issued for the purpose of constructing a building or buildings comprised of attached Residential Units available for rental by the general public, not for sale to an end user, and under common management, as determined by the CFD Administrator.

“Non-Residential Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which a Building Permit(s) was issued for a non-residential use. The CFD Administrator shall make the determination if an Assessor’s Parcel is Non-Residential Property.

“Partial Prepayment Amount” means the amount required to prepay a portion of the Special Tax obligation for an Assessor’s Parcel, as described in Section G.2.

“Prepayment Amount” means the amount required to prepay the Special Tax obligation in full for an Assessor’s Parcel, as described in Section G.1.

“Proportionately” means for Taxable Property that is (i) Developed Property, that the ratio of the actual Special Tax levy to the Assigned Special Tax is the same for all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property, (ii) Approved Property, that the ratio of the actual Special Tax levy to the Maximum Special Tax is the same for all Assessor’s Parcels of Approved Property, and (iii) Undeveloped Property or Provisional Undeveloped Property, that the ratio of the actual Special Tax levy per Acre to the Maximum Special Tax per Acre is the same for all Assessor’s Parcels of Undeveloped Property or Provisional Undeveloped Property, as applicable.

“Provisional Undeveloped Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Taxable Property that would otherwise be classified as Exempt Property pursuant to the provisions of Section F, but cannot be classified as Exempt Property because to do so would be reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property below the required minimum Acreage set forth in Section F.

“Residential Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which a Building Permit has been issued for purposes of constructing one or more Residential Units.

“Residential Unit” or **“RU”** means a residential unit that is used or intended to be used as a domicile by one or more persons, as determined by the CFD Administrator. An Accessory Dwelling Unit that shares an Assessor’s Parcel with a Single Family Residential Property shall not be considered a Residential Unit for purposes of this RMA.

“RMA” means this Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Taxes.

“Single Family Residential Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Residential Property other than Multifamily Property.

“Special Tax” or **“Special Taxes”** means any of the special taxes authorized to be levied within CFD No. 2022-2 pursuant to the Act to fund the Special Tax Requirement.

“Special Tax Requirement” means the amount required in any Fiscal Year to pay: (i) the debt service or the periodic costs on all outstanding Bonds due in the Calendar Year that commences in such Fiscal Year, (ii) Administrative Expenses, (iii) the costs associated with the release of funds from an escrow account, (iv) any amount required to replenish any reserve funds established in association with the Bonds (provided that the same amount was not previously levied), (v) an amount up to any anticipated shortfall (based on the prior year’s delinquency rate) due to Special Tax delinquencies and (vi) for the collection or accumulation of funds for the acquisition or construction of facilities authorized by CFD No. 2022-2 or the payment of debt service on Bonds anticipated to be issued, provided that the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the levy of Special Tax on Approved Property or Undeveloped Property as set forth in Steps Two or Three of Section E., less (vii) any amounts available to pay debt service or other periodic costs on the Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

“Taxable Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels within CFD No. 2022-2, which are not Exempt Property.

“Taxable Unit” means either a Residential Unit or an Acre.

“Trustee” means the trustee, fiscal agent, or paying agent under the Indenture.

“Undeveloped Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Taxable Property which are not Developed Property, Approved Property, or Provisional Undeveloped Property.

B. SPECIAL TAX

Commencing Fiscal Year 2022-2023 and for each subsequent Fiscal Year, the City Council shall levy Special Taxes on all Taxable Property, up to the applicable Maximum Special Tax, to fund the Special Tax Requirement.

C. ASSIGNMENT TO LAND USE CATEGORY FOR SPECIAL TAX

Each Fiscal Year, beginning with Fiscal Year 2022-2023, each Assessor’s Parcel within CFD No. 2022-2 shall be classified as Taxable Property or Exempt Property. In addition, each Assessor’s Parcel of Taxable Property shall be further classified as Developed Property, Approved Property, Undeveloped Property or Provisional Undeveloped Property.

Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property shall further be classified as Residential Property or Non-Residential Property. Each Assessor’s Parcel of Residential Property shall further be classified as a Single Family Residential Property or Multifamily Property. Each Assessor’s Parcel of Single Family Residential Property shall be further assigned to a Land Use Category based on its Building Square Footage.

In the event that there are Assessor’s Parcel(s) for which one or more Building Permits for Residential Units have been issued and the County has not yet assigned final Assessor’s Parcel Number(s) to such Assessor’s Parcel(s) (in accordance with the Final Map or Condominium Plan), the amount of the Special Tax levy on such Assessor’s Parcel for each Fiscal Year shall be determined as follows: (1) the CFD Administrator shall first determine an amount of the Maximum Special Tax for such Assessor’s Parcel, based on the classification of such Assessor’s Parcel as Undeveloped Property; (2) the amount of the Special Tax for the Residential Units on such Assessor’s Parcel for which Building Permits have been issued shall be determined based on the Developed Property Special Tax rates and such amount shall be levied as Developed Property in accordance with Step 1 of Section E below; and (3) the amount of the Special Tax on the Taxable Property in such Assessor’s Parcel not subject to the Special Tax levy in clause (2) shall be equal to: (A) the percentage of the Maximum Special Tax rate levied on Undeveloped Property pursuant to Step 3 of Section E below, multiplied by the total of the amount determined in clause (1), less (B) the amount determined in clause (2).

D. MAXIMUM SPECIAL TAX

1. Developed Property

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Single Family Residential Property in any Fiscal Year shall be the greater of (i) the Assigned Special Tax for such Assessor's Parcel or (ii) the Backup Special Tax.

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Multifamily Property and Non-Residential Property shall be the applicable Assigned Special Tax described in Table 1 of Section D.

a. Assigned Special Tax

Each Fiscal Year, each Assessor's Parcel of Single Family Residential Property, Multifamily Property or Non-Residential Property shall be subject to an Assigned Special Tax. The Assigned Special Tax for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 applicable to an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property shall be determined pursuant to Table 1 below.

**TABLE 1
ASSIGNED SPECIAL TAX FOR DEVELOPED PROPERTY
FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023**

LAND USE CATEGORY	TAXABLE UNIT	BUILDING SQUARE FOOTAGE	ASSIGNED SPECIAL TAX PER TAXABLE UNIT
1. Single Family Residential Property	RU	Less than 1,400 sq. ft	\$2,963.00
2. Single Family Residential Property	RU	1,400 sq. ft to 1,600 sq. ft	\$2,992.00
3. Single Family Residential Property	RU	Greater than 1,600 sq. ft	\$3,300.00
4. Multifamily Property	Acre	N/A	\$44,644.00
5. Non-Residential Property	Acre	N/A	\$44,644.00

On each July 1, commencing July 1, 2023, the Assigned Special Tax rate for Developed Property shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

b. Multiple Land Use Categories

In some instances an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property may contain more than one Land Use Category. The Maximum Special Tax levied on an Assessor's Parcel shall be the sum of the Maximum Special Tax for each Taxable Unit for all Land Use Categories located on the Assessor's Parcel. The CFD Administrator's allocation to each type of property shall be final.

c. Backup Special Tax

The Backup Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel within a Final Map classified as Single Family Residential Property shall be \$3,453 per Residential Unit.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if all or any portion of the applicable Final Maps and/or condominium plan contained within the boundaries of CFD No. 2022-2 is subsequently changed or modified, then the Backup Special Tax for Single Family Residential Property or Approved Property in such Final Map or condominium plan area that is changed or modified shall be recalculated as follows:

1. Determine the total Backup Special Taxes anticipated to apply to the changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area prior to the change or modification.
2. The result of paragraph 1 above shall be divided by the total number of Residential Units constructed and/or anticipated to be constructed within such changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area, as reasonably determined by the CFD Administrator.

The result of paragraph 2 is the Backup Special Tax per Residential Unit which shall be applicable to Assessor's Parcels of Single Family Residential Property or Approved Property in such changed or modified Final Map or condominium plan area contained within the boundaries of CFD No. 2022-2.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Backup Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property for which a certificate of occupancy has been granted may not be revised.

On each July 1, commencing July 1, 2023, the Backup Special Tax rate shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

2. Approved Property

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Approved Property expected to be classified as Single Family Residential Property shall be the Backup Special Tax computed pursuant to Section D.1.c above.

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Approved Property not expected to be classified as Single Family Residential Property shall be \$44,644 per Acre.

On each July 1, commencing July 1, 2023, the Maximum Special Tax rate for Approved Property shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

3. Undeveloped Property and Provisional Undeveloped Property

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property and Provisional Undeveloped Property shall be \$44,644 per Acre.

On each July 1, commencing July 1, 2023, the Maximum Special Tax rate for Undeveloped Property and Provisional Undeveloped Property shall be increased by two percent (2.00%) of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

E. METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF THE SPECIAL TAX

Commencing Fiscal Year 2022-2023 and for each subsequent Fiscal Year, the City Council shall levy Special Taxes on all Taxable Property in accordance with the following steps:

- Step One: Prior to the first issuance of Bonds, the Special Tax shall be levied at 100% of the applicable Assigned Special Tax rates on Developed Property and (ii) subsequent to the first issuance of Bonds, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property at up to 100% of the applicable Assigned Special Tax rates in Table 1 to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.
- Step Two: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first step has been completed, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Approved Property at up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor's Parcel as needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.

- Step Three: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first two steps have been completed, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor's Parcel as needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.
- Step Four: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first three steps have been completed, then the Special Tax levy on each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property for which the Maximum Special Tax is the Backup Special Tax shall be increased in equal percentages from the Assigned Special Tax up to 100% of the Backup Special Tax as needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.
- Step Five: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first four steps have been completed, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Provisional Undeveloped Property up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax applicable to each such Assessor's Parcel as needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.

Notwithstanding the above, under no circumstances will the Special Taxes levied in any Fiscal Year against any Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property as a result of a delinquency in the payment of the Special Tax applicable to any other Assessor's Parcel be increased by more than ten percent (10%) above the amount that would have been levied in that Fiscal Year had there never been any such delinquency or default.

F. EXEMPTIONS

The City shall classify as Exempt Property, in the chronological order in which they become exempt, (i) Assessor's Parcels which are owned by, irrevocably offered for dedication, encumbered by or restricted in use by the State of California, Federal or other local governments, including school districts, (ii) Assessor's Parcels which are used as places of worship and are exempt from *ad valorem* property taxes because they are owned by a religious organization, (iii) Assessor's Parcels which are owned by, irrevocably offered for dedication, encumbered by or restricted in use by a homeowners' association, (iv) Assessor's Parcels with public or utility easements making impractical their utilization for other than the purposes set forth in the easement, (v) Assessor's Parcels which are privately owned and are encumbered by or restricted solely for public uses, (vi) Assessor's Parcels which are classified as Non-Residential Property or (vii) Assessor's Parcels restricted to other types of public uses determined by the City Council, provided that no such classification would reduce the sum of all Taxable Property to less than 9.47 Acres.

Notwithstanding the above, the City Council shall not classify an Assessor's Parcel as Exempt Property if such classification would reduce the sum of all Taxable Property to less than 9.47 Acres. Assessor's Parcels which cannot be classified as Exempt Property because such classification would reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property to less than 9.47 Acres will be classified as Provisional Undeveloped Property, and will be subject to Special Tax pursuant to Step Five in Section E.

G. PREPAYMENT OF SPECIAL TAX

The following additional definitions apply to this Section G:

"CFD Facilities" means \$8,000,000 expressed in 2022 dollars, which shall increase by the Construction Inflation Index on July 1, 2023, and on each July 1 thereafter, or such lower amount (i) determined by the City Council as sufficient to provide the facilities under the authorized bonding program for CFD No. 2022-2, or (ii) determined by the City Council concurrently with a covenant that it will not issue any more Bonds to finance additional facilities to be supported by Special Tax levied under this RMA.

"Construction Fund" means an account specifically identified in the Indenture or functionally equivalent to hold funds, which are available for expenditure to acquire or construct facilities eligible to be financed by CFD No. 2022-2.

“Construction Inflation Index” means the greater of (i) 2% and (ii) the annual percentage change in the Engineering News-Record Building Cost Index for the city of Los Angeles, measured as of the Calendar Year which ends in the previous Fiscal Year. In the event this index ceases to be published, the Construction Inflation Index shall be another index as determined by the City that is reasonably comparable to the Engineering News-Record Building Cost Index for the City of Los Angeles.

“Future Facilities Costs” means the CFD Facilities minus (i) amounts deposited in the Construction Fund, (ii) amounts deposited in any escrow accounts funded by the Outstanding Bonds and anticipated to fund public facilities costs, and (iii) public facility costs funded by interest earnings on the Construction Fund actually earned prior to the date of prepayment, but in no event shall such amount be less than zero.

“Outstanding Bonds” means all previously issued Bonds issued and secured by the levy of Special Tax which will remain outstanding after the first interest and/or principal payment date following the current Fiscal Year, excluding Bonds to be redeemed at a later date with the proceeds of prior prepayments of Special Tax.

1. Prepayment in Full

The Special Tax obligation may be prepaid and permanently satisfied for (i) Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property, (ii) Assessor’s Parcels of Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which a Building Permit has been issued, (iii) Assessor’s Parcels of Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which a Building Permit has not been issued and (iv) Assessor’s Parcels of Provisional Undeveloped Property. The Special Tax obligation applicable to an Assessor’s Parcel may be fully prepaid and the obligation to pay the Special Tax for such Assessor’s Parcel permanently satisfied as described herein; provided that a prepayment may be made only if there are no delinquent Special Taxes with respect to such Assessor’s Parcel at the time of prepayment. An owner of an Assessor’s Parcel intending to prepay the Special Tax obligation for such Assessor’s Parcel shall provide the CFD Administrator with written notice of intent to prepay, and within 5 business days of receipt of such notice, the CFD Administrator shall notify such owner of the amount of the non-refundable deposit determined to cover the cost to be incurred by the CFD in calculating the Prepayment Amount (as defined below) for the Assessor’s Parcel. Within 15 days of receipt of such non-refundable deposit, the CFD Administrator shall notify such owner of the Prepayment Amount for the Assessor’s Parcel. Prepayment must be made not less than 60 days prior to the redemption date for any Bonds to be redeemed with the proceeds of such prepaid Special Taxes.

The Prepayment Amount shall be calculated as follows (some capitalized terms are defined below):

	Bond Redemption Amount
plus	Redemption Premium
plus	Future Facilities Amount
plus	Defeasance Amount
plus	Administrative Fees and Expenses
less	Reserve Fund Credit
Equals:	Prepayment Amount

The Prepayment Amount shall be determined as of the proposed prepayment date as follows:

1. Confirm that no Special Tax delinquencies apply to such Assessor’s Parcel.
2. For an Assessor’s Parcel of Developed Property, compute the Maximum Special Tax for the Assessor’s Parcel. For an Assessor’s Parcel of Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which a Building Permit has been issued, compute the Maximum Special Tax for the Assessor’s Parcel as though it was already designated as Developed Property, based upon the Building Permit which has been issued for the Assessor’s Parcel. For an Assessor’s Parcel of Approved Property or Undeveloped Property for which

a Building Permit has not been issued, or Provisional Undeveloped Property, compute the Maximum Special Tax for the Assessor's Parcel.

3. Divide the Maximum Special Tax derived pursuant to paragraph 2 by the total amount of Maximum Special Taxes that could be levied assuming build out of all Assessor's Parcels of Taxable Property based on the applicable Maximum Special Tax for Assessor's Parcels of Developed Property not including any Assessor's Parcels for which the Special Tax obligation has been previously prepaid.

4. Multiply the quotient derived pursuant to paragraph 3 by the principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds to determine the amount of Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed with the Prepayment Amount (the "Bond Redemption Amount").

5. Multiply the Bond Redemption Amount by the applicable redemption premium, if any, on the Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed (the "Redemption Premium").

6. Determine the Future Facilities Costs.

7. Multiply the quotient derived pursuant to paragraph 3 by the amount determined pursuant to paragraph 6 to determine the amount of Future Facilities Costs for the Assessor's Parcel (the "Future Facilities Amount").

8. Determine the amount needed to pay interest on the Bond Redemption Amount from the first bond interest and/or principal payment date following the current Fiscal Year until the earliest redemption date for the Outstanding Bonds on which Bonds can be redeemed from Special Tax prepayments.

9. Determine the Special Taxes levied on the Assessor's Parcel in the current Fiscal Year which have not yet been paid.

10. Determine the amount the CFD Administrator reasonably expects to derive from the investment of the Bond Redemption Amount and the Redemption Premium from the date of prepayment until the redemption date for the Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed with the Prepayment Amount.

11. Add the amounts derived pursuant to paragraphs 8 and 9 and subtract the amount derived pursuant to paragraph 10 (the "Defeasance Amount").

12. Verify the administrative fees and expenses of the CFD, the cost to invest the Prepayment Amount, the cost of redeeming the Outstanding Bonds, and the cost of recording notices to evidence the prepayment of the Special Tax obligation for the Assessor's Parcel and the redemption of Outstanding Bonds (the "Administrative Fees and Expenses").

13. The reserve fund credit (the "Reserve Fund Credit") shall equal the lesser of: (a) the expected reduction in the reserve requirement (as defined in the Indenture), if any, associated with the redemption of Outstanding Bonds as a result of the prepayment, or (b) the amount derived by subtracting the new reserve requirement (as defined in the Indenture) in effect after the redemption of Outstanding Bonds as a result of the prepayment from the balance in the reserve fund on the prepayment date, but in no event shall such amount be less than zero.

14. The Prepayment Amount is equal to the sum of the Bond Redemption Amount, the Redemption Premium, the Future Facilities Amount, the Defeasance Amount and the Administrative Fees and Expenses, less the Reserve Fund Credit.

15. From the Prepayment Amount, the Bond Redemption Amount, the Redemption Premium, and Defeasance Amount shall be deposited into the appropriate fund as established under the Indenture and be

used to redeem Outstanding Bonds or make debt service payments. The Future Facilities Amount shall be deposited into the Construction Fund. The Administrative Fees and Expenses shall be retained by the CFD.

The Prepayment Amount may be sufficient to redeem other than a \$5,000 increment of Bonds. In such event, the increment above \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof will be retained in the appropriate fund established under the Indenture to be used with the next redemption from other Special Tax prepayments of Outstanding Bonds or to make debt service payments.

As a result of the payment of the current Fiscal Year's Special Tax levy as determined pursuant to paragraph 9 above, the CFD Administrator shall remove the current Fiscal Year's Special Tax levy for the Assessor's Parcel from the County tax roll. With respect to any Assessor's Parcel for which the Special Tax obligation is prepaid, the City Council shall cause a suitable notice to be recorded in compliance with the Act, to indicate the prepayment of Special Tax obligation and the release of the Special Tax lien for the Assessor's Parcel, and the obligation to pay the Special Tax for such Assessor's Parcel shall cease.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Special Tax prepayment shall be allowed unless the amount of Maximum Special Tax that may be levied on all Assessor's Parcels of Taxable Property after the proposed prepayment will be at least 1.1 times maximum annual debt service on the Bonds that will remain outstanding after the prepayment plus the estimated annual Administrative Expenses.

Tenders of Bonds in prepayment of the Special Tax obligation may be accepted upon the terms and conditions established by the City Council pursuant to the Act. However, the use of Bond tenders shall only be allowed on a case-by-case basis as specifically approved by the City Council.

2. Prepayment in Part

The Special Tax obligation for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property, Approved Property, Undeveloped Property, or Provisional Undeveloped Property may be partially prepaid. For purposes of determining the Partial Prepayment Amount, the provisions of Section G.1 shall be modified as provided by the following formula:

$$PP = ((P_E - A) \times F) + A$$

These terms have the following meaning:

PP = Partial Prepayment Amount

P_E = the Prepayment Amount calculated according to Section G.1

F = the percent by which the owner of the Assessor's Parcel(s) is partially prepaying the Special Tax obligation

A = the Administrative Fees and Expenses determined pursuant to Section G.1

The owner of an Assessor's Parcel who desires to partially prepay the Special Tax obligation for the Assessor's Parcel shall notify the CFD Administrator of (i) such owner's intent to partially prepay the Special Tax obligation, (ii) the percentage of the Special Tax obligation such owner wishes to prepay, and (iii) the company or agency that will be acting as the escrow agent, if any. Within 5 days of receipt of such notice, the CFD Administrator shall notify such property owner of the amount of the non-refundable deposit determined to cover the cost to be incurred by the CFD in calculating the Partial Prepayment Amount. Within 15 business days of receipt of such non-refundable deposit, the CFD Administrator shall notify such owner of the amount of the Partial Prepayment Amount for the Assessor's Parcel. A Partial Prepayment Amount must be made not less than 60 days prior to the redemption date for the Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed with the proceeds of the Partial Prepayment Amount.

With respect to any Assessor's Parcel for which the Special Tax obligation is partially prepaid, the CFD Administrator shall (i) distribute the Partial Prepayment Amount as provided in Paragraph 15 of Section G.1,

and (ii) indicate in the records of the CFD that there has been a partial prepayment for the Assessor's Parcel and that a portion of the Special Tax obligation equal to the remaining percentage (1.00 - F) of the applicable Special Tax will continue to be levied on the Assessor's Parcel pursuant to Section E.

H. TERMINATION OF SPECIAL TAX

For each Fiscal Year that any Bonds are outstanding the Special Tax shall be levied on all Assessor's Parcels subject to the Special Tax pursuant to Section E. The Special Tax shall cease not later than the 2064-2065 Fiscal Year, however, Special Taxes will cease to be levied in an earlier Fiscal Year if the CFD Administrator has determined (i) that all the required interest and principal payments on the CFD No. 2022-2 Bonds have been paid; (ii) all authorized facilities of CFD No. 2022-2 have been acquired and all reimbursements to the developer have been paid, (iii) no delinquent Special Taxes remain uncollected and (iv) all other obligations of CFD No. 2022-2 have been satisfied.

I. MANNER OF COLLECTION

The Special Tax shall be collected in the same manner and at the same time as ordinary *ad valorem* property taxes, provided, however, that CFD No. 2022-2 may collect Special Taxes at a different time or in a different manner if necessary to meet its financial obligations, and may covenant to foreclose and may actually foreclose on delinquent Assessor's Parcels as permitted by the Act.

J. APPEALS OF SPECIAL TAXES

Any taxpayer may file a written appeal of the Special Taxes levied on his/her Assessor's Parcel(s) with the CFD Administrator, provided that the appellant is current in his/her payments of Special Taxes. During pendency of an appeal, all Special Taxes previously levied must be paid on or before the payment date established when the levy was made. The appeal must specify the reasons why the appellant claims the Special Tax is in error. The CFD Administrator shall review the appeal, meet with the appellant if the CFD Administrator deems necessary, and advise the appellant of its determination. If the CFD Administrator agrees with the appellant, the CFD Administrator shall grant a credit to eliminate or reduce future Special Taxes on the appellant's Assessor's Parcel(s). No refunds of previously paid Special Taxes shall be made unless approved by the CFD Administrator.

The CFD Administrator shall interpret this RMA and make determinations relative to the annual levy and administration of the Special Taxes and any taxpayer who appeals, as herein specified.

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX B

CERTAIN ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The following information relating to the City of Wildomar (the “City”) and the County of Riverside, California (the “County”), California (the “State”) is supplied solely for purposes of information. Neither the City nor the County is obligated in any manner to pay principal of or interest on the Bonds or to cure any delinquency or default on the Bonds. The Bonds are payable solely from the sources described in the Official Statement.

General

The City was founded in 1886 and incorporated as a general law city effective July 1, 2008 in Riverside County. The City encompasses approximately 24 square miles along Interstate 15 in Riverside County.

Population

The following table offers population figures for the City and the County for 2020 through 2024.

<i>Area</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>2024</i>
City of Wildomar	36,963	36,646	36,306	36,093	36,327
County of Riverside	2,440,719	2,419,165	2,427,832	2,428,580	2,442,378

Source: California State Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit. 2010 Census Benchmark for 2020 and 2020 Census Benchmark for 2021 through 2024

Building Activity

The following tables provide summaries of the building permit valuations and the number of new dwelling units authorized in the City and County from 2019 through 2023.

BUILDING PERMIT VALUATIONS

City of Wildomar

2019-2023

(Dollars in Thousands)

	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>
Valuation (\$000):					
Residential	\$ 1,136,789	\$12,585,611	\$15,563,559	\$17,373,268	\$ 5,254,037
Non-residential	<u>1,392,516</u>	<u>20,283,426</u>	<u>2,750,536</u>	<u>23,721,559</u>	<u>655,114</u>
Total*	\$ 2,529,305	\$32,869,037	\$18,314,095	\$41,094,827	\$ 5,909,151
Residential Units:					
Single family	7	50	52	61	6
Multiple family	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>26</u>
Total	7	50	52	84	32

* Totals may not add to sums because of rounding.

Source: Construction Industry Research Board.

BUILDING PERMIT VALUATIONS
County of Riverside
2019-2023
(Dollars in Thousands)

	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>
Valuation (\$000):					
Residential	\$2,275,405	\$2,519,303	\$2,262,642	\$2,921,112	\$3,306,086
Non-residential	<u>1,285,856</u>	<u>1,153,778</u>	<u>1,154,998</u>	<u>1,701,615</u>	<u>1,676,498</u>
Total*	<u>\$3,561,261</u>	<u>\$3,673,081</u>	<u>\$3,417,640</u>	<u>\$4,622,727</u>	<u>\$4,982,584</u>
Residential Units:					
Single family	6,563	8,443	7,360	8,863	8,894
Multiple family	<u>1,798</u>	<u>723</u>	<u>1,126</u>	<u>2,861</u>	<u>6,428</u>
Total	8,361	9,166	8,486	11,724	15,322

* Totals may not add to sums because of rounding.
Source: Construction Industry Research Board.

Employment

The following tables show the largest employers located in the City and the County as of June 30, 2024.

LARGEST EMPLOYERS
City of Wildomar
(as of June 30, 2024)

<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name of Business</i>	<i>Employees</i>	<i>Type of Business</i>
1.	Lake Elsinore Unified School District	2,381	School District
2.	Inland Valley Medical Center	945	Medical Center
3.	Southern California Edison	232	Utilities Company
4.	Cornerstone Community Church & School	130	Religious Center
5.	Stater Bros Markets	124	Supermarket
6.	Kaiser Permanente Wildomar Medical Offices	120	Medical Offices
7.	Albertson's	105	Supermarket
8.	Animal Friends of the valleys	83	Animal Clinic
9.	Wildomar Senior Leisure Community	67	Assisted Living Facility
10.	FCP Inc.	62	Industrial Business

Source: City of Wildomar Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ending June 30, 2024.

LARGEST EMPLOYERS
County of Riverside
(as of June 30, 2024)

<i>Rank</i>	<i>Name of Business</i>	<i>Employees</i>	<i>Type of Business</i>
1.	County of Riverside	23,722	County Government
2.	Amazon	14,317	E-Commerce
3.	University of California-Riverside	8,593	University
4.	State of California	8,398	State Government
5.	Walmart	6,465	Retail Company
6.	Moreno Valley Unified School District	6,020	School District
7.	Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center	5,817	Medical Center
8.	Riverside Unified School District	5,431	School District
9.	Stater Brothers Market	4,990	Retail
10.	Mt. San Jacinto Community College District	4,638	School District

Source: County of Riverside Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ending June 30, 2024.

Employment and Industry

Employment data by industry is not separately reported on an annual basis for the City but is compiled for the Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario Metropolitan Statistical Area (the “MSA”), which includes all of Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. In addition to varied manufacturing employment, the MSA has large and growing commercial and service sector employment, as reflected in the table below.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

The following table represents the Annual Average Labor Force and Industry Employment for the period from 2019 through 2023.

**RIVERSIDE-SAN BERNARDINO-ONTARIO METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT & LABOR FORCE - BY ANNUAL AVERAGE**

	<i>2019</i>	<i>2020</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2022</i>	<i>2023</i>
Civilian Labor Force ⁽¹⁾	2,071,600	2,091,700	2,120,600	2,148,700	2,171,500
Employment	1,987,500	1,885,400	1,964,300	2,058,400	2,068,800
Unemployment	84,000	206,200	156,300	90,200	102,700
Unemployment Rate	4.1%	9.9%	7.4%	4.2%	4.7%
Wage and Salary Employment: ⁽²⁾	15,400	14,100	13,700	13,800	
Agriculture	1,200	1,300	1,400	1,500	13,100
Mining and Logging	107,200	104,900	110,100	114,700	1,500
Construction	101,300	96,000	96,100	100,000	115,700
Manufacturing	67,700	65,600	67,400	69,500	98,900
Wholesale Trade	180,700	168,800	177,000	181,000	68,700
Retail Trade	146,600	172,500	198,800	214,400	182,700
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	14,100	12,400	12,500	13,000	205,100
Information	24,800	24,600	24,400	23,800	13,300
Finance and Insurance	20,200	19,500	20,700	22,200	22,300
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	155,300	152,100	166,600	173,900	22,500
Professional and Business Services	250,300	248,800	254,300	267,500	164,800
Educational and Health Services	175,900	141,300	160,200	180,900	287,500
Leisure and Hospitality	46,200	40,200	43,600	47,400	186,500
Other Services	21,100	22,100	21,100	20,900	49,300
Federal Government	31,100	31,300	30,400	28,400	21,200
State Government	209,000	194,600	190,500	200,700	28,800
Local Government	<u>209,000</u>	<u>194,600</u>	<u>190,500</u>	<u>200,300</u>	<u>210,900</u>
Total All Industries	1,568,100	1,509,900	1,588,800	1,673,500	1,692,900

⁽¹⁾ Labor force data is by place of residence; includes self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, and workers on strike.

⁽²⁾ Industry employment is by place of work; excludes self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, and workers on strike.

Source: State of California, Employment Development Department.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

The following table summarizes the labor force, employment and unemployment figures for the period from 2019 through 2023 for the City, the County, the State and the nation as a whole.

**CITY OF WILDOMAR,
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND UNITED STATES
Average Annual Civilian Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment**

<i>Year and Area</i>	<i>Labor Force</i>	<i>Employment⁽¹⁾</i>	<i>Unemployment⁽²⁾</i>	<i>Unemployment Rate (%)⁽³⁾</i>
2019				
City of Wildomar	30,800	29,600	1,200	3.9%
County of Riverside	1,104,000	1,057,900	46,100	4.2
State of California	19,411,600	18,627,400	784,200	4.0
United States	163,539,000	157,538,000	6,001,000	3.7
2020				
City of Wildomar	31,300	28,100	3,100	10.1%
County of Riverside	1,107,700	997,700	110,000	9.9
State of California	18,821,200	16,913,100	1,908,100	10.1
United States	160,472,000	147,795,000	12,947,000	8.1
2021				
City of Wildomar	30,100	27,800	2,300	7.6%
County of Riverside	1,129,600	1,046,700	82,800	7.3
State of California	18,923,200	17,541,900	1,381,200	7.3
United States	161,204,000	152,581,000	8,623,000	5.3
2022				
City of Wildomar	30,700	29,400	1,300	4.2%
County of Riverside	1,152,100	1,104,100	48,000	4.2
State of California	19,252,000	18,440,900	811,100	4.2
United States	164,287,000	158,291,000	5,996,000	3.6
2023				
City of Wildomar	18,000	17,200	800	4.4%
County of Riverside	1,157,900	1,102,300	55,600	4.8
State of California	19,308,300	18,388,300	920,000	4.8
United States	167,116,000	161,037,000	6,080,000	3.6

Note: Data is not seasonally adjusted.

(1) Annual averages, unless otherwise specified.

(2) Includes persons involved in labor-management trade disputes.

(3) The unemployment rate is computed from unrounded data; therefore, it may differ from rates computed from rounded figures in this table.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics, California Employment Development Department. 2023 Benchmark.

Personal Income

Personal Income is the income that is received by all persons from all sources. It is calculated as the sum of wage and salary disbursements, supplements to wages and salaries, proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and personal current transfer receipts, less contributions for government social insurance.

The personal income of an area is the income that is received by, or on behalf of, all the individuals who live in the area; therefore, the estimates of personal income are presented by the place of residence of the income recipients.

Total personal income in Riverside County increased by 76.1% between 2013 and 2023. The following tables summarize personal income for Riverside County for 2013 through 2023.

PERSONAL INCOME
Riverside County
2013-2023
(Dollars in Thousands)

<i>Year</i>	<i>Riverside County</i>	<i>Annual Percent Change</i>
2013	\$76,069,949	2.7%
2014	79,630,223	4.7
2015	84,597,340	6.2
2016	88,997,439	5.2
2017	92,451,456	3.9
2018	96,994,918	4.9
2019	103,647,288	6.9
2020	115,370,344	11.3
2021	126,493,256	9.6
2022	126,174,731	-0.3
2023	133,968,557	6.2

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The following table summarizes per capita personal income for Riverside County, California and the United States for 2013-2023. This measure of income is calculated as the personal income of the residents of the area divided by the resident population of the area.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME
Riverside County, State of California and the United States
2013-2023

<i>Year</i>	<i>Riverside County</i>	<i>California</i>	<i>United States</i>
2013	\$33,565	\$48,076	\$44,401
2014	34,786	50,619	46,287
2015	36,590	53,817	48,060
2016	38,050	55,863	48,971
2017	39,060	58,214	51,004
2018	40,582	60,984	53,309
2019	43,086	64,219	55,566
2020	47,615	70,098	59,123
2021	51,558	76,882	64,460
2022	50,995	76,941	66,244
2023	53,750	81,255	69,810

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Taxable Sales

The table below presents taxable sales for the years 2019 through 2023 for the City.

TAXABLE SALES
City of Wildomar
2019-2023
(Dollars in Thousands)

<i>Year</i>	<i>Permits</i>	<i>Taxable Transactions</i>
2019	713	\$ 176,945,036
2020	780	176,000,837
2021	676	223,006,883
2022	727	266,301,085
2023	777	262,619,293

Source: Taxable Sales in California, California Department of Tax and Fee Administration for 2019-2023.

The table below presents taxable sales for the years 2019 through 2023 for the County.

TAXABLE SALES
County of Riverside
2019-2023
(Dollars in Thousands)

<i>Year</i>	<i>Permits</i>	<i>Taxable Transactions</i>
2019	64,063	\$40,626,998
2020	69,284	42,313,474
2021	64,335	55,535,196
2022	66,738	62,117,153
2023	68,670	61,094,594

Source: Taxable Sales in California, California Department of Tax and Fee Administration for 2019-2023.

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX C

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

Upon issuance of the Bonds, Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, Bond Counsel, proposes to render its final approving opinion in substantially the following form:

April __, 2025

Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place)
of the City of Wildomar
Wildomar, California

Re: \$_____ *Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of
Wildomar Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025*

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have examined the Constitution and the laws of the State of California, a certified record of the proceedings of the City of Wildomar (the “City”) taken in connection with the formation of Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar (the “District”) and the authorization and issuance of the District’s Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025 in the aggregate principal amount of \$_____ (the “Bonds”) and such other information and documents as we consider necessary to render this opinion. In rendering this opinion, we have relied upon certain representations of fact and certifications made by the District, the City, the initial purchasers of the Bonds and others. We have not undertaken to verify through independent investigation the accuracy of the representations and certifications relied upon by us.

The Bonds have been issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended (comprising Chapter 2.5 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California), a resolution adopted by the City Council of the City, acting in its capacity as the legislative body of the District (the “City Council”) on March 12, 2025 (the “Resolution”), and a Bond Indenture (the “Indenture”) dated as of April 1, 2025, by and between the District and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee (the “Trustee”). All capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Indenture.

Based upon our examination of the foregoing, and in reliance thereon and on all matters of fact as we deem relevant under the circumstances, and upon consideration of applicable laws, we are of the opinion that:

(1) The Bonds have been duly and validly authorized by the District and are legal, valid and binding limited obligations of the District, enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Indenture. The Bonds are limited obligations of the District but are not a debt of the City, the State of California or any other political subdivision thereof within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation, and, except for the Net Taxes, neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the State of California, or any of its political subdivisions is pledged for the payment thereof.

(2) The Indenture has been duly executed and delivered by the District. The Indenture creates a valid pledge of, and the Bonds are secured by, the Net Taxes and the amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture, as and to the extent provided in the Indenture. The Indenture is enforceable in accordance with its terms; provided, however, we express no opinion as to the enforceability of the covenant of the District contained in the Indenture to levy Special Taxes for the payment of Administrative Expenses or as to indemnification, penalty, contribution, choice of law, choice of forum or waiver provisions contained therein.

(3) Under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of calculating the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals; however, it should be noted that, with respect to applicable corporations as defined in Section 59(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), interest (and original issue discount) with respect to the Bonds might be taken into account in determining adjusted financial statement income for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on such corporations.

(4) Interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is exempt from State of California personal income tax.

(5) The difference between the issue price of a Bond (the first price at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of a maturity are to be sold to the public) and the stated redemption price at maturity with respect to such Bond constitutes original issue discount. Original issue discount accrues under a constant yield method, and original issue discount will accrue to a Bond Owner before receipt of cash attributable to such excludable income. The amount of original issue discount deemed received by a Bond Owner will increase the Bond Owner’s basis in the applicable Bond.

(6) The amount by which a Bond Owner’s original basis for determining loss on sale or exchange in the applicable Bond (generally the purchase price) exceeds the amount payable on maturity (or on an earlier call date) constitutes amortizable Bond premium which must be amortized under Section 171 of the Code; such amortizable Bond premium reduces the Bond Owner’s basis in the applicable Bond (and the amount of tax-exempt interest received), and is not deductible for federal income tax purposes. The basis reduction as a result of the amortization of Bond premium may result in a Bond Owner realizing a taxable gain when a Bond is sold by the Owner for an amount equal to or less (under certain circumstances) than the original cost of the Bond to the Owner.

The opinion expressed in paragraph (3) above as to the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds is subject to the condition that the District and the City comply with all requirements of the Code, that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds to assure that such interest (and original issue discount) will not become includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements of the Code might cause interest (and original issue discount) on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The District and the City have covenanted to comply with all such requirements. Except as set forth in paragraphs (3), (4), (5) and (6) above, we express no opinion as to any tax consequences related to the Bonds.

Certain agreements, requirements and procedures contained or referred to in the Indenture, the Tax Certificate executed by the District and the City and other documents related to the Bonds may be changed and certain actions may be taken or omitted, under the circumstances and subject to the terms and conditions set forth in such documents. We express no opinion as to the effect on the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest (and original issue discount) on any Bond if any such change occurs or action is taken or omitted upon advice or approval of bond counsel other than Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP.

Our opinion is limited to matters governed by the laws of the State of California and federal law. We assume no responsibility with respect to the applicability or the effect of the laws of any other jurisdiction. We call attention to the fact that the rights and obligations under the Bonds, the Indenture and the Tax Certificate may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, arrangement, fraudulent conveyance, moratorium and other laws relating to or affecting creditors’ rights, by the application of equitable principles and the exercise of judicial discretion in appropriate cases and by the limitations on legal remedies against public agencies in the State of California.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of the Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and expressly disclaim any duty to advise the Owners of the Bonds with respect to matters contained in the Official Statement or other offering material.

The opinions expressed herein are based upon an analysis of existing statutes, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions and cover certain matters not directly addressed by such authorities. Such opinions may be affected by actions taken (or not taken) or events occurring (or not occurring) after the date hereof. We have not undertaken to determine, or to inform any person, whether such actions or events are taken (or not taken) or do occur (or do not occur).

Respectfully submitted,

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX D
APPRAISAL REPORT

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPRAISAL REPORT

COVERING

Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place)
of the City of Wildomar

DATE OF VALUE:

January 6, 2025

SUBMITTED TO:

City of Wildomar
23873 Clinton Keith Rd.
Wildomar, CA 92595

Attn: Heidi Schrader
Administrative Services Director

DATE OF REPORT:

January 21, 2025

SUBMITTED BY:

Stephen G. White, MAI
1801 Lexington Dr.
Fullerton, CA 92835

Stephen G. White, MAI



Real Estate Appraiser

1801 LEXINGTON DRIVE · FULLERTON, CALIFORNIA 92835
(714) 738-1595 · swhite@white-appraisal.com

January 21, 2025

City of Wildomar
23873 Clinton Keith Rd.
Wildomar, CA 92595

Re: Community Facilities District No. 2022-2
(Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar

Attn: Heidi Schrader
Administrative Services Director

Dear Ms. Schrader:

In accordance with your request and authorization, I have completed an appraisal of the taxable properties within the above-referenced Community Facilities District (CFD). These properties consist of 136 townhome-type lots for attached homes in various Condominium Plans that are being developed by Lennar Homes with a neighborhood of townhomes called Horizon Place. As of the January 6, 2025 date of value for this appraisal there were 110 completed-closed homes (closed builder sales), 3 completed-unclosed homes (the models), 16 homes under construction, and 7 vacant lots.

The purpose of this appraisal is to estimate the aggregate market value of the as is condition of these taxable properties, with the values allocated to Individual Owners (completed-closed homes) and to Builder Ownership (completed-unclosed homes, homes under construction and vacant lots). This appraisal reflects the proposed CFD bond financing, with the effective tax rate of $\pm 1.9\%$ based on recorded sale prices for completed-closed homes and including special taxes of this CFD and other overlapping debt.

Based on the general inspections of the properties and analysis of matters pertinent to value, the following conclusions of market value have been arrived at, subject to the Assumptions and Limiting Conditions, and as of January 6, 2025:

<u>Ownership</u>	<u>No. Lots</u>	<u>Market Value</u>
<i>Individual Owners (completed-closed homes):</i>	110	\$48,400,000
<i>Builder Ownership (completed-unclosed homes):</i>	3	\$1,050,000
<i>Builder Ownership (homes under construction):</i>	16	\$4,080,000
<i>Builder Ownership (vacant lots):</i>	7	<u>\$990,000</u>
	136	\$54,520,000

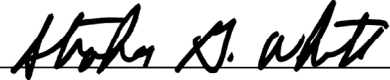
\$54,520,000

(FIFTY-FOUR MILLION FIVE HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS)

MS. HEIDI SCHRADER
JANUARY 21, 2025
PAGE 2

The following is the balance of this 36-page Appraisal Report which includes the Certification, Assumptions and Limiting Conditions, definitions, property data, exhibits, valuation and market data from which the value conclusions were derived.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Stephen G. White", is written over a horizontal line.

Stephen G. White, MAI
(State Certified General Real Estate
Appraiser No. AG013311)

SGW:sw
Ref: 24030

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGES
Appraisal Summary	5
Certification	6
Assumptions and Limiting Conditions	7-8
Purpose and Intended Use/User of the Appraisal, Scope of the Appraisal, Date of Value, Property Rights Appraised, Definitions, Exposure Time, Ownership/Sales History	9-10
PROPERTY DATA	
Location Map, Location, General Area Description, Aerial Photo, Legal Description, Assessor Data, Assessor Maps, No. Lots/ Lot Sizes, Streets & Access, Utilities, Zoning/General Plan/Approvals, School District/Schools, Topography/ Views, Drainage/Flood Hazard, Fire Hazard Zone, Soil/ Geologic/Seismic Conditions, Environmental Conditions, Title Report, Residential Market Overview, Map of Horizon Place, Description of Homes/Status of Construction, Homeowners Association, Highest & Best Use	11-25
VALUATION	
Method of Analysis, Analysis of Completed-Closed Homes, Analysis of Completed-Unclosed Homes, Analysis of Homes Under Construction, Analysis of Vacant Lots, Conclusion of Value	26-33
ADDENDA	
Qualifications of Appraiser	34-36

APPRAISAL SUMMARY

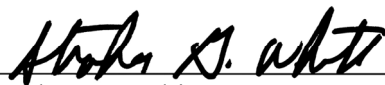
Property Type:	110 completed-closed homes, 3 completed-unclosed homes, 16 homes under construction & 7 vacant lots; 136 total lots											
Ownership:	Individual Owners (completed-closed homes) Builder Ownership (completed-unclosed homes, homes under construction & vacant lots)											
Date of Value/Effective Date of the Appraisal:	January 6, 2025											
Date of Report:	January 21, 2025											
Location:	SWC Elizabeth Ln. & Bunny Trail, Wildomar											
APN:	380-541-001 to 005, 007 to 011, 013 to 018, 020 to 025, 027 to 041, 043 to 048, 050 to 055, 057 to 060 & 062 to 068 380-542-001 to 008, 010 to 015, 017 to 019, 021 to 031, 033 to 038, 040 to 045, 047 to 053, 055 to 061, 063 to 068, 070 to 077 & 079 to 086											
Legal Description:	Unit Nos. 1 to 136 of various Modules of Lot 1 of Tract No. 36672, as shown on various Condominium Plans; referred to as Lots 1 to 136 in this appraisal											
No. Lots/Lot Sizes:	136 units/lots; no specific lot sizes for attached homes											
Home Type/Sizes:	Attached homes/1,378 s.f. to 1,692 s.f.											
Years Built:	2023 to current/ongoing											
Highest & Best Use:	As Improved/As Planned											
Method of Analysis:	Sales Comparison Approach/Mass Appraisal											
Value Conclusions:	<table><tr><td>110 Completed-Closed Homes:</td><td>\$48,400,000</td></tr><tr><td>3 Completed-Unclosed Homes:</td><td>\$ 1,050,000</td></tr><tr><td>16 Homes Under Construction:</td><td>\$ 4,080,000</td></tr><tr><td>7 Vacant Lots:</td><td><u>\$ 990,000</u></td></tr><tr><td>Total:</td><td>\$54,520,000</td></tr></table>		110 Completed-Closed Homes:	\$48,400,000	3 Completed-Unclosed Homes:	\$ 1,050,000	16 Homes Under Construction:	\$ 4,080,000	7 Vacant Lots:	<u>\$ 990,000</u>	Total:	\$54,520,000
110 Completed-Closed Homes:	\$48,400,000											
3 Completed-Unclosed Homes:	\$ 1,050,000											
16 Homes Under Construction:	\$ 4,080,000											
7 Vacant Lots:	<u>\$ 990,000</u>											
Total:	\$54,520,000											

CERTIFICATION

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

- The statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct.
- The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions and are my personal, impartial, and unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.
- I have no present or prospective interest in the properties that are the subject of this report, and no personal interest with respect to the parties involved.
- I have no bias with respect to the properties that are the subject of this report or to the parties involved with this assignment.
- My engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results.
- My compensation for completing this assignment is not contingent upon the development or reporting of a predetermined value or direction in value that favors the cause of the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event directly related to the intended use of the appraisal.
- I have made a general inspection of the properties that are the subject of this report.
- No one provided significant real property appraisal assistance to the person signing this Certification, other than data research by my associate, Kirsten Patterson.
- I have performed no services, as an appraiser or in any other capacity, regarding the subject properties within the three-year period prior to accepting this assignment.
- The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Institute.
- The use of this report is subject to the requirements of the Appraisal Institute relating to review by its duly authorized representatives.

As of the date of this report, I have completed the continuing education program for Designated Members of the Appraisal Institute.



Stephen G. White, MAI
(State Certified General Real Estate
Appraiser No. AG013311)

ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS

This appraisal has been based upon the following assumptions and limiting conditions:

1. No responsibility is assumed for the legal descriptions provided or for matters pertaining to legal or title considerations. Title to the properties is assumed to be good and marketable unless otherwise stated.
2. The properties are appraised free and clear of any or all liens or encumbrances unless otherwise stated.
3. Responsible ownership and competent property management are assumed.
4. The information furnished by others is believed to be reliable, but no warranty is given for its accuracy.
5. All engineering studies, if applicable, are assumed to be correct. Any plot plans or other illustrative material in this report are included only to help the reader visualize the property.
6. It is assumed that there are no hidden or unapparent conditions of the properties, subsoil, or structures that render them more or less valuable. No responsibility is assumed for such conditions or for obtaining the engineering studies that may be required to discover them.
7. It is assumed that the properties are in full compliance with all applicable federal, state and local environmental regulations and laws unless the lack of compliance is stated, described and considered in the appraisal report.
8. It is assumed that the properties conform to all applicable zoning and use regulations and restrictions unless a nonconformity has been identified, described and considered in the appraisal report.
9. It is assumed that all required licenses, certificates of occupancy, consents and other legislative or administrative authority from any local, state or national government or private entity or organization have been or can be obtained or renewed for any use on which the value estimates contained in the report are based.
10. It is assumed that the use of the land and improvements is confined within the boundaries or property lines of the properties described and that there are no encroachments or trespasses unless noted in the report.
11. Unless otherwise stated in this report, the existence of hazardous materials, which may or may not be present on the properties, was not observed by the appraiser. However, the appraiser is not qualified to detect such substances. The presence of such substances may affect the value of the property, but the values estimated in this

ASSUMPTIONS AND LIMITING CONDITIONS, Continuing

appraisal are based on the assumption that there is no such material on or in the properties that would cause a loss in value. No responsibility is assumed for such conditions or for any expertise or engineering knowledge required to discover them. The client should retain an expert in this field, if desired.

12. Possession of this report, or a copy thereof, does not carry with it the right of publication, unless otherwise authorized. It is understood and agreed that this report will be utilized in the Official Statement, as required for the within-referenced CFD bond issuance.
13. The appraiser, by reason of this appraisal, is not required to give further consultation or testimony or to be in attendance in court with reference to the properties in question unless arrangements have previously been made.

EXTRAORDINARY ASSUMPTIONS

1. It has been assumed that there are no soil, geologic, seismic or environmental conditions that would negatively impact the existing or planned uses or valuation of the subject properties.
2. An estimate of the remaining costs and fees to get the subject lots from their as is condition to finished lot condition has been provided by the builder/property owner, and these estimates have been relied upon in this appraisal as being reasonably accurate and reliable; in addition, the valuations have reflected the proposed CFD bond financing such that the deductions of estimated remaining costs/fees do not include any amounts that are to be funded by the planned CFD bond proceeds.

PURPOSE AND INTENDED USE/USER OF THE APPRAISAL

The purpose of this appraisal is to estimate the market value of the as is condition of the taxable properties located within Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar, reflecting the proposed CFD bond financing. It is intended that this Appraisal Report is to be used by the client, consisting of the City of Wildomar, and other appropriate parties as part of the planned CFD bond issuance.

SCOPE OF THE APPRAISAL

It is the intent of this appraisal that all appropriate data considered pertinent in the valuation of the subject properties be collected, confirmed and reported in an Appraisal Report, in conformance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice and the guidelines of the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission. The scope of work has included an identification of the appraisal problem to be solved, which in this case is the market value of the taxable subject properties in as is condition as of the date of value of the appraisal; a general inspection of the subject properties and their surroundings; obtaining of pertinent property data on the subject properties, including review of various maps and documents relating to the properties and the home development; obtaining of comparable home sales and land sales from a variety of sources; analysis of all of the data to the value conclusions; and completion of the Appraisal Report.

DATE OF VALUE (EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE APPRAISAL)

The date of value or effective date of the appraisal is January 6, 2025.

PROPERTY RIGHTS APPRAISED

This appraisal is of the fee simple interest in the subject properties, subject to the applicable CFD special tax and assessment liens.

DEFINITION OF MARKET VALUE

The most probable price, as of a specified date, in cash, or in terms equivalent to cash, or in other precisely revealed terms, for which the specified property rights should sell after reasonable exposure in a competitive market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, with the buyer and seller each acting prudently, knowledgeably, and for self-interest, and assuming that neither is under undue duress. (The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, Seventh Edition)

DEFINITION OF FEE SIMPLE INTEREST (ESTATE)

Absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat. (The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, Seventh Edition)

DEFINITION OF MASS APPRAISAL

The process of valuing a universe of properties as of a given date using standard methodology, employing common data, and allowing for statistical testing. (USPAP, 2020-2021 ed.) Often associated with real property tax assessment valuation. (The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, Seventh Edition)

DEFINITION OF FINISHED LOT

This term describes the condition of residential lots in a residential subdivision for homes in which the lots are fully improved and ready for homes to be built. This reflects that the lots have all development entitlements, infrastructure improvements completed, finish grading completed, all in-tract utilities extended to the property line of each lot, street improvements completed, common area improvements/landscaping (associated with the tract) completed, resource agency permits (if necessary), and all development fees paid, exclusive of building permit fees, in accordance with the conditions of approval of the specific tract map.

EXPOSURE TIME

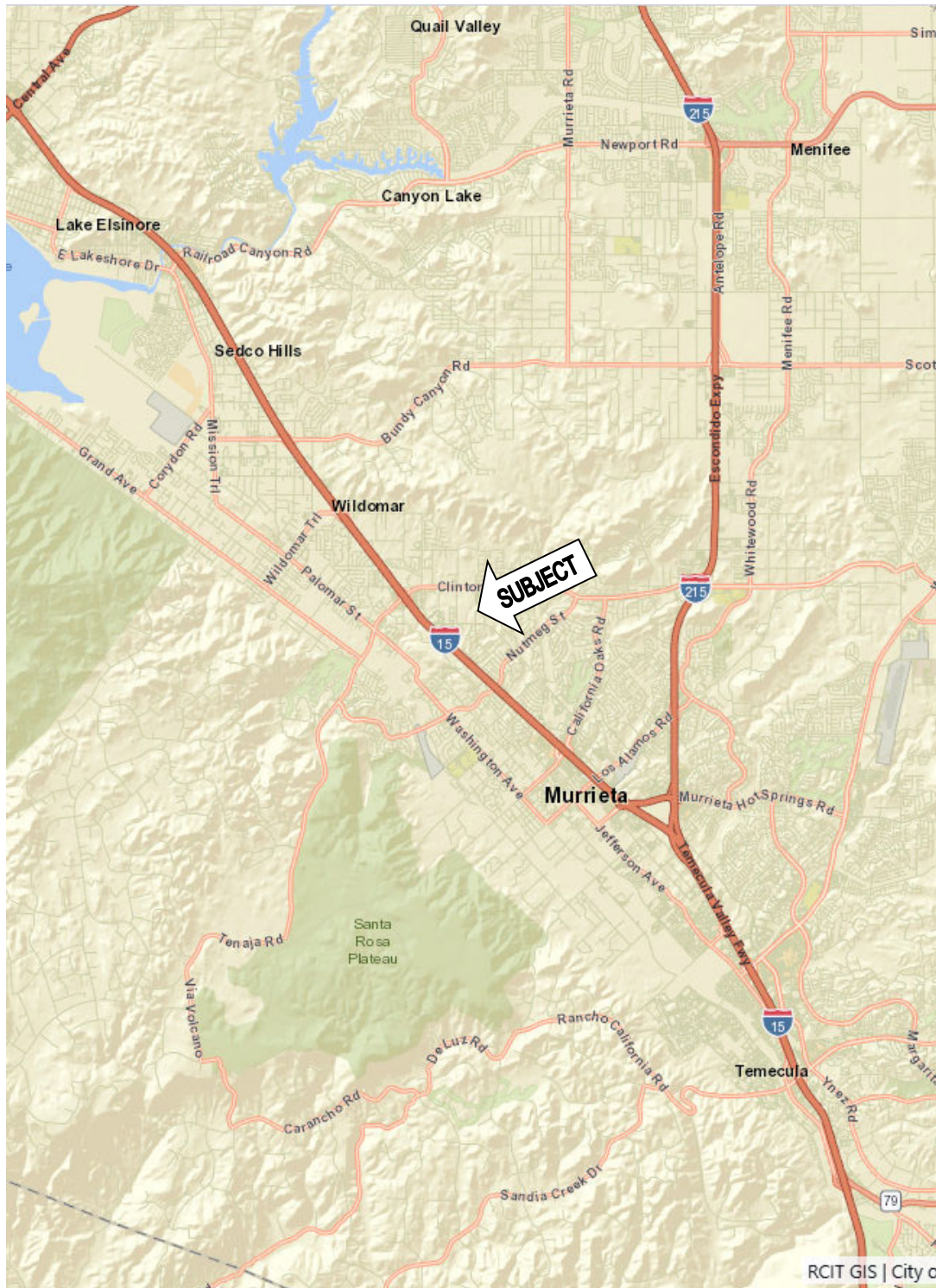
This is defined as the estimated length of time the property interest being appraised would have been offered on the market prior to the hypothetical consummation of a sale at market value on the effective date or date of value of the appraisal. Assuming a reasonable marketing effort and at or reasonably near market value, I have concluded that the exposure time for the subject homes as well as the bulk of homes under construction and vacant lots would have been within 4 months for a sale to be negotiated, and with appropriate escrow time for the sales to close.

OWNERSHIP/SALES HISTORY

Lennar Homes of California, Inc. purchased the unimproved land for the subject neighborhood, including 3.8 acres of adjacent open space land, from Strata Keith, LLC by deed recorded December 9, 2021 at an indicated price of \$2,000,000. The land was then transferred to Cal Hearthstone Lot Option Pool 01, L.P. on February 7, 2022 as a land bank, and all of the lots have subsequently been transferred back to Lennar Homes of California, LLC.

As of the January 6, 2025 date of value, individual owners owned 110 of the lots with completed homes (Lots 6 to 115) and Lennar Homes of California, LLC owned 26 of the lots (Lots 1 to 5 & 116 to 136) consisting of the 3 model homes, the 16 homes under construction and the 7 vacant lots. The closed builder sales closed and recorded from August 31, 2023 through December 4, 2024 at net sale prices ranging from \$369,149 to \$511,794. In addition, as of January 6, 2025 there were 7 pending builder sales that were scheduled to close from February 5 to 20, 2025.

LOCATION MAP



PROPERTY DATA

LOCATION

The subject neighborhood of Horizon Place is located at the southwest corner of Elizabeth Ln. and Bunny Trail in the City of Wildomar. This location is in the southeast part of Wildomar, ¼ mile south of Clinton Keith Rd. and ½ mile to the northeast of the 15 Freeway, with a full interchange at Clinton Keith Rd. to the northwest.

GENERAL AREA DESCRIPTION

To the north of Horizon Place across Bunny Trail, extending north to Clinton Keith Rd. and west from Elizabeth Ln., is a vacant 23-acre site planned for development with the Wildomar Commerce Center. This master-planned business park is to comprise five buildings ranging in size from 15,003 s.f. to 99,940 s.f. with construction of Phase I anticipated to commence in early 2025. Farther to the northwest is more vacant and undulating land with a ±17-acre ownership at the southwest corner of Clinton Keith Rd. and Yamas Dr. approved in 2016 for a mixed-use development of 162 apartments and 50,000 s.f. commercial retail center. Timing for development of this project is not known.

To the northeast, at the southeast corner of Elizabeth Ln. and Clinton Keith Rd., is a large self-storage facility built in 2006 on 8.67-acres. East of this is a boat and RV storage facility with access from Jane Ln. to the east; and at the southwest corner with Jana Ln. and Clinton Keith Rd. is a 4.35-acre site with approvals obtained in 2023 for a gas station, carwash, convenience store, two drive-thru restaurants and a 21,000 s.f. industrial building.

To the east of Horizon Place, south of the storage facilities and on the east side of Elizabeth Ln., are three parcels ranging in size from 2.16 to 4.47-acres, and each improved with a mobile home. South of these, at the northeast corner of Elizabeth Ln. and Prielipp Rd., is Tricon Wildomar which is a new gated rental home community. It comprises 170 for-rent townhomes ranging from 973 s.f. to 1,458 s.f. with 1-bedroom plus den and 1.5-baths up to 3-bedrooms 2.5 baths. Community amenities include clubhouse with fitness center, pool/spa, BBQ areas and firepit, tot lot and dog park. Further to the east are scattered residential properties on large lots.

Adjacent to the south, at the northwest corner of Elizabeth Lane and Prielipp Rd., is a 3.29-acre vacant site with approvals for a 2-story assisted living facility that were processed concurrently with the entitlements for the subject project. The site is currently available for sale. To the west of this site is a 3.83-acre lot designated as open space and improved with drainage facilities to serve the subject community and the assisted living site.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2 (HORIZON PLACE)
OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR



GENERAL AREA DESCRIPTION, Continuing

Farther south across Prielipp Rd. is a neighborhood of 67 homes called Briarwood, built by Lennar Homes in 2016-17. Homes range in size from 1,946 s.f. to 3,153 s.f. on 5,000 s.f. minimum size lots and two sales of the larger floorplans in 2024 indicated prices of \$635,000 and \$840,000. To the southeast, at the southeast corner of Prielipp Rd. and Elizabeth Ln., is a 148-unit apartment community called Gables Oak Creek. The community was constructed in 2005 comprising eleven 2- and 3-story buildings as well as clubhouse, pool/spa, barbecue areas and tot lot.

To the southwest, along the south side of Prielipp Rd., are several estate homes on large ± 2 to ± 4.5 -acre parcels; then a Southern California Edison training and service facility on 17.76-acres; and then the Interstate Business Park built in 2007 with four large multi-tenant buildings ranging in size from 46,385 to 69,231 s.f.

Adjacent to the west of the subject community is a ± 20 -acre parcel, vacant but for a paved parking area on the southerly end which is enclosed with screened chain-link fencing and a sign indicating hospital staff parking. To the west of this are the Santa Rosa Apartments, 320 units built in 2008 with the main entrance from Yamas Ln. and a secondary access from Prielipp Rd. The community is gated and includes pool/spa, clubhouse with fitness center and lounge areas, covered picnic/barbecue areas and private garages.

Beyond this is vacant land, then several medical office buildings, and then the campus of Southwest Healthcare Inland Valley Hospital which extends to the 15 Freeway. The hospital is currently undergoing a large expansion including a new, 7-story patient tower.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The taxable properties are described as Units 1 to 136 of various Modules of Lot 1 of Tract No. 36672, as per Map filed on May 27, 2021, in Book 478 of Maps, Pages 31 through 34, inclusive, Official Records of Riverside County, California, as shown and described on various Condominium Plans for the various Modules.

(Note: For appraisal purposes, the subject properties are referred to as Lots 1 to 136.)

ASSESSOR DATA-2024/2025

The 136 lots comprise the following Assessor Parcel Nos.:

380-541-001 to 005, 007 to 011, 013 to 018, 020 to 025, 027 to 041, 043 to 048,
050 to 055, 057 to 060 & 062 to 068
380-542-001 to 008, 010 to 015, 017 to 019, 021 to 031, 033 to 038, 040 to 045,
047 to 053, 055 to 061, 063 to 068, 070 to 077 & 079 to 086

ASSESSOR MAP

THIS MAP WAS PREPARED FOR ASSESSMENT PURPOSES ONLY. NO LIABILITY IS ASSUMED FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE DATA SHOWN. ASSESSOR'S PARCEL MAY NOT COMPLY WITH LOCAL LOT-SPLIT OR BUILDING SITE ORDINANCES.

S 1/2, NE 1/4 OF SEC. 6 T.7S, R.3W

TRA 025-007

380-54

BUNNY

LOT C

RAIL

1

Map Reference

ME 43161-34: TRACLOT1 #2028536 3/16/2003
 OM 250160-162: POR.LOT1 #2028536 3/16/2003
 OM 250163-165: POR.LOT1 #2028536 3/16/2003
 OM 250169-32: POR.LOT1 #2028537 3/12/2003
 OM 250163-36: POR.LOT1 #2028538 3/12/2003
 OM 250167-40: POR.LOT1 #2028539 3/12/2003
 OM 250161-44: POR.LOT1 #2028540 3/12/2003
 OM 250165-48: POR.LOT1 #2028541 3/12/2003
 OM 250169-52: POR.LOT1 #2028542 3/12/2003
 OM 250163-56: POR.LOT1 #2028543 3/12/2003
 OM 250167-60: POR.LOT1 #2028544 3/12/2003
 OM 250171-64: POR.LOT1 #2028545 3/12/2003
 OM 250165-68: POR.LOT1 #2028546 3/12/2003

ASSESSOR'S MAP BK 380 PG. 54

has been for



CM230143-105 0015824 4/18/2023
CM230143-106 0003275 2/2/2023
CM230194-117 0010565 4/18/2023
CM230194-118 0010566 4/18/2023
CM230141-140 0010567 4/18/2023
CM230141-146 0010567 4/18/2023
CM230167-166 0010663 4/18/2023
CM230168-210 0010669 4/18/2023
CM230151-24 0010667 4/18/2023
CM230525-47 0010671 4/18/2023
CM230525-72 0010673 4/18/2023
CM230573-95 0010673 4/18/2023
CM230605-68 0010674 4/18/2023

ELIZABETH

LANE

LOT B

Date	Old Number	New Number
------	------------	------------

Apr 2024

Legend

- Lot Lines
- Right-Of-Way
- - - Old Lot Lines
- - - Reference R.O.W
- • • • • Other Easements
- • • • • Lease Areas
- Subdivision Tie Mark

[illegible]

ASSESSOR MAP

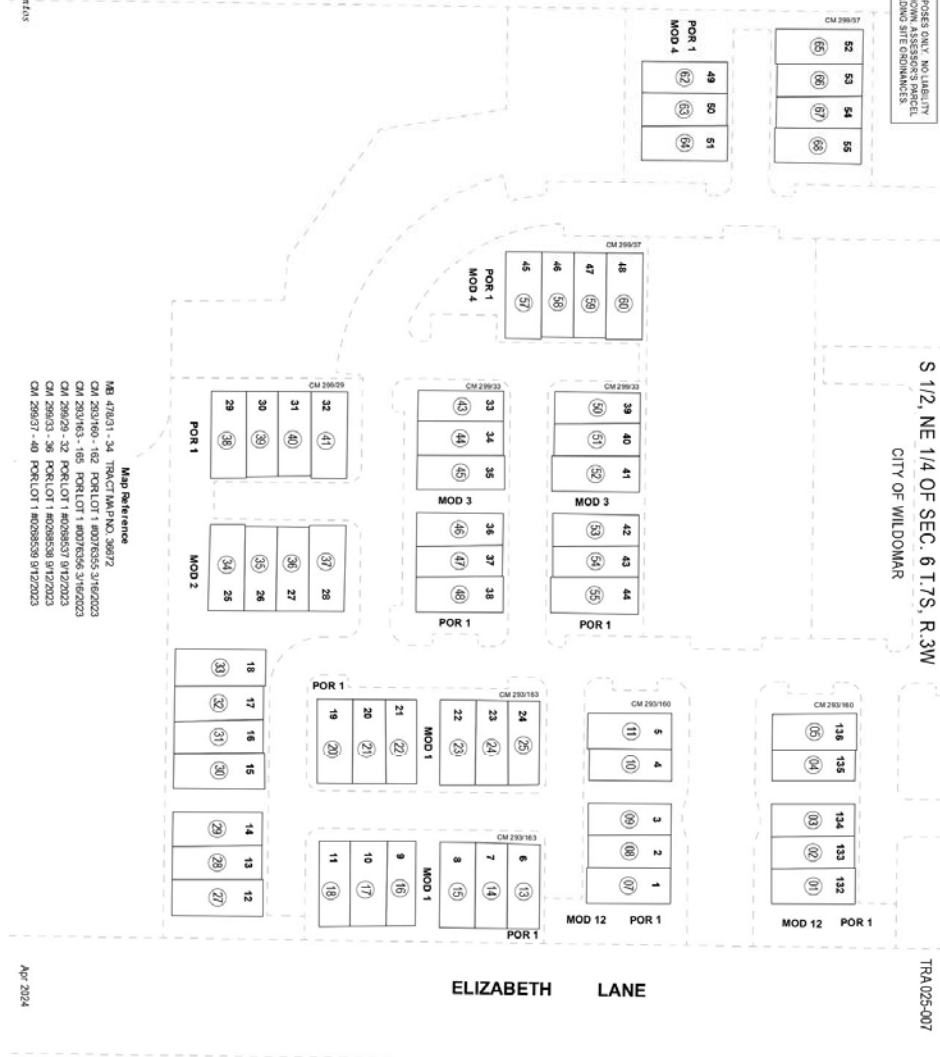
THIS MAP WAS PREPARED FOR ASSESSMENT PURPOSES ONLY. NO LIABILITY IS ASSUMED FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS. THE MAP DOES NOT COMPLY WITH LOCAL LOT SPLIT OR BUILDING SITE ORDINANCES.

ASSESSOR'S MAP B340 PG.54
Riverside County, Calif.

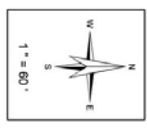


145424155

Map Reference
NB 47031 - 34 TRACT MAP NO. 36672
CM 283160 - 162 POR LOT 1 #0076355 5/16/2023
CM 283163 - 165 POR LOT 1 #0076356 5/16/2023
CM 286426 - 32 POR LOT 1 #0088537 9/12/2023
CM 286431 - 36 POR LOT 1 #0088538 9/12/2023
CM 286437 - 40 POR LOT 1 #0088539 9/12/2023



380-541
380-25
SHEET 2 OF 3



Legend
— Lot Lines
— Right-of-Way
— Easement
— Reference E.O.W.
— Other Easements
— Lease Area
— Subdivided To Date

ASSESSOR MAP

THIS MAP WAS PREPARED FOR ASSESSMENT PURPOSES ONLY. NO LIABILITY IS ASSUMED FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE DATA SHOWN. ASSESSOR'S PARCEL MAY NOT CORRELATE WITH LOCAL LOT SPLIT OR BUILDING SITE ORDINANCES.

S 1/2, NE 1/4 OF SEC. 6 T.7S, R.3W
CITY OF WILDOMAR

TRA 025-007

380-542
380.25
SHEET 3 OF 3



Legend
Lot Lines
Right-Of-Way
Unimproved R.O.W.
Other Easements
Land Area
Subdivision To Be



ASSESSOR'S MAP 80380 PS 54
Riverside County, Calif.

justerian

Map Reference
 MB 47931 - 34 TRACT MAP NO. 39672
 CM 29641 - 44 POR LOT 1 #028540 9/12/2023
 CM 29645 - 48 POR LOT 1 #028541 9/12/2023
 CM 29649 - 52 POR LOT 1 #028542 9/12/2023
 CM 29653 - 56 POR LOT 1 #028543 9/12/2023
 CM 29657 - 60 POR LOT 1 #028544 9/12/2023
 CM 29661 - 64 POR LOT 1 #028545 9/12/2023
 CM 29665 - 68 POR LOT 1 #028546 9/12/2023

Apr 2024

ASSESSOR DATA-2024/2025, Continuing

The current assessed values for the 136 parcels are for land only and range from \$32,125 to \$68,111. The tax rate area is 025-007 which has an indicated tax rate of 1.028680%, but the effective tax rate including special taxes for this CFD and other overlapping debt is $\pm 1.9\%$ based on recorded sale prices for completed-closed homes.

NO. OF LOTS/LOT SIZES

The subject properties comprise a total of 136 townhome-type lots for attached homes, with 2 to 4 lots per building of the attached homes. The lots do not have specific individual sizes. The density of the subject neighborhood is 136 dwelling units on 10.75 net acres, or 12.7 units per acre.

STREETS AND ACCESS

Primary access to the Horizon Place neighborhood is from Elizabeth Ln. at A St., which is the main entrance into the neighborhood. Elizabeth Ln. is a two-lane north-south collector road that extends along the east side of the neighborhood, connecting to Clinton Keith Rd. at the north and Prielipp Rd. to the south. The street has been widened and completed along the neighborhood frontage with curb, gutter, sidewalk and landscaped parkway, but still needs to be widening and completed along the east side.

Secondary access to the neighborhood is from Bunny Trail at D St. which extends into the neighborhood. Bunny Trail will be a two-lane collector road between Elizabeth Ln. and Inland Valley Dr. to the west, but is currently only completed along the north side of the subject neighborhood and terminates at the west end. It has curb, gutter and sidewalk along the subject neighborhood, but has not been widened or completed along the north side.

The in-tract streets on which the subject lots front or have vehicular access at the rear are signed as A St., B St., C St., D St., F St., H St., I St., J St., L St., M St., O St., P St. and Q St. These are narrow two-lane streets and driveways, not including several other driveways without lettered designations. (Note: All of the homes have addresses of 36351 Elizabeth Ln. with a numbered designation.)

UTILITIES

All utilities are available to the subject neighborhood, and have been installed in the in-tract streets as part of the land development that was completed. The utilities are provided as follows:

- Water & Sewer: Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District
- Electric: Southern California Edison Company
- Gas: Southern California Gas Company

ZONING/GENERAL PLAN/APPROVALS

The zoning designation for the subject neighborhood is R-3 (General Residential) which permits multi-family residential development in conjunction with an approved plot plan. The General Plan designation is High Density Residential (HDR) which permits single family attached townhouse/condominium residential development within a range of 8 – 14 units/acre. These designations permit the residential development that is completed and ongoing on the subject lots.

Tract Map No. 36672 was recorded on May 27, 2021 in Book 478 of Maps, Pages 31 to 34. Thereafter, the various Condominium Plans for the subject lots recorded from March through September 2023.

SCHOOL DISTRICT/SCHOOLS

The subject neighborhood is located within the boundaries of the Lake Elsinore Unified School District. It is served by Donald Graham Elementary School (less than 2 miles to the northwest in Wildomar); David A. Brown Middle School (just over 2.5 miles to the west in Wildomar); and Elsinore High School (just over 3.5 miles to the northwest in Wildomar).

TOPOGRAPHY/VIEWS

The overall subject neighborhood has a gradual slope and terracing down to the south and west. However, the land adjacent to the south and nearer to Elizabeth Ln. is terraced up above grade of the subject neighborhood, and then the land to the southwest slopes down into a lower drainage area. There are no resulting atypical views from any of the subject homes.

DRAINAGE/FLOOD HAZARD

Drainage is to the streets and in curbs within the neighborhood, with drainage flows directed southwesterly to the adjacent water quality detention basin. Per FEMA Flood Zone Panel No. 060221-2705G dated August 28, 2008, the subject neighborhood is located in Zone X which indicates areas that are determined to be outside of the 100- and 500-year floodplain and out of the Special Flood Hazard Area.

FIRE HAZARD ZONE

Per the County of Riverside, the subject neighborhood is located in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity zone within a Local Responsibility Area. This is consistent with the CalFire Fire Hazard Severity Zone map. The builder indicates that there has been compliance with the California Wildland Urban Interface Codes of the California Building Code, Chapter 7A – Materials and Construction Methods for Exterior Wildfire Exposure, and the homes are being constructed to these standards.

SOIL/GEOLOGIC/SEISMIC CONDITIONS

It is noted that the subject properties are not located in a State of California Earthquake Fault Hazard Zone, with the nearest active fault being the Elsinore/Temecula fault approximately 2 miles to the west. In addition, the land comprising the subject neighborhood is not subject to liquefaction. The builder indicated that no mitigation measures were required for soil or geologic conditions.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The builder indicated that no mitigation measures were required for environmental conditions.

TITLE REPORT

A Preliminary Report by Lennar Title and Doma Title Insurance, Inc. dated October 22, 2024, and covering the parcels owned by Cal Hearthstone Lot Option Pool 01, L.P. and Lennar Homes of California, LLC at that time, has been reviewed. (Note: All lots have subsequently been transferred to Lennar Homes of California, LLC and no longer owned by Cal Hearthstone Lot Option Pool 01, L.P.) Pertinent exceptions to title include the following:

- The lien of special tax for Community Facilities District 2021-1 (Strata Horizons) as recorded March 2, 2021.
- The lien of special tax for Community Facilities District No. 2022-1 (Services) as recorded June 20, 2022.
- The lien of special tax for Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) as recorded June 20, 2022.
- Various easements for public road/utilities/services, drainage/flowage/flood control, slopes, solar energy equipment, and incidental purposes.
- Various agreements for road maintenance, subdivision improvement, development, onsite public improvement, and stormwater management.

It is noted that the first exception, CFD 2021-1 (Strata Horizons), has been dissolved. The other exceptions to title for the Community Facilities Districts and the various easements and agreements are fairly typical for a residential subdivision such as the subject. These items have been incorporated into the approvals, the Tract Map and the Condominium Plans for the neighborhood so as to provide for the lots to be developable with homes that have been completed and with construction currently ongoing.

RESIDENTIAL MARKET OVERVIEW

The southern California housing market is poised and waiting to see what 2025 has in store. Analysts forecast slow but positive price growth in the market, supported by strong buyer demand and growing inventory levels, but interest rates and affordability remain sizable obstacles for many buyers to overcome. And while more homeowners are choosing to sell their homes, many borrowers are still

RESIDENTIAL MARKET OVERVIEW, Continuing

reluctant to give up pandemic-era mortgage loans with interest rates below four percent.

According to data provided by Freddie Mac, the average rate on a 30-year fixed loan was 6.62% in January 2024, peaked at 7.22% in May and reached a low of 6.08% at the end of September. At that point many market participants were optimistic that rates would continue a downward trajectory through the end of the year in line with anticipated cuts to the Federal Reserve rate. However, rates ticked up through the fall and have remained elevated into the new year, with the current 30-year fixed loan average rate at 6.93% for week ending January 9, 2025.

On September 18, 2024 the Federal Reserve cut its benchmark interest rate by 0.5%, the first such cut in over four years. An additional reduction of 0.25% was made in November, and a third and final cut of a quarter percent was made in December, with the suggestion that the timing and extent of cuts in 2025 may be at a slower pace than previously anticipated. While mortgage rates do not directly follow the rate set by the Federal Reserve, as seen by the rising interest rates this past fall, many had hoped that mortgage rates would follow the downward trajectory of the federal funds rate. However, unexpectedly strong economic growth and uncertainty about the new administration's economic policies have combined to keep mortgage rates elevated.

While higher interest rates have resulted in subdued market activity in the Fall months, a slow but increasing amount of housing supply has provided a glimmer of hope for buyers. Data provider Redfin reports that in November across California there were 90,665 homes for sale, up 18.8% year over year and including 20,555 newly listed homes. The median sale price of \$827,100 was up 4.2% year over year with the number of homes sold up 12% at 21,078.

In Riverside County, Redfin reports a total of 1,809 homes sold in November 2024, up 7.7% from November 2023. Listings were on market for a median of 48 days, up nine days year over year and the median price of \$605,000 reflected a 2.7% annual increase. Data assembled from various MLS databases by brokerage firm FirstTeam reports a total of 1,608 homes sold in Riverside County in December 2024 with a median sale price of \$619,000 and an average of 50 days on market.

In the subject location of City of Wildomar, Redfin reports the median sale price was up 8.2% year over year for a median price of \$677,000 in November 2024. A total of 14 homes were sold, down 39.1% year over year, and the median days on market was 53, up 26 days from November 2023.

More specific to the subject Horizon Place neighborhood, sales rates have been strong with 110 builder closed sales from August 2023 through early December 2024

RESIDENTIAL MARKET OVERVIEW, Continuing

or just under 7 closed sales per month over that time period. In addition, there were 7 pending builder sales that were scheduled to close in February 2025.

Input obtained from various brokers noted a slowdown in home sales activity over the last couple of months with many attributing it to seasonality and the as yet unknown impacts of a new governmental administration. The upward trend in mortgage interest rates has once again had a negative impact on affordability but the number of for-sale listings has been increasing, expanding inventory and holding home prices steady. As 2025 begins, analysts will be keeping a close eye on changes to economic policy by a new administration, as well as ongoing issues of interest rates, inventory, affordability and geopolitical uncertainties.












LENNAR

Tract 36672 Horizons

WORK ORDER LEGEND

-  STREET LIGHT ONLY / POLE RELOCATION PRELIPP ROAD
-  BACKBONE BUNNY TRAIL / ELIZABETH LANE
-  WORK ORDER 1 BLDG 15-18, 23-25, 29 30-33, 37-41, Rec Center (16 BLDGS)
-  WORK ORDER 2 BLDG 1-11 (11 BLDGS)
-  WORK ORDER 3 BLDG 12-15, 19-22, 26-28, 34-36 (14 BLDGS)

PHASING LEGEND

- | | |
|--|---|
|  MODELS (3 UNITS) BLDG 132-134 |  PHASE 8 (12 UNITS) BLDG 84-95 |
|  PHASE 1 (12 UNITS) BLDG 6-11, 19-24 |  PHASE 9 (14 UNITS) BLDG 95-109 |
|  PHASE 2 (15 UNITS) BLDG 12-18, 25-32 |  PHASE 10 (6 UNITS) BLDG 110-115 |
|  PHASE 3 (12 UNITS) BLDG 33-44 |  PHASE 11 (16 UNITS) BLDG 116-131 |
|  PHASE 4 (11 UNITS) BLDG 45-56 |  BUILD OUT (7 UNITS) BLDG 1-5, 135-136 |
|  PHASE 5 (8 UNITS) BLDG 56-63 | Total Homesites 136 |
|  PHASE 6 (9 UNITS) BLDG 75-83 | |
|  PHASE 7 (11 UNITS) BLDG 64-74 | |

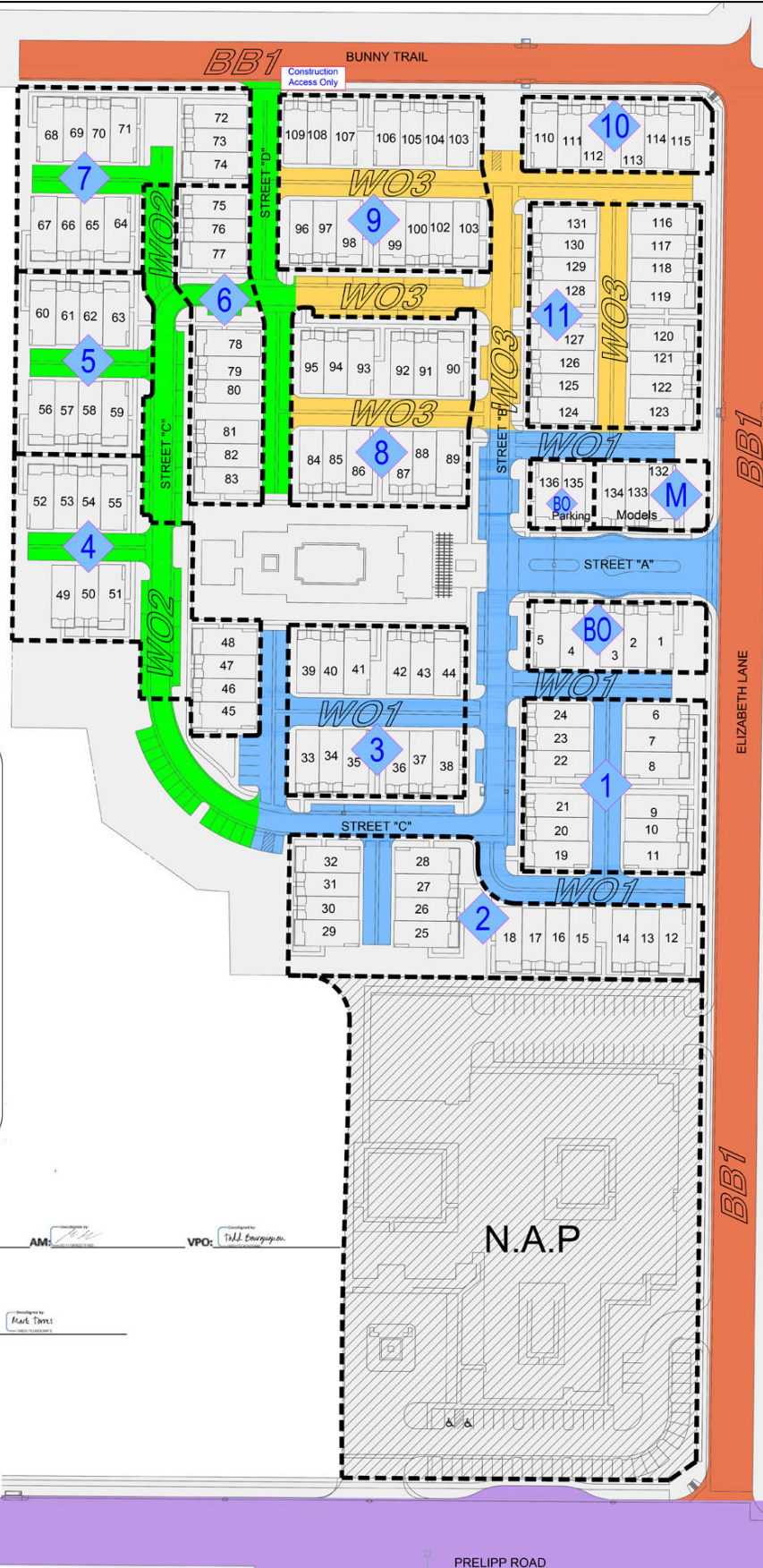
APPROVALS:

PM:  DFP:  BRE:  AM:  VPO: 

VPW:  DC:  DP: 



0 20 40 80 120



DESCRIPTION OF HOMES/STATUS OF CONSTRUCTION

These 136 lots are being developed by Lennar Homes with the neighborhood of attached homes called Horizon Place. As of the January 6, 2025 date of value, there were 110 completed-closed homes (closed builder sales); 3 completed-unclosed homes (the models); 16 homes under construction that were considered to be an average of $\pm 75\%$ completed; and 7 vacant lots in near-finished condition, including the 2 lots formerly used for the model parking lot.

(Note: The 110 completed-closed homes are Lots 6 to 115; the 3 completed-unclosed homes are Lots 132 to 134; the 16 homes under construction are Lots 116 to 131; and the 7 vacant lots are Lots 1 to 5, 135 & 136).

There are three floor plans, and per marketing information are described as follows:

Residence 1: 1,378 s.f., two-story, with 3 bedrooms, 2.5 baths; first floor has great room-dining area-kitchen, half bath and front entry; second floor has 3 bedrooms, 2 baths (including owner's suite) and laundry; plus 2-bay garage and small covered entry.

Residence 2: 1,418 s.f., two-story, with 3 bedrooms, 2.5 baths; first floor has great room-dining area-kitchen, half bath and front entry; second floor has 3 bedrooms, 2 baths (including owner's suite) and laundry; plus 2-bay garage and small covered entry.

Residence 3: 1,692 s.f., two-story, with 3 bedrooms, 2.5 baths; first floor has great room-dining area-kitchen, half bath and side entry; second floor has 3 bedrooms, 2 baths (including two owner's suites), loft and laundry; plus 2-bay garage and small covered entry.

It is noted that the 136 homes are comprised in 2 two-unit buildings, 24 three-unit buildings and 15 four-unit buildings. The Residence 1 and 2 floor plans are interior units in the three and four-unit buildings; the Residence 2 floor plans are end units in the two-unit buildings; and the Residence 3 floor plans are end units in all buildings.

Per building permit data, the 112 completed homes have sizes of 1,378 s.f. for Residence 1, 1,418 s.f. for Residence 2, and 1,692 s.f. for Residence 3; with average sizes of 1,516 s.f. for the 110 completed-closed homes and 1,496 s.f. for the 3 completed-unclosed homes.

HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION

The Horizon Place neighborhood has a Homeowners Association (HOA) with neighborhood amenities that include a recreation center with clubhouse, resort style pool, spa, and barbecue area, and tot lot. The monthly HOA dues are \$282, which covers maintenance of the amenities and common areas.

HIGHEST AND BEST USE

The term highest and best use is defined as the reasonably probable and legal use of vacant land or an improved property, which is physically possible, appropriately supported, financially feasible, and that results in the highest value. The four criteria the highest and best use must meet are legal permissibility, physical possibility, financial feasibility, and maximum productivity. Furthermore, the highest and best use of land or a site as though vacant is defined as among all reasonable, alternative uses, the use that yields the highest present land value, after payments are made for labor, capital, and coordination.

In terms of legal permissibility, single-family residential development is permitted by the zoning/General Plan designations, and by the recorded final Tract and Condominium Maps for the subject neighborhood. In terms of physical possibility, the lots within the subject neighborhood have been graded to fairly flat buildable pads, and with all needed infrastructure of streets, utilities and drainage completed for the home construction.

In terms of the financial feasibility, as previously discussed in the Residential Market Overview, the current residential market conditions still evidence good demand for new and resale homes in this general area, with indications of prices being stable or slightly increasing. The demand and pricing factors are also evident by the good home sales activity in the subject neighborhood, including the closed and pending builder sales.

In terms of the maximum productivity, this is represented by the homes that have been and are being built on the subject lots, with an appropriate array of home sizes, floor plans and pricing.

In summary, the highest and best use is concluded to be as improved for the completed homes, and as planned for the homes under construction and the remaining vacant lots.

VALUATION

METHOD OF ANALYSIS

The analysis of the completed-closed homes is of the aggregate value on a mass appraisal basis, and by means of the Sales Comparison Approach. Consideration is given to the builder sales of the subject homes; recent sales of other homes in the general area; and new-home pricing from other active projects. For the completed-unclosed homes, the analysis considers a discount due to the bulk ownership by the builder with the discount reflecting holding/sales costs, minor finishing costs and profit in order to sell off the homes.

For the homes under construction, a simplified Cost Approach is used in which the value is based on an estimate of construction costs expended plus the estimated value of the vacant lot. The analysis of the vacant lots as if in finished condition is based on the Sales Comparison Approach, considering recent sales of residential land or bulk lots in the general area, and then a deduction for the remaining land development costs and impact fees to get to finished lot condition, reflecting the value of the as is condition.

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-CLOSED HOMES

Builder Sales of Subject Homes: The builder sales of these 110 completed homes closed from August 31, 2023 through December 4, 2024. The net sale prices that were available for 109 of the homes ranged from \$369,149 to \$511,794, or an average of \$426,399 for the average home size of 1,516 s.f., or \$281.27 per s.f. It is noted that the net sale price includes the base price plus lot premiums and options, less or net of incentives. The lot premiums averaged \$2,083, the options averaged \$2,223 and the incentives averaged \$35,163.

The contract dates when the closed sales were negotiated ranged from February 26, 2023 through November 10, 2024, with the closing dates previously noted from August 2023 through November 2024. Based on the contract dates, the changes in average net pricing, premiums/options and incentives over this period of time are shown in the following table:

<u>No. of Sales</u>	<u>Time Frame (Contract Dates)</u>	<u>Avg. Net Price</u>	<u>Avg Home Size (s.f.)</u>	<u>Price/s.f.</u>	<u>Avg. Opt./Prem.</u>	<u>Avg. Incentives</u>
109	Feb'23-Nov'24	\$426,399	1,516	\$281.27	\$4,306	(\$35,163)
56	Feb-Dec'23	\$407,972	1,508	\$270.54	\$3,310	(\$33,328)
17	Jan-Mar'24	\$432,184	1,487	\$290.64	\$2,353	(\$25,689)
21	Apr-Jun'24	\$442,967	1,520	\$291.43	\$5,211	(\$40,520)
<u>15</u> 109	Jul-Nov'24	\$465,441	1,567	\$297.03	\$8,968	(\$45,250)

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-CLOSED HOMES, Continuing

It is evident that the average net pricing has increased over these periods of time, and also when considering the differentials in average home size. This is particularly evident from the most recently negotiated sales which indicate the higher average net price and for a larger average home size but also reflecting a higher price per s.f. for the larger size. It is noted that the sales negotiated in the last two periods reflect higher average incentives, and this is reflected as a deduction in the net price.

Thus, it is concluded that the indication at \$426,399 from all sales supports a far lower limit indication of average value at current date due to the older contract dates; the indication at \$442,967 supports a closer but still firm lower limit indication of average value for the 110 closed sales due to the older dates of sale and similar average home size; the indication at \$465,441 supports a firm upper limit due to the larger average home size, and conversely due to the larger size a firm lower limit at \$297.03 per s.f., as follows:

$$1,516 \text{ s.f. @ } \$297.03/\text{s.f.} = \$450,297$$

As of January 6, 2025 there were 7 pending builder sales that were scheduled to close from February 5 to 20, 2025. The sale contract dates were from November 3 through December 31, 2024, with average net pricing of \$425,393, and an average home size of 1,434 s.f. These 7 sales are shown in the following table:

<u>No. of Sales</u>	<u>Time Frame (Contract Dates)</u>	<u>Avg. Net Price</u>	<u>Avg Home Size (s.f.)</u>	<u>Price/s.f.</u>	<u>Avg. Opt./Prem.</u>	<u>Avg. Incentives</u>
7	Nov-Dec'24	\$425,393	1,434	\$296.65	\$7,494	(\$66,090)

It is noted that the average net price is much lower than for the most recently negotiated closed sales, though this is due in part to the smaller average home size of 1,434 s.f. However, it is also noted that average amount of incentives is significantly higher than for the most recently negotiated closed sales, which is an additional reason for the lower net pricing on the pending sales. Considering the smaller average home size at 1,434 s.f. than 1,516 s.f. for the 110 completed-close homes, the indication at \$425,393 would support a firm lower limit of average value for the completed-closed homes. Conversely, the indication at \$296.65 per s.f. would support a firm upper limit as follows:

$$1,516 \text{ s.f. @ } \$296.65/\text{s.f.} = \$449,721$$

Resales of Homes from Nearby Neighborhoods: Next, recent resales of attached townhomes from two nearby neighborhoods in Murrieta have been considered. The first neighborhood is Solera by Lennar Homes that is located at the easterly corner of Washington Ave. and Retsina St., nearby to the southeast of Magnolia St., which is just under 2 miles southerly of Horizon Place. These sales are shown in the following table:

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-CLOSED HOMES, Continuing

<u>No.</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>COE Date</u>	<u>Net Price</u>	<u>Home Size</u>	<u>BR/ BA</u>	<u>HOA/ Assmts</u>	<u>Conces- sions</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
1	24139 Dolcetto Ave., #504	8/7/24	\$502,000	1,466	3/2.5	\$260 \$1,949	\$10,040	2020	Good condition; some upgrades; interior unit	
2	41984 Retsina St., #702	8/16/24	\$495,000	1,466	3/2.5	\$260 \$1,949	\$9,900	2022	Good condition; some upgrades; interior unit	
3	24131 Tuscany Ave., #1306	10/11/24	\$510,900*	1,472	3/2.5	\$260 \$1,949	\$23,580	2021	Good condition; some upgrades; end unit	
4	24139 Dolcetto Ave., #502	10/29/24	<u>\$490,000</u>	<u>1,396</u>	3/2.5	\$260 \$1,929	\$0	2020	Good condition; some upgrades; interior unit	
		Avg.	\$499,475	1,450						(\$339.22/s.f.)

*Net of seller concessions

In comparison to the subject homes, the location is superior; the average home size is slightly smaller; the ages of the homes at 3 to 5 years is fairly similar; the recreational amenities are similar; the monthly HOA dues are fairly similar; and the annual special assessments are lower than the subject (range from about \$3,100 to \$3,400), resulting in a lower effective tax rate. It is also noted that the seller concessions on Data No. 3 were \$13,100 for mortgage interest rate buydown. Overall, the superior factors of location and lower effective tax rate are only slightly offset by the smaller average home size, resulting in a far upper limit indication of average value for the subject homes at \$499,475.

The second neighborhood is North Oaks by Western Pacific Housing that is located at the northwest corner of McElwain Rd. and Sierra Ln., nearby to the north of Clinton Keith Rd., which is just under 3 miles easterly of Horizon Place. These sales are shown in the following table:

<u>No.</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>COE Date</u>	<u>Net Price</u>	<u>Home Size</u>	<u>BR/ BA</u>	<u>HOA/ Assmts</u>	<u>Conces- sions</u>	<u>Year Built</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
1	27477 Hazelhurst St., #3	9/23/24	\$520,000	1,761	3/2.5	\$319 \$2,294	\$10,400	2007	Upgraded; large yard	
2	35800 Lajune St., #2	11/7/24	\$484,000*	1,456	3/2.5	\$319 \$2,141	\$10,700	2010	Typical condition; yard area	
3	27544 Papillion St., #3	12/16/24	<u>\$493,975*</u>	<u>1,761</u>	3/2.5	\$319 \$2,294	\$18,525	2007	Typical condition; patio area	
		Avg.	\$499,325	1,659						(\$300.98/s.f.)

*Net of seller concessions

In comparison to the subject homes, the location is superior; the average home size is much larger; the age of the homes at 15 to 18 years is inferior; the recreational amenities are similar; the monthly HOA dues are fairly similar; and the annual

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-CLOSED HOMES, Continuing

special assessments are lower than the subject, resulting in a lower effective tax rate. It is also noted that the seller concessions were \$1,000 on Data No. 1 as a credit and \$6,025 on Data No. 3 for closing costs. Overall, the superior factors of location, larger size and lower effective tax rate are only slightly offset by the inferior age, resulting in a far upper limit indication of average value for the subject homes at \$499,325. Due to the larger size, but partially offset by the other superior factors, the indication at \$300.98 per s.f. supports a close upper limit indication for the subject homes as follows:

$$1,516 \text{ s.f. @ } \$300.98/\text{s.f.} = \$456,286$$

Other New-Home Pricing: Lastly, a survey was made of current pricing in other neighborhoods of new townhomes in the general area, which is shown in the following table along with the base pricing of the subject homes:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Floor Plan (s.f.)</u>	<u>Bed/ Bath</u>	<u>Stories</u>	<u>HOA</u>	<u>CFD</u>	<u>Base Price</u>
Subject Horizon Place	1,378	3/2.5	2	\$282	Yes	\$477,990
	1,418	3/2.5	2			\$486,990
	1,692	3/2.5	2			\$524,990
Sevilla (Lennar Homes) Winchester	1,399	3/2.5	2	\$327	Yes	\$471,990
	1,408	3/2.5	2			\$471,990
	1,599	3/2.5	2			\$527,250
Sultana at Heirloom Farms (Meritage Homes) Temecula	1,387	2/2.5	3	\$280	Yes	\$537,295
	1,698	3/2.5	3			\$580,000
	1,893	4/3.5	3			\$623,000
Discovery at Sommers Bend (Woodside Homes) Temecula	1,340	3/2.5	2	\$330	Yes	\$500,000
	1,502	3/2.5	2			\$512,000
	1,788	4/2.5	2			\$570,000

Initially, it is noted that there is no other new-home competing product in Wildomar. The location of the project in Winchester is considered to be slightly inferior but the locations in Temecula are considered to be superior. These projects are fairly similar to the subject in terms of recreational amenities, HOA dues and effective tax rates. Overall, considering these factors, while the indicated base pricing is fairly supportive of the base pricing for the subject homes, the effect of builder incentives is not reflected as it tends to be confidential and also subject to widely varying negotiations on each project.

Conclusion: In summary, the indications of average value from the closed sales of the subject homes are a far lower limit at \$426,399, firm lower limits at \$442,967 and \$450,297, and a firm upper limit at \$465,441; from the pending builder sales of the subject homes are a firm lower limit at \$425,393 and a firm upper limit at \$449,721; from the resale data a close upper limit at \$456,286 and far upper limits at

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-CLOSED HOMES, Continuing

\$499,325 and \$499,475; and with general support from the other new-home pricing. Greatest weight is given to the builder sales of the subject homes, particularly the most current indications from the pending sales, and the conclusion is an average of \$440,000 for the 110 completed-closed homes.

ANALYSIS OF COMPLETED-UNCLOSED HOMES

These 3 homes consist of the 3 model homes with an average size of 1,496 s.f., which is slightly smaller than the average of 1,516 s.f. for the completed-closed homes. Considering the model upgrades offsetting the smaller average size, the initial conclusion is the same as for the completed-closed homes, or an average of \$440,000. Then, a discount of 20% is made due to being part of the bulk ownership by the builder and reflecting sell-off time, holding/sales costs, minor finishing costs and profit. This results in the discounted average value rounded to \$350,000 for these 3 homes.

ANALYSIS OF HOMES UNDER CONSTRUCTION

For the 16 homes that were estimated to be an average of $\pm 75\%$ completed, I have considered a cost amount of 75% of direct costs indicated to be an average of \$98.67 per s.f., or \$74.00 per s.f. This is applied to the average home size of 1,545 s.f. for these 16 homes, or an amount of \$114,330. This is added to the estimated value of \$141,378 for the vacant lot (as discussed in the following Analysis of Vacant Lots, \$185,000 per finished lot less \$43,622 per lot allocation of remaining costs to get to finished lot condition), resulting in a total of \$255,708, rounded to \$255,000 as an average for these 16 homes.

ANALYSIS OF VACANT LOTS

Finished Lot Value

The pertinent land sales data is shown in the following table, with discussion and analysis of the data thereafter.

ANALYSIS OF VACANT LOTS, Continuing

<u>No.</u>	<u>Location/APN</u>	<u>Rec. Date</u>	<u>No. Lots Type</u>	<u>Price/Lot Price/Fin Lot</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1	NWC Menifee Rd. & Rouse Rd., Menifee 331-250-028,029&030	1/14/25	162 Attached	\$97,531 \$176,000	Vacant, flat unimproved land; entitled for 162 two-story townhomes; homes to range from 918-1,336 s.f.
2	N/S Winchester Hill Dr., west from Leon Rd., Winchester 461-160-052,053	10/18/24	164 Det. Condo	\$97,527 \$184,000	Creekstone project; vacant, flat, unimproved land entitled for 65 detached condos and 99 triplex homes
3	SW side Jackson St., ±800' SE of Indiana Ave., Riverside 233-180-014 to 019	11/29/23	70 Attached	\$83,333 \$200,000	Land in unimproved condition with several old houses and outbuildings; buyer planned townhome project; 1,380 & 1,641 s.f.

Data No. 1 is located at the northwest corner of Menifee Rd. and Rouse Rd., in the northeast part of Menifee. This area includes newer neighborhoods of homes, much vacant land and nearby industrial uses. The property consists of ±7.5 acres of vacant and fairly flat land in unimproved condition, that was entitled for 162 two-story townhomes, with sizes ranging from 918 s.f. to 1,336 s.f. The sale to Lennar Homes closed in January 2025 at an indicated price of \$15,800,000 or \$97,531 per lot for the as is condition, and based on \$176,000 per finished lot. The buyer planned to develop this project to be called Heritage Village.

In comparison to the subject, the date of sale/market conditions is similar; the location is considered to be slightly inferior; the density of the project is closer to 20 units per acre or much higher than the subject, resulting in smaller home sizes; and the unimproved physical condition at time of sale is inferior to the subject near-finished lot condition, resulting in greater time and risk to get to buildable condition. Overall, upward adjustments for the inferior location, size of homes and physical condition result in a firm lower limit indication of value for the subject lots at \$176,000 per finished lot.

Data No. 2 is located on the north side of Winchester Hill Dr., west from Leon Rd., in the northerly part of unincorporated Winchester area and nearby to the north of Domenigoni Pkwy. This semi-rural area includes many new neighborhoods of homes and much remaining vacant land. The property consists of 14.9 acres of vacant, fairly flat and unimproved land that was entitled for 164 residential units comprised of 65 six-pack cluster detached homes and 99 bungalow-style detached tri-plex homes (including detached garages and one unit above the garages). The sale to KB Home closed in October 2024 at the price of \$15,994,500 or \$97,527 per lot in unimproved condition, with finished lots estimated at \$184,000 per lot.

In comparison to the subject, the date of sale/market conditions is similar; the location is considered to be inferior; the product type is superior as detached homes, though a somewhat less desirable tri-plex type of home comprising a majority of the units; and the unimproved condition of the land was inferior. Overall, upward

ANALYSIS OF VACANT LOTS, Continuing

adjustments for the inferior location and condition of the land are mostly offset by a downward adjustment for the superior product type of homes, resulting in a close indication for the subject at \$184,000 per finished lot.

Data No. 3 is located on the westerly side of Jackson St., ±800' southerly of Indiana Ave., in the southwest part of Riverside. This location is in an average residential area, across Jackson St. from Arlington High School and along the southerly side of the main railroad tracks through this area. The property consists of a 4.55-acre site comprising six Assessor parcels that was mostly land in unimproved condition, but including several old houses and outbuildings. The sale from two separate parties to Century Communities of California, LLC was negotiated in 2021 and closed concurrently in November 2023 at the total price of \$6,000,000 or \$83,333 per lot for a planned 70-unit townhome project, with finished lots estimated at \$200,000 per lot. The buyer processed the entitlements for the project, with the townhomes to be 1,380 s.f. and 1,641 s.f. in size, and current indicated pricing from the \$500,000's.

In comparison to the subject, the date of sale/market conditions is inferior; the location is considered to be superior; the density of 15.4 units per acre is slightly higher than the subject, with the planned homes being fairly similar in size but at a likely much higher price point; and the unimproved physical condition is inferior. Overall, a downward adjustment for the superior location is partially offset by upward adjustments for the various inferior factors, resulting in a firm upper limit indication of value for the subject lots at \$200,000 per finished lot.

In summary, on a finished lot basis the analysis of the data supports a firm lower limit indication of value at \$176,000; a fairly close indication at \$184,000; and a firm upper limit at \$200,000.

An alternative analysis is by the finished lot ratio, which is calculated by the finished lot price divided by the projected or proforma average home price. A typical finished lot ratio for a lower-priced product type such as the subject is in the range of 40-45%. Applying this range to an average home price of \$440,000 (average value previously concluded for the completed-closed homes), the resulting indication is as follows:

$$\$440,000 \times .40-.45 = \$176,000 \text{ to } \$198,000/\text{finished lot}$$

The conclusion for the subject lots is \$185,000 per lot if in finished condition.

Deduction of Costs to Complete

Then, a deduction is made for the remaining land development costs plus development impact fees to get all lots to a fully finished condition. Per information provided by the builder, the remaining cost amount is a total of \$1,003,304. This amount includes items of Grading; Consultants (design, planning, engineering);

ANALYSIS OF VACANT LOTS, Continuing

Streets; Sewer, Water & Storm Drain; Parks, Landscaping & Common Area; Walls; Dry Utilities; and Impact Fees. It is noted that none of these costs or fees are to be funded or reimbursed by the CFD bond proceeds.

This cost amount of \$1,003,304 is allocated over the total of 23 lots that are either vacant lots or have homes under construction. This results in an allocation of \$43,622 per lot to these 23 lots.

Conclusion for Vacant Lots – As Is Condition

Thus, relative to the 7 vacant lots, the following indication results:

7 vacant lots, if in finished condition @ \$185,000/lot =	\$1,295,000
Less alloc. of remaining costs: 7 lots @ \$43,622/lot =	<u>- 305,354</u>
Value, As Is Condition:	\$ 989,646
Rd.	\$ 990,000

CONCLUSION OF VALUE

Based on the foregoing, the total value indication for the subject Horizon Place neighborhood in its as is condition, is calculated as follows:

110 completed-closed homes @ \$440,000 =	\$48,400,000
3 completed-unclosed homes @ \$350,000 =	\$ 1,050,000
16 homes under construction @ \$255,000 =	\$ 4,080,000
7 vacant lots =	<u>\$ 990,000</u>
Value Indication, As Is Condition:	\$54,520,000

Thus, as the result of this analysis, I have arrived at the following overall conclusion of market value for the as is condition of the subject Horizon Place neighborhood, subject to the Assumptions and Limiting Conditions, and as of January 6, 2025:

\$54,520,000

(FIFTY-FOUR MILLION FIVE HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS)

ADDENDA

**QUALIFICATIONS
OF
STEPHEN G. WHITE, MAI**

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Real Estate Appraiser since 1976.

1983 through current date: Self-employed; office located at 1801 Lexington Dr., Fullerton, CA 92835 (Phone: 714-738-1595)

1976-1982: Employed by Cedric A. White, Jr., MAI, independent appraiser located in Anaheim.

Real estate appraisals have been completed on most types of properties for purposes of fair market value, leased fee value, leasehold value, easement value, partial acquisitions and severance damages.

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Designated Member, Appraisal Institute; MAI designation obtained 1985

Affiliate Member, Pacific West Association of Realtors

LICENSES

Licensed by the State of California as a Certified General Real Estate Appraiser; BRE ID No. AG013311; valid through September 22, 2026.

EDUCATION

B.A. Economics & Business, Westmont College, Santa Barbara (1976)

Appraisal Institute Courses:

Basic Appraisal Principles, Methods and Techniques

Capitalization Theory and Techniques

Urban Properties

Litigation Valuation

Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

Numerous seminars and continuing education on various appraisal subjects, including valuation of easements and leased fee interests, litigation, the money market and its impact on real estate, and standards of professional appraisal practice.

COURT/TESTIMONY EXPERIENCE

Qualified as an expert witness in the Superior Courts of Orange, Los Angeles, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties; also for the Assessment Appeals Board of Orange and Los Angeles Counties.

TYPES OF PROPERTY APPRAISED

Residential: vacant lots, acreage and subdivisions; single family residences, condominiums, townhomes and apartment complexes.

Commercial: vacant lots/acreage; office buildings, retail/shopping centers, restaurants, hotels/motels.

Industrial: vacant lots and acreage; warehouses, manufacturing buildings, R&D buildings, industrial parks, mini-warehouses.

Special Purpose: mobilehome parks, churches, automobile agencies, medical buildings, convalescent hospitals, easements, leased fee and leasehold interests.

QUALIFICATIONS, Page 2

CLIENT LIST

Corporations:

Aera Energy
British Pacific Properties
BSI Consultants
Crown Central Petroleum
Firestone Building Materials
Foodmaker Realty Corp.
Greyhound Lines
Holiday Rambler Corp.
International Baking Co.
Johnson Controls
Kampgrounds of America
Knowlwood Restaurants
Kroger Company

La Habra Products, Inc.
MCP Foods
Orangeland RV Park
Pacific Scientific
Penhall International
Pic 'N Save Stores
Sargent-Fletcher Co.
Shell-Western E&P
Southern Distributors Corp.
Southern California Edison
The Home Depot
Tooley and Company
Wastewater Disposal Co.

Developers:

Brighton Homes
BRIDGE Housing
Brookfield
Citation Builders
Davison-Ferguson Investment Devel.
D.T. Smith Homes
Irvine Company

Kathryn Thompson Developers
Mission Viejo Co.
Premier Homes
Presley Homes
Rockefeller & Associates
Taylor Woodrow Homes
Unocal Land & Development

Law Firms:

Atkinson, Andelson, Loya, Ruud & Romo
Baldikoski, Klotz & Dragonette
Best, Best & Krieger LLP
Bowie, Arneson, Wiles & Giannone
Bye, Hatcher & Piggott
Callahan, McCune & Willis
Cooksey, Coleman & Howard
Dawson & Dawson
Hamilton & Samuels
Horgan, Rosen, Beckham & Coren
Kirkland & Ellis
Latham & Watkins LLP
McKee, Charles C.
Mosich, Nicholas J.
Long, David M.
Nossaman, Guthner, Knox & Elliott, LLP

Oliver, Barr & Vose
Ollestad, Freedman & Taylor
Palmieri, Tyler, Wiener, Wilhelm &
Waldron LLP
Paul, Hastings, Jonofsky &
Walker LLP
Piggott, George B.
Pothier, Rose
Rosenthal & Zimmerman
Ross Wersching & Wolcott LLP
Rutan & Tucker, LLP
Sikora & Price, Inc.
Smith & Politiski
Williams, Gerold G.
Woodruff, Spradlin & Smart, P.C.
Yates, Sealy M.

Financial Institutions:

Ahmanson Trust Company
Barclays Bank
Chino Valley Bank
Continental Bank
First Interstate Mortgage
First Niagara Bank
First Wisconsin Bank

NorthMarq
Pacific Western Bank
San Clemente Savings & Loan
Security Pacific Bank
Sunwest Bank
United Calif. Savings Bank
Washington Square Capital

QUALIFICATIONS, Page 3

Cities:

Anaheim	Laguna Beach	San Diego
Baldwin Park	Lake Elsinore	San Marino
Buena Park	Long Beach	Santa Ana
City of Industry	Mission Viejo	Santee
Cypress	Orange	Seal Beach
Dana Point	Palm Desert	Stanton
Duarte	Placentia	Temecula
Fontana	Rialto	Tustin
Fullerton	Riverside	Wildomar
La Habra	San Clemente	Yorba Linda

Counties:

County of Orange

County of Riverside

Other Governmental:

Agua Mansa Industrial Growth Association	Lee Lake Water District
Eastern Municipal Water District	Metropolitan Water District
El Toro Water District	Orange County Water District
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)	Trabuco Canyon Water District
Kern County Employees Retirement Association	U.S. Postal Service

School Districts:

Alvord Unified	Irvine Unified	Riverside Unified
Anaheim Union High	Jurupa Unified	Romoland
Anaheim Elementary	Lake Elsinore Unified	Saddleback Valley Unified
Banning Unified	Menifee Union	San Jacinto Unified
Beaumont Unified	Moreno Valley Unified	San Marcos Unified
Capistrano Unified	Murrieta Valley Unified	Santa Ana Unified
Castaic Union	Newhall	Saugus Union
Cypress	Newport-Mesa Unified	Sulphur Springs Union
Etiwanda	Orange Unified	Westside Union
Fullerton	Palm Springs Unified	William S. Hart Union High
Fullerton Jt. Union High	Placentia-Yorba Linda Unif.	Victor Elementary
Garden Grove Unified	Poway Unified	
Hemet Unified	Rialto Unified	

Churches/Church Organizations:

Calvary Church, Santa Ana	Lutheran Church, Missouri Synod
Central Baptist Church, Pomona	Presbytery of Los Rancho
Christian & Missionary Alliance Church, Santa Ana	St. Mark's Lutheran Church, Hac. Hts.
Christian Church Foundation	United Methodist Church
Congregational Church, Fullerton	Vineyard Christian Fellowship
First Church of the Nazarene	Yorba Linda United Methodist Church

Other:

Beverly Hospital
The Claremont College Services
GOALS (nonprofit org.)

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX E

SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Indenture which are not described elsewhere. This summary does not purport to be comprehensive and reference should be made to the Indenture for a full and complete statement of the provisions thereof.

DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the following meanings:

Account. The term “Account” means any account created pursuant to the Indenture.

Act. The term “Act” means the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, being Section 53311 *et seq.* of the California Government Code.

Acquisition and Construction Fund. The term “Acquisition and Construction Fund” means the fund by that name established pursuant to the Indenture.

Administrative Expense Fund. The term “Administrative Expense Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Indenture.

Administrative Expenses. The term “Administrative Expenses” means the administrative costs with respect to the calculation and collection of the Special Taxes, including all attorneys’ fees and other costs related thereto, the fees and expenses of the Trustee, any fees and related costs for credit enhancement for the Bonds or any Parity Bonds which are not otherwise paid as Costs of Issuance, any costs related to the District’s compliance with state and federal laws requiring continuing disclosure of information concerning the Bonds and the District, and any other costs otherwise incurred by City staff on behalf of the District in order to carry out the purposes of the District as set forth in the Resolution of Formation and any obligation of the District under the Indenture.

Administrative Expenses Cap. The term “Administrative Expenses Cap” means \$30,212, which amount will escalate at 2.00% per Fiscal Year (as calculated by the District), commencing July 1, 2026.

Alternate Penalty Account. The term “Alternate Penalty Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Annual Debt Service. The term “Annual Debt Service” means the principal amount of any Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds payable in a Bond Year either at maturity or pursuant to a Sinking Fund Payment and any interest payable on any Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds in such Bond Year, if the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are retired as scheduled.

Authorized Investments. The term “Authorized Investments” means any of the following which at the time of investment are legal investments under the laws of the State for the moneys proposed to be invested therein:

(1) For all purposes, including defeasance investments in refunding escrow accounts: (a) cash; or (b) obligations of, or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the U.S. or any agency or instrumentality thereof, when such obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S., including U.S. treasury obligations, all direct or fully guaranteed obligations, Farmers Home Administration, General Services Administration, guaranteed Title XI financing, Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and State and Local Government Series; or (c) obligations of government-sponsored agencies that are not backed

by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) debt obligations, Farm Credit System (formerly: Federal Land Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks and Banks for Cooperatives), Federal Home Loan Banks (FHL Banks), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) debt obligations, Financing Corp. (FICO) debt obligations, Resolution Funding Corp. (REFCORP) debt obligations and U.S. Agency for International Development (U.S.A.I.D.) guaranteed notes.

(2) For all purposes other than defeasance investments in refunding escrow accounts: (a) obligations of any of the following federal agencies, which obligations represent the full faith and credit of the United States of America: Export-Import Bank, Rural Economic Community Development Administration, U.S. Maritime Administration, Small Business Administration, U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development (PHAs), Federal Housing Administration and Federal Financing Bank; (b) direct obligations of any of the following federal agencies, which obligations are not fully guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America: senior debt obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation (REFCORP) and senior debt obligations of the Federal Home Loan Bank System; (c) U.S. dollar denominated deposit accounts, federal funds and bankers' acceptances with domestic commercial banks (including those of the Trustee and its affiliates) which have a rating on their short term certificates of deposit on the date of purchase of "A-1" or "A-1+" by S&P and "P-1" by Moody's and maturing no more than 360 days after the date of purchase (ratings on holding companies are not considered as the rating of the bank); (d) commercial paper which is rated at the time of purchase in the single highest classification "A-1+" by S&P and "P-1" by Moody's and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; (e) investments in a money market fund rated "AAm," "AAM G" or better by S&P, including funds for which the Trustee or its affiliates provide investment advisory or other management services; (f) pre-refunded municipal obligations defined as follows: any bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America, or any agency, instrumentality or local governmental unit of any such state, which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity or as to which irrevocable instructions have been given by the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice, and: (i) which are rated, based on irrevocable escrow account or fund (the "escrow"), in the highest rating category of S&P and Moody's or any successors thereto; or (ii) (1) which are fully secured as to principal and interest and redemption premium, if any, by an escrow consisting only of cash or obligations described in clause (1)(b) above, which escrow may be applied only to the payment of such principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on such bonds or other obligations on the maturity date or dates thereof or the specified redemption date or dates pursuant to such irrevocable instructions, as appropriate; and (2) which escrow is sufficient, as verified by a nationally recognized independent certified public accountant, to pay principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on the bonds or other obligations described in the Indenture on the maturity date or dates specified in the irrevocable instructions referred to above, as appropriate; (g) municipal obligations rated "Aaa/AAA" or general obligations of states with a rating of at least "Aa2/AA" or higher by both Moody's and S&P; (h) Investment Agreements (supported by appropriate opinions of counsel); and (i) the Local Agency Investment Fund of the State, created pursuant to Section 16429.1 of the California Government Code, to the extent that the Trustee is authorized to register such investment in its name.

The value of the above investments will be determined as follows: (a) for the purpose of determining the amount in any fund, all Authorized Investments credited to such fund will be valued at market value. The Trustee will determine the market value based on accepted industry standards, including the Trustee's internal systems, and from accepted industry providers. Accepted industry providers include, but are not limited to, pricing services provided by Financial Times Interactive Data Corporation, Bank of America Merrill Lynch or Salomon Smith Barney. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indenture, in making any valuation of investments thereunder, the Trustee may utilize computerized securities pricing services that may be available to it, including those available through its regular accounting system, and rely thereon; (b) as to certificates of deposit and bankers acceptances: the face amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon; and (c) as to any investment not specified above: the value thereof established by prior agreement between the City and the Trustee.

Authorized Representative of the District. The term “Authorized Representative of the District” means the Mayor, City Manager, Administrative Services Director, or City Clerk of the City, or any other officer or employee authorized by the City Council of the City or by an Authorized Representative of the District to undertake the action referenced in the Indenture as required to be undertaken by an Authorized Representative of the District.

Bond Counsel. The term “Bond Counsel” means Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, or another attorney at law or a firm of attorneys selected by the District of nationally recognized standing in matters pertaining to the tax-exempt nature of interest on bonds issued by states and their political subdivisions duly admitted to the practice of law before the highest court of any state of the United States of America or the District of Columbia.

Bond Register. The term “Bond Register” means the books which the Trustee will keep or cause to be kept on which the registration and transfer of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are recorded.

Bond Year. The term “Bond Year” means the twelve month period commencing on September 2 of each year and ending on September 1 of the following year, except that the first Bond Year for the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds will begin on the Delivery Date and end on the first September 1 which is not more than 12 months after the Delivery Date.

Bonds. The term “Bonds” means the District’s Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025 issued on _____, 2025 in the aggregate principal amount of \$ _____.

Business Day. The term “Business Day” means a day which is not a Saturday or Sunday or a day of the year on which banks or trust companies in New York, New York, Los Angeles, California, or the city where the corporate trust office of the Trustee is located, are not required or authorized by law, regulation or executive order, to close or to remain closed.

Certificate of an Authorized Representative. The term “Certificate of an Authorized Representative” means a written certificate or warrant request executed by an Authorized Representative of the District.

City. The term “City” means the City of Wildomar, County of Riverside, State of California.

City Council. The term “City Council” means the City Council of the City.

City Facilities Account. The term “City Facilities Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Acquisition and Construction Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Code. The term “Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any Regulations, rulings, judicial decisions, and notices, announcements, and other releases of the United States Treasury Department or Internal Revenue Service interpreting and construing it.

Continuing Disclosure Certificate. The term “Continuing Disclosure Certificate” means that certain Continuing Disclosure Certificate dated as of April 1, 2025, as originally executed by the District and as it may be from time to time amended or supplemented in accordance with its terms.

Costs of Issuance. The term “Costs of Issuance” means the costs and expenses incurred in connection with the formation of the District and the issuance and sale of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, including the acceptance and initial annual fees and expenses of the Trustee and its counsel, legal fees and expenses, costs of printing the Bonds and Parity Bonds and the preliminary and final official statements for the Bonds and Parity Bonds, fees of financial consultants, costs of the appraisal and all other related fees and expenses, including reimbursement to property owners within the District for design, engineering and legal costs, as set forth in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative of the District.

Costs of Issuance Account. The term “Costs of Issuance Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Acquisition and Construction Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Delivery Date. The term “Delivery Date” means, with respect to the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds, the date on which the bonds of such issue were issued and delivered to the initial purchasers thereof.

Depository. The term “Depository” means The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, and its successors and assigns as securities depository for the Bonds, or any other securities depository acting as Depository under the Indenture.

District. The term “District” means Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar established pursuant to the Act and the Resolution of Formation.

Event of Default. The term “Event of Default” means an event described in the Indenture.

Fiscal Year. The term “Fiscal Year” means the period beginning on July 1 of each year and ending on the next following June 30.

Gross Taxes. The term “Gross Taxes” means the amount of all Special Taxes received by the District, together with the proceeds collected from the sale of property pursuant to foreclosure for the delinquency of such Special Taxes remaining after the payment of all costs related to such foreclosure actions.

Indenture. The term “Indenture” means the Bond Indenture, dated as of April 1, 2025, by and between the District and the Trustee, together with any Supplemental Indenture approved pursuant thereto.

Independent Financial Consultant. The term “Independent Financial Consultant” means a financial consultant or firm of such consultants generally recognized to be well qualified in the financial consulting field, appointed and paid by the District, who, or each of whom: (1) is in fact independent and not under the domination of the District or the City; (2) does not have any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in the District or the City; and (3) is not connected with the District or the City as a member, officer or employee of the District or the City, but who may be regularly retained to make annual or other reports to the District or the City.

Interest Account. The term “Interest Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Interest Payment Date. The term “Interest Payment Date” means September 1, 2025 and each March 1 and September 1 thereafter; provided, however, that, if any such day is not a Business Day, interest up to the Interest Payment Date will be paid on the Business Day next succeeding such date.

Investment Agreement. The term “Investment Agreement” means one or more agreements for the investment of funds of the District complying with the criteria therefor as set forth in subsection (2)(h) of the definition of Authorized Investments in the Indenture.

Maximum Annual Debt Service. The term “Maximum Annual Debt Service” means the maximum sum obtained for any Bond Year prior to the final maturity of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds by adding the following for each Bond Year: (1) the principal amount of all Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds payable in such Bond Year either at maturity or pursuant to a Sinking Fund Payment; and (2) the interest payable on the aggregate principal amount of all Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding in such Bond Year if the Bonds and Parity Bonds are retired as scheduled.

Moody’s. The term “Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., its successors and assigns.

Net Taxes. The term “Net Taxes” means Gross Taxes minus amounts set aside to pay Administrative Expenses.

Nominee. The term “Nominee” means the nominee of the Depository, which may be the Depository, as determined from time to time pursuant to the Indenture.

Ordinance. The term “Ordinance” means Ordinance No. 221 adopted by the City Council on July 13, 2022, providing for the levying of the Special Tax.

Outstanding. The terms “Outstanding” or “Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds” means all Bonds and Parity Bonds theretofore issued by the District, except: (i) Bonds and Parity Bonds theretofore cancelled or surrendered for cancellation in accordance with the Indenture; (ii) Bonds and Parity Bonds for payment or redemption of which monies have been theretofore deposited in trust (whether upon or prior to the maturity or the redemption date of such Bonds or Parity Bonds), provided that, if such Bonds or Parity Bonds are to be redeemed prior to the maturity thereof, notice of such redemption has been given as provided in the Indenture or any applicable Supplemental Indenture for Parity Bonds; and (iii) Bonds and Parity Bonds which have been surrendered to the Trustee for transfer or exchange pursuant to the Indenture or for which a replacement has been issued pursuant to the Indenture.

Owner. The term “Owner” means the person or persons in whose name or names any Bond or Parity Bond is registered.

Parity Bonds. The term “Parity Bonds” means all bonds, notes or other similar evidences of indebtedness subsequently issued, payable out of the Net Taxes and which, as provided in the Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture, rank on a parity with the Bonds.

Participants. The term “Participants” means those broker-dealers, banks and other financial institutions from time to time for which the Depository holds Bonds or Parity Bonds as securities depository.

Person. The term “Person” means natural persons, firms, corporations, partnerships, associations, trusts, public bodies and other entities.

Prepayments. The term “Prepayments” means any amounts paid by the District to the Trustee and designated by the District as a prepayment of Special Taxes for one or more parcels in the District made in accordance with the RMA.

Principal Account. The term “Principal Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Principal Office of the Trustee. The term “Principal Office of the Trustee” means the office of the Trustee located in Costa Mesa, California, or such other office or offices as the Trustee may designate from time to time, or the office of any successor Trustee where it principally conducts its business of serving as trustee under indentures pursuant to which municipal or governmental obligations are issued.

Project. The term “Project” means those public facilities described in the Resolution of Formation which are to be acquired or constructed within and outside of the District, including all engineering, planning and design services and other incidental expenses related to such facilities and other facilities, if any, authorized by the qualified electors within the District from time to time.

Project Costs. The term “Project Costs” means the amounts necessary to finance the Project, to create and replenish any necessary reserve funds, to pay the initial and annual costs associated with the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, including, but not limited to, remarketing, credit enhancement, Trustee and other fees and expenses

relating to the issuance of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds and the formation of the District, and to pay any other “incidental expenses” of the District, as such term is defined in the Act.

Rating Agency. The term “Rating Agency” means Moody’s or S&P, or both, as the context requires.

Rebate Account. The term “Rebate Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Rebate Fund. The term “Rebate Fund” means the fund by that name established pursuant to the Indenture in which there are established the Accounts described therein.

Rebate Regulations. The term “Rebate Regulations” means any final, temporary or proposed Regulations promulgated under Section 148(f) of the Code.

Record Date. The term “Record Date” means the fifteenth day of the month preceding an Interest Payment Date, regardless of whether such day is a Business Day.

Redemption Account. The term “Redemption Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Regulations. The term “Regulations” means the regulations adopted or proposed by the Department of Treasury from time to time with respect to obligations issued pursuant to Section 103 of the Code.

Representation Letter. The term “Representation Letter” means the Blanket Letter of Representations from the District to the Depository as described in the Indenture.

Reserve Account. The term “Reserve Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

“Reserve Policy” means a letter of credit, insurance policy, surety bond or other such funding instrument issued by a municipal bond insurance company rated least “Aa2” or higher by Moody’s or “AA-” or higher by S&P, delivered to the Trustee for the purpose of providing all or a portion of the Reserve Requirement for Bonds and Parity Bonds.

Reserve Requirement. The term “Reserve Requirement” means that amount as of any date of calculation equal to the lesser of: (i) 10% of the initial principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; (ii) Maximum Annual Debt Service on the then Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; and (iii) 125% of average Annual Debt Service on the then Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, if any; provided, however, that the Reserve Requirement shall not exceed \$ _____ except in connection with the issuance of Parity Bonds.

Resolution of Formation. The term “Resolution of Formation” means Resolution No. 2022-32 adopted by the City Council on June 8, 2022, pursuant to which the City Council formed the District.

RMA. The term “RMA” means the Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax for the District approved by the qualified electors of the District at the June 8, 2022 election.

School Facilities Account. The term “School Facilities Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Acquisition and Construction Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

Sinking Fund Payment. The term “Sinking Fund Payment” means the annual payment to be deposited in the Redemption Account to redeem a portion of the Term Bonds in accordance with the schedules set forth in

the Indenture and any annual sinking fund payment schedule to retire any Parity Bonds which are designated as Term Bonds.

Six-Month Period. The term “Six-Month Period” means the period of time beginning on the Delivery Date of each issue of Bonds or Parity Bonds, as applicable, and ending six consecutive months thereafter, and each six month period thereafter until the latest maturity date of the Bonds and the Parity Bonds (and any obligations that refund an issue of the Bonds or Parity Bonds).

Special Tax Administrator. The term “Special Tax Administrator” means the individual or entity appointed by the City to administer the calculation and collection of the Special Taxes.

Special Tax Fund. The term “Special Tax Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Indenture.

Special Taxes. The term “Special Taxes” means the Special Tax (as defined in the RMA) authorized to be levied by the District on property within the District in accordance with the Ordinance, the Resolution of Formation, the Act and the voter approval obtained at the June 8, 2022 election in the District, including any scheduled payments and any Prepayments thereof, the net proceeds of the redemption or sale of property sold as a result of foreclosure of the lien of the Special Taxes to the amount of said lien and penalties and interest thereon; provided that any delinquent Special Tax sold to an independent third-party or to the City for 100% of the delinquent amount shall no longer be pledged hereunder to the payment of the Bonds or Parity Bonds.

S&P. The term “S&P” means S&P Global Ratings, a Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC business, its successors and assigns.

Subaccount. The term “Subaccount” means any subaccount created pursuant to the Indenture

Supplemental Indenture. The term “Supplemental Indenture” means any supplemental indenture amending or supplementing the Indenture.

Surplus Fund. The term “Surplus Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Indenture.

Tax Certificate. The term “Tax Certificate” means the certificate by that name to be executed by the District on a Delivery Date to establish certain facts and expectations and which contains certain covenants relevant to compliance with the Code.

Tax-Exempt. The term “Tax-Exempt” means, with reference to an Authorized Investment, an Authorized Investment the interest earnings on which are excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103(a) of the Code, other than one described in Section 57(a)(5)(C) of the Code.

Taxable Property. The term “Taxable Property” has the meaning ascribed to it in the RMA.

Term Bonds. The term “Term Bonds” means the Bonds maturing on September 1, 20__, September 1, 20__, and September 1, 20__ and any term maturities of an issue of Parity Bonds as specified in a Supplemental Indenture.

Trustee. The term “Trustee” means Wilmington Trust, National Association., a national banking association duly organized and existing under the laws of the United States, at its principal corporate trust office in Costa Mesa, California, and its successors or assigns, or any other bank or trust company which may at any time be substituted in its place as provided in the Indenture, and any successor thereto.

Underwriter. The term “Underwriter” means, with respect to the Bonds, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., and with respect to each issue of Parity Bonds, the institution or institutions, if any, with whom the District enters into a purchase contract for the sale of such issue.

Water Facilities Account. The term “Water Facilities Account” means the account by that name created and established in the Acquisition and Construction Fund pursuant to the Indenture.

GENERAL AUTHORIZATION AND BOND TERMS

Amount, Issuance, Purpose and Nature of Bonds and Parity Bonds. Under and pursuant to the Act, the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$ _____, together with any Parity Bonds authorized by the City Council in accordance with the Indenture, will be issued for the purposes of financing and/or refinancing the Project, paying Costs of Issuance and funding the Reserve Account; provided that the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds may not exceed the total indebtedness presently authorized or subsequently authorized by the qualified electors within the District in accordance with the Act. The Bonds and any Parity Bonds will be and are limited obligations of the District and are payable as to the principal thereof and interest thereon and any premiums upon the redemption thereof solely from the Net Taxes and the other amounts in the Special Tax Fund.

Type and Nature of Bonds and Parity Bonds. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof other than the District is pledged to the payment of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds. Except for the Net Taxes, no other taxes are pledged to the payment of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds. The Bonds and any Parity Bonds are not general or special obligations of the City nor general obligations of the District, but are limited obligations of the District payable solely from certain amounts deposited by the District in the Special Tax Fund, as more fully described in the Indenture. The District’s limited obligation to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds from amounts in the Special Tax Fund is absolute and unconditional, free of deductions and without any abatement, offset, recoupment, diminution or set-off whatsoever. No Owner of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds may compel the exercise of the taxing power by the District (except as pertains to the Special Taxes) or the City or the forfeiture of any of their property. The principal of and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds and premiums upon the redemption thereof, if any, are not a debt of the City, the State of California or any of its political subdivisions within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation or restriction. The Bonds and any Parity Bonds are not a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien, or encumbrance upon any of the District’s property, or upon any of its income, receipts or revenues, except the Net Taxes and other amounts in the Special Tax Fund which are, under the terms of the Indenture and the Act, set aside for the payment of the Bonds, any Parity Bonds and interest thereon, and neither the members of the legislative body of the District or the members of the City Council nor any persons executing the Bonds or any Parity Bonds are liable personally on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, by reason of their issuance.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Indenture, the District is not required to advance any money derived from any source of income other than the Net Taxes for the payment of the interest on or the principal of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, or for the performance of any covenants contained in the Indenture. The District may, however, advance funds for any such purpose, provided that such funds are derived from a source legally available for such purpose.

Equality of Bonds and Parity Bonds and Pledge of Net Taxes. Pursuant to the Act and the Indenture, the Bonds and any Parity Bonds will be equally payable from and secured by a first pledge of and lien on the Net Taxes and other amounts in the Special Tax Fund, without priority for number, date of the Bonds or Parity Bonds, date of sale, date of execution, or date of delivery, and the payment of the interest on and principal of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds and any premiums upon the redemption thereof, will be exclusively paid from the Net Taxes and other amounts in the Special Tax Fund which are set aside for the payment of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds; provided that any delinquent Special Tax sold to an independent third-party or to the City for 100% of the delinquent amount will no longer be pledged under the Indenture to the payment of Bonds or Parity

Bonds. Amounts in the Special Tax Fund constitute a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners to be applied to the payment of the interest on and principal of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds and, so long as any of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds or interest thereon remain Outstanding, will not be used for any other purpose, except as permitted by the Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture. Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Indenture to the contrary, Net Taxes deposited in the Rebate Fund and the Surplus Fund will no longer be considered to be pledged to the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, and none of the Rebate Fund, the Surplus Fund, the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Administrative Expense Fund will be construed as a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners.

Nothing in the Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture precludes: (i) subject to the limitations contained under the Indenture, the redemption prior to maturity of any Bonds or Parity Bonds subject to call and redemption and payment of said Bonds or Parity Bonds from proceeds of refunding bonds issued under the Act as the same now exists or as later amended, or under any other law of the State of California; or (ii) the issuance, subject to the limitations contained in the Indenture, of Parity Bonds which are payable from Net Taxes.

Bond Register. The Trustee will keep or cause to be kept, at its office, sufficient books for the registration and transfer of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds which will upon reasonable prior notice be open to inspection by the District during all regular business hours, and, subject to the limitations set forth in the Indenture, upon presentation for such purpose, the Trustee will, under such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, register or transfer or cause to be transferred on said Bond Register, Bonds and any Parity Bonds as provided in the Indenture.

The District and the Trustee may treat the Owner of any Bond or Parity Bond whose name appears on the Bond Register as the absolute Owner of that Bond or Parity Bond for any and all purposes and the District and the Trustee will not be affected by any notice to the contrary. The District and the Trustee may rely on the address of the Owner as it appears in the Bond Register for any and all purposes. It is the duty of the Owner to give written notice to the Trustee of any change in the Owner's address so that the Bond Register may be revised accordingly.

Mutilated, Lost, Destroyed or Stolen Bonds or Parity Bonds. If any Bond or Parity Bond becomes mutilated, the District will execute, and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver, a new Bond or Parity Bond of like tenor, date, issue and maturity in exchange and substitution for the Bond or Parity Bond so mutilated, but only upon surrender to the Trustee of the Bond or Parity Bond so mutilated. Every mutilated Bond or Parity Bond so surrendered to the Trustee will be cancelled by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture. If any Bond or Parity Bond is lost, destroyed or stolen, evidence of such loss, destruction or theft may be submitted to the Trustee and, if such evidence is satisfactory to the Trustee and, if any indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee is given, the District will execute and the Trustee will authenticate and deliver a new Bond or Parity Bond, as applicable, of like tenor, maturity and issue, numbered and dated as the Trustee will determine in lieu of and in substitution for the Bond or Parity Bond so lost, destroyed or stolen. Any Bond or Parity Bond issued in lieu of any Bond or Parity Bond alleged to be mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen will be equally and proportionately entitled to the benefits of the Indenture with all other Bonds and Parity Bonds issued under the Indenture. The Trustee will not treat both the original Bond or Parity Bond and any replacement Bond or Parity Bond as being Outstanding for the purpose of determining the principal amount of Bonds or Parity Bonds which may be executed, authenticated and delivered under the Indenture or for the purpose of determining any percentage of Bonds or Parity Bonds Outstanding thereunder, but both the original and replacement Bond or Parity Bond will be treated as one and the same. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Indenture, in lieu of delivering a new Bond or Parity Bond which has been mutilated, lost, destroyed or stolen, and which has matured, the Trustee may make payment with respect to such Bonds or Parity Bonds.

Validity of Bonds and Parity Bonds. The validity of the authorization and issuance of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds will not be affected in any way by any defect in any proceedings taken by the District for the financing of the Project, or by the invalidity, in whole or in part, of any contracts made by the District in connection therewith, and will not be dependent upon the completion of the financing of the Project or upon the

performance by any Person of his obligation with respect to the Project, and the recital contained in the Bonds or any Parity Bonds that the same are issued pursuant to the Act and other applicable laws of the State is conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issuance.

Book-Entry System. The Bonds will be initially delivered in the form of a separate single fully registered Bond (which may be typewritten) for each maturity of the Bonds. Upon initial delivery, the ownership of each such Bond will be registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of the Nominee as nominee of the Depository. Except as provided in the Indenture, all of the Outstanding Bonds will be registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of the Nominee. At the election of the District, any Parity Bonds may also be issued as book-entry bonds registered in the name of the Nominee as provided in the Indenture, in which case the references in the provisions relating to the book-entry system in the Indenture to “Bonds” will be applicable to such Parity Bonds.

With respect to Bonds registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of the Nominee, the District and the Trustee have no responsibility or obligation to any such Participant or to any Person on behalf of which such a Participant holds an interest in the Bonds. Without limiting the immediately preceding sentence, the District and the Trustee have no responsibility or obligation with respect to: (i) the accuracy of the records of the Depository, the Nominee, or any Participant with respect to any ownership interest in the Bonds; (ii) the delivery to any Participant or any other Person, other than an Owner as shown in the registration books kept by the Trustee, of any notice with respect to the Bonds, including any notice of redemption; (iii) the selection by the Depository and its Participants of the beneficial interests in the Bonds to be redeemed in the event that the Bonds are redeemed in part; or (iv) the payment to any Participant or any other Person, other than an Owner as shown in the registration books kept by the Trustee, of any amount with respect to principal of, premium, if any, or interest due with respect to the Bonds. The District and the Trustee may treat and consider the Person in whose name each Bond is registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee as the holder and absolute owner of such Bond for the purpose of payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Bond, for the purpose of giving notices of redemption and other matters with respect to such Bond, for the purpose of registering transfers with respect to such Bond and for all other purposes whatsoever. The Trustee will pay all principal of, premium, if any, and interest due on the Bonds only to or upon the order of the respective Owner, as shown in the registration books kept by the Trustee, or their respective attorneys duly authorized in writing, and all such payments will be valid and effective to satisfy and discharge fully the District’s obligations with respect to payment of the principal, premium, if any, and interest due on the Bonds to the extent of the sum or sums so paid. No Person other than an Owner, as shown in the registration books kept by the Trustee, will receive a Bond evidencing the obligation of the District to make payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest pursuant to the Indenture. Upon delivery by the Depository to the Trustee and the District of written notice to the effect that the Depository has determined to substitute a new nominee in place of the Nominee, and subject to the provisions in the Indenture with respect to Record Dates, the word Nominee in the Indenture will refer to such new nominee of the Depository.

Representation Letter. In order to qualify the Bonds and any Parity Bonds which the District elects to register in the name of the Nominee for the Depository’s book-entry system, an Authorized Representative of the District has been authorized to execute from time to time and deliver to such Depository the Representation Letter. The execution and delivery of the Representation Letter does not in any way limit the provisions of the Indenture or in any other way impose upon the District or the Trustee any obligation whatsoever with respect to persons having interests in the Bonds other than the Owners, as shown on the registration books kept by the Trustee. The District agrees to take all action necessary to continuously comply with all representations made by it in the Representation Letter. In addition to the execution and delivery of the Representation Letter, the Authorized Representatives of the District are authorized to take any other actions, not inconsistent with the Indenture, to qualify the Bonds for the Depository’s book-entry program.

Transfers Outside Book-Entry System. In the event that: (i) the Depository determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the Bonds; or (ii) the District determines that the Depository will no longer so act, then the District will discontinue the book-entry system with the Depository. If the District fails to identify

another qualified securities depository to replace the Depository then the Bonds so designated will no longer be restricted to being registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of the Nominee, but will be registered in whatever name or names Persons transferring or exchanging Bonds designate, in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

Payments to the Nominee. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Indenture to the contrary, so long as any Bond is registered in the name of the Nominee, all payments with respect to principal, premium, if any, and interest due with respect to such Bond and all notices with respect to such Bond will be made and given, respectively, as provided in the Representation Letter or as otherwise instructed by the Depository.

Initial Depository and Nominee. The initial Depository under the Indenture will be The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York. The initial Nominee will be Cede & Co., as Nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

CREATION OF FUNDS AND APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS

Creation of Funds. There have been created and established and will be maintained by the Trustee the following funds and accounts:

(1) The Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Special Tax Fund (the “Special Tax Fund”) (in which there will be established and created an Interest Account, a Principal Account, a Redemption Account and a Reserve Account).

(2) The Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Rebate Fund (the “Rebate Fund”) (in which there will be established a Rebate Account and an Alternate Penalty Account).

(3) (3) The Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Acquisition and Construction Fund (the “Acquisition and Construction Fund”) (in which there shall be established a Costs of Issuance Account, a City Facilities Account (in which there shall be established a City Fee Subaccount, a City Fee Premium Subaccount and a City Facilities Subaccount), a School Facilities Account and a Water Facilities Account).

(4) The Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Surplus Fund (the “Surplus Fund”).

The amounts on deposit in the foregoing funds, accounts and subaccounts will be held by the Trustee. The Trustee will invest and in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and will disburse the amounts in such funds, accounts and subaccounts and disburse investment earnings thereon in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

In connection with the issuance of any Parity Bonds, which may be issued only for the purpose of refunding the Bonds as described in the Indenture, the Trustee, at the direction of an Authorized Representative of the District, may create new funds, accounts or subaccounts, or may create additional accounts and subaccounts within any of the foregoing funds and accounts for the purpose of separately accounting for the proceeds of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds.

There is hereby established and shall be maintained by the District, the Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Administrative Expense Fund (the “Administrative Expense Fund”).

Deposits to and Disbursements from Special Tax Fund. (a) Except for Prepayments, which will be deposited to the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund, and the amounts deposited into the

Administrative Expense Fund in accordance with the Indenture, the Trustee will, on each date on which the Special Taxes are received from the District, deposit the Special Taxes in the Special Tax Fund to be held in trust for the Owners. The Trustee will transfer the Special Taxes on deposit in the Special Tax Fund on the dates and in the amounts set forth in the Indenture, in the following order of priority, to: (1) the Interest Account of the Special Tax Fund; (2) the Principal Account of the Special Tax Fund; (3) the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund; (4) the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund; (5) the District, upon a Certificate of an Authorized Representative, for deposit in the Administrative Expense Fund to the extent that Administrative Expenses exceed or are expected to exceed the Administrative Expense Cap; (6) the Rebate Fund; and (7) the Surplus Fund.

(b) At maturity of all of the Bonds and Parity Bonds and, after all principal and interest then due on the Bonds and Parity Bonds then Outstanding have been paid or provided for and any amounts owed to the Trustee have been paid in full, moneys in the Special Tax Fund and any accounts therein may be used by the District for any lawful purpose.

Administrative Expense Fund. Promptly after the receipt of any Special Taxes in a Fiscal Year, the District shall deposit Special Taxes (other than Prepayments, which shall be transferred to the Trustee as set forth in the Indenture) in the Administrative Expense Fund from time to time in the amounts necessary to make timely payment of Administrative Expenses; provided, however, that, except as set forth in the following sentence, the total amount transferred with respect to a Bond Year shall not exceed the Administrative Expenses Cap until such time as there has been deposited to the Interest Account and the Principal Account an amount, together with any amounts already on deposit therein, that is sufficient to pay the interest and principal on all Bonds and Parity Bonds due in such Bond Year and to restore the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, amounts in excess of the Administrative Expenses Cap may be transferred to the Administrative Expense Fund to the extent necessary to collect delinquent Special Taxes as set forth in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative of the District. Moneys in the Administrative Expense Fund may be invested in any Authorized Investments, as directed in writing by an Authorized Representative of the District and shall be disbursed as directed in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative.

Interest Account and Principal Account of the Special Tax Fund. The principal of and interest due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds until maturity, other than principal due upon redemption, will be paid by the Trustee from the Principal Account and the Interest Account of the Special Tax Fund, respectively.

For the purpose of assuring that the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds will be made when due, after making the transfer required by the Indenture, at least one Business Day prior to each March 1 and September 1, the Trustee will make the following transfers from the Special Tax Fund first to the Interest Account and then to the Principal Account; provided, however, that to the extent that deposits have been made in the Interest Account or the Principal Account from the proceeds of the sale of an issue of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, or otherwise, the transfer from the Special Tax Fund need not be made; and provided, further, that, if amounts in the Special Tax Fund (exclusive of the Reserve Account) are inadequate to make the foregoing transfers, then any deficiency will be made up by transfers from the Reserve Account:

(a) To the Interest Account, an amount such that the balance in the Interest Account one Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date is equal to the installment of interest due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds on said Interest Payment Date and any installment of interest due on a previous Interest Payment Date which remains unpaid. Moneys in the Interest Account will be used for the payment of interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds as the same become due.

(b) To the Principal Account, an amount such that the balance in the Principal Account one Business Day prior to September 1 of each year, commencing September 1, 2025, equals the principal payment due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds maturing on such September 1 and any principal payment due on a previous September 1 which remains unpaid. Moneys in the Principal Account will be used for the payment of the principal of such Bonds and any Parity Bonds as the same become due at maturity.

Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund. (a) With respect to each September 1 on which a Sinking Fund Payment is due, after the deposits have been made to the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Special Tax Fund as required by the Indenture, the Trustee will next transfer into the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund from the Special Tax Fund the amount needed to make the balance in the Redemption Account one Business Day prior to each September 1 on which a Sinking Fund Payment is due equal to the Sinking Fund Payment due on any Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds on such September 1; provided, however, that, if amounts in the Special Tax Fund are inadequate to make the foregoing transfers, then any deficiency will be made up by an immediate transfer from the Reserve Account, if funded, pursuant to the Indenture. Moneys so deposited in the Redemption Account will be used and applied by the Trustee to call and redeem Term Bonds in accordance with the Sinking Fund Payment schedules set forth in the Indenture, and to redeem Parity Bonds in accordance with any Sinking Fund Payment schedule in the Supplemental Indenture for such Parity Bonds.

(b) After making the deposits to the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Indenture and to the Redemption Account for Sinking Fund Payments then due pursuant to clause (a) above, and in accordance with the District's election to call Bonds for optional redemption as set forth in the Indenture, or to call Parity Bonds for optional redemption as set forth in any Supplemental Indenture for Parity Bonds, the Trustee will transfer from the Special Tax Fund and deposit in the Redemption Account moneys available for the purpose and sufficient to pay the principal and the premiums, if any, payable on the Bonds or Parity Bonds called for optional redemption; provided, however, that amounts in the Special Tax Fund may be applied to optionally redeem Bonds and Parity Bonds only if immediately following such redemption the amount in the Reserve Account will equal the Reserve Requirement.

(c) Prepayments deposited to the Redemption Account will be applied on the redemption date established pursuant to the Indenture to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds to be redeemed with such Prepayments.

(d) Moneys set aside in the Redemption Account will be used solely for the purpose of redeeming Bonds and Parity Bonds and will be applied on or after the redemption date to the payment of principal of and premium, if any, on the Bonds or Parity Bonds to be redeemed upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds or Parity Bonds, and, in the case of an optional redemption or a special mandatory redemption from Prepayments, to pay the interest thereon; provided, however, that in lieu or partially in lieu of such call and redemption, moneys deposited in the Redemption Account may be used to purchase Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds in the manner provided in the Indenture. Purchases of Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds may be made by the District at public or private sale as and when and at such prices as the District may in its discretion determine but only at prices (including brokerage or other expenses) not more than par plus accrued interest, plus, in the case of moneys set aside for an optional redemption or a special mandatory redemption, the premium applicable at the next following call date according to the premium schedule established pursuant to the Indenture, or in the case of Parity Bonds the premium established in any Supplemental Indenture. Any accrued interest payable upon the purchase of Bonds or Parity Bonds may be paid from the amount reserved in the Interest Account of the Special Tax Fund for the payment of interest on the next following Interest Payment Date.

Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund. There will be maintained in the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement. The Reserve Requirement may be satisfied in whole or in part by cash, a Reserve Policy, or a combination thereof. The amounts in the Reserve Account will be applied as follows:

(a) Moneys in the Reserve Account shall be used solely for the purpose of paying the principal of, including Sinking Fund Payments, and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds when due the moneys in the Interest Account, the Principal Account of the Special Tax Fund are insufficient therefor or moneys in the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund are insufficient to make a Sinking Fund Payment when due and for the purpose of making any required transfer to the Rebate Fund upon written direction from the District. If the amounts in the Interest Account, the Principal Account or the Redemption Account of the

Special Tax Fund are insufficient to pay the principal of, including Sinking Fund Payments, or interest on any Parity Bonds when due, or amounts in the Special Tax Fund are insufficient to make transfers to the Rebate Fund when required, the Trustee shall withdraw from the Reserve Account, first from the cash on deposit therein, and second from a draw on the Reserve Policy, if any, for deposit in the Interest Account, the Principal Account or the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund or the Rebate Fund, as applicable, moneys necessary for such purposes.

(b) Whenever moneys are withdrawn from the Reserve Account, after making the required transfers referred to in the Indenture, the Trustee will transfer to the Reserve Account from available moneys in the Special Tax Fund, or from any other legally available funds which the District elects to apply to such purpose, the amount needed to restore the amount of such Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement by first, repaying any amounts due under the Reserve Policy, and second to fund the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement. Moneys in the Special Tax Fund will be deemed available for transfer to the Reserve Account only if the Trustee determines that such amounts will not be needed to make the deposits required to be made to the Administrative Expense Fund, the Interest Account, the Principal Account or the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund on or before the next September 1. If amounts in the Special Tax Fund together with any other amounts transferred to replenish the Reserve Account are inadequate to restore the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement, including any amounts necessary to pay costs related to the Reserve Policy, if any, then the District will include the amount necessary to restore the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement in the next annual Special Tax levy to the extent of the maximum permitted Special Tax rates.

(c) In connection with a redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Indenture or Parity Bonds in accordance with any Supplemental Indenture, or a partial defeasance of Bonds or Parity Bonds in accordance with the Indenture, amounts in the Reserve Account may be applied to such redemption or partial defeasance so long as the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account following such redemption or partial defeasance equals the Reserve Requirement. The District will set forth in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative the amount in the Reserve Account to be transferred to the Redemption Account on a redemption date or to be transferred pursuant to the Indenture to partially defease Bonds or Parity Bonds, and the Trustee will make such transfer on the applicable redemption or defeasance date, subject to the limitation in the preceding sentence.

(d) To the extent that the Reserve Account is at the Reserve Requirement as of the first day of the final Bond Year for the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds, amounts in the Reserve Account may be applied to pay the principal of and interest due on the Bonds and Parity Bonds, as applicable, in the final Bond Year for such issue. Moneys in the Reserve Account in excess of the Reserve Requirement not transferred in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Section shall be withdrawn from the Reserve Account on the Business Day before each March 1 and September 1 and shall be transferred to the Acquisition and Construction Fund or an Account therein, as directed by an Authorized Representative of the District, until all amounts have been disbursed from the Acquisition and Construction Fund (or such fund is closed) and thereafter to the Interest Account of the Special Tax Fund.

Rebate Fund. (a) The Trustee will establish and maintain a fund separate from any other fund established and maintained under the Indenture designated as the Rebate Fund and will establish a separate Rebate Account and Alternate Penalty Account therein. All money at any time deposited in the Rebate Account or the Alternate Penalty Account of the Rebate Fund will be held by the Trustee in trust, for payment to the United States Treasury. A separate subaccount of the Rebate Account and the Alternate Penalty Account will be established for the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds the interest on which is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. All amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund with respect to the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds will be governed by the Indenture and the Tax Certificate for such issue, unless the District obtains an opinion of Bond Counsel that the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest payments on the Bonds and Parity Bonds will not be adversely affected if such requirements are not satisfied.

(1) Rebate Account. The following requirements will be satisfied with respect to each subaccount of the Rebate Account:

(i) Computations. Within 55 days of the end of each fifth Bond Year, the District will calculate or cause to be calculated the amount of rebatable arbitrage for the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds to which the Indenture is applicable, in accordance with Section 148(f)(2) of the Code and Section 1.148-3 of the Rebate Regulations (taking into account any applicable exceptions with respect to the computation of the rebatable arbitrage described in the Tax Certificate for each issue (e.g., the temporary investments exceptions of Section 148(f)(4)(B) and (C) of the Code), and taking into account whether the election pursuant to Section 148(f)(4)(C)(vii) of the Code (the “1½% Penalty”) has been made), for this purpose treating the last day of the applicable Bond Year as a computation date, within the meaning of Section 1.148-1(b) of the Rebate Regulations (the “Rebatable Arbitrage”). The District will obtain expert advice as to the amount of the Rebatable Arbitrage to comply with the foregoing requirements.

(ii) Transfers. Within 55 days of the end of each fifth Bond Year for which Rebatable Arbitrage must be calculated as required by the Tax Certificate for each issue, upon the written direction of an Authorized Representative of the District, an amount will be deposited to each subaccount of the Rebate Account by the Trustee from any funds so designated by the District if and to the extent required, so that the balance in the Rebate Account equals the amount of Rebatable Arbitrage so calculated by or on behalf of the District in accordance with clause (i) above with respect to the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds to which the Indenture is applicable. In the event that immediately following any transfer required by the previous sentence, or the date on which the District determines that no transfer is required for such Bond Year, the amount then on deposit to the credit of the applicable subaccount of the Rebate Account exceeds the amount required to be on deposit therein, upon written instructions from an Authorized Representative of the District, the Trustee will withdraw the excess from the appropriate subaccount of the Rebate Account and then credit the excess to the Special Tax Fund.

(iii) Payment to the Treasury. The Trustee will pay, as directed in writing by an Authorized Representative of the District, to the United States Treasury, out of amounts in each subaccount of the Rebate Account: (X) not later than 60 days after the end of: (A) the fifth Bond Year for the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds to which the Indenture is applicable; and (B) each applicable fifth Bond Year thereafter, an amount equal to at least 90% of the Rebatable Arbitrage calculated as of the end of such Bond Year for the Bonds and each issue of Parity Bonds, as applicable; and (Y) not later than 60 days after the payment or redemption of all of the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds, as applicable, an amount equal to 100% of the Rebatable Arbitrage calculated as of the end of such applicable Bond Year, and any income attributable to the Rebatable Arbitrage, computed in accordance with Section 148(f) of the Code.

In the event that, prior to the time of any payment required to be made from the Rebate Account, the amount in the Rebate Account is not sufficient to make such payment when such payment is due, the District will calculate or cause to be calculated the amount of such deficiency and deposit an amount received from any legally available source equal to such deficiency prior to the time such payment is due. Each payment required to be made pursuant to the foregoing provisions will be made to the Internal Revenue Service Center, Ogden, Utah 84201 on or before the date on which such payment is due, and will be accompanied by Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-T, or will be made in such other manner as provided under the Code.

(2) Alternate Penalty Account.

(i) Six-Month Computation. If the 1½% Penalty has been elected for the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds, within 85 days of each particular Six-Month Period, the District will determine or cause to be determined whether the 1½% Penalty is payable (and the amount of such penalty) as of the close of the applicable Six-Month Period. The District will obtain expert advice in making such determinations.

(ii) Six-Month Transfer. Within 85 days of the close of each Six-Month Period, the Trustee, at the written direction of an Authorized Representative of the District, will deposit an amount in the appropriate subaccounts of the Alternate Penalty Account from any source of funds held by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture and designated by the District in such written directions or provided to it by the District, if and to the extent required, so that the balance in each subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account equals the amount of 1½% Penalty due and payable to the United States Treasury determined as provided in clause (a)(2)(i) above. In the event that immediately following any transfer provided for in the previous sentence, or the date on which the District determines that no transfer is required for such Bond Year, the amount then on deposit in a subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account exceeds the amount required to be on deposit therein to make the payments required by clause (iii) below, the Trustee, at the written direction of an Authorized Representative of the District, may withdraw the excess from the applicable subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account and credit the excess to the Special Tax Fund.

(iii) Payment to the Treasury. The Trustee will pay, as directed in writing by an Authorized Representative of the District, to the United States Treasury, out of amounts in a subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account, not later than 90 days after the close of each Six-Month Period the 1½% Penalty, if applicable and payable, computed with respect to the Bonds and any issue of Parity Bonds in accordance with Section 148(f)(4) of the Code. In the event that, prior to the time of any payment required to be made from a subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account, the amount in such subaccount is not sufficient to make such payment when such payment is due, the District will calculate the amount of such deficiency and direct the Trustee, in writing, to deposit an amount equal to such deficiency into such subaccount of the Alternate Penalty Account from any funds held by the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture and designated by the District in such written directions prior to the time such payment is due. Each payment required to be made pursuant to the foregoing provision will be made to the Internal Revenue Service, Ogden, Utah 84201 on or before the date on which such payment is due, and will be accompanied by Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-T or will be made in such other manner as provided under the Code.

(b) Disposition of Unexpended Funds. Any funds remaining in the Accounts of the Rebate Fund with respect to the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds after redemption and payment of such issue and after making the payments described in clauses (a)(1)(iii) or (a)(2)(iii) (whichever is applicable), may be withdrawn by the Trustee at the written direction of the District and utilized in any manner by the District.

(c) Survival of Defeasance and Final Payment. Notwithstanding anything in the Indenture to the contrary, the obligation to comply with the Rebate Fund requirements of the Indenture will survive the defeasance and final payment of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds with respect to which an Account has been created in the Rebate Fund.

(d) Amendment Without Consent of Owners. The Rebate Fund provisions of the Indenture may be deleted or amended in any manner without the consent of the Owners, provided that prior to such event there is delivered to the District an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such deletion or amendment will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds and any issue of Parity Bonds issued on a tax exempt basis.

(e) Trustee. The Trustee has no responsibility to monitor or calculate any amounts payable to the U.S. Treasury pursuant to the Rebate Fund requirements of the Indenture and will be deemed constructively to have complied with its obligations thereunder if it follows the written instructions of the District given pursuant to the Indenture.

Surplus Fund. After making the transfers required by the Indenture, as soon as practicable after each September 1, the Trustee will transfer all remaining amounts in the Special Tax Fund to the Surplus Fund, unless on or prior to such date, it has received a Certificate of an Authorized Representative directing that certain amounts be retained in the Special Tax Fund because the District has included such amounts as being available in the Special Tax Fund in calculating the amount of the levy of Special Taxes for such Fiscal Year pursuant to

the Indenture. Moneys deposited in the Surplus Fund will be transferred by the Trustee at the direction of an Authorized Representative of the District: (i) to the Interest Account, the Principal Account or the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund to pay the principal of, including Sinking Fund Payments, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds when due in the event that moneys in the Special Tax Fund and the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund are insufficient therefor; (ii) to the Reserve Account in order to replenish the Reserve Account to the Reserve Requirement; (iii) to the Administrative Expense Fund to pay Administrative Expenses to the extent that the amounts on deposit in the Administrative Expense Fund are insufficient to pay Administrative Expenses; (iv) to the Acquisition and Construction Fund to pay Project Costs; or (v) after all Project Costs have been paid, to the District for any other lawful purpose of the District.

The amounts in the Surplus Fund are not pledged to the repayment of the Bonds or the Parity Bonds and may be used by the District for any lawful purpose. In the event that the District reasonably expects to use any portion of the moneys in the Surplus Fund to pay debt service on any Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds, the District will notify the Trustee in a Certificate of an Authorized Representative and the Trustee will segregate such amount into a separate subaccount and the moneys on deposit in such subaccount of the Surplus Fund will be invested at the written direction of the District in Authorized Investments the interest on which is excludable from gross income under Section 103 of the Code (other than bonds the interest on which is a tax preference item for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax of individuals under the Code) or in Authorized Investments at a yield not in excess of the yield on the issue of Bonds or Parity Bonds to which such amounts are to be applied, unless, in the opinion of Bond Counsel, investment at a higher yield will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds which were issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes. Such amounts will be disbursed as directed by an Authorized Representative of the District.

Acquisition and Construction Fund. (a) The moneys in the Costs of Issuance Account will be disbursed by the Trustee pursuant to a Certificate of an Authorized Representative of the District, and any balance remaining therein after 180 days will be transferred by the Trustee an Account within the Acquisition and Construction Fund as directed in writing by an Authorized Representative of the District. Following such transfer to the Acquisition and Construction Fund, the Costs of Issuance Account will be closed.

(b) The moneys in the Acquisition and Construction Fund and the Accounts therein (other than the Costs of Issuance Account) will be applied exclusively to pay the Project Costs. Amounts for Project Costs will be disbursed by the Trustee from the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Accounts therein (other than the Costs of Issuance Account), as specified in a Request for Disbursement of Project Costs, substantially in the form attached to the Indenture. A properly executed Request for Disbursement of Project Costs must be submitted in connection with each requested disbursement, and the Trustee may rely thereon without investigating the accuracy thereof. Amounts in an Account of the Acquisition and Construction Fund may be transferred to another Account or Accounts therein pursuant to a Certificate of an Authorized Representative of the District.

(c) Upon receipt of a Certificate of an Authorized Representative of the District stating that all or a specified portion of the amount remaining in the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Accounts therein (other than the Costs of Issuance Account) is no longer needed to pay Project Costs, the Trustee will: (i) transfer all or such specified portion, as applicable, of the moneys remaining on deposit in the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Accounts therein (other than the Costs of Issuance Account) to the Interest Account, the Principal Account or Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund, to the Costs of Issuance Account or to the Surplus Fund, as directed in such certificate, provided that in connection with any direction to transfer amounts to the Surplus Fund there will be delivered to the Trustee with such certificate an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such transfer to the Surplus Fund will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds which were issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes; and (ii) thereafter, close the Acquisition and Construction Fund (including Accounts and Subaccounts).

Investments. Moneys held in any of the Funds, Accounts and Subaccounts under the Indenture will be invested at the written direction of the District upon at least two (2) Business Days' notice in accordance with the limitations set forth below only in Authorized Investments which will be deemed at all times to be a part of such Funds, Accounts and Subaccounts. Any loss resulting from such Authorized Investments will be credited or charged to the Fund, Account or Subaccount from which such investment was made, and any investment earnings on a Fund, Account or Subaccount will be applied as follows: (i) investment earnings on all amounts deposited in the Acquisition and Construction Fund (including the Accounts therein), the Special Tax Fund, the Surplus Fund and the Rebate Fund and each Account therein (other than the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund) will be deposited in those respective Funds, Accounts and Subaccounts; and (ii) investment earnings on all amounts deposited in the Reserve Account will be deposited therein to be applied as set forth in the Indenture. Moneys in the Funds, Accounts and Subaccounts held under the Indenture may be invested by the Trustee as directed in writing by the District, from time to time, in Authorized Investments subject to the following restrictions (provided that the Trustee is not required to verify compliance with such restrictions and may rely on the District's written instructions as evidence of such compliance):

(a) Moneys in the Acquisition and Construction Fund and the Accounts therein will be invested in Authorized Investments which will by their terms mature, or in the case of an Investment Agreement are available without penalty, as close as practicable to the date the District estimates the moneys represented by the particular investment will be needed for withdrawal from the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Accounts therein. Notwithstanding anything in the Indenture to the contrary, amounts in the Acquisition and Construction Fund or the Accounts therein three years after the Delivery Date for the Bonds and the proceeds of each issue of Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis which are remaining on deposit in the Acquisition and Construction Fund on the date which is three years following the date of issuance of such issue of Parity Bonds will be invested by the District only in Authorized Investments the interest on which is excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code (other than bonds the interest on which is a tax preference item for purposes of computing the alternative minimum tax of individuals under the Code) or in Authorized Investments at a yield not in excess of the yield on the issue of Bonds or Parity Bonds from which such proceeds were derived, unless in the opinion of Bond Counsel such restriction is not necessary to prevent interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds which were issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes from being included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.

(b) Moneys in the Interest Account, the Principal Account, and the Redemption Account of the Special Tax Fund will be invested only in Authorized Investments which will by their terms mature, or in the case of an Investment Agreement are available for withdrawal without penalty, on such dates so as to ensure the payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds as the same become due.

(c) Moneys in the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund may be invested only in Authorized Investments (other than the Authorized Investment described in clause (2)(i) of the definition thereof) which, taken together, have a weighted average maturity not in excess of five years; provided that such amounts may be invested in an Investment Agreement to the later of the final maturity of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds so long as such amounts may be withdrawn at any time, without penalty, for application in accordance with the Indenture; and provided that no such Authorized Investment of amounts in the Reserve Account allocable to the Bonds or an issue of Parity Bonds mature later than the respective final maturity date of the Bonds or the issue of Parity Bonds, as applicable.

(d) Moneys in the Rebate Fund will be invested only in Authorized Investments of the type described in clause (1) of the definition thereof which by their terms will mature, as nearly as practicable, on the dates such amounts are needed to be paid to the United States Government pursuant to the Indenture or in Authorized Investments of the type described in clause (2)(e) of the definition thereof.

(e) In the absence of written investment directions from the District, the Trustee shall hold the funds uninvested.

The Trustee will sell, or present for redemption, any Authorized Investment whenever it may be necessary to do so in order to provide moneys to meet any payment or transfer to such funds and accounts or from such funds and accounts. Notwithstanding anything in the Indenture to the contrary, the Trustee is not responsible for any loss from investments, sales or transfers undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. Any Authorized Investments that are registrable securities will be registered in the name of the Trustee.

The Trustee may act as principal or agent in the making or disposing of any investment and will be entitled to its customary fee for making such investment. The Trustee may sell at the best market price obtainable, or present for redemption, any Authorized Investment so purchased whenever it will be necessary to provide moneys to meet any required payment, transfer, withdrawal or disbursement from the fund of account to which such Authorized Investment is credited, and subject to the Indenture, the Trustee will not be liable or responsible for any loss resulting from such investment. For investment purposes, the Trustee may commingle the funds and accounts established under the Indenture, but will account for each separately. The Trustee is authorized, in making or disposing of any investment permitted by the Indenture, to deal with itself (in its individual capacity) or which any one or more of its affiliates, whether it or such affiliate is acting as an agent of the Trustee or for any third person or dealing as principal for its own account. The parties acknowledge that the Trustee is not providing investment supervision, recommendations, or advice.

The District acknowledges that, to the extent that regulations of the Comptroller of the Currency or other applicable regulatory entity grant the District the right to receive brokerage confirmations of security transactions as they occur, the District specifically waives receipt of such confirmations to the extent permitted by law. The Trustee will furnish the District periodic cash transaction statements which include detail for all investment transactions made by the Trustee under the Indenture.

COVENANTS AND WARRANTY

Warranty. The District will preserve and protect the security pledged under the Indenture to the Bonds and any Parity Bonds against all claims and demands of all persons.

Covenants. So long as any of the Bonds or Parity Bonds issued under the Indenture are Outstanding and unpaid, the District will make the following covenants with the Owners under the provisions of the Act and the Indenture (to be performed by the District or its proper officers, agents or employees), which covenants are necessary and desirable to secure the Bonds and Parity Bonds and tend to make them more marketable; provided, however, that said covenants do not require the District to expend any funds or moneys other than the Special Taxes and other amounts deposited to the Special Tax Fund:

(a) Punctual Payment; Against Encumbrances. The District covenants that it will receive all Special Taxes in trust for the Owners and will, other than with respect to amounts to be deposited into the Administrative Expense Fund in accordance with the Indenture, deposit all Special Taxes with the Trustee immediately upon their apportionment to the District, and the District shall have no beneficial right or interest in the amounts so deposited except as provided by this Indenture. All such Special Taxes shall be disbursed, allocated and applied solely to the uses and purposes set forth herein, and shall be accounted for separately and apart from all other money, funds, accounts or other resources of the District.

The District covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid the principal of and interest on every Bond and Parity Bond issued under the Indenture, together with the premium, if any, thereon on the date, at the place and in the manner set forth in the Bonds and the Parity Bonds and in accordance with the Indenture to the extent that Net Taxes and other amounts pledged thereunder are available therefor, and that the payments into the Funds and Accounts created thereunder will be made, all in strict conformity with the terms of the Bonds, any Parity Bonds, and the Indenture, and that it will faithfully observe and perform all of the conditions, covenants and requirements of the Indenture and all Supplemental Indentures and of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds issued thereunder.

The District will not mortgage or otherwise encumber, pledge or place any charge upon any of the Net Taxes except as provided in the Indenture, and will not issue any obligation or security having a lien or charge upon the Net Taxes superior to or on a parity with the Bonds, other than Parity Bonds. Nothing in the Indenture prevents the District from issuing or incurring indebtedness which is payable from a pledge of Net Taxes which is subordinate in all respects to the pledge of Net Taxes to repay the Bonds and the Parity Bonds, subject to compliance with the District's bonded indebtedness limit.

(b) Levy of Special Tax. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2025-26 and so long as any Bonds or Parity Bonds issued under the Indenture are Outstanding, the District has covenanted to levy the Special Tax in an amount sufficient, together with other amounts on deposit in the Special Tax Fund, to pay: (1) the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds when due; (2) the Administrative Expenses; and (3) any amounts required to replenish the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund to the Reserve Requirement, including any amounts to pay costs related to the Reserve Policy, if any. The District further covenants that it will take no actions that would discontinue or cause the discontinuance of the Special Tax levy or the District's authority to levy the Special Tax for so long as the Bonds and any Parity Bonds are Outstanding.

(c) Commence Foreclosure Proceedings. The District covenants for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds that it will: (i) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against parcels with delinquent Special Taxes in excess of \$7,500 by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which such Special Taxes were due; and (ii) commence judicial foreclosure proceedings against all parcels with delinquent Special Taxes by the October 1 following the close of each Fiscal Year in which it receives Special Taxes in an amount which is less than 95% of the total Special Tax levied; and (iii) diligently pursue such foreclosure proceedings until the delinquent Special Taxes are paid; provided that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the District may elect to defer foreclosure proceedings on any parcel so long as the amount in the Reserve Account is at least equal to the Reserve Requirement. The District may, but is not obligated to, advance funds from any source of legally available funds in order to maintain the Reserve Account. The District may treat any delinquent Special Tax sold to an independent third-party or to the City for at least 100% of the delinquent amount as having been paid. Proceeds of any such sale up to 100% of the delinquent amount will be deposited in the Special Tax Fund.

The District covenants that it will deposit the net proceeds of any foreclosure in the Special Tax Fund and will apply such proceeds remaining after the payment of Administrative Expenses to make current payments of principal and interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds, to bring the amount on deposit in the Reserve Account up to the Reserve Requirement and to pay any delinquent installments of principal or interest due on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds.

(d) Payment of Claims. The District will pay and discharge any and all lawful claims for labor, materials or supplies which, if unpaid, might become a lien or charge upon the Net Taxes or other funds in the Special Tax Fund, or which might impair the security of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds then Outstanding; provided, however, that nothing in the Indenture requires the District to make any such payments so long as the District in good faith contests the validity of any such claims.

(e) Books and Accounts. The District will keep proper books of records and accounts, separate from all other records and accounts of the District, in which complete and correct entries are made of all transactions relating to the Project, the levy of the Special Tax and the deposits to the Special Tax Fund. Such books of records and accounts will at all times during business hours be subject to the inspection of the Trustee or of the Owners or the Owners of any issue of Parity Bonds then Outstanding or their representatives authorized in writing.

(f) Federal Tax Covenants. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Indenture, absent an opinion of Bond Counsel that the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes will not be adversely affected for federal income tax purposes, the District covenants to comply with all applicable requirements of the Code necessary to preserve

such exclusion from gross income and specifically covenants, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, as follows:

(1) Private Activity. The District will take no action or refrain from taking any action or make any use of the proceeds of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds or of any other monies or property which would cause the Bonds or any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes to be “private activity bonds” within the meaning of Section 141 of the Code.

(2) Arbitrage. The District will make no use of the proceeds of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds or of any other amounts or property, regardless of the source, or take any action or refrain from taking any action which will cause the Bonds or any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes to be “arbitrage bonds” within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code.

(3) Federal Guaranty. The District will make no use of the proceeds of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds or take or omit to take any action that would cause the Bonds or any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes to be “federally guaranteed” within the meaning of Section 149(b) of the Code.

(4) Information Reporting. The District will take or cause to be taken all necessary action to comply with the informational reporting requirement of Section 149(e) of the Code.

(5) Hedge Bonds. The District will make no use of the proceeds of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds or any other amounts or property, regardless of the source, or take any action or refrain from taking any action that would cause the Bonds or any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis for federal income tax purposes to be considered “hedge bonds” within the meaning of Section 149(g) of the Code unless the District takes all necessary action to assure compliance with the requirements of Section 149(g) of the Code to maintain the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds and any applicable Parity Bonds.

(6) Miscellaneous. The District will take no action or refrain from taking any action inconsistent with its expectations stated in the Tax Certificate executed on the Delivery Date by the District in connection with the Bonds and any issue of Parity Bonds and will comply with the covenants and requirements stated therein and incorporated by reference in the Indenture.

(7) Other Tax-Exempt Issues. The District will not use proceeds of other tax-exempt securities to redeem any Bonds or Parity Bonds without first obtaining the written opinion of Bond Counsel that doing so will not impair the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds and any Parity Bonds issued on a tax-exempt basis.

(8) Subsequent Opinions. If the District obtains a subsequent opinion of Bond Counsel other than Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, where such opinion is required in connection with a change or amendment to the Indenture or the procedures set forth in the Tax Certificate, it will obtain an opinion substantially to the effect originally delivered by Stradling Yocca Carlson & Rauth LLP, that interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

(g) Reduction of Maximum Special Taxes. The District finds and determines that, historically, delinquencies in the payment of special taxes authorized pursuant to the Act in community facilities districts in Southern California have from time to time been at levels requiring the levy of special taxes at the maximum authorized rates in order to make timely payment of principal of and interest on the outstanding indebtedness of such community facilities districts. For this reason, the District determines that a reduction in the maximum Special Tax rates authorized to be levied on parcels in the District below the levels provided in the Indenture would interfere with the timely retirement of the Bonds and Parity Bonds. The District determines it to be necessary in order to preserve the security for the Bonds and Parity Bonds to covenant, and, to the

maximum extent that the law permits it to do so, the District covenants, that it will not initiate proceedings to reduce the maximum Special Tax rates for the District, unless, in connection therewith, the District receives a certificate from one or more Independent Financial Consultants which, when taken together, certify that: (i) such changes do not reduce the maximum Special Taxes that may be levied in each year on property within the District to an amount which is less than the Administrative Expense Cap plus 110% of the Annual Debt Service due in each corresponding future Bond Year with respect to the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as of the date of such proposed reduction; and (ii) the District is not delinquent in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds or any Parity Bonds.

(h) Covenants to Defend. The District covenants that, in the event that any initiative is adopted by the qualified electors in the District which purports to reduce the maximum Special Tax below the levels specified in the Indenture or to limit the power of the District to levy the Special Taxes for the purposes set forth in the Indenture, it will commence and pursue legal action in order to preserve its ability to comply with such covenants.

(i) Limitation on Right to Tender Bonds. The District covenants that it will not adopt any policy pursuant to Section 53344.1 of the Act permitting the tender of Bonds or Parity Bonds in full payment or partial payment of any Special Taxes unless the District has first received a certificate from an Independent Financial Consultant that the acceptance of such a tender will not result in the District having insufficient Net Taxes to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds when due.

(j) Continuing Disclosure. The District covenants to comply with the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate and with the terms of any agreement executed by the District with respect to any Parity Bonds to assist the Underwriter in complying with Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission; provided, however, that a failure to comply will not be considered an event of default under the Indenture and the Owners will be limited to enforcing the terms thereof in accordance with the terms of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate.

(k) Further Assurances. The District will make, execute and deliver any and all such further agreements, instruments and assurances as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out the intention or to facilitate the performance of the Indenture and for the better assuring and confirming unto the Owners of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds of the rights and benefits provided in the Indenture.

AMENDMENTS TO INDENTURE

Supplemental Indentures or Orders Not Requiring Owner Consent. The District may from time to time, and at any time, without notice to or consent of any of the Owners, adopt Supplemental Indentures for any of the following purposes:

(a) to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provisions in the Indenture which may be inconsistent with any other provision therein, or to make any other provision with respect to matters or questions arising under the Indenture or in any additional resolution or order, provided that such action is not materially adverse to the interests of the Owners;

(b) to add to the covenants and agreements of and the limitations and the restrictions upon the District contained in the Indenture other covenants, agreements, limitations and restrictions to be observed by the District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture as theretofore in effect or which further secure Bond or Parity Bond payments;

(c) to provide for the issuance of any Parity Bonds, and to provide the terms and conditions under which such Parity Bonds may be issued, subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture;

(d) to modify, amend or supplement the Indenture in such manner as to permit the qualification thereof under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or any similar federal statute in effect, or to comply with the Code or regulations issued thereunder, and to add such other terms, conditions and provisions as may be permitted by said act or similar federal statute, and which do not materially adversely affect the interests of the Owners of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds then Outstanding;

(e) to modify, alter or amend the RMA in any manner, so long as the Trustee receives a certificate of an Independent Financial Consultant stating that: (i) such changes do not reduce the maximum Special Taxes that may be levied in each year on property within the District to an amount which is less than the Administrative Expense Cap plus 110% of the Annual Debt Service due in each corresponding future Bond Year with respect to the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as of the date of such amendment and (ii) based on the current development plan for parcels within the District, do not reduce the maximum Special Tax which could be levied upon Taxable Property within the District to an amount which is less than the Administrative Expense Cap plus 110% of the Annual Debt Service due in each corresponding future Bond Year with respect to the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as of the date of such amendment;

(f) to modify, alter, amend or supplement the Indenture in any other respect which is not materially adverse to the Owners; or

(g) to modify, alter, amend or supplement the Indenture in any other respect, as may be required to fund all or a portion of the Reserve Requirement with a Reserve Policy.

Supplemental Indentures or Orders Requiring Owner Consent. Exclusive of the Supplemental Indentures described above, the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding have the right to consent to and approve the adoption by the District of such Supplemental Indentures as deemed necessary or desirable by the District for the purpose of waiving, modifying, altering, amending, adding to or rescinding, in any particular, any of the terms or provisions contained in the Indenture; provided, however, that nothing in the Indenture permits, or will be construed as permitting: (a) an extension of the maturity date of the principal, or the payment date of interest on, any Bond or Parity Bond; (b) a reduction in the principal amount of, or redemption premium on, any Bond or Parity Bond or the rate of interest thereon; (c) a preference or priority of any Bond or Parity Bond over any other Bond or Parity Bond; or (d) a reduction in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds the Owners of which are required to consent to such Supplemental Indenture, without the consent of the Owners of all Bonds and Parity Bonds then Outstanding.

If at any time the District desires to adopt a Supplemental Indenture, which pursuant to the terms of the Indenture requires the consent of the Owners, the District will so notify the Trustee and deliver to the Trustee a copy of the proposed Supplemental Indenture. The Trustee will, at the expense of the District, cause notice of the proposed Supplemental Indenture to be mailed, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to all Owners at their addresses as they appear in the Bond Register. Such notice will briefly set forth the nature of the proposed Supplemental Indenture and state that a copy thereof is on file at the office of the Trustee for inspection by all Owners. The failure of any Owners to receive such notice will not affect the validity of such Supplemental Indenture when consented to and approved by the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding as required by the Indenture. Whenever at any time within one year after the date of the first mailing of such notice, the Trustee receives an instrument or instruments purporting to be executed by the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding, which instrument or instruments refer to the proposed Supplemental Indenture described in such notice, and specifically consents to and approves the adoption thereof by the District substantially in the form of the copy referred to in such notice as on file with the Trustee, such proposed Supplemental Indenture, when duly adopted by the District, will thereafter become a part of the proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds and any Parity Bonds. In determining whether the Owners of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds have consented to the adoption of any Supplemental Indenture, Bonds or Parity Bonds which are owned by the District or by any person directly or indirectly

controlling or controlled by or under the direct or indirect common control with the District, will be disregarded and will be treated as though they were not Outstanding for the purpose of any such determination.

Upon the adoption of any Supplemental Indenture and the receipt of consent to any such Supplemental Indenture from the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds in instances where such consent is required pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture, the Indenture will be, and will be deemed to be, modified and amended in accordance therewith, and the respective rights, duties and obligations under the Indenture of the District and all Owners of Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds will thereafter be determined, exercised and enforced thereunder, subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments.

Notation of Bonds or Parity Bonds; Delivery of Amended Bonds or Parity Bonds. After the effective date of any action taken as provided in the amendment provisions of the Indenture, the District may determine that the Bonds or any Parity Bonds may bear a notation, by endorsement in form approved by the District, as to such action, and in that case upon demand of the Owner of any Outstanding Bond or Parity Bond at such effective date and presentation of such Owner's Bond or Parity Bond for the purpose at the office of the Trustee or at such additional offices as the Trustee may select and designate for that purpose, a suitable notation as to such action will be made on such Bonds or Parity Bonds. If the District so determines, new Bonds or Parity Bonds so modified as, in the opinion of the District, are necessary to conform to such action will be prepared and executed, and in that case upon demand of the Owner of any Outstanding Bond or Parity Bond at such effective date such new Bonds or Parity Bonds will be exchanged at the office of the Trustee or at such additional offices as the Trustee may select and designate for that purpose, without cost to each Owner of Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds, upon surrender of such Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds.

The Trustee has the right to require such opinions of counsel as it deems necessary concerning: (i) the lack of material adverse effect of the amendment on Owners; and (ii) the fact that the amendment will not affect the tax status of interest with respect to the Bonds.

TRUSTEE

Trustee. Wilmington Trust, National Association will be the Trustee for the Bonds and any Parity Bonds unless and until another Trustee is appointed by the District under the Indenture. The Trustee has represented that it has (or is a member of a bank holding company system whose bank holding company has) a combined capital (exclusive of borrowed capital) and surplus of at least \$100,000,000. The District may, at any time, appoint a successor Trustee satisfying the requirements of the Indenture for the purpose of receiving all money which the District is required to deposit with the Trustee thereunder and to allocate, use and apply the same as provided in the Indenture.

The Trustee is authorized to and will mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, or wire transfer in accordance with the Indenture, interest payments to the Owners, to select Bonds and Parity Bonds for redemption, and to maintain the Bond Register. The Trustee has been authorized to pay the principal of and premium, if any, on the Bonds and Parity Bonds when the same are duly presented to it for payment at maturity or on call and redemption, to provide for the registration of transfer and exchange of Bonds and Parity Bonds presented to it for such purposes, to provide for the cancellation of Bonds and Parity Bonds all as provided in the Indenture, and to provide for the authentication of Bonds and Parity Bonds, and will perform all other duties assigned to or imposed on it as provided in the Indenture. The Trustee will keep accurate records of all funds administered by it and all Bonds and Parity Bonds paid, discharged and cancelled by it.

The Trustee has been authorized to pay and redeem the Bonds and Parity Bonds when duly presented for payment at maturity, or on redemption prior to maturity. The Trustee will cancel all Bonds and Parity Bonds upon payment thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

The District will from time to time, subject to any agreement between the District and the Trustee then in force, timely pay to the Trustee following demand therefor compensation for its services, reimburse the Trustee for all its advances and expenditures, including, but not limited to, advances to and fees, costs and expenses of independent accountants or counsel employed by it in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties under the Indenture, and indemnify and save the Trustee, its officers, directors, employees and agents, harmless against costs, claims, expenses and liabilities, including, without limitation, fees, costs and expenses of its attorneys (not arising from its own negligence or willful misconduct) which it may incur in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties under the Indenture. The foregoing obligation of the District to indemnify the Trustee will survive the removal or resignation of the Trustee or the discharge of the Bonds and Parity Bonds.

Removal of Trustee. The District may at any time at its sole discretion, upon 30 days' notice, remove the Trustee initially appointed, and any successor thereto, by delivering to the Trustee a written notice of its decision to remove the Trustee and may appoint a successor or successors thereto; provided that any such successor is a bank or trust company having (or whose parent bank holding company has) a combined capital (exclusive of borrowed capital) and surplus of at least \$100,000,000, and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority. Any removal will become effective only upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee. If any bank or trust company appointed as a successor publishes a report of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority above referred to, then for the purposes of the Indenture the combined capital and surplus of such bank or trust company will be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. Any removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor Trustee will become effective only upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee and notice of the successor Trustee's identity and address being sent by the successor Trustee to the Owners.

Resignation of Trustee. The Trustee may at any time resign and be discharged from its duties and obligations under the Indenture by giving written notice to the District. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the District will promptly appoint a successor Trustee satisfying the criteria in the Indenture by an instrument in writing. Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor Trustee will become effective only upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee. If no successor Trustee has been appointed by the District within thirty (30) days of giving such notice or removal or resignation, then the Trustee, or any Owner may petition, at the sole expense of the District, a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee and other appropriate relief, and such court may thereupon, after such notice (if any) as it may deem proper, appoint a successor Trustee under the Indenture.

Liability of Trustee. The recitals of fact and all promises, covenants and agreements contained in the Indenture and in the Bonds and any Parity Bonds will be taken as statements, promises, covenants and agreements of the District, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility or liability for the correctness of the same and makes no representations whatsoever as to the validity or sufficiency of the Indenture, the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, and will incur no responsibility or liability in respect thereof, other than in connection with its express duties or obligations specifically set forth in the Indenture, in the Bonds and any Parity Bonds, or in the certificate of authentication assigned to or imposed upon the Trustee. The Trustee will not have nor be under any responsibility or duty with respect to the issuance of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds for value. The Trustee will not be liable in connection with the performance of its duties under the Indenture, except for its own negligence or willful misconduct. The Trustee will not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it or any of its officers, employees or agents in good faith and believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by the Indenture. The Trustee shall not be liable for any actions taken or omitted to be taken, or any error of judgment made in good faith by a responsible officer, unless it shall be proved that the Trustee was grossly negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts.

The Trustee will be entitled to request and receive written instructions from the District and/or Owners and will have no responsibility or liability for any losses or damages of any nature that may arise from any action taken or not taken by the Trustee in accordance with the written direction of any such party. The Trustee will

not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in accordance with the written direction of the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds at the time Outstanding relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee under the Indenture.

The Trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by the Indenture at the request or direction of an Owner and/or the District pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture, unless such party will have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity (satisfactory to the Trustee in its sole and absolute discretion) against the costs, expenses and liabilities which may be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

Neither the Trustee nor any of its directors, officers, employees, agents or affiliates will be responsible for nor have any duty to monitor the performance of any action of the District or any of its directors, members, officers, agents, affiliates or employees, nor will it have any liability in connection with the malfeasance or nonfeasance by such party. The Trustee may assume performance by all such persons of their respective obligations. The Trustee will have no enforcement or notification obligations relating to breaches of representations or warranties of any other person. The Trustee will be conclusively protected in acting upon any notice, resolution, request, consent, order, judgment, decree, certificate, report, Bond, Parity Bond or other paper or document signed or presented by the proper party or parties as provided under the Indenture, not only as to due execution, validity and effectiveness, but also as to the truth and accuracy of any information contained therein. The Trustee may, at the expense of the District, request, rely on and act in accordance with officer's certificates and/or opinions of counsel, and will incur no liability and will be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting in accordance with such officer's certificates and opinions of counsel.

The Trustee will not be bound to recognize any person as the Owner of a Bond or Parity Bond unless and until such Bond or Parity Bond is submitted for inspection, if required, and his title thereto is satisfactorily established to the Trustee, if disputed.

Whenever in the administration of its express obligations under the Indenture the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or suffering any action thereunder, the Trustee may, at the expense of the District, request, rely on and act in accordance with officer's certificates and/or opinions of counsel (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed), and shall incur no liability and shall be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting in accordance with such officer's certificates and opinions of counsel, but in its discretion the Trustee may but shall not be obligated to accept other evidence of such matter or may require such additional evidence as to it may seem reasonable. It is understood and agreed that no such act shall broaden or imply the Trustee's acceptance of a broadening of the scope of the Trustee's duties and obligations under the Indenture unless the Trustee shall provide written acceptance thereof.

The Trustee has no duty or obligation whatsoever to enforce the collection of Special Taxes or other funds to be deposited with it under the Indenture, or as to the correctness of any amounts received, but its liability is limited to the proper accounting for such funds as it actually receives. No provision in the Indenture requires the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of any of its duties under the Indenture, or in the exercise of its rights or powers.

The Trustee will not be deemed to have knowledge of any default or event of default under the Indenture until an officer at the Trustee's corporate trust office responsible for the administration of its duties under the Indenture has actual knowledge thereof or the Trustee has received written notice thereof at its corporate trust office.

The Trustee has no responsibility with respect to any information, statement, or recital in any official statement, offering memorandum or any other disclosure material prepared or distributed with respect to the Bonds and any Parity Bonds.

Before taking any action under the Indenture, the Trustee may require that indemnity and security satisfactory to the Trustee in its sole and exclusive discretion be furnished to it for and from any expenses and liabilities and to protect it against any liability it may incur thereunder, each case, in the absence of its own negligence or willful misconduct.

The immunities extended to the Trustee also extend to its directors, officers, employees and agents (including its counsel).

The Trustee is not liable for any action taken or not taken by it in accordance with the direction of the Owners of 25% (or other percentage provided for in the Indenture) in aggregate principal amount of Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding relating to the exercise of any right, power or remedy available to the Trustee. In the event of conflicting instructions under the Indenture, the Trustee has the right to decide the appropriate course of action and will be protected in so doing.

The permissive right of the Trustee to do things enumerated in the Indenture will not be construed as a duty or in any way expand or impliedly expand the scope of the Trustee's duties thereunder, and, with respect to such permissive rights, the Trustee will not be answerable for other than its negligence or willful misconduct.

The Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers of the Indenture and perform any of its duties through attorneys, agents and receivers and will not be answerable for the conduct of the same if appointed by it with reasonable care. The Trustee shall be entitled to rely on and shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Trustee in accordance with the advice of counsel or other professionals retained or consulted by the Trustee.

The Trustee may become the Owner or pledgee of the Bonds and Parity Bonds with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee.

The Trustee will perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in the Indenture and no implied duties or obligations will be read into the Indenture against the Trustee. These duties will be deemed purely ministerial in nature, and the Trustee will not be liable except for the performance of such duties.

If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee will exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by the Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person.

The District will, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify and save the Trustee and its officers, directors, agents, and employees harmless from and against (whether or not litigated) all claims, losses, costs, expenses, liability and damages, including legal fees and expenses, arising out of: (i) the use, maintenance, condition or management of, or from any work or thing done on, the Project; (ii) any breach or default on the part of the District in the performance of any of its obligations under the Indenture and any other agreement made and entered into for purposes of the Bonds and Parity Bonds; (iii) any act of the City, the District or of any of its agents, contractors, servants, employees or licensees with respect to the Project; (iv) any act of any assignee of, or purchaser from, the City, the District or of any of its or their agents, contractors, servants, employees or licensees with respect to the Project; (v) the construction or acquisition of the Project or the expenditure of Project Costs; (vi) the exercise and performance by the Trustee of its powers and duties under the Indenture or any related document; (vii) the sale of the Bonds and Parity Bonds and the carrying out of any of the transactions contemplated by the Bonds and Parity Bonds or the Indenture; or (viii) any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made in light of the circumstances in which they were made, not misleading in any official statement or other disclosure document utilized in connection with the sale or marketing of the Bonds and Parity Bonds. The foregoing indemnification extends to the Trustee's officers, agents, employees, successors and assigns. No indemnification will be made under the Indenture or other agreements for willful misconduct or negligence by the Trustee, its officers, agents, employees, successors or assigns. The District's indemnification obligations

under the Indenture will remain valid and binding notwithstanding maturity and payment of the Bonds and Parity Bonds, or the resignation or removal of the Trustee.

In accepting the trust created by the Indenture, the Trustee acts solely as Trustee for the Owners and not in its individual capacity, and all persons, including, without limitation, the Owners, the District and the City, having any claim against the Trustee arising from the Indenture will look only to the funds and accounts held by the Trustee thereunder for payment, except as otherwise provided therein. Under no circumstances will the Trustee be liable in its individual capacity for the obligations evidenced by the Bonds and any Parity Bonds.

THE TRUSTEE MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE VALUE, DESIGN, CONDITION, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR FITNESS FOR THE USE CONTEMPLATED BY THE DISTRICT OF THE PROJECT, OR ANY PORTION THEREOF. In no event will the Trustee be liable for incidental, indirect, punitive, special or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including but not limited to loss of profit), in connection with or arising out of the Project or the Indenture for the existence, furnishing, functioning or use and possession of the Project, irrespective of whether the Trustee has been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action.

The Trustee shall not be liable to the parties hereto or deemed in breach or default under the Indenture if and to the extent its performance thereunder is prevented by reason of force majeure. The term “force majeure” means an occurrence that is beyond the control of the Trustee and could not have been avoided by exercising due care. Force majeure shall include, but not limited to, any act or provision of any present or future law or regulation or governmental authority; acts of God; earthquakes; fires; floods; wars; terrorism; civil or military disturbances; sabotage; epidemics; quarantine restrictions; riots; interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, computer (hardware or software) or communications service; accidents; labor disputes; acts of civil or military authority or governmental actions; or the unavailability of the Federal Reserve Bank wire or telex or other wire or communication facility, or other similar occurrences.

The Trustee shall be entitled to request and receive written instructions from the District or other parties and shall have no responsibility or liability for any losses or damages of any nature that may arise from any action taken or not taken by the Trustee in accordance with the written direction of the District or such other parties. The Trustee will have the right to accept and act upon directions given pursuant to the Indenture and delivered using electronic notice; provided, however, that the District will provide to the Trustee an incumbency certificate listing each Authorized Representative of the District with the authority to provide such directions and containing specimen signatures of such authorized officers, which incumbency certificate will be amended whenever a person is to be added or deleted from the listing. If the District elects to give the Trustee directions using electronic notice and the Trustee in its discretion elects to act upon such directions, the Trustee’s understanding of such directions will be deemed controlling. The District understands and agrees that the Trustee cannot determine the identity of the actual sender of such directions and that the Trustee will conclusively presume that directions that purport to have been sent by an authorized officer listed on the incumbency certificate provided to the Trustee have been sent by such Authorized Representative of the District. The District will be responsible for ensuring that only an Authorized Representative of the District will transmit such directions to the Trustee and that each Authorized Representative of the District treats applicable user and authorization codes, passwords and/or authentication keys with extreme care. The Trustee will not be liable for any losses, costs or expenses arising directly or indirectly from the Trustee’s reliance upon and a compliance with such directions, notwithstanding such directions conflict or are inconsistent with a subsequent written direction. The District agrees (i) to assume all risks arising out of the use of electronic notice to submit directions to the Trustee, including, without limitation, the risk of the Trustee acting on unauthorized directions, and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties; (ii) that it is fully informed of the protections and risks associated with the various methods of transmitting directions to the Trustee and that there may be more secure methods of transmitting directions than the method(s) selected by the District; and (iii) that the security procedures (if any) to be followed in connection with its transmission of directions provide to it a commercially reasonable degree of protection in light of its particular needs and circumstances.

Merger or Consolidation. Any company into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated or any company resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which it is a party or any company to which the Trustee may sell or transfer all or substantially all of its corporate trust business, will be the successor to the Trustee without the execution or filing of any paper or further act, anything in the Indenture to the contrary notwithstanding.

EVENTS OF DEFAULT; REMEDIES

Events of Default. Any one or more of the following events constitute an “Event of Default”: (a) default in the due and punctual payment of the principal of or redemption premium, if any, on any Bond or Parity Bond when and as the same become due and payable, whether at maturity as therein expressed, by declaration or otherwise; (b) default in the due and punctual payment of the interest on any Bond or Parity Bond when and as the same become due and payable; or (c) except as described in clauses (a) or (b), default by the District in the observance of any of the agreements, conditions or covenants on its part contained in the Indenture, the Bonds or any Parity Bonds, which default continues for a period of 30 days after the District has been given notice in writing of such default by the Trustee or the Owners of twenty-five percent (25%) in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds.

The Trustee has agreed to give notice to the Owners as soon as practicable upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under clause (a) or (b) above and within 30 days of the Trustee’s actual knowledge of an Event of Default under clause (c) above.

Remedies of Owners. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, any Owner may pursue any available remedy at law or in equity to enforce the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, and to enforce any rights of the Trustee under or with respect to the Indenture, including: (a) by mandamus or other suit or proceeding at law or in equity to enforce his rights against the District and any of the members, officers and employees of the District, and to compel the District or any such members, officers or employees to perform and carry out their duties under the Act and their agreements with the Owners as provided in the Indenture; (b) by suit in equity to enjoin any actions or things which are unlawful or violate the rights of the Owners; or (c) by a suit in equity to require the District and its members, officers and employees to account as the trustee of an express trust.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing and if requested and directed so to do by the Owners of at least twenty-five percent (25%) in aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds and if indemnified to its satisfaction, the Trustee will be obligated to exercise such one or more of the rights and powers conferred by the Indenture, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, deems most expedient in the interests of the Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds.

No remedy conferred upon or reserved to the Owners in the Indenture is intended to be exclusive of any other remedy. Every such remedy will be cumulative and in addition to every other remedy given under the Indenture or now or later existing, at law or in equity or by statute or otherwise, and may be exercised without exhausting and without regard to any other remedy conferred by the Act or any other law.

Application of Revenues and Other Funds After Default. All amounts received by the Trustee pursuant to any right given or action taken by the Owners under the provisions of the Indenture relating to the Bonds and Parity Bonds will be applied by the Trustee in the following order upon presentation of the several Bonds and Parity Bonds: First, to the payment of the costs, fees and expenses of the Trustee in declaring such Event of Default and in performing its duties and obligations under the Indenture, including reasonable compensation to its agents, attorneys and counsel; Second, to the payment of the fees, costs and expenses of the Owners in declaring such Event of Default and in carrying out the provisions of the Indenture, including reasonable compensation to its agents, attorneys and counsel, and to the payment of all other outstanding fees and expenses of the Trustee; and Third, to the payment of the whole amount of interest on and principal of the Bonds and Parity Bonds then due and unpaid, with interest on overdue installments of principal and interest to the extent

permitted by law at the net effective rate of interest then borne by the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds; provided, however, that in the event that such amounts are insufficient to pay the full amount of such interest and principal, then such amounts will be applied in the following order of priority: (a) first to the payment of all installments of interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds then due and unpaid on a pro rata basis based on the total amount then due and owing; (b) second, to the payment of all installments of principal, including Sinking Fund Payments, of the Bonds and Parity Bonds then due and unpaid on a pro rata basis based on the total amount then due and owing; and (c) third, to the payment of interest on overdue installments of principal and interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds on a pro rata basis based on the total amount then due and owing.

Power of Trustee to Control Proceedings. In the event that the Trustee, upon the happening of an Event of Default, has taken any action, by judicial proceedings or otherwise, pursuant to its obligations under the Indenture, whether upon its own discretion or upon the request of the Owners of twenty-five percent (25%) in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and Parity Bonds then Outstanding, it will have full power, in the exercise of its discretion for the best interests of the Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds, with respect to the continuance, discontinuance, withdrawal, compromise, settlement or other disposal of such action; provided, however, that the Trustee will not, unless there no longer continues an Event of Default, discontinue, withdraw, compromise or settle, or otherwise dispose of any litigation pending at law or in equity, if at the time there has been filed with it a written request signed by the Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds under the Indenture opposing such discontinuance, withdrawal, compromise, settlement or other such litigation. Any suit, action or proceeding which any Owner of Bonds or Parity Bonds have the right to bring to enforce any right or remedy under the Indenture may be brought by the Trustee for the equal benefit and protection of all Owners of Bonds and Parity Bonds similarly situated and the Trustee is appointed (and the successive respective Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds issued thereunder, by taking and holding the same, will be conclusively deemed so to have appointed it) the true and lawful attorney in fact of the respective Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds for the purposes of bringing any such suit, action or proceeding and to do and perform any and all acts and things for and on behalf of the respective Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds as a class or classes, as may be necessary or advisable in the opinion of the Trustee as such attorney-in-fact.

Appointment of Receivers. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture, and upon the filing of a suit or other commencement of judicial proceedings to enforce the rights and of the Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds under the Indenture, the Trustee will be entitled, as a matter of right to which the District expressly agrees, to the appointment of a receiver or receivers of the Net Taxes and other amounts pledged under the Indenture, pending such proceedings, with such powers as the court making such appointment confers.

Non-Waiver. Nothing in the Indenture, or in the Bonds or the Parity Bonds, affects or impairs the obligation of the District, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay the interest on and principal of the Bonds and Parity Bonds to the respective Owners of the Bonds and Parity Bonds at the respective dates of maturity, as provided in the Indenture, or to pay the Trustee its fees and expenses as provided therein, out of the Net Taxes and other moneys therein pledged for such payment.

A waiver of any default or breach of duty or contract by the Trustee or any Owners will not affect any subsequent default or breach of duty or contract, or impair any rights or remedies on any such subsequent default or breach. No delay or omission of the Trustee or any Owner of any of the Bonds or Parity Bonds to exercise any right or power accruing upon any default will impair any such right or power or be construed to be a waiver of any such default or an acquiescence therein; and every power and remedy conferred upon the Trustee or the Owners by the Act or by the Indenture may be enforced and exercised from time to time and as often as deemed expedient by the Trustee or the Owners, as the case may be.

Limitations on Rights and Remedies of Owners. No Owner of any Bond or Parity Bond issued under the Indenture has the right to institute any suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, for any remedy under or upon the Indenture, unless: (a) such Owner has previously given to the Trustee written notice of the occurrence of an Event of Default; (b) the Owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of all the Bonds and Parity

Bonds then Outstanding have made written request upon the Trustee to exercise the powers granted in the Indenture or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its own name; (c) said Owners have tendered to the Trustee indemnity and security reasonably acceptable to the Trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request; and (d) the Trustee has refused or omitted to comply with such request for a period of sixty (60) days after such written request has been received by, and said tender of indemnity and security has been made to, the Trustee.

Such notification, request, tender of indemnity and security and refusal or omission are declared, in every case, to be conditions precedent to the exercise by any Owner of Bonds and Parity Bonds of any remedy under the Indenture; it being understood and intended that no one or more Owners of Bonds and Parity Bonds have any right in any manner whatever by his or their action to enforce any right under the Indenture, except in the manner provided therein, and that all proceedings at law or in equity to enforce any provision of the Indenture will be instituted, had and maintained in the manner provided therein and for the equal benefit of all Owners of the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds.

The right of any Owner of any Bond and Parity Bond to receive payment of the principal of and interest and premium (if any) on such Bond and Parity Bond as provided in the Indenture or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment, will not be impaired or affected without the written consent of such Owner, notwithstanding any other provision of the Indenture.

Termination of Proceedings. In case any Owner has proceeded to enforce any right under the Indenture by the appointment of a receiver or otherwise, and such proceedings have been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, or have been determined adversely, then and in every such case, the District, the Trustee and the Owners will be restored to their former positions and rights under the Indenture, respectively, with regard to the property subject to the Indenture, and all rights, remedies and powers of the Owners will continue as if no such proceedings had been taken.

DEFEASANCE AND PARITY BONDS

Defeasance. If the District pays or causes to be paid, or there is otherwise paid, to the Owner of an Outstanding Bond or Parity Bond the interest due thereon and the principal thereof, at the times and in the manner stipulated in the Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture, then the Owner of such Bond or Parity Bond will cease to be entitled to the pledge of Net Taxes, and, other than as set forth below, all covenants, agreements and other obligations of the District to the Owner of such Bond or Parity Bond under the Indenture and any Supplemental Indenture relating to such Parity Bond will thereupon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied. In the event of a defeasance of all Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds pursuant to the Indenture, the Trustee will execute and deliver to the District all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction, and the Trustee will pay over or deliver to the District's general fund all money or securities held by it pursuant to the Indenture which are not required for the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest due on such Bonds and Parity Bonds.

Any Outstanding Bond or Parity Bond will be deemed to have been paid within the meaning expressed above if such Bond or Parity Bond is paid in any one or more of the following ways: (a) by paying or causing to be paid the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Bond or Parity Bond, as and when the same become due and payable; (b) by depositing with the Trustee, in trust, at or before maturity, money which, together with the amounts then on deposit in the Special Tax Fund and available for such purpose, is fully sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Bond or Parity Bond, as and when the same become due and payable; or (c) by depositing with the Trustee or another escrow bank appointed by the District, in trust, federal securities described in clause (1) of the definition of Authorized Investments, in which the District may lawfully invest its money, in such amount as will be sufficient, together with the interest to accrue thereon and moneys then on deposit in the Special Tax Fund and available for such purpose, together with the interest to accrue thereon, to pay and discharge the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on such Bond or Parity Bond, as and when the same become due and payable.

If paid as provided above, then, at the election of the District, and notwithstanding that any Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds have not been surrendered for payment, all obligations of the District under the Indenture and any Supplemental Indenture with respect to such Bond or Parity Bond will cease and terminate, except for the obligation of the Trustee to pay or cause to be paid to the Owners of any such Bond or Parity Bond not so surrendered and paid all sums due thereon, and except for the tax covenants of the District contained in the Indenture or any covenants in a Supplemental Indenture relating to compliance with the Code. Notice of such election will be filed with the Trustee not less than ten days prior to the proposed defeasance date, or such shorter period of time as may be acceptable to the Trustee. In connection with a defeasance under clause (c) above, there will be provided to the District a verification report from an independent nationally recognized certified public accountant stating its opinion as to the sufficiency of the moneys or securities deposited with the Trustee or the escrow bank to pay and discharge the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on all Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds to be defeased in accordance with the Indenture, as and when the same become due and payable, and an opinion of Bond Counsel (which may rely upon the opinion of the certified public accountant) to the effect that the Bonds or Parity Bonds being defeased have been legally defeased in accordance with the Indenture and any applicable Supplemental Indenture.

Upon a defeasance, the Trustee, upon request of the District, will release the rights of the Owners of such Bonds and Parity Bonds which have been defeased under the Indenture and any Supplemental Indenture and execute and deliver to the District all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such release, discharge and satisfaction. In the case of a defeasance under the Indenture of all Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds, the Trustee will pay over or deliver to the District any funds held by the Trustee at the time of a defeasance, which are not required for the purpose of paying and discharging the principal of or interest on the Bonds and Parity Bonds when due. The Trustee will, at the written direction of the District, mail, first class, postage prepaid, a notice to the Owners whose Bonds or Parity Bonds have been defeased, in the form directed by the District, stating that the defeasance has occurred.

Conditions for the Issuance of Parity Bonds and Other Additional Indebtedness. The District may at any time after the issuance and delivery of the Bonds under the Indenture issue Parity Bonds payable from the Net Taxes and other amounts deposited in the Special Tax Fund and secured by a lien and charge upon such amounts equal to the lien and charge securing the Outstanding Bonds and any other Parity Bonds theretofore issued under the Indenture or under any Supplemental Indenture; provided, however, that Parity Bonds may be issued only for the purpose of refunding all or a portion of the Bonds or Parity Bonds then Outstanding subject to the following specific conditions, which have been made conditions precedent to the issuance of any such Parity Bonds by the Indenture:

(a) The District is in compliance with all covenants set forth in the Indenture and any Supplemental Indenture then in effect and a certificate of the District to that effect have been filed with the Trustee; provided, however, that Parity Bonds may be issued notwithstanding that the District is not in compliance with all such covenants so long as immediately following the issuance of such Parity Bonds the District will be in compliance with all such covenants.

(b) The issuance of such Parity Bonds has been duly authorized pursuant to the Act and all applicable laws, and the issuance of such Parity Bonds has been provided for by a Supplemental Indenture duly adopted by the District which specifies the following: (1) the purpose for which such Parity Bonds are to be issued and the fund or funds into which the proceeds thereof are to be deposited; (2) the authorized principal amount of such Parity Bonds; (3) the date and the maturity date or dates of such Parity Bonds; provided that: (i) each maturity date falls on a September 1; (ii) all such Parity Bonds of like maturity are identical in all respects, except as to number; (iii) fixed serial maturities or Sinking Fund Payments, or any combination thereof, are established to provide for the retirement of all such Parity Bonds on or before their respective maturity dates; and (iv) the maturity of such Parity Bonds to be issued does not exceed the maturity of the Bonds being refunded; (4) the description of the Parity Bonds, the place of payment thereof and the procedure for execution and authentication; (5) the denominations and method of numbering of such Parity Bonds; (6) the amount and due date of each mandatory Sinking Fund Payment, if any, for such Parity Bonds; (7) the amount, if any, to be

deposited from the proceeds of such Parity Bonds in the Reserve Account of the Special Tax Fund to increase the amount therein to the Reserve Requirement; (8) the form of such Parity Bonds; and (9) such other provisions as are necessary or appropriate and not inconsistent with the Indenture.

(c) The District has received the following documents or money or securities, all of such documents dated or certified, as the case may be, as of the date of delivery of such Parity Bonds by the Trustee (unless the Trustee is directed by the District to accept any of such documents bearing a prior date): (1) a certified copy of the resolution of the City Council, acting as the legislative body of the District, authorizing the issuance of such Parity Bonds; (2) a written request of the District as to the delivery of such Parity Bonds; (3) an opinion of Bond Counsel and/or general counsel to the District to the effect that: (i) the District has the right and power under the Act to execute and deliver the Supplemental Indenture relating to such Parity Bonds, such Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully executed by the District, and the Indenture and such Supplemental Indenture are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the District and enforceable in accordance with their terms (except as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization and other similar laws relating to the enforcement of creditors' rights); (ii) the Indenture creates the valid pledge which it purports to create of the Net Taxes and other amounts as provided in the Indenture, subject to the application thereof to the purposes and on the conditions permitted by the Indenture; and (iii) such Parity Bonds are valid and binding limited obligations of the District, enforceable in accordance with their terms (except as enforcement may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization and other similar laws relating to the enforcement of creditors' rights) and the terms of the Indenture and the Supplemental Indenture executed and delivered in connection with such Parity Bonds and are entitled to the benefits of the Indenture and such Supplemental Indenture, and such Parity Bonds have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the Act (or other applicable laws) and the Indenture and such Supplemental Indenture; (4) a certificate of the District containing such statements as may be reasonably necessary to show compliance with the foregoing requirements of the Indenture; (5) a certificate of an Independent Financial Consultant certifying that in each Bond Year the Annual Debt Service on the Bonds and Parity Bonds to remain Outstanding following the issuance of the Parity Bonds proposed to be issued is less than the Annual Debt Service on the Bonds and Parity Bonds Outstanding prior to the issuance of such Parity Bonds; and (6) such further documents, money and securities as are required by the provisions of the Indenture and the Supplemental Indenture providing for the issuance of such Parity Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS

Cancellation of Bonds and Parity Bonds. All Bonds and Parity Bonds surrendered to the Trustee for payment upon maturity or for redemption will be upon payment therefor, and any Bond or Parity Bond purchased by the District as authorized in the Indenture and delivered to the Trustee for such purpose will be, cancelled forthwith and will not be reissued. The Trustee will destroy such Bonds and Parity Bonds, as provided by law, and, upon request of the District, furnish to the District a certificate of such destruction.

Execution of Documents and Proof of Ownership. Any request, direction, consent, revocation of consent, or other instrument in writing required or permitted by the Indenture to be signed or executed by Owners may be in any number of concurrent instruments of similar tenor and may be signed or executed by such Owners in person or by their attorneys appointed by an instrument in writing for that purpose, or by the bank, trust company or other depository for such Bonds. Proof of the execution of any such instrument, or of any instrument appointing any such attorney, and of the ownership of Bonds or Parity Bonds will be sufficient for the purposes of the Indenture (except as otherwise therein provided), if made in the following manner:

(a) The fact and date of the execution by any Owner or his or her attorney of any such instrument, and of any instrument appointing any such attorney, may be proved by a signature guarantee of any bank or trust company located within the United States of America. Where any such instrument is executed by an officer of a corporation or association or a member of a partnership on behalf of such corporation, association or partnership, such signature guarantee will also constitute sufficient proof of his authority.

(b) As to any Bond or Parity Bond, the person in whose name the same is registered in the Bond Register will be deemed and regarded as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes, and payment of or on account of the principal of any such Bond or Parity Bond, and the interest thereon, will be made only to or upon the order of the registered Owner thereof or his or her legal representative. All such payments will be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond or Parity Bond and the interest thereon to the extent of the sum or sums to be paid. Neither the District nor the Trustee will be affected by any notice to the contrary.

Nothing contained in the Indenture will be construed as limiting the Trustee or the District to such proof, it being intended that the Trustee or the District may accept any other evidence of the matters therein stated which the Trustee or the District may deem sufficient. Any request or consent of the Owner of any Bond or Parity Bond will bind every future Owner of the same Bond or Parity Bond in respect of anything done or suffered to be done by the Trustee or the District in pursuance of such request or consent.

Unclaimed Moneys. Anything in the Indenture to the contrary notwithstanding, any money held by the Trustee in trust for the payment and discharge of any of the Outstanding Bonds and Parity Bonds which remain unclaimed for two years after the date when such Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds have become due and payable, if such money was held by the Trustee at such date, or for two years after the date of deposit of such money if deposited with the Trustee after the date when such Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds become due and payable, will be repaid by the Trustee to the District, as its absolute property and free from trust, and the Trustee will thereupon be released and discharged with respect thereto and the Owners will look only to the District for the payment of such Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds; provided, however, that, before being required to make any such payment to the District, the Trustee, at the expense of the District, will cause to be mailed by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the registered Owners of such Outstanding Bonds or Parity Bonds at their addresses as they appear on the registration books of the Trustee a notice that said money remains unclaimed and that, after a date named in said notice, which date will not be less than 30 days after the date of the mailing of such notice, the balance of such money then unclaimed will be returned to the District.

Provisions Constitute Contract; Governing Law. The provisions of the Indenture constitute a contract between the District and the Owners and the provisions thereof will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

In case any suit, action or proceeding to enforce any right or exercise any remedy will be brought or taken and, should said suit, action or proceeding be abandoned, or be determined adversely to the Owners or the Trustee, then the District, the Trustee and the Owners will be restored to their former positions, rights and remedies as if such suit, action or proceeding had not been brought or taken. After the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, the Indenture will be irrevocable, but will be subject to modifications to the extent and in the manner provided in the Indenture, but to no greater extent and in no other manner.

Future Contracts. Nothing contained in the Indenture will be deemed to restrict or prohibit the District from making contracts or creating bonded or other indebtedness payable from a pledge of the Net Taxes which is subordinate to the pledge thereunder, or which is payable from the general fund of the District or from taxes or any source other than the Net Taxes and other amounts pledged thereunder.

Further Assurances. The District will adopt, make, execute and deliver any and all such further resolutions, instruments and assurances as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out the intention or to facilitate the performance of the Indenture, and for the better assuring and confirming unto the Owners of the Bonds or any Parity Bonds the rights and benefits provided in the Indenture.

Entire Agreement; Severability. The Indenture and the exhibits thereto set forth the entire agreement and understanding if the parties related to the transaction and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, oral or written. If any covenant, agreement or provision, or any portion thereof, contained in the Indenture, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held to be unconstitutional, invalid or unenforceable,

the remainder of the Indenture and the application of any such covenant, agreement or provision, or portion thereof, to other persons or circumstances, will be deemed severable and will not be affected thereby, and the Indenture, the Bonds and any Parity Bonds issued pursuant thereto will remain valid and the Owners will retain all valid rights and benefits accorded to them under the laws of the State of California.

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX F

FORM OF DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

THIS CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE (this “Disclosure Certificate”), dated as of April 1, 2025, is executed and delivered by Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar (the “District”) in connection with the issuance of the Community Facilities District No. 2022-2 (Horizon Place) of the City of Wildomar Special Tax Bonds, Series 2025 (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to a resolution adopted by the City Council of the City of Wildomar, acting as the legislative body of the District on March 12, 2025 and a Bond Indenture by and between the District and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as Trustee, dated as of April 1, 2025 (the “Indenture”).

The District covenants as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered, for the benefit of the Owners and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with the Rule.

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Indenture and the Rate and Method of Apportionment, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report provided by the District pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person who (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bond (including a person holding Bond through a nominee, depository or other intermediary), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Bond for federal income purposes.

“City” shall mean the City of Wildomar, County of Riverside, California.

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean the Administrative Services Director of the City, or such other officer or employee as the District shall designate in writing to the Dissemination Agent from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean, initially, Spicer Consulting Group, LLC, or any successor Dissemination Agent designed in writing by the District.

“EMMA” shall mean the Electronic Municipal Market Access System of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, which can be found at www.emma.msrb.org, or any other repository of disclosure information that may be designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission in the future.

“Financial Obligation” means a (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of (i) or (ii). The term Financial Obligation shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“Listed Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5 of this Disclosure Certificate.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board or any other entity designated or authorized by the Securities and Exchange Commission to receive reports pursuant to the Rule. Until otherwise designated by the MSRB or the Securities and Exchange Commission, filings with the MSRB are to be made

through the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) website of the MSRB, currently located at <http://emma.msrb.org>.

“Official Statement” shall mean the District’s official statement with respect to the Bonds.

“Participating Underwriter” shall mean Raymond James & Associates, Inc.

“Rate and Method of Apportionment” means that certain Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax approved pursuant to the Resolution of Formation.

“Resolution of Formation” means the resolutions adopted by the City Council pursuant to which the City Council formed the District.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) Not later than March 31 of each year commencing March 31, 2026, the District shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, provide to EMMA and the Participating Underwriter an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. If the Dissemination Agent is other than the District, then not later than 15 business days prior to the date referred to in the prior sentence hereof, the District shall provide the Annual Report (in a form suitable for filing with EMMA) to the Dissemination Agent. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided that the audited financial statements of the District may be submitted separately from and later than the balance of the Annual Report, if any, if they are not available by the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report.

(b) In the event that the Dissemination Agent is an entity other than the District, then the provisions of this Section 3(b) shall apply. Not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the date specified in subsection (a) for providing the Annual Report, the District shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent. If by fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the due date for an Annual Report the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report, the Dissemination Agent shall contact the District to determine if the District will be filing the Annual Report in compliance with subsection (a). The District shall provide a written certification with each Annual Report furnished to the Dissemination Agent to the effect that such Annual Report constitutes the Annual Report required to be furnished by it hereunder. The Dissemination Agent may conclusively rely upon such certification of the District and shall have no duty or obligation to review such Annual Report.

(c) If the Dissemination Agent is other than the District and if the Dissemination Agent is unable to verify that an Annual Report has been provided to EMMA by the date required in subsection (a), the Dissemination Agent shall send a notice in a timely manner to EMMA, in the form required by EMMA. If the District acts as its own Dissemination Agent, it shall file a notice with EMMA no later than the date specified in subsection (a) for filing an Annual Report if the District fails to file the Annual Report by that date.

(d) If the Dissemination Agent is other than the District, the Dissemination Agent shall:

(i) determine each year prior to the date for providing the Annual Report the name and address of the repository if other than the MSRB through EMMA; and

(ii) promptly after receipt of the Annual Report, file a report with the District certifying that the Annual Report has been provided to EMMA and the date it was provided.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Certificate, all filings shall be made in accordance with the MSRB's EMMA system or in another manner approved under the Rule.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. The District's Annual Reports shall contain or include by reference:

(a) Financial Statements. The audited financial statements of the District, if any, for the prior fiscal year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated to apply to governmental entities from time to time by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If the District's audited financial statements, if any are prepared, are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3, the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements, and the audited financial statements shall be filed in the same manner as the Annual Report when they come available.

(b) Financial and Operating Data. The District's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the following:

(i) the principal amount of Bonds outstanding as of the September 2 preceding the filing of the Annual Report;

(ii) the balance in each fund under the Indenture as of the September 2 preceding the filing of the Annual Report;

(iii) the aggregate assessed valuation of the Taxable Property within the District;

(iv) any changes to the Rate and Method of Apportionment of the Special Tax approved or submitted to the qualified electors for approval prior to the filing of the Annual Report;

(v) a table setting forth the annual Special Tax delinquency rate within the District at June 30 for each fiscal year on which a delinquency exists, listing for each fiscal year the total Special Tax levy, the amount delinquent and the percent delinquent;

(vi) the status of any foreclosure actions being pursued by the District with respect to delinquent Special Taxes within the District; and

(vii) an update of the value-to-lien of the property within the District based on the assessed value and the Special Tax levy for then current fiscal year, which update may be provided in a form similar to Table 2 in the Official Statement; provided that such update need not include overlapping special tax, assessment or general obligation indebtedness.

(c) Any or all of the items listed in (a) or (b) above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the District or related public entities, which have been submitted to EMMA or the Securities and Exchange Commission. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB through EMMA. The District shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the District shall give, or cause the Dissemination Agent to give, notice to EMMA in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds:

1. principal and interest payment delinquencies;

2. unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
3. unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
4. substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
5. adverse tax opinions or the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB);
6. defeasances;
7. tender offers;
8. bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar proceedings of the obligated person;
9. ratings changes; and
10. default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

(b) Additionally, the District shall give or cause the Dissemination Agent to give notice to EMMA in a timely manner not in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material:

1. unless described in paragraph 5(a)(5), notices or determinations by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the tax status of the Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
2. merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the obligated person, or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms;
2. appointment of a successor or additional fiscal agent or the change of the name of a fiscal agent;
3. nonpayment related defaults;
4. modifications to the rights of Bondholders;
5. bond calls;
6. release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds; and
7. incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders.

(c) In the event that the District's fiscal year changes, the District shall report or shall instruct the Dissemination Agent to report such change in the same manner and to the same parties as Listed Events would be reported pursuant to Section 5(a).

(d) The District hereby agrees that the undertaking set forth in this Disclosure Certificate is the responsibility of the District, and the Dissemination Agent, if other than the District, shall not be responsible for determining whether the District's instructions to the Dissemination Agent under this Section comply with the requirements of the Rule.

(e) For purposes of this Disclosure Certificate, any event described in paragraph 5(a)(8) above is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent, or similar officer for the District in a proceeding under the United States Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the District.

SECTION 6. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The obligations of the District and the Dissemination Agent under this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the District shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5.

SECTION 7. Dissemination Agent. The District may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under the Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be Spicer Consulting Group, LLC. The Dissemination Agent may resign by providing (i) thirty days written notice to the District, and (ii) upon appointment of a new Dissemination Agent hereunder.

SECTION 8. Amendment.

(a) This Disclosure Certificate may be amended, by written agreement of the parties, without the consent of the Owners, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, if all of the following conditions are satisfied: (1) such amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal (including regulatory) requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature or status of the District or the type of business conducted thereby, (2) the undertakings in this Disclosure Certificate as so amended or waived would, in the opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule as of the date of this Disclosure Certificate, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances, and (3) the amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by the Owners of the Bonds in the same manner as provided in the Indenture for amendments to the Indenture with the consent of Owners or (ii) does not, in the determination of the District, materially impair the interests of the Owners or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

(b) To the extent any amendment to this Disclosure Certificate results in a change in the type of financial information or operating data provided pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate, the first Annual Report provided thereafter shall include a narrative explanation of the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating data or financial information being provided.

(c) If an amendment is made to the basis on which financial statements are prepared, the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made shall present a comparison between the financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles. Such comparison shall include a quantitative and, to the extent reasonably feasible, qualitative discussion of the differences in the accounting principles and the impact of the change in the accounting principles on the presentation of the financial information.

SECTION 9. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the District from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the District chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the District shall have no obligation under this Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

SECTION 10. Default. In the event of a failure of the District or the Dissemination Agent to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate, any Owner or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the District and/or the Dissemination Agent to comply with their respective obligations under this Disclosure Certificate. A default under this Disclosure Certificate shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Indenture, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the District or the Dissemination Agent to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 11. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Dissemination Agent. Where an entity other than the District is acting as the Dissemination Agent, the Dissemination Agent shall have only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Disclosure Certificate, and the District agrees to indemnify and save the Dissemination Agent and its officers, directors, employees and agents, harmless against any loss, expense and liabilities which they may incur arising out of or in the exercise or performance of their powers and duties hereunder, including the costs and expenses (including attorney's fees) of defending against any claim of liability, but excluding liabilities due to the Dissemination Agent's negligence or willful misconduct. Any Dissemination Agent shall be paid (i) compensation by the District for its services provided hereunder in accordance with a schedule of fees to be mutually agreed to; and (ii) all expenses, legal fees and advances made or incurred by the Dissemination Agent in the performance of its duties hereunder. The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty or obligation to review any information provided to it by the District pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate. The obligations of the District under this Section shall survive resignation or removal of the Dissemination Agent and payment of the Bonds. No person shall have any right to commence any action against the Dissemination Agent seeking any remedy other than to compel specific performance of this Disclosure Certificate. The Dissemination Agent shall not be liable under any circumstances for monetary damages to any person for any breach under this Disclosure Certificate.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the District, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter and Owners and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the Bonds; and it shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

SECTION 13. Merger. Any person succeeding to all or substantially all of the Dissemination Agent's corporate trust business shall be the successor Dissemination Agent without the filing of any paper or any further act.

This Disclosure Certificate is executed as of the date and year first set forth above.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2022-2
(HORIZON PLACE) OF THE CITY OF WILDOMAR

By: _____
Disclosure Representative

[THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

APPENDIX G

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The information in this Appendix concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry only system has been obtained from sources that the District and the Underwriter believe to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Underwriter takes any responsibility for the completeness or accuracy thereof. The following description of the procedures and record keeping with respect to beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, payment of principal, premium, if any, accreted value and interest on the Bonds to DTC Participants or Beneficial Owners, confirmation and transfers of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds and other related transactions by and between DTC, the DTC Participants and the Beneficial Owners is based solely on information provided by DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully registered bond will be issued for each annual maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such annual maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Trustee, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Trustee, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Bond Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with an optional tender or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Bonds to the Trustee's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, physical certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, bonds will be printed and delivered to DTC.

THE TRUSTEE, AS LONG AS A BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM IS USED FOR THE BONDS, WILL SEND ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OR OTHER NOTICES TO OWNERS ONLY TO DTC. ANY FAILURE OF DTC TO ADVISE ANY DTC PARTICIPANT, OR OF ANY DTC PARTICIPANT TO NOTIFY ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER, OF ANY NOTICE AND ITS CONTENT OR EFFECT WILL NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF SUFFICIENCY OF THE PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO THE REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS CALLED FOR REDEMPTION OR OF ANY OTHER ACTION PREMISED ON SUCH NOTICE.



City of
WILDOMAR
CALIFORNIA



Printed by: ImageMaster, LLC
www.imagemaster.com